

Safety Data Sheet



www.rustoleum.au

1. Identification

Product Name: ZINSSR 2GL IBU BEYE123 WHT PRIMER **Revision Date:** 12/9/2021

Product Identifier: 344147 **Supersedes Date:** New SDS

Recommended Use: Primer / Waterbased

Supplier: Rust-Oleum Australia & New Zealand Pty Ltd
Level 2, 307 Ferntree Gully Road
Mount Waverley, Victoria 3149
Australia
Ph 1 300 784 476 **Manufacturer:** Rust-Oleum Corporation
11 Hawthorn Parkway
Vernon Hills, IL 60061
USA

Preparer: Regulatory Department

Emergency Telephone: 24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700

2. Hazards Identification

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product

No symbol is required per 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Signal Word

No Signal Word has been assigned.

Possible Hazards

10% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Wt.% Range</u>	<u>GHS Symbols</u>	<u>GHS Statements</u>
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	2.5-10	Not Available	Not Available
Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1	1.0-2.5	Not Available	Not Available
Kaolin Clay	1332-58-7	1.0-2.5	Not Available	Not Available
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	1.0-2.5	Not Available	Not Available
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	0.1-1.0	Not Available	Not Available
Oxirane, 2-Methyl-, Polymer with Oxirane, Monobutyl Ether	9038-95-3	0.1-1.0	GHS06	H330
Sodium Nitrite	7632-00-0	0.1-1.0	GHS03-GHS06-GHS07	H272-301-319-331
2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-Pentanediol Monoisobutyrate	25265-77-4	0.1-1.0	GHS06	H331

4. First-Aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: Swallowing less than an ounce will not cause significant harm. For larger amounts, do not induce vomiting, but give one or two glasses of water to drink and get medical attention. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2 to 4 cupfuls of water or milk. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Treat symptomatically and supportively. If swallowed, rinse mouth with water. If feeling unwell, get medical attention.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Keep containers tightly closed. FLASH POINT IS TESTED TO BE GREATER THAN 200 DEGREES F. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent buildup of steam. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferred.

Special Fire and Explosion Hazard (Combustible Dust): No Information

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: If spilled, contain spilled material and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all SDS and label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

STORAGE: Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

Advice on Safe Handling of Combustible Dust: No Information

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV- TWA	ACGIH TLV- STEL	OSHA PEL- TWA	OSHA PEL- CEILING
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10.0	10 mg/m3	N.E.	15 mg/m3	N.E.
Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1	5.0	25 ppm	50 ppm	N.E.	N.E.
Kaolin Clay	1332-58-7	5.0	2 mg/m3	N.E.	15 mg/m3	N.E.
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	5.0	2 mg/m3	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	1.0	2 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	5 mg/m3	N.E.
Oxirane, 2-Methyl-, Polymer with Oxirane, Monobutyl Ether	9038-95-3	1.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Sodium Nitrite	7632-00-0	1.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3- Pentanediol Monoisobutyrate	25265-77-4	1.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

Engineering Measures for Combustible Dust: No Information

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Liquid	Physical State:	Liquid
Odor:	Mild	Odor Threshold:	N.E.
Specific Gravity:	1.261	pH:	9.25
Freeze Point, °C:	N.D.	Viscosity:	N.D.
Solubility in Water:	Miscible	Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/water:	N.D.
Decomposition Temp., °C:	N.D.	Explosive Limits, vol%:	3.2 - 15.3
Boiling Range, °C:	100 - 537	Flash Point, °C:	94
Flammability:	Does not Support Combustion	Auto-Ignition Temp., °C:	N.D.
Evaporation Rate:	Slower than Ether	Vapor Pressure:	N.D.
Vapor Density:	Heavier than Air		

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid excess heat. Keep from freezing.

Incompatibility: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

Hazardous Decomposition: When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur under normal conditions.

Stability: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological Information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Irritating, and may injure eye tissue if not removed promptly.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Low hazard for usual industrial handling or commercial handling by trained personnel.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. Constituents of this product include crystalline silica dust which, if inhalable, can may cause silicosis, a form of progressive pulmonary fibrosis. Inhalable crystalline silica is listed by IARC as a group I carcinogen (lung) based on sufficient evidence in occupationally exposed humans and sufficient evidence in animals. Crystalline silica is also listed by the NTP as a known human carcinogen. Constituents may also contain asbestiform or non-asbestiform tremolite or other silicates as impurities, and above de minimus exposure to these impurities in inhalable form may be carcinogenic or cause other serious lung problems.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Substance may be harmful if swallowed.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which Titanium Dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of Titanium Dioxide in the formula. (Ref: IARC Monograph, Vol. 93, 2010)

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>Oral LD50</u>	<u>Dermal LD50</u>	<u>Vapor LC50</u>
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	2500 mg/kg	N.E.
107-21-1	Ethylene Glycol	4700 mg/kg Rat	10600 mg/kg Rat	N.E.
1332-58-7	Kaolin Clay	5500 mg/kg	>5000 mg/kg Rat	25
14807-96-6	Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	6000	N.E.	30
1314-13-2	Zinc Oxide	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rat	N.E.
9038-95-3	Oxirane, 2-Methyl-, Polymer with Oxirane, Monobutyl Ether	5000 mg/kg Rat	14934 mg/kg Rabbit	.1 mg/L Rat
7632-00-0	Sodium Nitrite	85 mg/kg Rat	N.E.	5.5 mg/L Rat
25265-77-4	2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-Pentanediol Monoisobutyrate	3200 mg/kg Rat	>15200 mg/kg Rat	>3.55 mg/L Rat

N.E. - Not Established

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components. No ecotoxicity data was found for this product.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances.

14. Transport Information

	<u>Domestic (USDOT)</u>	<u>International (IMDG)</u>	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	<u>TDG (Canada)</u>
UN Number:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated
Hazard Class:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	No	No	No	No

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

None Known

SARA Section 313

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1
Sodium Nitrite	7632-00-0

Toxic Substances Control Act

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Sodium Nitrite	7632-00-0

U.S. State Regulations:**California Proposition 65**

WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

16. Other Information**HMIS RATINGS**

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X

NFPA RATINGS

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0

Volatile Organic Compounds: 90 g/L

SDS REVISION DATE: 12/9/2021

REASON FOR REVISION:

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.D. - Not Determined, N.E. - Not Established

The manufacturer believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. The manufacturer makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.