Material Safety Data Sheet

Section 1 General Information

Manufacturer:

Zinsser Company, Inc. 173 Belmont Drive Somerset, NJ 08875 (732) 469-8100

Emergency Telephone: Chemtrec (800) 424-9300 Date: October 3, 2006

Product Name: Bulls Eye Wood Stain – Early American

Product Codes: 07431 07434

Section 2 Hazardous Ingredients

Hazardous Component	CAS#	OSHA <u>PEL</u>	ACGIH <u>TLV</u>
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	3.5 mg/m^3	3.5 mg/m^3
Mineral Spirits	8052-41-3	500 ppm	N/E
Petroleum Distillate	64742-47-8	500 ppm	N/E
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	N/E	25 ppm

Section 3 Hazard Identification

Emergency Overview: This product is an amber fluid liquid with a solvent type odor and flash point of 106°F. Due to its low viscosity this material poses an aspiration hazard if swallowed.

Primary Routes of Exposure:

Skin Contact Eye Contact Inhalation

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Eye: Exposure may cause eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, and redness.

Skin: Exposure may cause skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated exposure may dry the skin. Symptoms may include redness, burning, drying and cracking, and skin burns. Pre-existing skin disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this material.

N/A: Not Applicable	N/D: Not Determined	N/E: Not Established	N/R: Not Required	Est.: Estimated

Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed. This material poses an aspiration hazard if swallowed. Swallowing the liquid may cause aspiration into the lungs with the risk of chemical pneumonitis. The substance may cause gastrointestinal irritation (nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea) and central nervous system depression (dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness).

Inhalation: Inhalation of vapors may cause nose, throat, and respiratory tract irritation, central nervous system depression (dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness) and aggravate pre-existing lung disorders (e.g., asthma-like conditions).

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

Signs and Symptoms: May cause damage to the central nervous system, respiratory system, lungs, eyes, skin, gastrointestinal tract, liver, spleen and kidneys.

(See also Sections 4, 8, and 11 for related information)

Section 4 First Aid Measures

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. If symptoms persist or there is any visual difficulty, seek medical attention.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash exposed area with soap and water. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Launder clothing before reuse.

Inhalation: If symptoms develop, immediately move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Seek immediate medical attention. Keep person warm and quiet. If person is not breathing, begin artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen.

Ingestion: If swallowed contact a physician, poison control center, or hospital emergency room immediately. DO NOT induce vomiting because of the danger of aspirating liquid into the lungs. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, monitor breathing for difficulty.

Section 5 Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point: 106° F

Extinguishing Media: Water spray, foam, carbon dioxide or dry chemical.

Protection of Firefighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus with a full face piece operated in the positive pressure demand mode when fighting fires.

N/A: Not Applicable N/D: Not Determined N/E: Not Established N/R: Not Required Est.: Estimated

Fire and Explosion Hazards: Rags, steel wool or other waste soaked with this material may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately after use, place rags, steel wool or waste in a sealed water-filled container. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container and unused contents in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

Section 6 Accidental Release Measures

Clean Up Methods: For small spills absorb liquid on vermiculite, floor absorbent or other absorbent material. For larger spills eliminate all ignition sources (flares, flames, including pilot lights, electrical sparks). Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up has been completed. Stop spill at source. Prevent from entering drains, sewers, streams or other bodies of water. Prevent from spreading. If runoff occurs, notify authorities as required. Pump or vacuum transfer spilled product to clean containers for recovery. Absorb unrecoverable product. Transfer contaminated absorbent, soil and other materials to containers for disposal. Prevent run-off to sewers, streams or other bodies of water. If run-off occurs, notify proper authorities as required that a spill has occurred.

(See also Section 8 for information on Exposure Controls and Personal Protective Equipment)

Section 7 Handling and Storage

Handling: Avoid prolonged skin contact. Do not breathe spray mist

Storage: Store away from heat, sparks, and open flame.

Other Precautions: Ground containers when pouring and limit free-fall to a few inches to prevent static sparks. Avoid spontaneous combustion of contaminated rags or other easily ignitable organic accumulations by immediate immersion in water. Emptied containers may retain hazardous properties. Do not cut, puncture or weld on or near the container.

