Minesweeping on AWS

AWS Serverless 踩雷實務經驗談

WanCW, TechCCU 2016

- Who I Am
- What is Serverless
 - AWS Serverless Solution
- Why Serverless ?
- Why NOT Serverless (Now)?
- Conclusion

Who I Am

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- WanCW (GitHub, Twitter,)
- Backend Developer at KKTV
 - OTT Video Service from KKBOX
 - https://kktv.me/

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What I do

- Coding for API servers
- IT Operations (= use AWS)

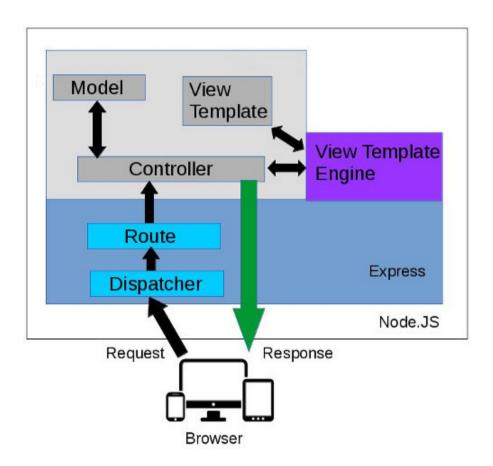
- Host/Instance/Container
- Language Runtime
- Application

- Host/Instance/Container IaaS
- Language Runtime
- Application

- Host/Instance/Container IaaS
- Language Runtime PaaS
- Application

- Host/Instance/Container IaaS
- Language Runtime PaaS
- Application serverless
 - Your Code + Framework

from Your Code + Framework



to Your Code + Framework

```
exports.myHandler = function(event, context, callback) {
  console.log("value1 = " + event.key1);
  console.log("value2 = " + event.key2);

let sucess = doSomething();

if (success) {
  callback(null, "some success message");
} else {
  callback("some error type");
}
```

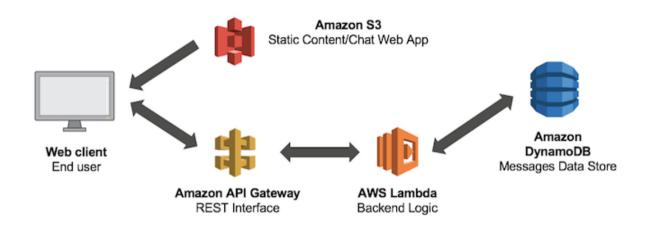
Just a generic function

- API Gateway
 - Map HTTP to backend services
 - REST interface

- API Gateway
- Lambda
 - Where to put your logic
 - Runtime
 - Python
 - Node.js
 - Java

- API Gateway
- Lambda
- DynamoDB
 - NoSQL DB
 - o Document-oriented

- API Gateway
- Lambda
- DynamoDB
- S3
 - Serve static content



• (Almost) No Operation Cost

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- Unlimited Scale-Out

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- Unlimited Scale-Out
- General-Purpose Code

Why NOT Serverless (Now)?

Why NOT Serverless (Now)?

Problems We Met:

- Cold-Start
- Limits Reached
- Unstable Implementation

Problem: Cold-Start

• First invocation latency

∘ Node.js: ~15s

• Java: ~30s (reportedly)

• Pattern: **Prewarming**

• Pattern: Lazy-evaluation

Problem: Limits (Default)

AWS Lambda:

• Concurrent execution: 100/region

• Deployment package size: 50MB

• Total package size: 75GB/region

API Gateway:

• Throttle limit: 1000reqs/sec

Problem: Unstability

- Unstable Network e.g. Lost Redis Connection w/o Reason
- API Gateway **Interal Error** (WTF?!)
- Lack of Information & Controllability
 - o "Open (AWS) ticket!"

Why NOT Serverless (Now)?

Other Issues:

- Code Organization among Functions
- Only 1 Success HTTP Status Code

Issue: Code Organization

- Common Logic between Functions
 - DRY/Shared Library?
 - Package Size Limitation?

Issue: Non-Default HTTP Status

API Gateway HTTP Status Code:

- 1 Default (for success)
- Others are Determined by Error Response

Pattern: Error as Response

Issue: Non-Default HTTP Status

API Gateway HTTP Status Code:

- 1 Default (for success)
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Pattern: Error as Response

Update at Sep. 20: Lambda Function Proxy

Conclusion for "Serverless" (1)

Pros:

• Low Cost

Cons:

- Bad Code Practice
- Lack of Controls

Conclusion for "Serverless" (2)

Good for:

- Quick Prototyping
- Background Worker

Bad for:

- High-Concurrency Service
- Hihgly-Coupled API Logic

Q & A

Extra

Pattern Examples

Pattern: Prewarm, Object Cache

```
var bootstrap = () => {
   console.log('start bootstrap')
    return new Promise((resolve, reject)=> {
        if(! ec2_object_cache.hasOwnProperty(region)){
            console.log('create ec2 object cache')
            AWS.config.update({region: region });
            ec2 = P.promisifyAll(new AWS.EC2())
            // save in the cache
            ec2 object cache[region] = ec2
            resolve()
        } else {
            console.log('got ec2 object cache')
            ec2 = ec2_object_cache[region]
            resolve()
    })
```

source: @pahudnet

Pattern: Error as Response

```
// Returns 302 or 301
var err = new Error("HandlerDemo.ResponseFound");
err.name = "http://a-different-uri";
context.done(err, {});
```

• 難懂、不易轉換回傳統架構

source: Redirection in a Serverless API with AWS Lambda and Amazon API Gateway

Pattern: Error as Response

New Feature: Lambda Function Proxy

```
var response = {
    statusCode: responseCode,
    headers: {
        "x-custom-header" : "my custom header value"
    },
    body: JSON.stringify(responseBody)
};
console.log("response: " + JSON.stringify(response))
context.succeed(response);
```