

Revision Date: 7/24/2015

# Rust-Oleum Multi Component Product Information Sheet

# 7984955 ACCENT KIT 3PK NATURAL RUST is a multi component product composed of the following individual chemical components:

A7984830 SEM-ACCENT SSPR 24PK ANTIQ RUST BSECOAT B7984730 SEM-ACCENT HP 6PK PATINA BROWN TOPCOAT

SDSs for each component follow this cover sheet.

# <u>Transportation Information</u>

	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	Air (IATA)	TDG (Canada)
UN Number:	N.A.	1950	1950	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint Products in Limited Quantities	Aerosols	Aerosols	Paint Products in Limited Quantities
Hazard Class:	N.A.	2.1	2.1	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Finished Good Schedule B Harmonized Tariff Code Questionable

Date Printed: 7/24/2015 Page 1 / 6

# Safety Data Sheet



\* Trusted Quality Since 1921 \* www.rustoleum.com

## 1. Identification

SEM-ACCENT SSPR 24PK ANTIQ RUST **Product Name:** 

**BSECOAT** 

A7984830 **Product Identifier:** 

Product Use/Class: Accent Basecoat/ Aerosol

**Rust-Oleum Corporation** Supplier:

11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061

USA

Preparer: Regulatory Department

**Emergency Telephone:** 24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700

**Revision Date:** 

Manufacturer:

Supercedes Date:

7/24/2015

New SDS

USA

Rust-Oleum Corporation

11 Hawthorn Parkway

Vernon Hills, IL 60061

### 2. Hazard Identification

#### Classification

#### Symbol(s) of Product







Signal Word Danger

#### Possible Hazards

61% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

#### **GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS**

Flammable Aerosol, category 1 H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. Eye Irritation, category 2

Acute Toxicity, Inhalation, category 3 H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H336 STOT, single exposure, category 3, NE May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause genetic defects. Classified as mutagenic Category 1 if one Germ Cell Mutagenicity, category 1B H340

ingredient is present at or above 0.1% Applies to liquids, Solids (w/w units) and gases (v/v). The substance may also have its own exposure limit. Routes

of exposure are dependant on ingredient form.

H350 May cause cancer. Classified as carcinogenic Category 1 on the basis of Carcinogenicity, category 1B

epidemiological and/or animal data. Mixtures are classified as carcinogenic when at least 1 ingredient has been classified as carcinogenic and is present at 0.1% or above Routes of exposure are dependent on ingredient form.

#### **GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 Avoid breathing dust, fumes, gases, mists, vapors, or spray. Date Printed: 7/24/2015 Page 2 / 6

P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P311 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.

# 3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

#### **HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES**

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt.% Range	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Acetone	67-64-1	10-25	GHS02-GHS07	H225-319-336
Propane	74-98-6	10-25	No Information	No Information
n-Butane	106-97-8	2.5-10	No Information	No Information
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS06	H226-330-336
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H226-312-315-332
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H225-319-336
Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	5131-66-8	1.0-2.5	GHS07	H302-315-319
Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7	1.0-2.5	No Information	No Information
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	1.0-2.5	No Information	No Information
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07	H225-332
Iron Oxide	1309-37-1	1.0-2.5	No Information	No Information
Toluene	108-88-3	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07- GHS08	H225-302-304-315-332-336-373
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	0.1-1.0	GHS07-GHS08	H304-332-340-350
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	0.1-1.0	GHS08	H304-340-350-372

#### 4. First-aid Measures

**FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

**FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT:** Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

**FIRST AID - INHALATION:** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

**FIRST AID - INGESTION:** Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

# 5. Fire-fighting Measures

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Water Fog

**UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN 20°F. EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR!Water spray may be ineffective. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

Date Printed: 7/24/2015 Page 3 / 6

**SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:** Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

### 6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

# 7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. STORAGE: Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Contents under pressure. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class I flammable liquids. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Contents under pressure. Do not expose to heat or store above 120 ° F. Avoid excess heat. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials.

# 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV- TWA	ACGIH TLV- STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL- CEILING
Acetone	67-64-1	25.0	500 ppm	750 ppm	1000 ppm	N.E.
Propane	74-98-6	20.0	1000 ppm	N.E.	1000 ppm	N.E.
n-Butane	106-97-8	10.0	N.E.	1000 ppm	N.E.	N.E.
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	10.0	150 ppm	200 ppm	150 ppm	N.E.
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	10.0	100 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm	N.E.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	5.0	200 ppm	300 ppm	200 ppm	N.E.
Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	5131-66-8	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7	5.0	5 mg/m3	N.E.	15 mg/m3	N.E.
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	5.0	10 mg/m3	N.E.	15 mg/m3	N.E.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	5.0	20 ppm	N.E.	100 ppm	N.E.
Iron Oxide	1309-37-1	5.0	5 mg/m3	N.E.	10 mg/m3	N.E.
Toluene	108-88-3	5.0	20 ppm	N.E.	200 ppm	300 ppm
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	1.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	1.0	100 ppm	N.E.	500 ppm	N.E.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTION

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Provide general dilution of local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep TLV of hazardous ingredients below acceptable limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

**SKIN PROTECTION:** Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

**OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:** Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application.

