

# SAFETY DATA SHEET.

## NEODOL 135-3

Version 1.0

Revision Date. 01/08/2026

Print Date. 01/09/2026

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### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : NEODOL 135-3

Product code : V2502

CAS-No. : 68002-97-1

#### 1.2 Identified relevant uses of the substance or mixture and restrictions on use

##### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Use in detergent and intermediate manufacture

Restrictions on use : This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

##### Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer/Supplier : **Shell Chemical LP**  
PO Box 576  
HOUSTON TX 77001  
USA

Telephone : +31 (0)10 441 5137 / +31 (0)10 441 5191

Telefax : +31 (0)20 716 8316 / +31 (0)20 713 9230

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : +1 703 527 3887 ("Chemtrec Internacional - 24 hrs")

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### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Eye irritation : Category 2

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard : Category 1

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Category 2

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Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Warning
Hazard statements	:	<p>PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard according to CLP criteria.</p> <p>HEALTH HAZARDS: H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</p> <p>ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>
Precautionary statements	:	<p><b>Prevention:</b> P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P273 Avoid release to the environment.</p> <p><b>Response:</b> P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P391 Collect spillage.</p> <p><b>Storage:</b> No precautionary phrases.</p> <p><b>Disposal:</b> P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.</p>

### 2.3 Other hazards

None known.

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Substance

### 3.1 Substances

#### Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration (% w/w%)

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Alcohols, C10-16, ethoxylated	68002-97-1	Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 90 - <= 100
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For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

### Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reactivity) 1, 1, 0

## 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- |                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| General advice          | : Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.  |
| If inhaled              | : No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.   |
| In case of skin contact | : Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.                   |
| In case of eye contact  | : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment. |
| If swallowed            | : In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.   |

### 4.2 Protection of first-aiders

- |                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Protection of first-aiders | : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings. |
|----------------------------|---|

### 4.3 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed | : Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.<br>Possible respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing, and/or difficulty breathing.<br>No specific hazards under normal use conditions.<br>Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, or swelling.<br>Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision.<br>No specific hazards under normal use conditions. |
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Notes to physician

Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhea.  
: Treat symptomatically.  
IMMEDIATE TREATMENT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT!  
Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

##### Flammable properties

Flash point : 154 °C / 309 °F

Ignition temperature : Data not available

Upper explosion limit : Data not available

Lower explosion limit : Data not available

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water in a jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting : Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs.  
Will float and can be reignited on surface water.  
The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible.

#### 5.3 Recommendations for fire-fighters

Specific extinguishing methods : Standard procedure for chemical fires.  
Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.  
Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

Special protective equipment for firefighters : Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions :

Observe all relevant local and international regulations.  
Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.  
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.  
Avoid contact with spilled or released material. Immediately remove all contaminated clothing. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.  
Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.  
Be ready for fire or possible exposure.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.  
Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.  
Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.  
For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.,  
For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

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## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

General Precautions : Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For

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- guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.  
Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.  
Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed.
- Advice on safe handling : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.  
Do not empty into drains.  
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard
- Avoidance of contact : Copper.  
Copper alloys.  
Strong oxidising agents.  
Aluminum
- Product Transfer : Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not use compressed air for filling discharge or handling.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Conditions for safe storage : Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product.
- Other data : Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded).  
Vapours from tanks should not be released to atmosphere.  
Breathing losses during storage should be controlled by a suitable vapour treatment system.  
Nitrogen blanket recommended for large tanks (capacity 100 m3 or higher).  
Insulation (lagging) will minimize heat loss in areas of low ambient temperature.  
Tanks should be fitted with heating coils in areas where ambient conditions can result in handling temperatures below the freezing point/pour point of the product.
- Packaging material : Suitable material: Stainless steel., Epoxy resins, Polyester.  
Unsuitable material: Aluminum, Copper., Copper alloys.
- Container Advice : Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain explosive vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Specific use(s) : Use in detergent and intermediate manufacture
- Uses advised against : This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

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### 8.1 Control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

#### Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods  
<http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/>

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods  
<http://www.osha.gov/>

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances  
<http://www.hse.gov.uk/>

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA) , Germany  
<http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp>

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Sécurité, (INRS), France <http://www.inrs.fr/accueil>

#### Engineering measures

: The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

#### General Information

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of

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equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

### Personal protective equipment

#### Protective measures

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Respiratory protection : If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. If air-filtering respirators are suitable for conditions of use: Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].

Hand protection  
Remarks

: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. Longer term protection: Nitrile rubber gloves. Incidental contact/Splash protection: PVC or neoprene rubber gloves. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using



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gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly.  
Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

- Eye protection : If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended.
- Skin and body protection : Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes.  
It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.
- Thermal hazards : Not applicable
- Hygiene measures : Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking and using the toilet.  
Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.

