Date Printed: 5/18/2015 Page 1 / 7

Safety Data Sheet



* Trusted Quality Since 1921 * www.rustoleum.com

1. Identification

Product Name: ZINSSR 1-GL 4 PK DETAIL STRIP Revision Date: 5/18/2015

Product Identifier: 42121 Supercedes Date: 3/13/2015

Product Use/Class: Paint Stripper/Solvent Based

Supplier: Rust-Oleum Corporation Manufacturer: Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway 11 Hawthorn Parkway

11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061

USA

Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA

Preparer: Regulatory Department

Emergency Telephone: 24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700

2. Hazard Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Danger! Poison, contains methyl alcohol. Vapor harmful. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed. Causes eye irritation. Causes nose and throat irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May affect the brain or nervous system causing dizziness, headache or nausea. Vapor Harmful. Causes Eye, Skin, Nose, and Throat Irritation. May cause eye, skin, or respiratory tract irritation. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Harmful if inhaled. Use ventilation necessary to keep exposures below recommended exposure limits, if any. Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion.

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product







Signal Word Danger

Danger

Possible Hazards

28% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

Acute Toxicity, Oral, category 5	H303	May be harmful if swallowed.
Acute Toxicity, Dermal, category 5	H313	May be harmful in contact with skin.
Skin Irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Eye Irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Acute Toxicity, Inhalation, category 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
STOT, single exposure, category 3, RTI	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT, single exposure, category 3, NE	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Organic Peroxide, categories C, D	H242	Heating may cause a fire.
Aspiration Hazard, category 2	H305	May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways
Eye Irritation, category 2B	H320	Causes eye irritation
Flammable Liquid, category 1	H224	Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.

Date Printed: 5/18/2015 Page 2 / 7

		3
Carcinogenicity, category 2	H351	Suspected of causing cancer. Classified as Category 2 based on limited evidence on human and/or animal studies. Mixtures with concentrations of suspected carcinogens ingredients at concentration present between 0.1% and 1.0% labelling the SDS will be optional depending on authorities. If Category 2 carcinogenic present at a concentration of 1% or above labelling the SDS will be expected. Routes of exposure are dependant on ingredient form.
Reproductive Toxicity, category 2	H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Classifed Category 2 suspected human reproductive toxicant irreversible effects such as structural malfunctions, embryo/foetal lethality, post natal functional deficiencies.
STOT, single exposure, category 1	H370	Causes damage to organs. Classified Category 1 Substances that produced significant toxicity in humans and evidence to produce significant toxicity with single exposure. Cell death, adverse change in biochemistry, haematology or urinalysis parameters, Central or peripheral nervous system and effects senses. multifocal or diffuse necrosis, fibrosis or granuloma formation in organs.
STOT, repeated exposure, category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs <or affected,="" all="" if="" known="" organs="" state=""> through prolonged or repeated exposure <state cause="" conclusively="" exposure="" hazard="" if="" is="" it="" no="" of="" other="" proven="" route="" routes="" that="" the="">.</state></or>
Acute Toxicity, Oral, category 4	H302	Harmful if swallowed.
GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS		

SIAILMLINIS	
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P103	Read label before use.
P234	Keep only in original container.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P262	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required.
P285	In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P350	Gently wash with plenty of soap and water.
P374	Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

P402 Store in a dry place.

P211

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P375 Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No P210

smoking.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P307+P311 IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

<u>Chemical Name</u>	CAS-No.	<u>Wt.%</u> <u>Range</u>	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Acetone	67-64-1	25-50	GHS02-GHS07	H225-336-319

Date Printed: 5/18/2015 Page 3 / 7

Toluene	108-88-3	25-50	GHS02-GHS07- GHS08	H225-302-332-361-336-373-315
Methanol	67-56-1	10-25	GHS02-GHS06- GHS08	H225-370-311-331
Dichloromethane	75-09-2	10-25	GHS07-GHS08	H302-351
Hydrotreated Light Distillate	64742-47-8	1.0-2.5	GHS06	H331

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "16. Other Information" section.

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Keep containers tightly closed. FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN 20°F. EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR!Water spray may be ineffective. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated. Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Eliminate all ignition sources; use explosion-proof equipment. Place material in a container and dispose of according to local, provincial, state and federal regulations. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

STORAGE: Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Keep container closed when not in use. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials. Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Avoid excess heat. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class II combustible liquids.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV- TWA	ACGIH TLV- STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL- CEILING
Acetone	67-64-1	30.0	500 ppm	750 ppm	1000 ppm	N.E.
Toluene	108-88-3	30.0	20 ppm	N.E.	200 ppm	300 ppm
Methanol	67-56-1	25.0	200 ppm	250 ppm	200 ppm	N.E.

