Integrali per parte

giovedì 9 giugno 2022

11.52

Siccome a febbraio ho sbagliato completamente l'esercizio sull'integrale per parte Mo mi spacco di integrali fino al punto di sognarli la notte

1.
$$\int xe^{x}$$

$$x \to 1$$

$$e^{x} \to e^{x}$$

$$xe^{x} - \int e^{x} = xe^{x} - e^{x} + c$$

2.
$$\int x \sin x$$

$$x \to 1$$

$$\sin x \to -\cos x$$

$$-x * \cos x - \int -\cos x$$

$$-x * \cos x + \sin x + c$$

3.
$$\int x^{2} \ln x$$

$$\ln x \to \frac{1}{x}$$

$$x^{2} \to \frac{1}{3}x^{3}$$

$$\ln x * \frac{x^{3}}{3} - \int \frac{1}{x} * \frac{x^{3}}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^{3} \ln x - \frac{1}{3} \int x^{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^{3} \ln x - \frac{1}{3} * \frac{x^{3}}{3} + c$$

4.
$$\int \ln x$$

$$\ln x \to \frac{1}{x}$$

$$1 \to x$$

$$x * \ln x - \int \frac{1}{x} * x = x \ln x - x + c$$

5.
$$\int x^{2} * \sin x$$

$$x^{2} \to 2x$$

$$\sin x \to -\cos x$$

$$x^{2} * -\cos x - \int -\cos x * 2x$$

$$-x^{2} \cos x + 2 \int x \cos x$$

$$x \to 1$$

$$\cos x \to \sin x$$

$$-x^{2} \cos x + 2 \left(x \cos x - \int \sin x\right)$$

$$\sin x \to -\cos x$$

$$-x^{2} \cos x + 2(x \cos x + \cos x) + c$$

6.
$$\int x^{2}e^{x}$$

$$x^{2} \to 2x$$

$$e^{x} \to e^{x}$$

$$x^{2}e^{x} - 2 \int x * e^{x}$$

$$x \to 1$$

$$e^{x} \to e^{x}$$

$$x^{2}e^{x} - 2 \left(xe^{x} - \int e^{x}\right)$$

$$x^2e^x - 2(xe^x - e^x) + c$$

7.
$$\int \ln^2 x$$
$$\ln^2 x = (\ln x)^2 \to 2 * \ln x$$
$$-----$$

$$\ln^2 x \to 2 \ln x * \frac{1}{x}$$

$$1 \to x$$

$$x * \ln^2 x - 2 \int x \ln x * \frac{1}{x}$$

$$x * \ln^2 x - 2 \int \ln x$$

$$\ln x \to \frac{1}{x}$$

$$1 \to x$$

$$x \ln^2 x - 2 \left(x \ln x - \int 1 \right)$$

$$x \ln^2 x - 2(x \ln x - x) + c$$

8.
$$\int e^x * \sin x$$

$$\sin x \to \cos x$$

$$e^x \to e^x$$

$$\sin x * e^x - \int \cos x * e^x$$

$$\cos x = -\sin x$$
$$e^x = e^x$$

$$e^{x} = e^{x}$$

$$\sin x * e^{x} - \left(\cos x * e^{x} - \int -\sin x * e^{x}\right)$$

$$\int e^x \sin x = e^x \sin x - e^x \cos x - \int e^x \sin x$$

$$2 \int e^x \sin x = e^x \sin x - e^x \cos x$$
$$e^x \sin x - e^x \cos x$$

$$\int e^x \sin x = \frac{e^x \sin x - e^x \cos x}{2} + c$$

$$9. \int \frac{\ln^2 x}{x} = \int \ln^2 x * \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\ln^2 x \to 2 \ln x * \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\frac{1}{x} \to \ln x$$

$$\ln^2 x * \ln x - 2 \int \ln x * \frac{1}{x} * \ln x$$

$$\ln^2 x * \ln x - 2 \int \ln^2 x * \frac{1}{x}$$

Stesso ragionamento del punto 8
$$\int \frac{\ln^2 x}{x} = \ln^3 x - 2 \int \frac{\ln^2 x}{x}$$

$$3\int \frac{\ln^2 x}{x} = \ln^3 x$$

$$\int \frac{\ln^2 x}{x} = \frac{\ln^3 x}{3} + c$$

10.
$$\int e^{3x} * \cos 4x$$

$$\cos 4x \to -4 \sin 4x$$
$$e^{3x} \to \frac{1}{3}e^{3x}$$

$$e^{3x} \rightarrow \frac{1}{3}e^{3x}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}e^{3x} * \cos 4x - \int -4\sin 4x * \frac{1}{3}e^{3x}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}e^{3x} * \cos 4x + \frac{4}{3}\int \sin 4x * e^{3x}$$

$$\sin 4x = 4\cos 4x$$
$$e^{3x} = \frac{1}{3}e^{3x}$$

$$e^{3x} = \frac{1}{3}e^{3x}$$