### Environmental exposure controls

- General advice : Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.  
Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local environmental legislation.  
Information on accidental release measures are to be found in section 6.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- Appearance : liquid
- Colour : colourless
- Odour : mild
- Odour Threshold : Data not available
- pH : Data not available
- Pour point : 5 °C / 41 °F
- Initial boiling point and boiling range : Data not available
- Flash point : 154 °C / 309 °F
- Evaporation rate : Data not available
- Upper explosion limit : Data not available
- Lower explosion limit : Data not available
- Vapour pressure : ca. 0,1 hPa (37,8 °C / 100,0 °F)

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Relative vapour density : ca. 9  
Relative density : 0,91  
Density : 0,908 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (40 °C / 104 °F)

### Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : 0,05 g/l negligible  
Solubility in other solvents : Data not available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Data not available

Auto-ignition temperature : Data not available  
Decomposition temperature : Data not available

### Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 35 mPa.s (20 °C / 68 °F)

Viscosity, kinematic : 38 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (20 °C / 68 °F)

Particle size : Data not available

## 9.2 Other information

Explosive properties : No data available  
Oxidizing properties : Data not available

Surface tension : Data not available

Conductivity : A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid, Electrical conductivity: > 10,000 pS/m, This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.

Molecular weight : 326 - 338 g/mol

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## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1 Reactivity

Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure., May

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oxidise in the presence of air.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable. Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : None known.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Copper.  
Copper alloys.  
Strong oxidising agents.  
Aluminum

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: None expected under normal use conditions.

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## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Basis for assessment : Information given is based on product testing, and/or similar products, and/or components.  
Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure : Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption, skin or eye contact, and accidental ingestion.

#### Acute toxicity

No data available

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

No data available

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

No data available

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

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No data available

### Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

### Carcinogenicity

No data available

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Alcohols, C10-16, ethoxylated	No carcinogenicity classification.
Ethylene Oxide	Carcinogenicity Category 1B

Material	Other Carcinogenicity Classification
Ethylene Oxide	IARC: Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans

### Reproductive toxicity

No data available

### STOT - single exposure

No data available

### STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

### Aspiration toxicity

## 11.2 Information on other hazards

No data available

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment : Incomplete ecotoxicological data are available for this product. The information given below is based partly on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

### 12.1 Toxicity

#### Product:

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Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity) : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity) : EC50 : 0,108 mg/l

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity) : EC50 : 0,0929 mg/l

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity) : Remarks: No data available

### Components:

#### **Alcohols, C10-16, ethoxylated :**

M-Factor (Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard) : 10

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

### Product:

Biodegradability : Biodegradation: 82 - 86 %  
Exposure time: 28 Days  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F  
Remarks: Considered readily biodegradable., Readily biodegradable meeting the 10 day window criterion.

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

### Product:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely to occur due to rapid metabolism and high biodegradability in the aquatic environment.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Remarks: Data not available

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

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### 12.5 Other adverse effects

No data available

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## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

- |                        |  |
|------------------------|--|
| Waste from residues    | : Recover or recycle if possible.<br>It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.<br>Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.<br>Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or water.<br>Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.<br>Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with. |
| Contaminated packaging | : Drain container thoroughly.<br>After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire.<br>Residues may cause an explosion hazard.<br>Do not puncture, cut, or weld uncleaned drums.<br>Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.  |

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## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### 14.1 UN number or ID number

- |      |        |
|------|--------|
| ADR  | : 3082 |
| IMDG | : 3082 |
| IATA | : 3082 |

### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

- |     |  |
|-----|--|
| ADR | : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.<br>(Alcohol C12-C16 Poly (1-6) Ethoxylate) |
|-----|--|
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**IMDG** : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.  
(Alcohol C12-C16 Poly (1-6) Ethoxylate)

**IATA** : Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s.  
(Alcohol C12-C16 Poly (1-6) Ethoxylate)

### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

**ADR** : 9

**IMDG** : 9

**IATA** : 9

### 14.4 Packing group

**ADR**

Packing group : III

Classification Code : M6

Hazard Identification Number : 90

Labels : 9

**IMDG**

Packing group : III

Labels : 9

**IATA**

Packing group : III

Labels : 9

### 14.5 Environmental hazards

**ADR**

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IMDG**

Marine pollutant : yes

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Pollution category : Y

Ship type : 2

Product name : Alcohols (C11-15) Poly(3) Ethoxylates

**Additional Information** : Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

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### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### **Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

#### **Other international regulations**

##### **The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:**

CA. DSL	: Listed
CN IECSC	: Listed
KR KECI	: Listed
US TSCA	: Listed
JP ENCS	: Listed
NZ NZIoC	: Listed
TW TCSI	: Listed
AU AIIC	: Listed
PH PICCS	: Listed

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### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### **Full text of H-Statements**

H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Full text of other abbreviations**

Aquatic Acute	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Eye Irrit.	Eye irritation

Abbreviations and Acronyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.

#### **Further information**

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

Other information : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.



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Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.