

Revision Date: 7/28/2015

Rust-Oleum Multi Component Product Information Sheet

9149 TSTRS 6PK .25OZ ENAMEL MILITARY PNT ST KIT is a multi component product composed of the following individual chemical components:

9149-1 TSTRS 6PK .25OZ ENAMEL MILITARY PNT ST PAINT
9149-2 TSTRS 6PK .25OZ ENAMEL MILITARY PNT ST THINNER

SDSs for each component follow this cover sheet.

Transportation Information

	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	Air (IATA)	TDG (Canada)
UN Number:	N.A.	1263	1263	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint Products in Limited Quantities	Paint	Paint	Paint Products in Limited Quantities
Hazard Class:	N.A.	3	3	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.	II	II	N.A
Limited Quantity:	Yes	Yes	No	Yes

Finished Good Schedule B Harmonized Tariff Code 3208.10.0000

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Safety Data Sheet



1. Identification

TSTRS 6PK .25OZ ENAMEL MILITARY PNT **Product Name: Revision Date:** 7/28/2015

ST PAINT

Product Identifier: 9149-1 Supercedes Date: **New SDS**

Product Use/Class: Craft Paint

The Testors Corporation The Testors Corporation Manufacturer: Supplier: 440 Blackhawk Park Drive

440 Blackhawk Park Drive Rockford, IL 61104

Rockford, IL 61104

USA

Preparer: Regulatory Department

24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700 **Emergency Telephone:**

USA

2. Hazard Identification

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word Danger

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

Skin Sensitizer, category 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. Serious Eye Damage, category 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.

May cause genetic defects. Classified as mutagenic Category 1 if one Germ Cell Mutagenicity, category 1B H340

> ingredient is present at or above 0.1% Applies to liquids, Solids (w/w units) and gases (v/v). The substance may also have its own exposure limit. Routes

of exposure are dependant on ingredient form.

H350 May cause cancer. Classified as carcinogenic Category 1 on the basis of Carcinogenicity, category 1B

epidemiological and/or animal data. Mixtures are classified as carcinogenic when at least 1 ingredient has been classified as carcinogenic and is present at 0.1% or above Routes of exposure are dependent on ingredient form.

STOT, repeated exposure, category 1 H372 Causes damage to organs.

GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P281 Use personal protective equipment as required. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if P305+P351+P338

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P310

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P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

GHS SDS PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P270 Do no eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

<u>Chemical Name</u>	CAS-No.	Wt.% Range	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Mineral Spirits	64742-88-7	25-50	GHS08	H304-372
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	96-29-7	10-25	GHS05-GHS07- GHS08	H302-312-317-318-332-351
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	10-25	GHS08	H304-340-350-372
Copper	7440-50-8	10-25	No Information	No Information
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-89-8	10-25	GHS08	H304-340-350
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10-25	No Information	No Information
Aluminum Flake	7429-90-5	10-25	GHS02	H228-261
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	2.5-10	No Information	No Information
Zinc	7440-66-6	2.5-10	No Information	No Information
Neodecanoic Acid, Cobalt Salt	27253-31-2	2.5-10	No Information	No Information
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H226-312-315-332
Amorphous Silica	7631-86-9	2.5-10	GHS06	H331
Iron Oxide	1309-37-1	2.5-10	No Information	No Information
Petroleum Naphtha, Hydrodesulfurized Heavy	64742-82-1	2.5-10	GHS08	H304-340-350-372
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07	H226-315-319-332-335
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	1.0-2.5	GHS07-GHS08	H304-332-340-350
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	1.0-2.5	No Information	No Information
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07	H225-332
Hydrotreated Light Distillate	64742-47-8	1.0-2.5	GHS08	H304
Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy Alkylate	64741-65-7	0.1-1.0	GHS06-GHS08	H304-331-340-350
Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	111-77-3	0.1-1.0	GHS06	H311

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN 20°F. EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR!Water spray may be ineffective. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

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SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

