

Safety Data Sheet



1. Identification

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|-------------------------|--|
| Name on Label: | Stops Rust Gloss Canvas White | | |
| Product Name: | STRUST +SSPR 6PK GLOSS CANVAS WHITE | Revision Date: | 6/17/2025 |
| Product Identifier: | 7789830 | Supersedes Date: | 5/10/2017 |
| Recommended Use: | Topcoat/Aerosols | | |
| Supplier: | Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA | Manufacturer: | Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA |
| Preparer: | Regulatory Department | | |
| Emergency Telephone: | 24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700 | | |

2. Hazard Identification

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word
Danger

Possible Hazards

35% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

GHS Hazard Statements

| | | |
|---------------------------------------|------|---|
| Aerosol, category 1 | H222 | Extremely flammable aerosol. |
| | H229 | Pressurized container: may burst if heated. |
| Eye Irritation, category 2A | H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| STOT, Single Exposure, category 3, NE | H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Germ Cell Mutagenicity, category 1B | H340 | May cause genetic defects. |
| Carcinogenicity, category 1B | H350 | May cause cancer. |
| Reproductive Toxicity, category 1B | H360 | May damage fertility or the unborn child. |

GHS Label Precautionary Statements

| | |
|------|--|
| P201 | Obtain special instructions before use. |
| P210 | Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. |
| P211 | Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. |
| P251 | Do not pierce or burn, even after use. |
| P261 | Avoid breathing dust, fumes, gas, mists, vapours, or spray. |
| P264 | Wash thoroughly after handling. |

| | |
|----------------|--|
| P271 | Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. |
| P280 | Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, and face protection. |
| P304+P340 | IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. |
| P305+P351+P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
| P308+P313 | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice. |
| P312 | Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. |
| P337+P317 | If eye irritation persists: Get medical help. |
| P403+P233 | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. |
| P405 | Store locked up. |
| P410+P412 | Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F. |
| P501 | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional and national regulations. |

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

| <u>Chemical Name</u> | <u>CAS-No.</u> | <u>Wt.% Range</u> | <u>GHS Symbols</u> | <u>GHS Statements</u> |
|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| Propane | 74-98-6 | 10-30 | GHS04 | H280 |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 10-30 | GHS02-GHS07 | H225-319-332-336 |
| n-Butyl Acetate | 123-86-4 | 10-30 | GHS02-GHS07 | H226-336 |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 10-30 | Not Available | Not Available |
| n-Butane | 106-97-8 | 5.0-10 | GHS04 | H280 |
| Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic | 64742-95-6 | 1.0-5.0 | GHS07-GHS08 | H304-332 |
| Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers) | 1330-20-7 | 1.0-5.0 | GHS02-GHS07-GHS08 | H226-304-315-319-332-340-350 |
| Barium Sulfate | 7727-43-7 | 1.0-5.0 | GHS07 | H332 |
| Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether | 5131-66-8 | 0.5-1.5 | GHS07 | H315-319 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 95-63-6 | 0.5-1.5 | GHS02-GHS07-GHS08 | H226-304-315-319-332-335-340-350 |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 0.1-1.0 | GHS02-GHS07-GHS08 | H225-304-332-340-350-373 |
| Barium Metaborate | 13701-59-2 | 0.1-1.0 | GHS07-GHS08 | H302+H332-360 |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | 22464-99-9 | 0.1-1.0 | GHS08 | H360 |

Actual concentrations of ingredients are withheld as trade secret.

4. First Aid Measures

First Aid - Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

First Aid - Skin Contact: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First Aid - Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

First Aid - Ingestion: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2 to 4 cupfuls of water or milk. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Aqueous Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN -7°C (20°F). EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR! Water spray may be ineffective. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent buildup of steam. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferred. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

Special Fire and Explosion Hazard (Combustible Dust): Not a combustible dust.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Steps to Be Taken If Material Is Released or Spilled: If spilled, contain spilled material and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all SDS and label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Do not puncture or incinerate (burn) container, even after use.

