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# Safety Data Sheet



This document is compliant with the U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication Standard and the Canada Gazette, Part II, Volume 157, Number 1 SOR/2022-272 Hazardous Products Regulations.

# 1. Identification

Name on Label: Wipe New Tire Coat Base Coat Part A

Product Name: WIPE NEW TIRE COAT BASE COAT PART A Revision Date: 7/28/2025

Product Identifier: 381405A Supercedes Date: 4/22/2025

Recommended Use: Tire Care Part A

Supplier: Rust-Oleum Corporation Manufacturer: Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway 11 Hawthorn Parkway

11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061

USA

USA

Preparer: Regulatory Department

Emergency Telephone: 24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700

### 2. Hazard Identification

### Classification

### Symbol(s) of Product

No symbol is required per 2024 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Vernon Hills, IL 60061

#### Signal Word

No Signal Word has been assigned.

#### Possible Hazards

17% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

# 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

### **HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES**

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt.% Range	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Tripropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	25498-49-1	5.0-10	Not Available	Not Available
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	34590-94-8	5.0-10	Not Available	Not Available
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1-1.0	Not Available	Not Available
Aqueous Ammonia	1336-21-6	0.1-1.0	GHS04-GHS05- GHS06-GHS07	H280-302-314-331-335
Tripropylene Glycol	24800-44-0	0.1-1.0	GHS06	H330
Dipropylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	29911-28-2	0.1-1.0	Not Available	Not Available

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Actual concentrations of ingredients are withheld as trade secret.

### 4. First Aid Measures

First Aid - Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

First Aid - Skin Contact: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

**First Aid - Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

**First Aid - Ingestion:** If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2 to 4 cupfuls of water or milk. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Treat symptomatically and supportively.

# 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Aqueous Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Keep containers tightly closed. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

**Special Fire Fighting Procedures:** Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent buildup of steam. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferred.

Special Fire and Explosion Hazard (Combustible Dust): Not a combustible dust.

### 6. Accidental Release Measures

Steps to Be Taken If Material Is Released or Spilled: If spilled, contain spilled material and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers

# 7. Handling and Storage

**Handling:** Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all SDS and label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Storage: Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

Advice on Safe Handling of Combustible Dust: No Information

# 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV- TWA	ACGIH TLV- STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL- CEILING
Tripropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	25498-49-1	10.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	34590-94-8	10.0	50 ppm	N.E.	100 ppm	N.E.
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	1.0	3 mg/m3	N.E.	3.5 mg/m3	N.E.
Aqueous Ammonia	1336-21-6	1.0	25 ppm	35 ppm	50 ppm	N.E.
Tripropylene Glycol	24800-44-0	1.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Dipropylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	29911-28-2	1.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Engineering Controls:** Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

Respiratory Protection: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 (U.S.) and/or SOR/86-304 Part XII 12.13 and CSA Standard Z180.1 (Canada) requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

Skin Protection: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

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Eye Protection: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Other Protective Equipment: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

**Hygienic Practices:** Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

Engineering Measures for Combustible Dust: No Information

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	Liquid		Decomposition Temperature, °C	N.D.
Color		Not Applicable	pH	6-10
Odor		Characteristic	Kinematic Viscosity	N.D.
Odor Threshold		N.E.	Solubility in Water	Slight
Freezing Point / Melting Po	int, °C	N.D.	Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/water	N.D.
Boiling Range, °C		100 - 243	Vapor Pressure	N.D.
Flammability	Does n	ot Support Combustion	Evaporation Rate	Slower than Ether
Lower Explosion Limit, vol9	6	1.1	Specific Gravity	0.997
Upper Explosion Limit, vol9	6	14.0	Vapor Density	Heavier than Air
Flash Point, °C		94		
Auto-Ignition Temperature,	°C	N.D.	Particle Characteristics	N.A.

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid excess heat.

Incompatibility: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

Hazardous Decomposition: When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

**Hazardous Polymerization:** Will not occur under normal conditions. **Stability:** This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

### 11. Toxicological Information

Effects of Overexposure - Eye Contact: Irritating, and may injure eye tissue if not removed promptly.

Effects of Overexposure - Skin Contact: Low hazard for usual industrial handling or commercial handling by trained personnel.

Effects of Overexposure - Inhalation: High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist.

Effects of Overexposure - Ingestion: Substance may be harmful if swallowed.

Effects of Overexposure - Chronic Hazards: Contains carbon black. Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats experimentally exposed for long periods of time to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several insoluble fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e., mouse and hamster) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Epidemiological studies of North American workers show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black.

Carbon black is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and is proposed to be listed as A4- "not classified as a human carcinogen" by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Significant exposure is not anticipated during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of carbon black in the formula.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eve Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

#### **ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES**

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.Chemical NameOral LD50Dermal LD50Vapor LC5025498-49-1Tripropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether3200 mg/kg Rat15440 mg/kg RabbitN.E.

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34590-94-8	Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	5350 mg/kg Rat	9500 mg/kg Rabbit	>20 mg/L
1333-86-4	Carbon Black	>10000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.E.
1336-21-6	Aqueous Ammonia	350 mg/kg Rat	N.E.	N.E.
24800-44-0	Tripropylene Glycol	3000 mg/kg Rat	>16320 mg/kg Rabbit	>0.083 mg/L Rat
29911-28-2	Dipropylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	N.E.	N.E.	25

N.E. - Not Established

# 12. Ecological Information

Ecological Information: No ecotoxicity data was found for this product.

# 13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances.

# 14. Transport Information

UN Number:	Domestic (USDOT) N.A.	International (IMDG) N.A.	<u>Air (IATA)</u> N.A.	TDG (Canada) N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated
Hazard Class: Packing Group: Limited Quantity:	N.A. N.A. No	N.A. N.A.	N.A. N.A. No	N.A. N.A. No

# 15. Regulatory Information

# **U.S. Federal Regulations:**

### **CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category**

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

None Known

### **SARA Section 313**

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

Chemical NameCAS-No.Tripropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether25498-49-1Aqueous Ammonia1336-21-6

#### **Toxic Substances Control Act**

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

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### 16. Other Information

**HMIS RATINGS** 

Health: 2\* Flammability: 1 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X

**NFPA RATINGS** 

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0

Volatile Organic Compounds: 2.90%

SDS REVISION DATE: 7/28/2025

REASON FOR REVISION: Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in

Section(s):

01 - Identification

09 - Physical & Chemical Properties

15 - Regulatory Information 16 - Other Information

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.D. - Not Determined, N.E. - Not Established

Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.