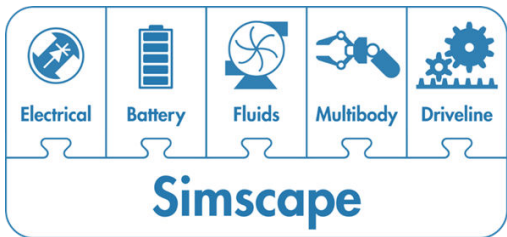


# Modeling and Hardware-in-the-Loop (HIL) Testing of Physical Systems using Simscape

## Table of Contents

Introduction to Simscape (10 minutes)	1
Building your First Simscape Model (30 minutes)	2
Parameterization and Real-World Data Integration (20 minutes)	3
Multidomain Modeling Exercise (30 minutes)	4
Integrating with Control Algorithms (15 minutes)	4
Demonstration - Speedgoat Hardware-in-the-Loop (HIL) (25 minutes)	5



## Introduction to Simscape (10 minutes)

Enable physical modeling of multidomain physical systems

- Assemble a schematic
- Equations derived automatically
- Leverage MATLAB and Simulink

With Simscape, you can:

- Refine requirements for system
- Discover integration issues early
- Design control systems and logic
- Optimize system-level performance
- Test embedded software without hardware prototypes

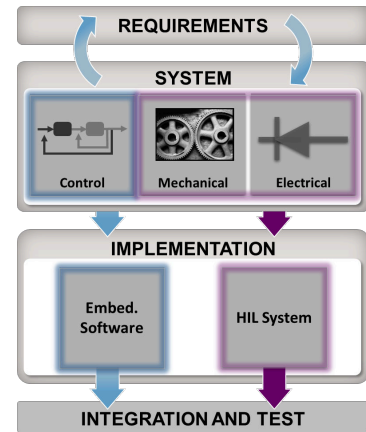
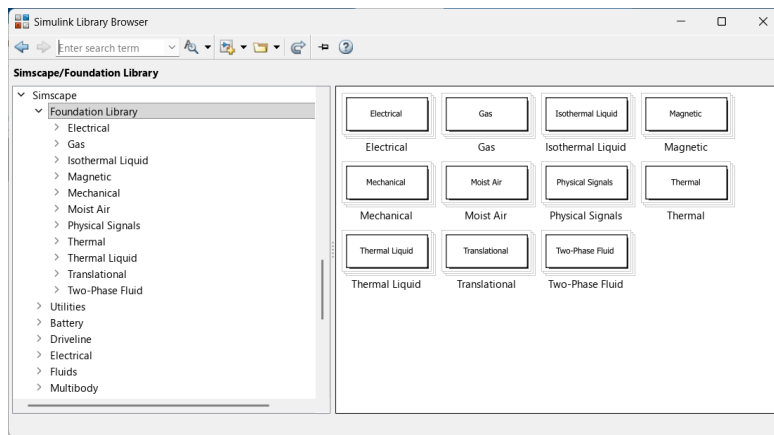
The diagram shows a Rotational Electromechanical Converter block connected to a Lossy Ultracapacitor block. The converter has four ports labeled 1 (V+), 2 (R), 3 (C), and 4 (V-). The ultracapacitor block is represented by a capacitor symbol with a resistor in parallel, labeled 'Lossy Ultracapacitor'.

$$i = (C_0 + C_v v) \frac{dv}{dt} + \frac{v}{r_d}$$

```
Editor - C:\MyComponents\LossyUltracapacitor.ssc
40 equations
41 i == (C0 + Cv*vc)*vc.der + vc/Rd;
42 v == vc + i*R;
43 end
```

This library contains blocks that model systems from many physical domains: electrical, mechanical, fluid, thermal, and more.

