

# GT QUARTZ

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture  
 Product name : GT QUARTZ  
 Product code : GT4025, GT4050

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Exterior protective coating

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Gliptone Manufacturing Inc.  
 1740 Julia Goldbach Avenue  
 Ronkonkoma, NY 11779 - United States of America  
 T 1-631-285-7250 - F 1-631-589-5487  
[www.gliptone.com](http://www.gliptone.com)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 1-800-424-9300 International: 1-703-527-3887

### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification (GHS-US)

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour  
 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 - Causes skin irritation  
 Carc. 2 H351 - Suspected of causing cancer  
 STOT RE 1 H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS02

GHS07

GHS08

Signal word (GHS-US)

: Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US)

: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements (GHS-US)

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/... equipment

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P264 - Wash ... thoroughly after handling

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water/...

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell

P321 - Specific treatment (see ... on this label)

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use ... to extinguish

# GT QUARTZ

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool  
P405 - Store locked up  
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to ...

### 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
solvent naphtha(petroleum), medium aliph.	(CAS No) 64742-88-7	65 - 70	STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
xylene, mixture of isomers	(CAS No) 1330-20-7	15 - 25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315
Silazane Polymer	(CAS No) 90387-00-1	0 - 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Obtain medical attention.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with mild soap and water. Wash clothing before re-using. If irritation persists, consult a doctor.

First-aid measures after eye contact

: Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes and take medical advice.

First-aid measures after ingestion

: Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation

: Can occur: irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact

: Can occur: irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact

: Can occur: irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion

: Can occur: irritation. Aspiration hazard. Fatal if swallowed.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Any material aspirated during vomiting may cause lung injury. Therefore, emesis should not be induced mechanically or pharmacologically. If it is considered necessary to evacuate the stomach contents, this should be done by means least likely to cause aspiration (such as: Gastric lavage after endotracheal intubation).

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide. Water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard

: Extremely flammable liquid. Vapors may travel long distances along ground before igniting/flashing back to vapor source.

Explosion hazard

: Keep away from ignition sources (including static discharges).

Reactivity

: Stable under normal conditions.

# GT QUARTZ

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk. Cool down the containers/equipment exposed to heat with a water spray. Ensure that there is no direct contact between the water and the product. Will float and can be reignited on water surface. Heavier than air, vapors may travel long distances along ground, ignite and flash back to source.
- Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.
- Other information : Combustion produces irritating gases. Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>). Silicon oxides. Formaldehyde.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- General measures : Keep public away.
- 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel**
- Protective equipment : Use chemically protective clothing. The proper personal protective equipment for incidental releases (such as: 1 Liter of the product released in a well-ventilated area), use impermeable gloves, they should be Level B: triple-gloves (rubber gloves and nitrile gloves over latex gloves), chemical resistant suit and boots, and respiratory protection specific for the material handled, goggles, face shield, and appropriate body protection. In the event of a large release, use impermeable gloves, specific for the material handled, chemically resistant suit and boots, and Breathing Apparatus or respirator.
- Emergency procedures : NO open flames, NO sparks, and NO smoking. Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

- Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8 Exposure controls/personal protection".

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Do not allow to enter drains or water courses. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- For containment : Eliminate ignition sources. Cover with an inorganic absorbant, like vermiculite, perlite, ground clay, or sand, sweep up and dispose appropriately.
- Methods for cleaning up : Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. Stop leak without risks if possible. Collect the residue by means of a non-combustible absorbent material.
- Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8 : Exposure-controls/personal protection".

