SSN COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, KALAVAKKAM DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING UCS1712 – GRAPHICS AND MULTIMEDIA LAB

Lab Exercise 5: : 2D Transformations in C++ using OpenGL

To apply the following 2D transformations on objects and to render the final output along with the original object.

- 1) Translation
- 2) Rotation
- a) about origin
- b) with respect to a fixed point (xr,yr)
- 3) Scaling with respect to
- a) origin Uniform Vs Differential Scaling
- b) fixed point (xf,yf)
- 4) Reflection with respect to
- a) x-axis
- b) y-axis
- c) origin
- d) the line x=y
- 5) Shearing
- a) x-direction shear
- b) y-direction shear

Note: Use Homogeneous coordinate representations and matrix multiplication to perform transformations. Divide the output window into four quadrants. (Use LINES primitive to draw x and y axis.

Aim:

To implement 2D transformations on objects using C++ using OpenGL

Algorithm:

Application of a sequence of transformations to a point:

$$P' = M2.M1.P$$
$$= M.P$$

Composite transformations is formed by calculating the matrix product of the individual transformations and forming products of transformation matrix.

Code:

5a.cpp:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <GL/glut.h>
#include <math.h>
```

```
#include <string.h>
#define pi 3.142857
void mm(double m[3][3], double v[3])
{
    for (int i = 0; i < 3; ++i)
    {
        double temp = 0;
        for (int k = 0; k < 3; ++k)
            temp += m[i][k] * v[k];
        v[i] = temp;
    }
}
int X = 100, Y = -50;
void draw_pixel(int x, int y)
{
    glBegin(GL_POINTS);
    glVertex2i(x, y);
    glEnd();
void output(int x, int y, const char *string)
    glRasterPos2f(x, y);
    int len, i;
    len = (int)strlen(string);
    for (i = 0; i < len; i++)
        glutBitmapCharacter(GLUT_BITMAP_HELVETICA_12, string[i]);
    }
void obj(int a, int b, int c, int d, int w, int x, int y, int z)
{
    glBegin(GL_QUADS);
    glVertex2d(a, b);
    glVertex2d(c, d);
    glVertex2d(w, x);
    glVertex2d(y, z);
    glEnd();
}
void myInit(void)
    glClearColor(0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
    glColor3f(0.0, 1.0, 0.0);
    glPointSize(1.0);
    glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION);
    glLoadIdentity();
    gluOrtho2D(-780, 780, -420, 420);
void display(void)
    glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
    glColor3f(1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
    glBegin(GL_LINES);
    glVertex2d(0, 420);
```

```
glVertex2d(0, -420);
    glEnd();
    glBegin(GL_LINES);
    glVertex2d(780, 0);
    glVertex2d(-780, 0);
    glEnd();
    glColor3f(0.0, 1.0, 0.0);
    // TRANSLATION
    double x1[3];
    double x2[3];
    double x3[3];
    double x4[3];
    x1[2] = x2[2] = x3[2] = x4[2] = 1;
    x1[0] = 100;
    x1[1] = 100;
    x2[0] = 200;
    x2[1] = 100;
    x3[0] = 200;
    x3[1] = 200;
    x4[0] = 100;
    x4[1] = 200;
    obj(x1[0], x1[1], x2[0], x2[1], x3[0], x3[1], x4[0], x4[1]);
    output(110, 210, "originalA:");
    double T[3][3] = \{\{1, 0, 150\}, \{0, 1, 150\}, \{0, 0, 1\}\};
    mm(T, x1);
    mm(T, x2);
    mm(T, x3);
    mm(T, x4);
    obj(x1[0], x1[1], x2[0], x2[1], x3[0], x3[1], x4[0], x4[1]);
    output(260, 360, "translatedA:");
    // ROTATION
    double R[3][3] = \{\{\cos(pi / 4), -\sin(pi / 4), 0\}, \{\sin(pi / 4), \cos(pi / 4), \}\}
0}, {0, 0, 1}};
    x1[0] = 100;
    x1[1] = 100;
    x2[0] = 200;
    x2[1] = 100;
    x3[0] = 200;
    x3[1] = 200;
    x4[0] = 100;
    x4[1] = 200;
    mm(R, x1);
    mm(R, x2);
    mm(R, x3);
    mm(R, x4);
    // printf("%lf%lf%lf%lf%lf%lf%lf%lf%lf", x1[0], x1[1], x2[0], x2[1], x3[0],
x3[1], x4[0], x4[1]);
    printf("%f%f%f%f%f%f%f%f%f", x1[0], x1[1], x2[0], x2[1], x3[0], x3[1], x4[0],
x4[1]);
    obj(x1[0], x1[1], x4[0], x4[1], x3[0], x3[1], x2[0], x2[1]);
    output(10, 300, "rotatedA:");
```