Section 8 Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Use in well-ventilated areas. If necessary, use mechanical local exhaust ventilation or general room dilution ventilation to reduce vapor concentrations below applicable exposure limits.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Eye Protection: Prevent eye contact. Wear chemical splash goggles or similar eye protection if the potential exists for eye contact.

N/A: Not Applicable N/D: Not Determined N/E: Not Established N/R: Not Required Est.: Estimated

Skin Protection: Avoid unnecessary skin contact. It is recommended that rubber gloves be worn to prevent skin contact. Depending on exposure conditions, additional protective equipment may be necessary such as face-shield, apron or coveralls.

Respiratory Protection: None required for normally expected use conditions. If exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation is experienced, appropriate NIOSH approved respiratory protection should be worn.

General Hygiene Practices: Wash after handling material. Prevent Eye contact. Avoid prolonged skin and inhalation contact. Wash thoroughly before handling food, cosmetics, or before smoking.

Section 9 Physical Data

Appearance: Amber **Odor:** Solvent type odor

Physical State: Liquid pH: N/A

Boiling Point: N/D **Melting Point:** N/D

Vapor Pressure: N/D Vapor Density: N/D

Viscosity: <25 cps (at 77 F) Solubility in Water: Not soluble

Specific Gravity (water = 1): 0.83

Section 10 Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable.

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid): Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Polymerization: Can not occur.

Section 11 Toxicological Information

Carcinogenicity: The following ingredients are present at greater than 0.1% and are classified by IARC, NTP, or OSHA as carcinogenic:

IngredientCAS #IARTCNTPOSHACarbon Black1333-86-4Yes (2B)NoNo

(See also Section 15 for related information)

Section 12 Ecological Information

Chemical Fate and Effects: None known

N/A: Not Applicable N/D: Not Determined N/E: Not Established N/R: Not Required Est.: Estimated

Disposal Considerations Section 13

RCRA Hazardous Waste: This material when discarded or disposed of could be hazardous waste according to federal regulations (40 CFR 261) due to the characteristics of ignitability (D001). The transportation, storage, treatment, and disposal of this waste must be conducted in compliance with 40 CFR 262,263,264,268, and 270. Disposal can only occur in properly permitted facilities. Check state and local regulations for any additional requirements as these may be more restrictive than federal laws and regulations. Chemical additions, processing or otherwise altering this material may make the waste management information presented in this MSDS incomplete, inaccurate, or otherwise inappropriate.

Section 14 Transportation Information

Regulated by the DOT: No (Combustible liquid)

Regulatory Information Section 15

CERCLA:

The Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) requires notification to the National Response Center for releases of quantities of Hazardous Substances equal to or greater than the reportable quantities (RQs) in 40 CFR 302.4 (for CERCLA 102).

Components present in this product at a level which could require reporting under the statute are:

Chemical Name Maximum Concentration (Wt. %) None

SARA Title III, section 311/312:

The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires emergency planning based on Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQs) and release reporting based on Reportable Quantities (RQs) in 40 CFR 355 (used for SARA 302, 304, 311 and 312).

Components present in this product at a level which could require reporting under the statute are:

Chemical Name Maximum Concentration (Wt. %) None N/AN/A

<u>SARA Title III, section 313:</u>
The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires submission of annual reports of release of toxic chemicals that appear in 40 CFR 372 (for SARA 313).

Components present in this product at a level which could require reporting under the statute are:

Chemical Name Maximum Concentration (Wt. %) 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6 < 1.5%

N/E: Not Established Est.: Estimated N/A: Not Applicable N/D: Not Determined N/R: Not Required

TSCA:

The components of this mixture are listed in the Toxic Substance Control Act Inventory of Chemical Substances.

This product does not contain any chemicals that require export notification under Section 12(b) of the TSCA regulation.

Section 16 Other Information

Legend: N/A: Not Applicable N/D: Not Determined

N/E: Not Established
cps: Centipoise

N/R: Not Required
KU: Krebs Units

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit C: OSHA Ceiling Value PPM: Parts Per Million PPB: Parts Per Billion

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit TLV: Threshold Limit Value

TWA: Time Weighted Average mg/m³: Milligrams per cubic Meter

mppcf: Million particles per cubic foot of air.

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists **OSHA**: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (US Dept. of Labor)

RCRA: Resource Conservation and recovery Act

SARA: Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act

TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act FHSA: Federal Hazardous Substance Act

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