**HYGIENIC PRACTICES:** Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

Date Printed: 7/24/2015 Page 4 / 6

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: **Physical State:** Aerosolized Mist Liauid Odor: Odor Threshold: Solvent Like N.E. **Relative Density:** 0.803 pH: N.A. Freeze Point, °C: Viscosity: ND N.D. Partition Coefficient, n-Solubility in Water: Slight N.D. octanol/water: Decompostion Temp., °C: N.D. Boiling Range, °C: -24 - 260 **Explosive Limits, vol%:** 1.0 - 13.0Flash Point, °C: Flammability: Supports Combustion -96 **Evaporation Rate:** Auto-ignition Temp., °C: Faster than Ether N.D. Vapor Density: Vapor Pressure: N.D. Heavier than Air

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Avoid temperatures above 120°F (49°C). Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases. Avoid all possible sources of ignition.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION:** By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

# 11. Toxicological information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes Serious Eye Irritation

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT:** Substance may cause slight skin irritation. May be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. May cause skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation.

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION:** Harmful if inhaled. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION:** Harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed; can enter lungs and cause damage.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: May cause central nervous system disorder (e.g., narcosis involving a loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue, mental confusion, and blurred vision) and/or damage. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. Overexposure to methyl ethyl ketone in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney and lung damage. Fetotoxic/embryotoxic effects from inhalation have been seen in rats exposed to > 1000ppm during gestation. IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which Titanium Dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of Titanium Dioxide in the formula. (Ref: IARC Monograph, Vol. 93, 2010)

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

#### **ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES**

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50
67-64-1	Acetone	N.I.	N.I.	50.1 mg/L Rat
74-98-6	Propane	N.I.	N.I.	658 mg/L Rat
106-97-8	n-Butane	N.I.	N.I.	658 mg/L Rat
123-86-4	n-Butyl Acetate	N.I.	>17600 mg/kg Rabbit	N.I.
1330-20-7	Xylene (mixed isomers)	4300 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	47635 mg/L Rat
78-93-3	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	N.I.	N.I.	23.5 mg/L Rat

Date Printed: 7/24/2015 Page 5 / 6

5131-66-8	Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	1900 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	N.I.
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	N.I.
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	3500 mg/kg Rat	15354 mg/kg Rabbit	17.2 mg/L Rat
1309-37-1	Iron Oxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	N.I.
108-88-3	Toluene	636 mg/kg Rat	8390 mg/kg Rabbit	12.5 mg/L Rat
64742-95-6	Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	N.I.	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.I.

N.I. - No Information

# 12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components. Product is a mixture of listed components.

# 13. Disposal Information

**DISPOSAL INFORMATION:** Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater, soil, storm drains or sewer systems.

# 14. Transport Information

	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	TDG (Canada)
UN Number:	N.A.	1950	1950	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint Products in Limited Quantities	Aerosols	Aerosols	Paint Products in Limited Quantities
Hazard Class:	N.A.	2.1	2.1	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

# 15. Regulatory Information

# **U.S. Federal Regulations:**

# **CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category**

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

#### Sara Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4
Toluene	108-88-3

#### **Toxic Substances Control Act:**

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

Date Printed: 7/24/2015 Page 6 / 6

### 16. Other Information

**HMIS RATINGS** 

Health: 2\* Flammability: 4 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X

**NFPA RATINGS** 

Health: N.D. Flammability: 4 Instability 0

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, g/L: 512

SDS REVISION DATE: 7/24/2015

**REASON FOR REVISION:** 

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

Date Printed: 7/24/2015 Page 1 / 5

# Safety Data Sheet



\* Trusted Quality Since 1921 \* www.rustoleum.com

## 1. Identification

Product Name: SEM-ACCENT HP 6PK PATINA BROWN

TOPCOAT

Product Identifier: B7984730 Supercedes Date: New SDS

Product Use/Class: Accent Topcoat/ Water-Based Acrylic

Supplier: Rust-Oleum Corporation Manufacturer: Rust-Oleum Corporation

11 Hawthorn Parkway
Vernon Hills, IL 60061

11 Hawthorn Parkway
Vernon Hills, IL 60061

Vernon Hills, IL 60061

**Revision Date:** 

USA

7/24/2015

**USA** 

Preparer: Regulatory Department

**Emergency Telephone:** 24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700

# 2. Hazard Identification

#### Classification

#### Symbol(s) of Product

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

#### Signal Word

No Signal Word has been assigned.