```
printf("%lf", cos(pi / 4));
           // PIVOTROTATION
           double PR[3][3] = \{ \cos(-pi / 4), -\sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \sin(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \cos(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \cos(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi / 4) + Y * \cos(-pi / 4), -X * \cos(-pi
pi / 4) + X}, {sin(-pi / 4), cos(-pi / 4), -X * sin(-pi / 4) - Y * cos(-pi / 4) +
Y}, {0, 0, 1}};
           x1[0] = 100;
           x1[1] = 100;
           x2[0] = 200;
           x2[1] = 100;
           x3[0] = 200;
           x3[1] = 200;
           x4[0] = 100;
           x4[1] = 200;
           glColor3f(1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
           output(X - 15, Y - 20, "(rotPivot)");
           glPointSize(5);
           glBegin(GL_POINTS);
           glVertex2d(X, Y);
           glEnd();
           glColor3f(0.0, 1.0, 0.0);
           mm(PR, x1);
           mm(PR, x2);
           mm(PR, x3);
           mm(PR, x4);
           // printf("%lf%lf%lf%lf%lf%lf%lf%lf", x1[0], x1[1], x2[0], x2[1], x3[0],
x3[1], x4[0], x4[1]);
           printf("%f%f%f%f%f%f%f%f", x1[0], x1[1], x2[0], x2[1], x3[0], x3[1], x4[0],
x4[1]);
           obj(x1[0], x1[1], x4[0], x4[1], x3[0], x3[1], x2[0], x2[1]);
           // obj(x1[0],x1[1],x2[0],x2[1],x3[0],x3[1],x4[0],x4[1]);
           // SCALING
           x1[0] = -50;
           x1[1] = -50;
           x2[0] = -100;
           x2[1] = -50;
           x3[0] = -100;
           x3[1] = -100;
           x4[0] = -50;
           x4[1] = -100;
           glColor3f(1.0, 0.0, 1.0);
           obj(x1[0], x1[1], x2[0], x2[1], x3[0], x3[1], x4[0], x4[1]);
           output(-100, -40, "originalB:");
           double S[3][3] = \{\{2, 0, 0\}, \{0, 2, 0\}, \{0, 0, 1\}\};