Storage: Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Contents under pressure. Do not store above 120°F (49°C). Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of flammable aerosols. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Contents under pressure. Do not expose to heat or store above 120°F (49°C).

Advice on Safe Handling of Combustible Dust: No Information

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

| Chemical Name | CAS-No. | Weight % Less Than | ACGIH TLV-TWA | ACGIH TLV-STEL | OSHA PEL-TWA | OSHA PEL-CEILING |
|----------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Propane | 74-98-6 | 20.0 | N.E. | N.E. | 1000 ppm | N.E. |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 20.0 | 250 ppm | 500 ppm | 1000 ppm | N.E. |
| n-Butyl Acetate | 123-86-4 | 20.0 | 50 ppm | 150 ppm | 150 ppm | N.E. |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 15.0 | 0.2 mg/m3 | N.E. | 15 mg/m3 | N.E. |
| n-Butane | 106-97-8 | 10.0 | N.E. | 1000 ppm | N.E. | N.E. |
| Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic | 64742-95-6 | 5.0 | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. |
| Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers) | 1330-20-7 | 5.0 | 20 ppm | N.E. | 100 ppm | N.E. |
| Barium Sulfate | 7727-43-7 | 5.0 | 5 mg/m3 | N.E. | 15 mg/m3 | N.E. |
| Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether | 5131-66-8 | 5.0 | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 95-63-6 | 5.0 | 10 ppm | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 1.0 | 20 ppm | N.E. | 100 ppm | N.E. |
| Barium Metaborate | 13701-59-2 | 1.0 | 0.5 mg/m3 | 6 mg/m3 | 0.5 mg/m3 | N.E. |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | 22464-99-9 | 1.0 | 5 mg/m3 | 10 mg/m3 | 5 mg/m3 | N.E. |

PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

Respiratory Protection: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 (U.S.) and/or SOR/86-304 Part XII 12.13 and CSA Standard Z180.1 (Canada) requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Skin Protection: Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin.

Eye Protection: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Other Protective Equipment: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application.

Hygienic Practices: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

Engineering Measures for Combustible Dust: No Information

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

| | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------|
| Physical State | Liquid | Decomposition Temperature, °C | N.D. |
| Color | White | pH | N.A. |
| Odor | Solvent Like | Kinematic Viscosity | N.D. |
| Odor Threshold | N.E. | Solubility in Water | Slight |
| Freezing Point / Melting Point, °C | N.D. | Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/water | N.D. |
| Boiling Range, °C | -37 - 537 | Vapor Pressure | N.D. |
| Flammability | Supports Combustion | Evaporation Rate | Faster than Ether |
| Lower Explosion Limit, vol% | 0.9 | Specific Gravity | 0.846 |
| Upper Explosion Limit, vol% | 13.0 | Vapor Density | Heavier than Air |
| Flash Point, °C | -96 | Particle Characteristics | N.A. |
| Auto-Ignition Temperature, °C | N.D. | | |

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid temperatures above 120°F (49°C). Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Avoid excess heat.

Incompatibility: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalis.

Hazardous Decomposition: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur under normal conditions.

Stability: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological Information

Effects of Overexposure - Eye Contact: Can cause severe eye irritation. Causes eye and skin irritation which may lead to dermatitis with repeated exposures. Irritating, and may injure eye tissue if not removed promptly.

Effects of Overexposure - Skin Contact: Substance may cause slight skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation. Low hazard for usual industrial handling or commercial handling by trained personnel.

Effects of Overexposure - Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs.

Effects of Overexposure - Ingestion: Substance may be harmful if swallowed.

