CS 320 Final (20%) - Fall 2021

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First/Given Name:	Last/Surname:		
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Fill in these fields (left to right) on the sca	in these fields (left to right) on the scantron form (use pencil):		

- 1. LAST NAME (surname) and FIRST NAME (given name), fill in bubbles
- 2. IDENTIFICATION NUMBER is your Campus ID number, fill in bubbles
- 3. Under A of SPECIAL CODES, write your lecture number, fill in bubbles. 1=8:50am, 2=11am
- 4. Under B of SPECIAL CODES, tell us about the nearest person (if any) to your left. 0=no person to the left in your row, 1=somebody you do not know is there, 2=somebody you do know is there.
- 5. Under C of SPECIAL CODES, do the same as B, but for the person to your right
- 6. Under D of SPECIAL CODES, write 6 and fill in bubble 6. This is very important!

Make sure you fill all the special codes above accurately in order to get graded.

You have 2 hours to take the exam. Use a #2 pencil to mark all answers. When you're done, please hand in these sheets in addition to your filled-in scantron. You may not sit adjacent to your friends or other people you know in the class (having only one empty seat is considered "adjacent"). You may only reference your notesheet. You may not use books, your neighbors, calculators, or other electronic devices on this exam. Please place your student ID face up on your desk. Turn off and put away portable electronics now.

(Blank Page for You to Do Scratch Work)

Q1. Fill in the blank: every _ has one instruction pointer associated with it.

- (A) thread
- (B) process
- (C) program
- (D) computer

Q2. The columns of a DataFrame contain weights in different units (pounds, kilograms, grams, etc). You want to group together similar rows. What would be a good transformer to use, prior to the clustering stage of the pipeline?

- (A) KMeans
- (B) StandardScaler
- (C) PolynomialFeatures
- (D) OneHotEncoder

Q3. Generally speaking, what do you hope to get from cross val score for a regression?

- (A) low mean, low std
- (B) low mean, high std,
- (C) high mean, low std
- (D) high mean, high std

Q4. If a BST is constructed using the algorithm we learned in class, and the insert order is [3, 5, 2, -1], where will -1 be?

- (A) root.left.left
- (B) root.left.right (C) root.right.left
- (D) root.right.right

Q5. Part of the computation performed by LogisticRegression for multi-class prediction involves finding the position of the largest number in each row of a matrix (let's call it M). How can this be done?

- (A) M.max(axis=0)
- (B) M.max(axis=1)
- (C) M.argmax(axis=0)
- (D) M.argmax(axis=1)

Q6. Given points [(1, 2), (2, 2), (4, 3), (5, 3)] and starting centroids (5, 2) for cluster 1 and (1, 3) for cluster 2, what points will be assigned to the cluster 1 after the first iteration of assigning points and updating centroids, using the k-means implementation from class?

- (A) [(1, 2), (2, 2)]
- (B) [(2, 2), (4, 3)]
- (C) [(2, 2), (5, 3)]
- (D) [(4, 3), (5, 3)]

Q7. How many bananas are classified as oranges, according to the following confusion matrix?

	apples	oranges	bananas
apples	18	3	41
oranges	50	12	30
bananas	97	14	29

- (A) 14
- (B) 16
- (C) 30
- (D) 44

Q8. The shape of A is (6, 9), the shape of B is (9, 8), and the shape of C is (8, 3). What is the shape of A@B@C?

```
(A) (6, 3) (B) (6, 9) (C) (8, 3) (D) (9, 8)
```

```
Q9. If A=np.array([[5, 3], [4, 2]]) and B=np.array([[1, 6]]), what is A*b?

(A) [[23], [16]] (B) [[35, 21], [28, 14]] (C) [[5, 18], [4, 12]] (D) [[5, 3], [24, 12]]
```

Q10. What does nums contain after the following runs?

```
nums = []
def h(y):
    nums.append(y)
    if y < 5:
        h(y+1)
h(3)
print(nums)

(A) [3, 4, 5] (B) [3, 4] (C) [4, 3] (D) [] (E) [5, 4, 3]</pre>
```

Q11. What is x?

```
class Thing:
    def __init__(self, vals):
        self.vals = vals

def __len__(self):
        return 4

def __getitem__(self, lookup):
        return 1

obj = Thing([3, 5, 2])
x = len(obj) # careful!

(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 (E) 5
```

Q12. If you want to find the centroids of geographic regions, you should first convert to a coordinate reference system that is based on:

```
(A) degrees (B) latitude/longitude (C) meters (D) pixels
```