sLibraryBrowser



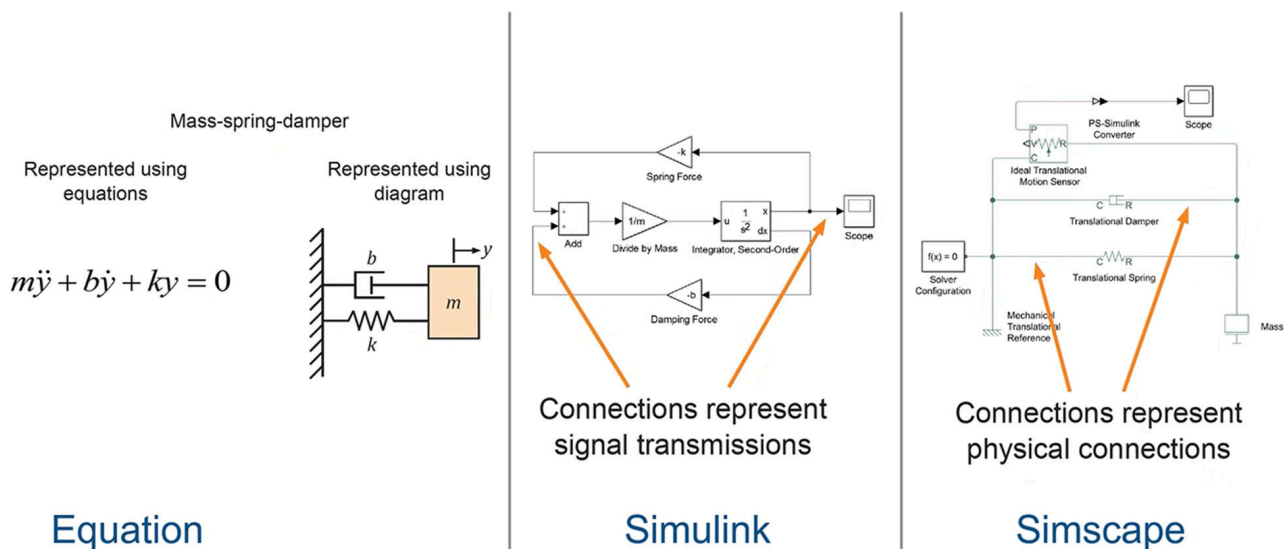
Simscape offers a comprehensive environment for physical modeling, providing a wide array of foundation blocks that span over ten different physical domains. Beyond the standard blocks, Simscape allows users to create custom components through its dedicated Simscape language.

The diagram above shows an electrohydraulic servo-valve created from Simscape components. For applications requiring real-time performance, Simscape provides specialized solvers optimized for this purpose.

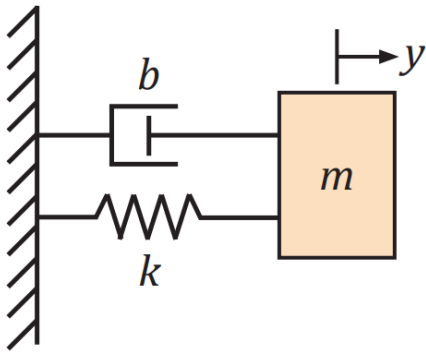
Simscape supports C-code generation, enabling users to test embedded controllers in a simulated environment.

## Building your First Simscape Model (30 minutes)

### Modeling Differences Between Simulink® and Simscape™

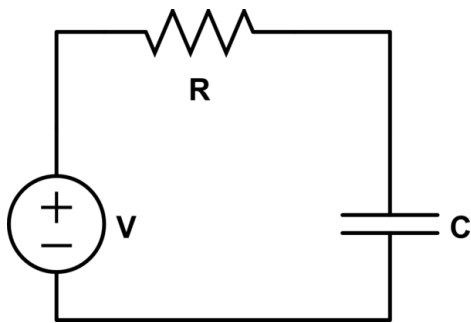


In the first exercise, you will use blocks from Simscape Foundation Library to model physical systems, specifically to build a mass spring damper.



```
open("E01_Mass_spring_damper.slx")
```

In this exercise, you will model physical systems specifically using elements from the electrical domain to build an RC circuit.



```
open("E02_RC_circuit.slx")
```