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Additional hazards when processed : Harmful liquid. Extremely flammable liquid.
- Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Take all necessary technical measures to avoid or minimize the release of the product on the workplace. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. Floors, walls and other surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned regularly. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- Safe use of the product : Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY BURST AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

# GT QUARTZ

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Hygiene measures	: Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.
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### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures	: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
Storage conditions	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
Storage area	: Empty containers should be taken for recycle, recovery or waste in accordance with local regulation.
Special rules on packaging	: Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

xylene, mixture of isomers (1330-20-7)		
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)	434 mg/m³
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	651 mg/m³

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Ensure good ventilation of the work station.
Hand protection	: Impermeable protective gloves. Wear long sleeves. Use protective clothing.
Eye protection	: Eye protection, including both chemical splash goggles and face shield, must be worn when possibility exists for eye contact due to spraying liquid or airborne particles.
Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiratory protection	: In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Avoid release to the environment.
Other information	: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Color	: Colourless
Odor	: Mixture contains one or more component(s) which have the following odour(s): Sweet solvent
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: Not applicable
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 139°C-209°C
Flash point	: 50 °C
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Explosion limits	: ≥ 1 vol %
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: 2.8 mm Hg
Relative density	: 0.806
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: 3.7
Solubility	: insoluble in water.
Log Pow	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: 465 °C
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available

# GT QUARTZ

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

### 9.2. Other information

VOC content : > 90 %

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, No sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from: strong acids, strong bases and oxidation agents. Keep away from water and alcohols.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Combustion produces irritating gases. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Ammonia, hydrogen gas, or silanes.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure : Skin contact.; Eyes contact.; Inhalation; Ingestion.

Acute toxicity : Not classified

#### solvent naphtha(petroleum), medium aliph. (64742-88-7)

LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 420; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (Rabbit; Experimental value; Equivalent or similar to OECD 402)

#### xylene, mixture of isomers (1330-20-7)

LD50 oral rat	3523 - 8600 mg/kg (Rat; OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity; Literature study; 3523 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity; Experimental value; >4000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 4200 mg/kg body weight (Rabbit; Experimental value; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	29 mg/l/4h (Rat; Experimental value; 27.57 mg/l/4h; Rat; Experimental value)
ATE US (oral)	3523.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	1100.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	4500.000 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11.000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.500 mg/l/4h
ATE US (gases)	4500.000 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	18.000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.500 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer.

#### xylene, mixture of isomers (1330-20-7)

IARC group	3 - Not Classifiable
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Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified

# GT QUARTZ

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : Can occur: irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Can occur: irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Can occur: irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Can occur: irritation. Aspiration hazard. Fatal if swallowed.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : Do not allow into drains or water courses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Do not discharge into drains or the environment. Do not discharge into surface water.  
EFFECT OF MATERIAL ON PLANTS AND ANIMALS:  
This product may be harmful or fatal to plant and animal life if released into the environment. . .  
EFFECT OF MATERIAL ON AQUATIC LIFE:  
The most sensitive known aquatic group to any component of this product is:  
Fish are adversely affected by components of this product.  
The substance is toxic to aquatic organisms.  
Bioaccumulation of this chemical may occur in aquatic animals.  
Environmental effects of the substance have not been investigated adequately.

#### solvent naphtha(petroleum), medium aliph. (64742-88-7)

LC50 fish 1	2 - 5 mg/l (LL50; OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test; 96 h; Oncorhynchus mykiss; Semi-static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
EC50 Daphnia 1	1.4 mg/l (EL50; OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test; 48 h; Daphnia magna; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
Threshold limit algae 1	1 - 3,EL50; OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test; 72 h; Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value

#### ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

LC50 fish 2	4.2 mg/l (LC50; OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test; 96 h; Salmo gairdneri; Semi-static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
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### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

#### solvent naphtha(petroleum), medium aliph. (64742-88-7)

Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Adsorbs into the soil.
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#### xylene, mixture of isomers (1330-20-7)

Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Photolysis in the air.
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### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

#### solvent naphtha(petroleum), medium aliph. (64742-88-7)

Bioaccumulative potential	No bioaccumulation data available.
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#### xylene, mixture of isomers (1330-20-7)

BCF fish 2	7 - 26 (BCF; 8 weeks; Oncorhynchus mykiss; Flow-through system; Fresh water)
Log Pow	3.2 (Conclusion by analogy; 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

#### xylene, mixture of isomers (1330-20-7)

Ecology - soil	May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.
Ecology - soil	May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on the global warming : No known ecological damage caused by this product.