STORAGE: Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class II combustible liquids. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Avoid excess heat. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV- TWA	ACGIH TLV- STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL- CEILING
Mineral Spirits	64742-88-7	35.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	96-29-7	25.0	10 ppm	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	25.0	100 ppm	N.E.	500 ppm	N.E.
Copper	7440-50-8	25.0	0.2 mg/m3	N.E.	0.1 mg/m3	N.E.
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-89-8	15.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	15.0	10 mg/m3	N.E.	15 mg/m3	N.E.
Aluminum Flake	7429-90-5	15.0	1 mg/m3	N.E.	15 mg/m3	N.E.
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	10.0	2 mg/m3	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Zinc	7440-66-6	10.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Neodecanoic Acid, Cobalt Salt	27253-31-2	10.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	5.0	100 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm	N.E.
Amorphous Silica	7631-86-9	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Iron Oxide	1309-37-1	5.0	5 mg/m3	N.E.	10 mg/m3	N.E.
Petroleum Naphtha, Hydrodesulfurized Heavy	64742-82-1	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	5.0	3 mg/m3	N.E.	3.5 mg/m3	N.E.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	5.0	20 ppm	N.E.	100 ppm	N.E.
Hydrotreated Light Distillate	64742-47-8	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy Alkylate	64741-65-7	1.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	111-77-3	1.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Provide general dilution of local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep TLV of hazardous ingredients below acceptable limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection. **EYE PROTECTION:** Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

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OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:LiquidPhysical State:LiquidOdor:Solvent LikeOdor Threshold:NDRelative Density:0.000pH:NE

Freeze Point, °C: ND Viscosity: No Information

Solubility in Water: Negligible Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/

Decompostion Temp., °C: No Information water: No Information

Boiling Range, °C: 149 - 5,432 **Explosive Limits, vol%:** 0.6 - 27.0

Flammability: Does not Support Combustion Flash Point, °C: 10

Evaporation Rate: Slower than Ether Auto-ignition Temp., °C: No Information

Vapor Density: Heavier than Air Vapor Pressure: N.D.

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid temperatures above 120°F (49°C). Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases. Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Flammable hydrogen gas will evolve when product comes in contact with water or damp air. Heat will be generated. The amount of heat generated will depend upon the volume of material in contact.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes Serious Eye Irritation

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: May cause skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible. Causes skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Harmful if inhaled. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Harmful if swallowed.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: May cause central nervous system disorder (e.g., narcosis involving a loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue, mental confusion, and blurred vision) and/or damage. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. Contains carbon black. Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats experimentally exposed for long periods of time to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several insoluble fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e., mouse and hamster) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Epidemiological studies of North American workers show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black.

Carbon black is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC and is proposed to be listed as A4- "not classified as a human carcinogen" by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Significant exposure is not anticipated during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of carbon black in the formula. IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which Titanium Dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of Titanium Dioxide in the formula. (Ref: IARC Monograph, Vol. 93, 2010)

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

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ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50
64742-88-7	Mineral Spirits	>5000 mg/kg Rat	3000 mg/kg Rabbit	4951 mg/L Rat
96-29-7	Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	930 mg/kg Rat	1100 mg/kg Rabbit	20 mg/L Rat
64742-89-8	Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	N.I.	3000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.I.
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	N.I.
1330-20-7	Xylene (mixed isomers)	4300 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	47635 mg/L Rat
7631-86-9	Amorphous Silica	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	>2.2 mg/L Rat
1309-37-1	Iron Oxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	N.I.
64742-82-1	Petroleum Naphtha, Hydrodesulfurized Heavy	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>3160 mg/kg Rabbit	N.I.
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3280 mg/kg Rat	>3160 mg/kg Rabbit	18 mg/L Rat
64742-95-6	Solvent Naphtha, Light Aromatic	N.I.	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	N.I.
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	3500 mg/kg Rat	15354 mg/kg Rabbit	17.2 mg/L Rat
64742-47-8	Hydrotreated Light Distillate	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	>5000 mg/L Rat
64741-65-7	Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy Alkylate	>7000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg Rabbit	>5.04 mg/L Rat
111-77-3	Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	N.I.	650 mg/kg Rabbit	N.I.

N.I. - No Information

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater, soil, storm drains or sewer systems.