Q13. If you want to randomly split your data into train and test, but you don't want your results to change if you re-run your notebook, what should you pass to train test split?

```
(A) test_size=0.75 (B) train_size=320 (C) random_state=50 (D) stratify=False
```

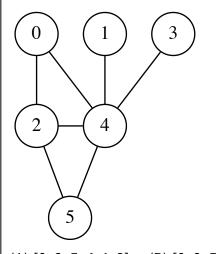
Q14. If a Flask app has the following handlers, what does it print when a user visits the home page in a browser?

```
@app.route("/")
def home():
    print("X")
    return '<html><body><imq src="handler1"></body></html>'
@app.route("/example.svg")
def handler1():
    print("Y")
    return "TODO"
@app.route("/out.svg")
def q():
    print("Z")
    return "TODO"
                                  (D) X, Y, and Z
(A) X only
          (B) X and Y
                      (C) X and Z
```

Q15. If you want to produce a dendrogram, which of the following should you use?

(A) LinearRegression (B) LogisticRegression (C) KMeans (D) AgglomerativeClustering (E) PCA

Q16. What is the order in which the nodes of the undirected graph are visited in a BFS starting from node 0? When you have the choice of two or more nodes, break ties by choosing the node with smaller value.



(A) [0, 2, 5, 4, 1, 3] (B) [0, 2, 5, 4, 3, 1] (C) [0, 2, 4, 5, 1, 3] (D) [0, 2, 0, 4, 5, 1, 3]

Q17. Does the regular expression r"\d.+b" match anything in the string "cB1.dab"?

(A) yes (B) no

Q18. Which of the following must be given "correct" categories when fit is called?

(A) AgglomerativeClustering (B) KMeans (C) LogisticRegression (D) LinearRegression

Q19. How many True Positives are there, according to the following confusion matrix?

	False	True
False	77	2
True	88	76

(A) 2 (B) 76 (C) 77 (D) 88

Q20. Given an array x of features, what calculation most closely corresponds to what lr.predict does, where lr was created with

LinearRegression(fit intercept=False)?

```
(A) X * lr.coef_.reshape(-1,1)
(B) X @ lr.coef_.reshape(-1,1)
(C) X * lr.coef_.reshape(-1,1) > 0
(D) sigmoid(X @ lr.coef_.reshape(-1,1))
```

Q21. For what is OneHotEncoder most useful?

(A) numeric labels (B) numeric features (C) categorical labels (D) categorical features

Q22. DataFrame is in the gpd. GeoDataFrame. mro tuple. What does this imply?

- (A) GeoDataFrame has all the methods DataFrame has
- (B) DataFrame has all the methods GeoDataFrame has
- (C) GeoDataFrame and DataFrame have an identical set of methods

Q23. What is printed?

```
vals = []
for item in [1.5, 2, 0, -1, 5]:
    heapq.heappush(vals, item)
print(heapq.heappop(vals))

(A) 0 (B) 2 (C) -1 (D) 1.5
```

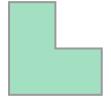
Q24. If a single numeric feature is transformed by a

PolynomialFeatures (include_bias=True), how many output columns will there be?

(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4

Q25. What could be added to the following code to produce the below shape?

```
from shapely.geometry import box, Point
x = box(0, 0, 2, 2)
y = box(1, 1, 3, 3)
```



(A) x.union(y)

(B) x.intersection(y) (C) x.difference(y)

(D) y.difference(x)

Q26. If you want an animation to be smoother without changing the total time, what should you do?

- (A) decrease interval and decrease frames
- (B) decrease interval and increase frames
- (C) increase interval and decrease frames
- (D) increase interval and increase frames

Q27. Which of the following is NOT a shapely shape?

(A) Point, (B) Circle, (C) Polygon, (D) MultiPolygon

Q28. The explained variance ratio given by p = PCA() is [0.8, 0.1, 0.07, 0.03]. If you want to throw away some data while preserving 90% of the variance, what can you do to p. components ?

```
(A) p.components [:2, :]
```

(B) p.components [2:, :]

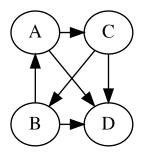
(C) p.components [:, :2]

(D) p.components [:, 2:]

Q29. For KMeans, what is one generally hoping to have in the end?

- (A) few clusters, low inertia
- (B) few clusters, high inertia
- (C) many clusters, low inertia
- (D) many clusters, high inertia

Q30. What can be said about the following graph?



- (A) it is not acyclic and not connected
- (B) it is connected but not acyclic
- (C) it is acyclic but not connected
- (D) it is both connected and acyclic