### Solver Configuration

<https://www.mathworks.com/help/releases/R2025b/simscape/ref/solverconfiguration.html?searchHighlight=Solver%20Configuration&searchResultIndex=1>

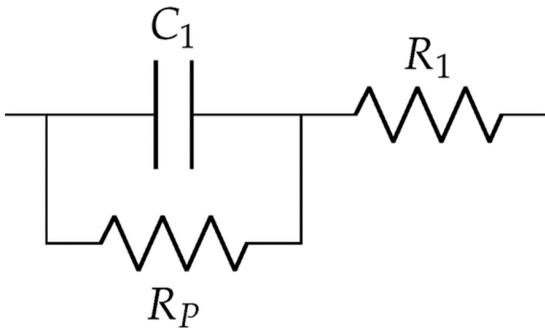
## Parameterization and Real-World Data Integration (20 minutes)

In this example, we will model real capacitor (ECA-1CM100) which can be found in the datasheet:

<https://industrial.panasonic.com/cdbs/www-data/pdf/RDF0000/ABA0000C1218.pdf>

The extracted parameters are:

Parameters	Values
Capacitance	$10\mu\text{F} \pm 20\%$
Rated Voltage	$16\text{V}$
ESR (at 100Hz)	$2.6\Omega$ (typ)
Leakage current	$3\mu\text{A}$ (max)
Operating temp	$-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$



```
% Real component values
C = 10e-6;
ESR = 2.6;
V_rated = 16;
I_leakage = 3e-6;
R_leakage = V_rated/I_leakage;

% Simulation time
stop_time = 0.01;

open("E03_Real_RC_circuit.slx")
```

### Simulation Data Inspector

<https://www.mathworks.com/help/releases/R2025b/simulink/slref/simulationdatainspector.html?searchHighlight=data%20inspector&searchResultIndex=1>

## Multidomain Modeling Exercise (30 minutes)

This model is based on a Faulhaber Series 0615 DC-Micromotor. The parameters values are set to match the 1.5V variant of this motor. The model uses these parameters to verify manufacturer-quoted no-load speed, no-load current, and stall torque.

When running the simulation, for the first 0.1 seconds the motor has no external load, and the speed builds up to the no-load value. Then at 0.1 seconds the stall torque is applied as a load to the motor shaft. The simulation results shows a good level of agreement with manufacturer data.

```
open("E04_PermanentMagnetDCMotor.slx")
```

### Simscape Result Explorer

Navigate and plot simulation data logging results

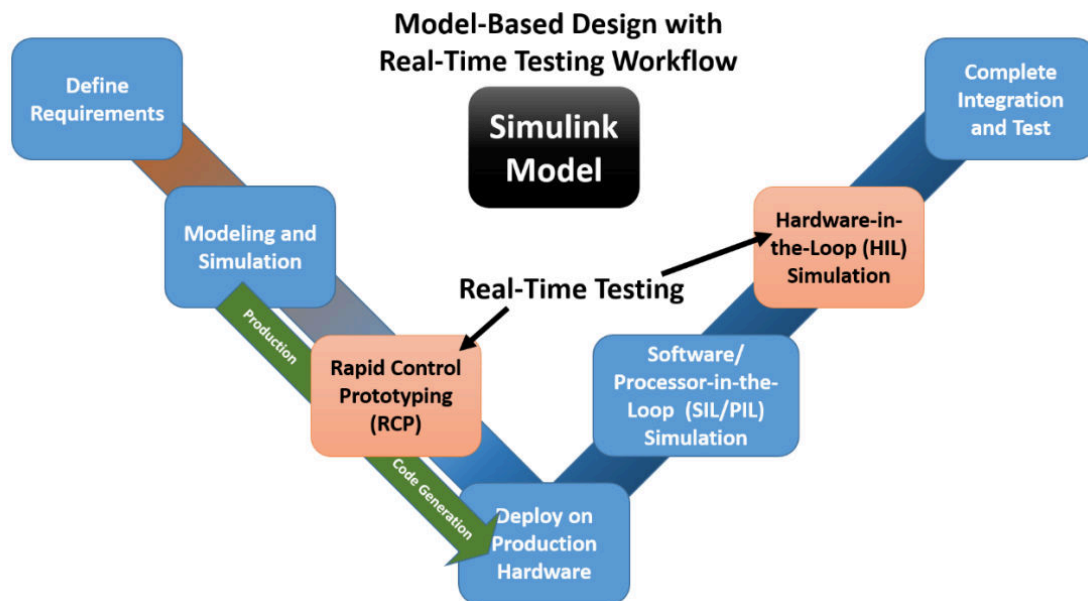
<https://www.mathworks.com/help/releases/R2025b/simscape/ref/simscaresultsexplorer.html?searchHighlight=simscape%20result%20explorer&searchResultIndex=1>