14. Transport Information

	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	TDG (Canada)
UN Number:	N.A.	1263	1263	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint Products in Limited Quantities	Paint	Paint	Paint Products in Limited Quantities
Hazard Class:	N.A.	3	3	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.	II	II	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	Yes	Yes	No	Yes

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

CAC No

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Sara Section 313:

Chemical Name

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-NO.</u>
Copper	7440-50-8
Aluminum Flake	7429-90-5
Zinc	7440-66-6
Neodecanoic Acid, Cobalt Salt	27253-31-2
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6

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Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether 111-77-3

Toxic Substances Control Act:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

16. Other Information

HMIS RATINGS

Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X

NFPA RATINGS

Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Instability 1

SDS REVISION DATE: 7/28/2015

REASON FOR REVISION:

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

The manufacturer believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. The manufacturer makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

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Safety Data Sheet



1. Identification

TSTRS 6PK .25OZ ENAMEL MILITARY PNT **Product Name: Revision Date:**

ST THINNER

Product Identifier: 9149-2 Supercedes Date: **New SDS**

Product Use/Class: Thinner

The Testors Corporation The Testors Corporation Manufacturer: Supplier:

440 Blackhawk Park Drive 440 Blackhawk Park Drive Rockford, IL 61104

Rockford, IL 61104

USA

7/28/2015

Preparer: Regulatory Department

24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700 **Emergency Telephone:**

USA

2. Hazard Identification

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product





Signal Word

Danger

Possible Hazards

92% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable Liquid, category 3

Acute Toxicity, Inhalation, category 3 H331 Toxic if inhaled.

GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

P261 Avoid breathing dust, fumes, gases, mists, vapors, or spray.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P311 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

GHS SDS PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. P240

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

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HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Wt.% Range	GHS Symbols	GHS Statements
Propylene Glycol Monopropyl Ether	1569-01-3	75-100	No Information	No Information
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	2.5-10	GHS02-GHS07	H226-312-315-332
Aromatic Petroleum Distillates	64742-94-5	1.0-2.5	GHS06-GHS08	H304-312-330
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1.0-2.5	GHS02-GHS07	H225-332
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.1-1.0	GHS06-GHS08	H302-312-330-351

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

STORAGE: Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class II combustible liquids. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Avoid excess heat. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV- TWA	ACGIH TLV- STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL- CEILING
Propylene Glycol Monopropyl Ether	1569-01-3	95.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	5.0	100 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm	N.E.

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Aromatic Petroleum Distillates	64742-94-5	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	5.0	20 ppm	N.E.	100 ppm	N.E.
Naphthalene	91-20-3	1.0	10 ppm	N.E.	10 ppm	N.E.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve crossventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or in any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:LiquidPhysical State:LiquidOdor:Solvent LikeOdor Threshold:NDRelative Density:0.000pH:NE

Freeze Point, °C: ND Viscosity: No Information

Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/

Solubility in Water: Slight

Decompostion Temp., °C: No Information water: No Information

Boiling Range, °C: 176 - 425 **Explosive Limits, vol%:** 0.9 - 12.6

Flammability: Does not Support Combustion Flash Point, °C: 42

Evaporation Rate: Slower than Ether Auto-ignition Temp., °C: No Information

Vapor Density: Heavier than Air Vapor Pressure: N.D.

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid temperatures above 120°F (49°C). Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases. Avoid all possible sources of ignition.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes Serious Eye Irritation

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Causes skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Harmful if inhaled. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Harmful if swallowed.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive

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disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B).

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50
1569-01-3	Propylene Glycol Monopropyl Ether	2490 mg/kg Rat	3550 mg/kg Rabbit	N.I.
1330-20-7	Xylene (mixed isomers)	4300 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	47635 mg/L Rat
64742-94-5	Aromatic Petroleum Distillates	>5000 mg/kg Rat	>1795 mg/kg Rabbit	>.6 mg/L Rat
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	3500 mg/kg Rat	15354 mg/kg Rabbit	17.2 mg/L Rat
91-20-3	Naphthalene	N.I.	1120 mg/kg Rabbit	>.3 mg/L Rat

N.I. - No Information

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater, soil, storm drains or sewer systems.

14. Transport Information

	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	TDG (Canada)
UN Number:	N.A.	1263	1263	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Not Regulated	Paint	Paint	Not Regulated
Hazard Class:	N.A.	3	3	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.	III	III	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	No	Yes, >5L No	Yes, >5L No	No

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Sara Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

 Chemical Name
 CAS-No.

 Xylene (mixed isomers)
 1330-20-7

 Ethylbenzene
 100-41-4

 Naphthalene
 91-20-3

Toxic Substances Control Act:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

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16. Other Information

HMIS RATINGS

Health: 2 Flammability: 2 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X

NFPA RATINGS

Health: 2 Flammability: 2 Instability 1

SDS REVISION DATE: 7/28/2015

REASON FOR REVISION:

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

The manufacturer believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. The manufacturer makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.