Material Safety Data Sheet

24 Hour Assistance:
1-847-367-7700
Rust-Oleum Corp.
www.rustoleum.com

1. Identification

Product Name: SEM-AUTORF QT 4PK PRO TRK BD LWVOC PT B

Revision Date: 4/4/2014

Product Number: 263971

Product Use/Class: Coating/Activator

Supplier:
Rust-Oleum Corporation
11 Hawthorn Parkway
Vernon Hills, IL 60061
USA

Manufacturer:
Rust-Oleum Corporation
11 Hawthorn Parkway
Vernon Hills, IL 60061
USA

Prepared by: Regulatory Department

2. Hazard Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Causes skin irritation. Harmful if inhaled. Causes eye irritation. Causes eye burns. May cause allergic skin reaction. Combustible liquid and vapor. May cause eye, skin, or respiratory tract irritation. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin and eye burns. Vapors extremely irritating to eyes and respiratory tract. Use ventilation necessary to keep exposures below recommended exposure limits, if any. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes eye irritation. Corrosive. Will cause eye burns and permanent tissue damage, including blindness. Substance causes severe eye irritation. Injury may be permanent.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Causes skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible. May cause skin sensitization, an allergic reaction, which becomes evident upon re-exposure to this material. Severely irritating; may cause permanent skin damage.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. May cause allergic respiratory reaction. Harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Substance may be harmful if swallowed. Corrosive and may cause severe and permanent damage to mouth, throat and stomach.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Effects of overexposure may include irritation of the nose and throat, irritation of the digestive tract and signs of nervous system depression (e.g., headache, drowsiness, loss of coordination and fatigue). Prolonged or repeated overexposure may cause lung damage. Contains a Cobalt compound. IARC lists Cobalt and Cobalt compounds as as possible human carcinogens (group 2B). However, there is inadequate evidence of the carcinogenicity of cobalt and cobalt compounds in humans and limited evidence in experimental animals. Repeated exposure to low concentrations of HCl vapor or mist may cause bleeding of nose and gums.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV-TWA	ACGIH TLV-STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL-CEILING
Polyamide Resin	68424-41-9	75.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
n-Butanol	71-36-3	25.0	N.E.	N.E.	100 ppm	N.E.
Polymers/Binder/Resin	Proprietary	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Triethylenetetramine	112-24-3	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed. If exposed to fumes or vapors, flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing and decontaminate footwear before reuse. Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing clothing. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing separately before reuse. Destroy contaminated shoes.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2 to 4 cupfuls of water or milk. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Do not induce vomiting unless advised by a physician. Call nearest Poison Control Center or Physician immediately.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

Flash Point, °F 115 (Setaflash)

Extinguishing Media: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: THIS IS A FAST-CURE POLYURETHANE COATING. When used in spray finish applications, follow all requirements of OSHA's standard:Spray Finishing Using Flammable and Combustible Liquids, 29 CFR 1910.107. All spray areas should be kept free from accumulation of deposits of combustible residues as practical, with cleaning and filter change-out conducted daily. All discarded filter pads and filter rolls should be immediately removed to a safe, well-detached location to fully cure prior to disposal or placed in a water-filled metal container and disposed of at the close of the day's operation. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. Keep containers tightly closed.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Containers can rupture and release highly toxic material if exposed to heat. Substance is non-combustible but reacts with many metals to form explosive hydrogen gas. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Avoid runoff into sewers and waterways. Provide ventilation and approach spill from upwind using proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Carefully neutralize spill with sodium bicarbonate (NaHCO3). Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands before eating. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist.

STORAGE: Keep container closed when not in use. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class II combustible liquids. Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation. Provide general dilution of local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep TLV of hazardous ingredients below acceptable limits.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection. Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Vapor Density	Heavier than Air	**Odor:**	Slight Amine
Appearance:	Liquid	**Evaporation Rate:**	Slower than Ether
Solubility in Water:	Slight	**Freeze Point:**	N.D.
Specific Gravity:	1.010	**pH:**	N.A.
Physical State:	Liquid		

(See section 16 for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid temperatures above 120 ° F. Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases. Avoid contact with metals.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Product slowly corrodes copper, aluminum,zinc, and galvanized surfacesIncompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Decomposition produces hydrogen chloride, chlorine and hydrogen gases.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological Information

Chemical Name	LD50	LC50
Polyamide Resin	2000 mg/kg	N.E.
n-Butanol	2500 mg/kg (Rat)	>8000 ppm (Rat, 4Hr)
Polymers/Binder/Resin	N.E.	5000
Triethylenetetramine	805 MG/KG (ORAL, RABBIT)	N.D.

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater. soil, storm drains or sewer systems.

14. Transport Information

	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	Air (IATA)	TDG (Canada)
UN Number:	Consult Transportation Dept	Consult Transportation Dept	Consult Transportation Dept	Consult Transportation Dept
Proper Shipping Name:	Consult Transportation Dept	Consult Transportation Dept	Consult Transportation Dept	Consult Transportation Dept
Hazard Class:	Consult Transportation Dept	Consult Transportation Dept	Consult Transportation Dept	Consult Transportation Dept
Packing Group:	Consult Transportation Dept	Consult Transportation Dept	Consult Transportation Dept	Consult Transportation Dept
Limited Quantity:	Consult Transportation Dept	Consult Transportation Dept	Consult Transportation Dept	Consult Transportation Dept

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Sara Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS-No.
n-Butanol	71-36-3

Toxic Substances Control Act:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

International Regulations:

CANADIAN WHMIS:

This MSDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for the use of the 16 headings.

Canadian WHMIS Class: B3 D2A D2B E

16. Other Information

HMIS Ratings:

Health:	2*	**Flammability:**	2	**Physical Hazard:**	0	**Personal Protection:**	X

NFPA Ratings:

Health:	2	**Flammability:**	2	**Instability**	0

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, g/L: 229

REASON FOR REVISION: Regulatory Update

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.