



KIIT Deemed to be University
Online Mid Semester Examination (Spring Semester-2021)

Subject Name & Code: BIOLOGY (LS1001)

Applicable to Courses:

Full Marks=20

Time:1 Hour

SECTION-A(Answer All Questions. All questions carry 2 Marks)

Time:20 Minutes

(5×2=10 Marks)

<u>Question No</u>	<u>Question Type(MCQ/SAT)</u>	<u>Question</u>	<u>CO Mapping</u>
<u>Q.No:1(a)</u>	<u>SAT</u>	“Bacteria are considered as necessary evil”. Justify the statement. Ans: both good and bad features (1 mark + 1 mark)	CO1
	<u>SAT</u>	What is the role of stem cell in gene therapy? Ans: Stem cells are harvested from the patient, and a modified virus is used to insert a healthy version of the nonfunctional gene.	CO5
	<u>SAT</u>	Brief the role of skin in homeostatic regulation. Ans: Skin functions in homeostasis include protection, regulation of body temperature, sensory reception, water balance, synthesis of vitamins and hormones, and absorption of materials.	CO3
	<u>SAT</u>	Name a branched chain carbohydrate and its storage organ in animal. Ans: Glycogen, Liver & Muscles	CO2
<u>Q.No:1(b)</u>	<u>SAT</u>	Explain the Deoxy sugar name of nucleic acid? Ans: The term "deoxy" refers to the fact that there is no oxygen attached to the 2' carbon atom.	CO2
	<u>SAT</u>	Explain the importance of hydrogen bonding in living organisms. Ans: Hydrogen bonding is responsible for (i) holding DNA together, (ii) protein folding.	CO1

	<u>SAT</u>	What are telomeres and why are they important? Ans: Definition (1 mark) & 2 functions (0.5+0.5 mark)	CO2
	<u>SAT</u>	What are steroids and how are they different from triglycerides? Ans: Steroids definition (1 mark) & 1 difference (1 mark)	CO2
<u>Q.No:1(c)</u>	<u>SAT</u>	How are members of kingdom Monera different from those in Animalia? Ans: Any 2 differences	CO1
	<u>SAT</u>	Why are viruses considered as bad microbes? Ans: as they can cause diseases	CO1
	<u>SAT</u>	Why are lysosomes known as 'suicidal bags of the cell'? Ans: because they contain lytic enzymes capable of digesting cells and unwanted materials.	CO1
	<u>SAT</u>	What is a telocentric chromosome? Ans: Chromosome whose centromere is located at one end and has therefore only one arm.	CO2
<u>Q.No:1(d)</u>	<u>SAT</u>	What is importance of S-phase during mitosis? Ans: DNA replication	CO2
	<u>SAT</u>	Write two properties of genetic code? Ans: Any 2 properties and their meaning	CO3
	<u>SAT</u>	Brief mRNA editing process. Ans: explain splicing and where splicing occurs (1+1 mark)	CO3
	<u>SAT</u>	What does N and C terminal determine in a polypeptide chain? Ans: free amino group and free carboxyl group ; start and stop of polypeptide chain	CO2
<u>Q.No:1(e)</u>	<u>SAT</u>	What role do control centre and effector play in homeostatic regulation? Ans: 1 function of each (1+1 mark)	CO3

	<u>SAT</u>	What is the importance of cell differentiation in a multicellular organism? Ans: Necessary for embryological development, cell renewal and organism's response to injury	CO2
	<u>SAT</u>	What are organelles? Name a membrane bound and one membrane less organelle. Ans: Definition (1 mark) ; Membrane bound & Membrane less (0.5 + 0.5 mark)	CO1
	<u>SAT</u>	Why is ATP considered as the connecting link between anabolism and catabolism? Ans: Explain catabolism fuels anabolism	CO1

SECTION-B (Answer Any One Question. Each Question carries 10 Marks)

Time: 30 Minutes

(1×10=10 Marks)

<u>Question No</u>	<u>Question</u>	<u>CO Mapping</u>
<u>Q.No:2</u>	What is biodiversity and why is it important? Elaborate the different threats to biodiversity. Ans: Definition (1 mark) + Importance (3 marks) + Threats (6 marks)	CO2
<u>Q.No:3</u>	Define homeostasis. How is it connected to the nervous and the endocrine system? Ans: Definition (2 marks) + Extrinsic homeostasis with detailed example (8 marks)	CO4
<u>Q.No:4</u>	Explain the different stages of translation with help of a schematic diagram. State 2 major differences between transcription and translation. Ans: Different stages of translation (4.5 marks) + Diagram (3.5 marks) + Difference (2 marks)	CO3
<u>Q.No:5</u>	Draw a neat labeled (10 labels) diagram of an Animal cell. Mention any four differences between prokaryotes and eukaryotes. Ans: Diagram with labels (6 marks) + Any 4 difference (4 marks)	CO1
<u>Q.No:6</u>	Classify stem cells based on their ability to differentiate and regenerate. Explain any three applications of stem cells.	CO5

	Ans: Classification on basis of potency (4 marks) + Brief of 3 applications (6 marks)	
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Controller of Examinations