# Material Safety Data Sheet

24 Hour Assistance: 1-847-367-7700 Rust-Oleum Corp. www.rustoleum.com

# Section 1 - Chemical Product / Company Information

Product Name: EPOXY ACTIVATOR 9502448 Revision Date: 02/22/2010

Identification

Number: F9310504

Product Use/Class: Epoxy Activator/Polyamide

Supplier: Rust-Oleum Corporation Manufacturer: Rust-Oleum Corporation
11 Hawthorn Parkway 11 Hawthorn Parkway

Vernon Hills, IL 60061 Vernon Hills, IL 60061

USA

Preparer: Regulatory Department

# Section 2 - Composition / Information On Ingredients

#### Weight % Less

Chemical Name	CAS Number	<u>Ihan</u>	ACGIH ILV-IWA	ACGIH ILV-STEL	OSHA PEL-IWA	OSHA PEL CEILING
Xylene	1330-20-7	30.0	100 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm	N.E.
Ethylbenzene	100-41 -4	10.0	100 ppm	125 ppm	100 ppm	N.E.
n-Butanol	71-36-3	10.0	20 ppm	N.E.	100 ppm	N.E.

### Section 3 - Hazards Identification

\*\*\* Emergency Overview \*\*\*: Harmful if inhaled. May affect the brain or nervous system causing dizziness, headache or nausea. Causes skin and eye burns. Vapors irritating to eyes and respiratory tract. May cause allergic skin reaction. Flammable liquid and vapor.

Effects Of Overexposure - Eye Contact: Extremely irritating to the eyes and may cause severe damage, including blindness.

Effects Of Overexposure - Skin Contact: Contact causes severe skin irritation and possible burns. May cause allergic skin reaction.

Effects Of Overexposure - Inhalation: May cause allergic respiratory reaction. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. May cause headaches and dizziness. Harmful if inhaled.

Effects Of Overexposure - Ingestion: Corrosive and may cause severe and permanent damage to mouth, throat and stomach.

Effects Of Overexposure - Chronic Hazards: IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage.

Primary Route(s) Of Entry: Skin Contact, Skin Absorption, Inhalation, Ingestion, Eye Contact

## Section 4 - First Aid Measures

First Aid - Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

First Aid - Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First Aid - Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

First Aid - Ingestion: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention.

# Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point: 80 F LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: 1.0 % (Setaflash) UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT : 11.2 %

Extinguishing Media: Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical

Unusual Fire And Explosion Hazards: Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame.

Special Firefighting Procedures: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance.

#### Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Steps To Be Taken If Material Is Released Or Spilled: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust.

# Section 7 - Handling And Storage

Handling: Wash thoroughly after handling. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash hands before eating.

Storage: Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame.

# Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

Respiratory Protection: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or in any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Skin Protection: Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

Eye Protection: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Other protective equipment: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application.

Hygienic Practices: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking.

## **Section 9 - Physical And Chemical Properties**

Boiling Range: 243 - 350 F Vapor Density: Heavier than Air

Odor: Solvent Like Odor Threshold: N.E.

Appearance: Liquid Evaporation Rate: Slower than Ether

Solubility in H2O: None

Freeze Point: N.D. Specific Gravity: 0.907 Vapor Pressure: N.D. PH: N.A.

Physical State: Liquid

(See section 16 for abbreviation legend)

## Section 10 - Stability And Reactivity

Conditions To Avoid: Avoid temperatures above 120 ° F. Avoid all possible sources of ignition.

Incompatibility: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

Hazardous Decomposition: When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur under normal conditions.

Stability: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

## **Section 11 - Toxicological Information**

Product LD50: 7 mg/kg Product LC50: 3500 ppm

Chemical Name LD50 LC50

Xylene 4300 mg/kg (Rat, Oral) 5000 ppm (Rat, Inhalation, 4Hr)

Ethylbenzene 3500 mg/kg (Rat, Oral) N.E

n-Butanol 2500 mg/kg (Rat) >8000 ppm (Rat, Inhalation, 4Hr)

# Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecological Information: Product is a mixture of listed components.

#### Section 13 - Disposal Information

Disposal Information: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter storm drains or sewer systems.

## **Section 14 - Transportation Information**

DOT Proper Shipping Name: Paint Related Material Packing Group: III
DOT Technical Name: N.A. Hazard Subclass: N.A.
DOT Hazard Class: 3 Resp. Guide Page: 132

DOT UN/NA Number: UN3470

# Section 15 - Regulatory Information

#### **CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category**

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA "Hazard Categories" promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

IMMEDIATE HEALTH HAZARD, CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARD, FIRE HAZARD

#### SARA Section 313:

Listed below are the substances (if any) contained in this product that are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

 Chemical Name
 CAS Number

 Xylene
 1330-20-7

 Ethylbenzene
 100-41-4

 n-Butanol
 71-36-3

#### **Toxic Substances Control Act:**

Listed below are the substances (if any) contained in this product that are subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

It is the policy of Rust-Oleum Corporation to use only TSCA compliant materials in its products.

### U.S. State Regulations: As follows -

#### **New Jersey Right-to-Know:**

The following materials are non-hazardous, but are among the top five components in this product.

Chemical NameCAS NumberPolyamide ResinPROPRIETARY

#### Pennsylvania Right-to-Know:

The following non-hazardous ingredients are present in the product at greater than 3%.

Chemical Name CAS Number

Polyamide Resin PROPRIETARY

#### **California Proposition 65:**

WARNING! This product contains a chemical(s) known by the State of California to cause cancer.

WARNING! This product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International Regulations: As follows -

#### **CANADIAN WHMIS:**

This MSDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for the use of the 16 headings.

**CANADIAN WHMIS CLASS: B2 D2B E** 

### Section 16 - Other Information

**HMIS Ratings:** 

Health: 2\* Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 Personal Protection: X

**REASON FOR REVISION:** Regulatory Update

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this material safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.