Effects of Overexposure - Chronic Hazards: May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause central nervous system disorder (e.g., narcosis involving a loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue, mental confusion, and blurred vision) and/or damage. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver,

cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which Titanium Dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of Titanium Dioxide in the formula. (Ref: IARC Monograph, Vol. 93, 2010) May cause genetic defects.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

| <u>CAS-No.</u> | <u>Chemical Name</u> | <u>Oral LD50</u> | <u>Dermal LD50</u> | <u>Vapor LC50</u> |
|----------------|----------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| 67-64-1 | Acetone | 5800 mg/kg Rat | >15700 mg/kg Rabbit | 50.1 mg/L Rat |
| 123-86-4 | n-Butyl Acetate | 10768 mg/kg Rat | >17600 mg/kg Rabbit | > 21 mg/L Rat |
| 13463-67-7 | Titanium Dioxide | >2000 mg/kg Rat | 6000 | N.E. |
| 106-97-8 | n-Butane | N.E. | N.E. | 658 mg/L Rat |
| 64742-95-6 | Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic | 8400 mg/kg Rat | >2000 mg/kg Rabbit | N.E. |
| 1330-20-7 | Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers) | 3500 mg/kg Rat | >4350 mg/kg Rabbit | 29.08 mg/L Rat |
| 7727-43-7 | Barium Sulfate | 307000 mg/kg Rat | N.E. | N.E. |
| 5131-66-8 | Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether | 3300 mg/kg Rat | >2000 mg/kg Rat | N.E. |
| 95-63-6 | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 3280 mg/kg Rat | >3440 mg/kg Rat | 18 mg/L Rat |
| 100-41-4 | Ethylbenzene | 3500 mg/kg Rat | 15400 mg/kg Rabbit | 17.4 mg/L Rat |
| 13701-59-2 | Barium Metaborate | 530 mg/kg Rat | >2000 mg/kg Rabbit | N.E. |

N.E. - Not Established

12. Ecological Information

Ecological Information: Product is a mixture of listed components. No ecotoxicity data was found for this product.

13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal: Do not incinerate closed containers. Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. This product as supplied is a US EPA defined ignitable hazardous waste. Dispose of unusable product as a hazardous waste (D001) in accordance with local, state, and federal regulation. EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D005 (Barium). Dispose of in accordance with U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262 for concentrations at or above the Regulatory level. Regulatory level- 100.0 mg/L.

14. Transport Information

| | <u>Domestic (USDOT)</u> | <u>International (IMDG)</u> | <u>Air (IATA)</u> | <u>TDG (Canada)</u> |
|------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| UN Number: | N.A. | 1950 | 1950 | 1950 |
| Proper Shipping Name: | Paint and Related Spray Products in Ltd Qty | Aerosols | Aerosols, flammable | AEROSOLS, flammable |
| Hazard Class: | N.A. | 2 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| Packing Group: | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. |
| Limited Quantity: | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Carcinogenicity, Reproductive toxicity, Serious eye damage or eye irritation, Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure), Germ cell mutagenicity

SARA Section 313

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

| <u>Chemical Name</u> | <u>CAS-No.</u> |
|---|----------------|
| Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers) | 1330-20-7 |
| Barium Sulfate | 7727-43-7 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 95-63-6 |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 |
| Barium Metaborate | 13701-59-2 |
| Copper phthalocyaninesulfonic acid, dioctadecyldimethylammonium salt | 70750-63-9 |

Toxic Substances Control Act

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

U.S. State Regulations:**California Proposition 65****WARNING:**

Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

16. Other Information**HMIS RATINGS**

Health: 2* Flammability: 4 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X

NFPA RATINGS

Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Instability: 0

Maximum Incremental Reactivity: 0.94

SDS REVISION DATE: 6/17/2025

REASON FOR REVISION:

Revision Description Changed
 Product Composition Changed
 Substance Hazard Threshold % Changed
 Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in
 Section(s):
 01 - Identification
 02 - Hazard Identification
 03 - Composition / Information on Ingredients
 05 - Fire-Fighting Measures
 08 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection
 09 - Physical & Chemical Properties
 11 - Toxicological Information
 14 - Transport Information
 15 - Regulatory Information
 16 - Other Information
 Substance Hazardous Flag Changed
 Substance Regulatory CAS Number Changed
 Substance Chemical Name Changed
 Revision Statement(s) Changed

Legend:

N.A. - Not Applicable, N.D. - Not Determined, N.E. - Not Established

Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.