## Integrating with Control Algorithms (15 minutes)

Using the model we developed previously, we will be integrating control algorithms to control the motor speed.

```
open("E05_PMDC_PID.slx")
```

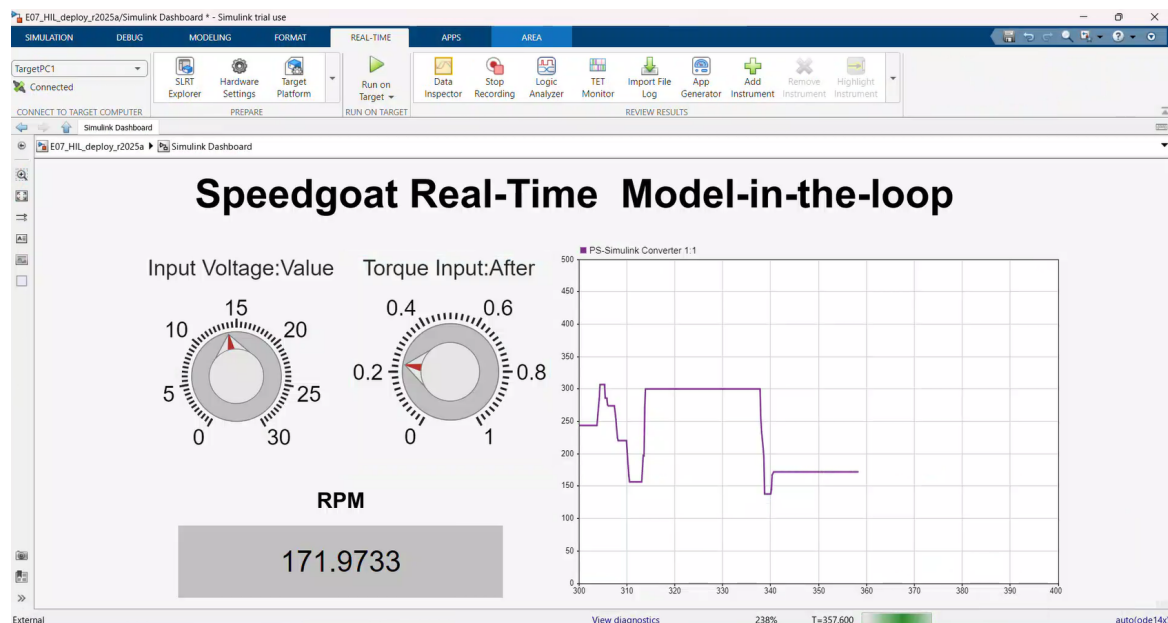
## Demonstration - Speedgoat Hardware-in-the-Loop (HIL) (25 minutes)



### Speedgoat

<https://www.speedgoat.com/>

Verify and validate their designs along a complete Model-Based Design workflow, including requirements specification, simulation, rapid control prototyping, hardware-in-the-loop (HIL) simulation, and deployment.



```
open("E06_HIL_partition.slx")
open("E07_HIL_deploy.slx")
open("E08_real_time_MIL_deploy.slx")
```

### Simulink Real-Time Target Support Package

<https://www.mathworks.com/matlabcentral/fileexchange/76387-simulink-real-time-target-support-package>