           mm(S, x1);
           mm(S, x2);
           mm(S, x3);
           mm(S, x4);
           obj(x1[0], x1[1], x2[0], x2[1], x3[0], x3[1], x4[0], x4[1]);
           output(-200, -90, "scaledB:");
           // PIVOTSCALING
           int px = -200, py = -200;
           glColor3f(1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
```

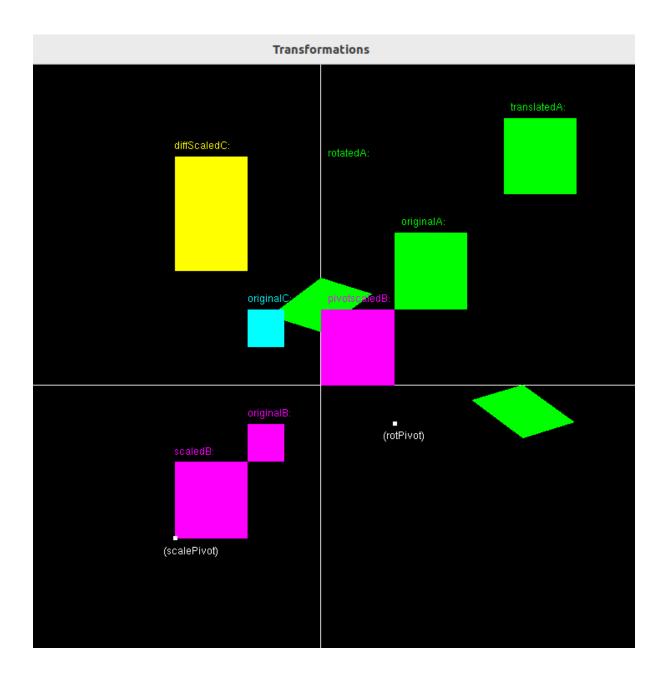
```
output(px - 15, py - 20, "(scalePivot)");
    glPointSize(5);
    glBegin(GL_POINTS);
    glVertex2d(px, py);
    glEnd();
    glColor3f(1.0, 0.0, 1.0);
    x1[0] = -50;
    x1[1] = -50;
    x2[0] = -100;
    x2[1] = -50;
    x3[0] = -100;
    x3[1] = -100;
    x4[0] = -50;
    x4[1] = -100;
    double PS[3][3] = \{\{2, 0, 200\}, \{0, 2, 200\}, \{0, 0, 1\}\};
    mm(PS, x1);
    mm(PS, x2);
    mm(PS, x3);
    mm(PS, x4);
    obj(x1[0], x1[1], x2[0], x2[1], x3[0], x3[1], x4[0], x4[1]);
    output(10, 110, "pivotscaledB:");
    // DIISCALING
    glColor3f(0.0, 1.0, 1.0);
    obj(-50, 50, -100, 50, -100, 100, -50, 100);
    output(-100, 110, "originalC:");
    int dsx = 2, dsy = 3.5;
    glColor3f(1.0, 1.0, 0.0);
    obj(-50 * dsx, 50 * dsy, -100 * dsx, 50 * dsy, -100 * dsx, 100 * dsy, -50 *
dsx, 100 * dsy);
    output(-200, 310, "diffScaledC:");
    glFlush();
}
int main(int argc, char **argv)
    glutInit(&argc, argv);
    glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT_SINGLE | GLUT_RGB);
    glutInitWindowSize(1366, 768);
    glutInitWindowPosition(0, 0);
    glutCreateWindow("Transformations");
    myInit();
    glutDisplayFunc(display);
    glutMainLoop();
}
```

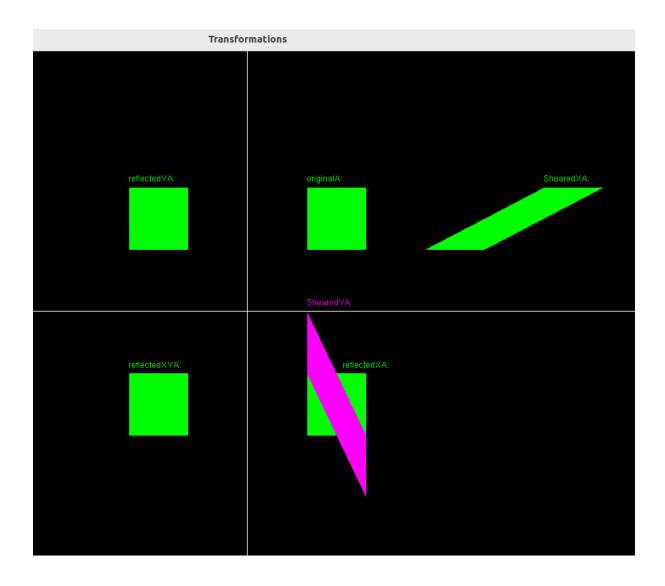
5b.cpp:

run.sh:

g++ 5.cpp -lGL -lglut -lGLU
./a.out

Sample I/O:





Learning Outcomes:

Learnt to do composite transformations. Learnt to do translation, reflection, shearing, rotation and scaling.