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Safety Data Sheet



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1. Identification

Product Name: PART B - RO KIT FAST PATCH **Revision Date:** 6/6/2024

Product Identifier: 318322B Supercedes Date: **New SDS**

Recommended Use: Epoxy Crack Filler Part B

Rust-Oleum Corporation Supplier:

11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061

USA

Regulatory Department

24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700 **Emergency Telephone:**

Rust-Oleum Corporation Manufacturer:

11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061

USA

2. Hazards Identification

Classification

Preparer:

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word

Warning

Possible Hazards

67% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

GHS Hazard Statements

H319 Eye Irritation, category 2A Causes serious eye irritation. H315 Skin Irritation, category 2 Causes skin irritation.

H317 Skin Sensitizer, category 1 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

GHS Label Precautionary Statements

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P321 Specific treatment (see notice on this label). P332+P317 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help. P333+P317 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help. P337+P317 If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

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3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

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Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt.% Range	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	25-50	Not Available	Not Available
Fatty Acids, C18-Unsatd., Dimers, Polymers With Tall-Oil Fatty Acids And Triethy	68082-29-1	10-25	GHS07	H317
Alkyl Quaternary Ammonium Bentonite	68953-58-2	10-25	GHS07	H332
Benzyl Alcohol	100-51-6	2.5-10	GHS07	H302+H312+H332-320
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	2.5-10	Not Available	Not Available
Triethylenetetramine	112-24-3	1.0-2.5	GHS05-GHS07	H302+H312-314-317
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	1330-20-7	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07	H226-315-319-332
Crystalline Silica / Quartz	14808-60-7	1.0-2.5	Not Available	Not Available
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1-1.0	Not Available	Not Available

4. First-Aid Measures

First Aid - Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

First Aid - Skin Contact: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing clothing. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing separately before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing and decontaminate footwear before

First Aid - Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

First Aid - Ingestion: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2 to 4 cupfuls of water or milk. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Do not induce vomiting unless advised by a physician. Call nearest Poison Control Center or Physician immediately.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Aqueous Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Keep containers tightly closed.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent buildup of steam. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferred. Containers can rupture and release highly toxic material if exposed to heat. Substance is non-combustible but reacts with many metals to form explosive hydrogen gas.

Special Fire and Explosion Hazard (Combustible Dust): Not a combustible dust.

Accidental Release Measures

Steps to Be Taken If Material Is Released or Spilled: Avoid runoff into sewers and waterways. Provide ventilation and approach spill from upwind using proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers.

Handling and Storage

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Handling: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all SDS and label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing.

Storage: Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

Advice on Safe Handling of Combustible Dust: No Information

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV- TWA	ACGIH TLV- STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL- CEILING
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	35.0	2 mg/m3	N.E.	20 mppcf	N.E.
Fatty Acids, C18-Unsatd., Dimers, Polymers With Tall-Oil Fatty Acids And Triethy	68082-29-1	25.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Alkyl Quaternary Ammonium Bentonite	68953-58-2	15.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Benzyl Alcohol	100-51-6	10.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10.0	0.2 mg/m3	N.E.	15 mg/m3	N.E.
Triethylenetetramine	112-24-3	5.0	N.É.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	1330-20-7	5.0	20 ppm	N.E.	100 ppm	N.E.
Crystalline Silica / Quartz	14808-60-7	5.0	0.025 mg/m3	N.E.	50 μg/m3	N.E.
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	1.0	3 mg/m3	N.E.	3.5 mg/m3	N.E.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

Respiratory Protection: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

Skin Protection: Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin.

Eye Protection: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Other Protective Equipment: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

Hygienic Practices: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

Engineering Measures for Combustible Dust: No Information

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Viscous Liquid	Physical State:	Liquid
Amine	Odor Threshold:	N.E.
1.500	pH:	N.A.
N.D.	Viscosity:	N.D.
Slight	Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/	N.D.
N.D.	water:	N.D.
137 - 3,000	Explosive Limits, vol%:	1.0 - 13.0
Does not Support Combustion	Flash Point, °C:	94
Slower than Ether	Auto-Ignition Temp., °C:	N.D.
Heavier than Air	Vapor Pressure:	N.D.
	Amine 1.500 N.D. Slight N.D. 137 - 3,000 Does not Support Combustion Slower than Ether	Amine 1.500 pH: N.D. Slight N.D. Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/water: 137 - 3,000 Does not Support Combustion Slower than Ether Odor Threshold: pH: Viscosity: Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/water: Explosive Limits, vol%: Flash Point, °C: Auto-Ignition Temp., °C:

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid contact with metals. Avoid excess heat.