# 3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

#### **HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES**

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt.% Range	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Limestone	1317-65-3	25-50	No Information	No Information
Iron Oxide	1309-37-1	1.0-2.5	No Information	No Information
2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-Pentanediol Isobutyrate	25265-77-4	1.0-2.5	No Information	No Information
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1-1.0	No Information	No Information
Crystalline Silica / Quartz	14808-60-7	0.1-1.0	GHS07	H302

# 4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

**FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT:** Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Date Printed: 7/24/2015 Page 2 / 5

**FIRST AID - INHALATION:** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

**FIRST AID - INGESTION:** If swallowed, rinse mouth with water. If feeling unwell, get medical attention. Swallowing less than an ounce will not cause significant harm. For larger amounts, do not induce vomiting, but give one or two glasses of water to drink and get medical attention.

# 5. Fire-fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

**UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** Keep containers tightly closed. FLASH POINT IS TESTED TO BE GREATER THAN 200 DEGREES F. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

**SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:** Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent buildup of steam. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferred.

#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: If spilled, contain spilled material and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers.

# 7. Handling and Storage

**HANDLING:** Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid contact with eyes.

**STORAGE:** Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep from freezing. Keep container closed when not in use.

# 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV- TWA	ACGIH TLV- STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL- CEILING
Limestone	1317-65-3	30.0	N.E.	N.E.	15 mg/m3	N.E.
Iron Oxide	1309-37-1	5.0	5 mg/m3	N.E.	10 mg/m3	N.E.
2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-Pentanediol Isobutyrate	25265-77-4	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	1.0	3 mg/m3	N.E.	3.5 mg/m3	N.E.
Crystalline Silica / Quartz	14808-60-7	1.0	0.025 mg/m3	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

### PERSONAL PROTECTION

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve crossventilation.

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

**SKIN PROTECTION:** Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

**OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:** Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application.

**HYGIENIC PRACTICES:** Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

Date Printed: 7/24/2015 Page 3 / 5

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: **Physical State:** Liauid Liauid Odor: Odor Threshold: Mild N.E. **Relative Density:** 1.287 pH: N.D. Freeze Point, °C: Viscosity: N.D. N.D. Partition Coefficient, n-Solubility in Water: Miscible N.D. octanol/water: Decompostion Temp., °C: N.D. Boiling Range, °C: 100 - 244 **Explosive Limits, vol%:** 0.6 - 12.6Flammability: **Does not Support Combustion** Flash Point, °C: 94 **Evaporation Rate:** Slower than Ether Auto-ignition Temp., °C: N.D. Vapor Density: Vapor Pressure: Heavier than Air N.D.

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION:** By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

**STABILITY:** This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

# 11. Toxicological information

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT:** Causes eye irritation. Irritating, and may injure eye tissue if not removed promptly.

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT:** Substance may cause slight skin irritation. Low hazard for usual industrial handling or commercial handling by trained personnel.

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION:** High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. Low hazard for usual industrial handling or commercial handling by trained personnel.

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION:** Substance may be harmful if swallowed.

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS:** Contains carbon black. Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats experimentally exposed for long periods of time to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several insoluble fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e., mouse and hamster) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Epidemiological studies of North American workers show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black.

Carbon black is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and is proposed to be listed as A4- "not classified as a human carcinogen" by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Significant exposure is not anticipated during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of carbon black in the formula.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

#### **ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES**

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50
1309-37-1	Iron Oxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	N.I.
25265-77-4	2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3-Pentanediol Isobutyrate	3200 mg/kg Rat	>15200 mg/kg Rat	N.I.
14808-60-7	Crystalline Silica / Quartz	500 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	N.I.

N.I. - No Information

# 12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components.

Date Printed: 7/24/2015 Page 4 / 5

# 13. Disposal Information

**DISPOSAL INFORMATION:** Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater, soil, storm drains or sewer systems.

# 14. Transport Information

	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	TDG (Canada)
UN Number:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated
Hazard Class:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	No	No	No	No

# 15. Regulatory Information

# U.S. Federal Regulations:

#### **CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category**

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

#### Sara Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

No Sara 313 components exist in this product.

#### **Toxic Substances Control Act:**

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

Chemical NameCAS-No.5-Chloro-2-Methyl-4-Isothiazolin-3-one26172-55-4Methyl-4-Isothiazolin-3-one2682-20-4

## 16. Other Information

**HMIS RATINGS** 

Health: 1\* Flammability: 1 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X

**NFPA RATINGS** 

Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Instability 0

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, g/L: 206

SDS REVISION DATE: 7/24/2015

**REASON FOR REVISION:** 

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

Date Printed: 7/24/2015 Page 5 / 5

Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.