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Safety Data Sheet



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1. Identification

Name on Label: Concrete Protection System 8200 Dark Gray

Part A

Product Name: CPS 3-GL 82000KOTEV-A-DKGRY Revision Date: 1/7/2025

Product Identifier: 236352 Supercedes Date: 8/7/2018

Recommended Use: Floor Coating/Part A Epoxy

Supplier: Rust-Oleum Corporation Manufacturer: Rust-Oleum Corporation

11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061

USA

11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061

USA

Rust-Oleum Canada (ROCA) 200 Confederation Parkway Concord, ON L4K 4T8

Canada

Emergency Phone: 800-387-3625

Preparer: Regulatory Department

Emergency Telephone: 24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700

2. Hazards Identification

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word

Warning

Possible Hazards

17% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

GHS Hazard Statements

Skin Irritation, category 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Skin Sensitizer, category 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye Irritation, category 2A H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

GHS Label Precautionary Statements

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

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P321 Specific treatment (see notice on this label).

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P317 If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

GHS SDS Precautionary Statements

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

<u>Chemical Name</u>	CAS-No.	Wt.% Range	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Epichlorohydrin-Bisphenol A Resin	25068-38-6	60-80	GHS07	H315-317-319
Benzyl Alcohol	100-51-6	10-30	GHS07	H302+H312+H332-317-319
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	3.0-7.0	Not Available	Not Available
Kaolin Clay	1332-58-7	1.0-5.0	Not Available	Not Available
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1-1.0	Not Available	Not Available
Amorphous Silica	7631-86-9	0.1-1.0	Not Available	Not Available

4. First-Aid Measures

First Aid - Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

First Aid - Skin Contact: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing clothing. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing separately before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing and decontaminate footwear before reuse.

First Aid - Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

First Aid - Ingestion: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2 to 4 cupfuls of water or milk. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Do not induce vomiting unless advised by a physician. Call nearest Poison Control Center or Physician immediately.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Aqueous Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Water Fog

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Keep containers tightly closed. Combustible liquid and vapor.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent buildup of steam. Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferred. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Containers can rupture and release highly toxic material if exposed to heat.

Special Fire and Explosion Hazard (Combustible Dust): Not a combustible dust.

6. Accidental Release Measures

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Steps to Be Taken If Material Is Released or Spilled: Avoid runoff into sewers and waterways. Provide ventilation and approach spill from upwind using proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all SDS and label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing.

Storage: Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Do not store above 120°F (49°C). Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class II combustible liquids.

Advice on Safe Handling of Combustible Dust: No Information

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV- TWA	ACGIH TLV- STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL- CEILING
Epichlorohydrin-Bisphenol A Resin	25068-38-6	75.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Benzyl Alcohol	100-51-6	15.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10.0	0.2 mg/m3	N.E.	15 mg/m3	N.E.
Kaolin Clay	1332-58-7	5.0	2 mg/m3	N.E.	15 mg/m3	N.E.
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	1.0	3 mg/m3	N.E.	3.5 mg/m3	N.E.
Amorphous Silica	7631-86-9	1.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.É.	N.E.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

Respiratory Protection: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 (U.S.) and/or SOR/86-304 Part XII 12.13 and CSA Standard Z180.1 (Canada) requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or in any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Skin Protection: Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin.

Eye Protection: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Other Protective Equipment: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application.

Hygienic Practices: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

Engineering Measures for Combustible Dust: No Information

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9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	Liquid	Decomposition Temperature, °C	N.D.	
Color	Dark Gray	pH	N.A.	
Odor	Solvent Like	Kinematic Viscosity	N.D.	
Odor Threshold	N.E.	Solubility in Water	Slight	
Freezing Point / Melting Point, °C	N.D.	Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/water	N.D.	
Boiling Range, °C	205 - 4,200	Vapor Pressure	N.D.	
Flammability	Does not Support	Evaporation Rate	Slower than Ether	
Lower Explosive Limit, vol%	1.3	Specific Gravity	1.249	
Upper Explosive Limit, vol%	13.0	Vapor Density	Heavier than Air	
Flash Point, °C	94		N.A.	
Auto-Ignition Temperature, °C	N.D.	Particle Characteristics		

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid temperatures above 120°F (49°C). Avoid contact with metals. Avoid excess heat.