Incompatibility: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies. Product slowly corrodes copper, aluminum, zinc, and galvanized surfaces.

Hazardous Decomposition: When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur under normal conditions.

Stability: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

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11. Toxicological Information

Effects of Overexposure - Eye Contact: Can cause severe eye irritation. Causes eye burns. Causes eye and skin irritation which may lead to dermatitis with repeated exposures. Irritating, and may injure eye tissue if not removed promptly. High vapor concentrations can irritate eyes, nose and respiratory passages.

Effects of Overexposure - Skin Contact: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause irritation. Substance is corrosive. Causes severe skin burns. Causes skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible. May cause skin sensitization, an allergic reaction, which becomes evident upon re-exposure to this material. Frequent or prolonged contact may irritate the skin and cause a skin rash (dermatitis). Severely irritating; may cause permanent skin damage.

Effects of Overexposure - Inhalation: High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Constituents of this product include crystalline silica dust which, if inhalable, may cause silicosis, a form of progressive pulmonary fibrosis. Inhalable crystalline silica is listed by IARC as a group I carcinogen (lung) based on sufficient evidence in occupationally exposed humans and sufficient evidence in animals. Crystalline silica is also listed by the NTP as a known human carcinogen. Constituents may also contain asbestiform or non-asbestiform tremolite or other silicates as impurities, and above de minimus exposure to these impurities in inhalable form may be carcinogenic or cause other serious lung problems.

Effects of Overexposure - Ingestion: Corrosive and may cause severe and permanent damage to mouth, throat and stomach. Harmful if swallowed.

Effects of Overexposure - Chronic Hazards: Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. Contains carbon black. Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats experimentally exposed for long periods of time to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several insoluble fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e., mouse and hamster) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Epidemiological studies of North American workers show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black.

Carbon black is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and is proposed to be listed as A4- "not classified as a human carcinogen" by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Significant exposure is not anticipated during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of carbon black in the formula. Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which Titanium Dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of Titanium Dioxide in the formula. (Ref: IARC Monograph, Vol. 93, 2010)Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	<u>Chemical Name</u>	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50
14807-96-6	Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	6000	N.E.	30
68082-29-1	Fatty Acids, C18-Unsatd., Dimers, Polymers With Tall-Oil Fatty Acids And Triethy	N.E.	>2000 mg/kg Rat	N.E.
68953-58-2	Alkyl Quaternary Ammonium Bentonite	>5000 mg/kg Rat	N.E.	>12.6 mg/L Rat
100-51-6	Benzyl Alcohol	1230 mg/kg Rat	2000 mg/kg Rabbit	11 mg/L Rat
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	6000	N.E.
112-24-3	Triethylenetetramine	1716.2 mg/kg Rat	1,465 mg/kg Rabbit	N.E.
1330-20-7	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)	3500 mg/kg Rat	>4350 mg/kg Rabbit	29.08 mg/L Rat
14808-60-7	Crystalline Silica / Quartz	5500 mg/kg Rat	5500	100 mg/L
1333-86-4	Carbon Black	>15400 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.E.

N.E. - Not Established

12. Ecological Information

Ecological Information: No ecotoxicity data was found for this product.

13. Disposal Information

Disposal: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. RCRA Hazardous Waste: This material, when discarded or disposed of, could be a hazardous waste according to federal regulations (40 CFR 261) due to the characteristic of corrosivity (D002). Check state and local regulations for disposal requirements. Chemical additions, processing or otherwise altering this material may make the waste management information presented in this SDS incomplete, inaccurate, or otherwise inappropriate.

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14. Transport Information

UN Number:	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	TDG (Canada)
	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated
Hazard Class: Packing Group: Limited Quantity:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
	No	No	No	No

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Skin Corrosion or Irritation, Respiratory or Skin Sensitization, Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA Section 313

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

Chemical Name

CAS-No.

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- Isomers)

1330-20-7

Toxic Substances Control Act

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

U.S. State Regulations:

California Proposition 65

WARNING:

Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

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16. Other Information

HMIS RATINGS

Health: 2* Flammability: 1 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X

NFPA RATINGS

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0

Volatile Organic Compounds: 11 g/L SDS REVISION DATE: 6/6/2024

REASON FOR REVISION:

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.D. - Not Determined, N.E. - Not Established

Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.