# GT QUARTZ

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations

: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. THE GENERATION OF WASTE SHOULD BE AVOIDED OR MINIMIZED WHEREVER POSSIBLE.  
Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.  
Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled.  
Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.  
This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers and liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from some product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE USED CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY BURST AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.  
Processing, use or contamination may change the waste disposal requirements. Do not dispose of on land, in surface waters, or in storm drains. Waste should be recycled or disposed of in accordance with regulations. Large amounts should be collected for reuse or consigned to licensed hazardous waste haulers for disposal.  
ALL DISPOSAL MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE, PROVINCIAL, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. IF IN DOUBT, CONTACT PROPER AGENCIES. EPA CHARACTERISTIC: D001.

Additional information

: Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description

: UN1307 Xylenes, 3, III

UN-No.(DOT)

: UN1307

Proper Shipping Name (DOT)

: Xylenes

Hazard Classes (DOT)

: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Hazard labels (DOT)

: 3 - Flammable liquid



Packing group (DOT)

: III - Minor Danger

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)

: 203

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)

: 242

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: B1 - If the material has a flash point at or above 38 C (100 F) and below 93 C (200 F), then the bulk packaging requirements of 173.241 of this subchapter are applicable. If the material has a flash point of less than 38 C (100 F), then the bulk packaging requirements of 173.242 of this subchapter are applicable.

IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672).

T2 - 1.5 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling =  $97 / 1 + a (tr - tf)$  Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)

: 150

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)

: 60 L

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)

: 220 L

DOT Vessel Stowage Location

: A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

Other information

: No supplementary information available.

# GT QUARTZ

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### TDG

No additional information available

### Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG)	:	1307
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	:	XYLENES
Class (IMDG)	:	3 - Flammable liquids
Packing group (IMDG)	:	III - substances presenting low danger

### Air transport

UN-No.(IATA)	:	1307
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	:	XYLENES
Class (IATA)	:	3 - Flammable Liquids
Packing group (IATA)	:	III - Minor Danger

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

xylene, mixture of isomers	CAS No 1330-20-7	15 - 25%
<b>xylene, mixture of isomers (1330-20-7)</b>		
Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)		
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	100 lb	

### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

During the transition period (June 2015-June 2017), Canadian regulation requires that the supplier must provide a document that conforms to either *Controlled Products Regulations* (WHMIS 1988) or HPR (WHMIS 2015), and not a combination of both. This document conforms to the post June 2017 HPR (WHMIS 2015) for a specific controlled or hazardous product. The classification, label and (material) SDS fully complies with the specific regulation chosen by the supplier.

#### EU-Regulations

No additional information available

### National regulations

#### ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

### 15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product contains, or may contain, trace quantities of a substance(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity

#### xylene, mixture of isomers (1330-20-7)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List  
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

## SECTION 16: Other information

# GT QUARTZ

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Full text of H-phrases:

Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

NFPA health hazard

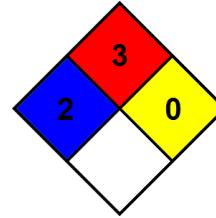
: 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt medical attention is given.

NFPA fire hazard

: 3 - Liquids and solids that can be ignited under almost all ambient conditions.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



HMIS III Rating

Health

: 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

Flammability

: 3 Serious Hazard - Materials capable of ignition under almost all normal temperature conditions. Includes flammable liquids with flash points below 73 F and boiling points above 100 F. as well as liquids with flash points between 73 F and 100 F. (Classes IB & IC)

Physical

: 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will NOT react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-Explosives.

**Legend:** ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

CAS: Chemical Abstract Services

DOT: Department of Transportation

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

N/Av: not available

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

SARA: Superfund Amendments & Reauthorization Act

TLV: Threshold Limit Values

CFR: Code of Federal Regulations

EPA: Environmental Protection Agency

N/Ap: not applicable

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

*This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product*