Date Printed: 5/18/2015 Page 4 / 7

Dichloromethane	75-09-2	25.0	50 ppm	N.E.	25 ppm	125 ppm
Hydrotreated Light Distillate	64742-47-8	5.0	100 ppm	N.E.	500 ppm	N.E.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve crossventilation. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Provide general dilution of local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep TLV of hazardous ingredients below acceptable limits.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection. Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: **Physical State:** Liquid Liquid **Odor Threshold:** Odor: Mild N.E. pH: Relative Density: 0.889 N.A. Freeze Point, °C: N.D. Viscosity: N.D.

Solubility in Water: Miscible Partition Coefficient, n-

Decompostion Temp., °C: No Information octanol/water: No Information

Boiling Range, °C: 104 - 386 Explosive Limits, vol%: 1.2 - 36.0

Flammability: Does not Support Combustion Flash Point, °C: -20

Evaporation Rate: Slower than Ether Auto-ignition Temp., °C: No Information

Vapor Density: Heavier than Air Vapor Pressure: N.D.

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Avoid temperatures above 120 ° F. Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes Serious Eye Irritation

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: May be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause irritation. Causes skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible. May cause skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. May cause headaches and dizziness. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Poison, may be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed; can enter lungs and cause damage.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational

Date Printed: 5/18/2015 Page 5 / 7

overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage. May cause central nervous system disorder (e.g., narcosis involving a loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue, mental confusion, and blurred vision) and/or damage.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50
108-88-3	Toluene	636 mg/kg Rat	8390 mg/kg Rabbit	12.5 mg/L Rat
67-56-1	Methanol	5628 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	83.2 mg/L Rat
75-09-2	Dichloromethane	1410 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	N.I.
64742-47-8	Hydrotreated Light Distillate	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	>5.2 mg/L Rat

N.I. - No Information

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components. Product is a mixture of listed components.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater, soil, storm drains or sewer systems.

14. Transport Information

•				
	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	TDG (Canada)
UN Number:	N.A.	1992	1992	N.A.
	Paint Products in	Elammahla liquid tavia	Flammable liquid, toxic	Paint Products in
Proper Shipping Name:	Limited Quantities	Flammable liquid, toxic nos	nos	Limited Quantities
Hazard Class:	N.A.	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.	II	II	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	Yes	Yes	No	Yes

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Sara Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Toluene	108-88-3
Methanol	67-56-1
Dichloromethane	75-09-2

Date Printed: 5/18/2015 Page 6 / 7

Toxic Substances Control Act:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65:

WARNING: This product contains a substance known to the State of California to cause cancer.

 Chemical Name
 CAS-No.

 Dichloromethane
 75-09-2

 Benzene
 71-43-2

 Ethylbenzene
 100-41-4

 Naphthalene
 91-20-3

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 REPRODUCTIVE TOXINS

WARNING: This product contains a substance known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive

harm.

 Chemical Name
 CAS-No.

 Toluene
 108-88-3

 Methanol
 67-56-1

 Benzene
 71-43-2

International Regulations:

CANADIAN WHMIS:

This SDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for the use of the 16 headings.

16. Other Information

HMIS RATINGS

Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X

CANADIAN WHMIS CLASS: B2 D2A

NFPA RATINGS

Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability 0

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, g/L: 650

MSDS REVISION DATE: 5/18/2015

REASON FOR REVISION: No Information

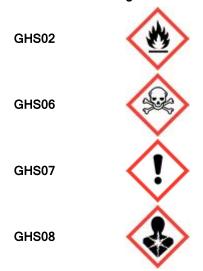
Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

Date Printed: 5/18/2015 Page 7 / 7

Text for GHS Hazard Statements shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer. Classified as Category 2 based on limited evidence on human and/or animal studies. Mixtures with concentrations of suspected carcinogens ingredients at concentration present between 0.1% and 1.0% labelling the SDS will be optional depending on authorities. If Category 2
	carcinogenic present at a concentration of 1% or above labelling the SDS will be expected. Routes of exposure are dependant on ingredient form.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Classifed Category 2 suspected human reproductive toxicant irreversible effects such as structural malfunctions, embryo/foetal lethality, post natal functional deficiencies.
H370	Causes damage to organs. Classified Category 1 Substances that produced significant toxicity in humans and evidence to produce significant toxicity with single exposure. Cell death, adverse change in biochemistry, haematology or urinalysis parameters, Central or peripheral nervous system and effects senses. multifocal or diffuse necrosis, fibrosis or granuloma formation in organs.
H373	May cause damage to organs <or affected,="" all="" if="" known="" organs="" state=""> through prolonged or repeated exposure <state cause="" conclusively="" exposure="" hazard="" if="" is="" it="" no="" of="" other="" proven="" route="" routes="" that="" the="">.</state></or>

Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:



Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.