Incompatibility: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies. Product slowly corrodes copper, aluminum, zinc, and galvanized surfaces.

Hazardous Decomposition: When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur under normal conditions.

Stability: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological Information

Effects of Overexposure - Eye Contact: Can cause severe eye irritation. Causes eye burns. Causes eye and skin irritation which may lead to dermatitis with repeated exposures. Substance causes severe eye irritation. Injury may be permanent. High vapor concentrations can irritate eyes, nose and respiratory passages.

Effects of Overexposure - Skin Contact: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause irritation. Substance is corrosive. Causes severe skin burns. Causes skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible. May cause skin sensitization, an allergic reaction, which becomes evident upon re-exposure to this material. Frequent or prolonged contact may irritate the skin and cause a skin rash (dermatitis). Severely irritating; may cause permanent skin damage.

Effects of Overexposure - Inhalation: High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs.

Effects of Overexposure - Ingestion: Corrosive and may cause severe and permanent damage to mouth, throat and stomach. Harmful if swallowed.

Effects of Overexposure - Chronic Hazards: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Contains carbon black. Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats experimentally exposed for long periods of time to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several insoluble fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e., mouse and hamster) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Epidemiological studies of North American workers show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black.

Carbon black is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and is proposed to be listed as A4- "not classified as a human carcinogen" by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Significant exposure is not anticipated during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of carbon black in the formula. Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which Titanium Dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of Titanium Dioxide in the formula. (Ref: IARC Monograph, Vol. 93, 2010)Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eve Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

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ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50
25068-38-6	Epichlorohydrin-Bisphenol A Resin	11400 mg/kg Rat	>5000	25 g/L
100-51-6	Benzyl Alcohol	1230 mg/kg Rat	2000 mg/kg Rabbit	11 mg/L Rat
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	>2000 mg/kg Rat	6000	N.E.
1332-58-7	Kaolin Clay	5500 mg/kg	>5000 mg/kg Rat	25 mg/L
1333-86-4	Carbon Black	>10000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.E.
7631-86-9	Amorphous Silica	7900 mg/kg Rat	>5000 mg/kg Rabbit	25 mg/L

N.E. - Not Established

12. Ecological Information

Ecological Information: Product is a mixture of listed components. No ecotoxicity data was found for this product.

13. Disposal Information

Disposal: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. RCRA Hazardous Waste: This material, when discarded or disposed of, could be a hazardous waste according to federal regulations (40 CFR 261) due to the characteristic of corrosivity (D002). Check state and local regulations for disposal requirements. Chemical additions, processing or otherwise altering this material may make the waste management information presented in this SDS incomplete, inaccurate, or otherwise inappropriate.

14. Transport Information

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15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Skin Corrosion or Irritation, Respiratory or Skin Sensitization, Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA Section 313

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

No Sara 313 components exist in this product.

Toxic Substances Control Act

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

U.S. State Regulations:

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California Proposition 65

WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

16. Other Information

HMIS RATINGS

Health: 2* Flammability: 1 **Physical Hazard:** 0 **Personal Protection:** Χ

NFPA RATINGS

0 Health: 2 Flammability: Instability:

Volatile Organic Compounds: 41 g/L 1/7/2025 **SDS REVISION DATE:**

REASON FOR REVISION: Revision Description Changed

Product Composition Changed

Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in

Section(s): 01 - Identification

02 - Hazard Identification

03 - Composition / Information on Ingredients

05 - Fire-Fighting Measures

08 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

09 - Physical & Chemical Properties 11 - Toxicological Information 14 - Transport Information 15 - Regulatory Information

16 - Other Information

Substance Hazard Threshold % Changed

Revision Statement(s) Changed

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.D. - Not Determined, N.E. - Not Established

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