

Practical No.: 1.1

Aim: -Implementation of Basic Window Form Application Code:

Source Code:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Windows.Forms;
namespace WindowsFormsApplication4
{
    public partial class Form1 : Form
    {
        public Form1()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
        }
        private void b1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            l1.Items.Add(txt1.Text); txt1.Text = "";
        }
        private void b2_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            l2.Items.Add(l1.SelectedItem); int i = 0;
            i = l1.SelectedIndex; l1.Items.RemoveAt(i);
        }
        private void b3_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            int j = 0;
            for (j = 0; j <= l1.Items.Count - 1; j++)
            {
                l2.Items.Add(l1.Items[j]);
            }
            l1.Items.Clear();
        }
        private void b4_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            int j = 0;
            for (j = 0; j <= l2.Items.Count - 1; j++)
            {
                l1.Items.Add(l2.Items[j]);
            }
            l2.Items.Clear();
        }
    }
}
```

Output:

The image shows a graphical user interface window titled "Form1". It features two text input areas. The left area contains the text "aa". The right area contains the text "cc", "ee", and "bb" stacked vertically. Between these areas are three buttons: ">", ">>", and "<<". Below the left text area is an empty text input field. At the bottom center of the window is a button labeled "ADD".

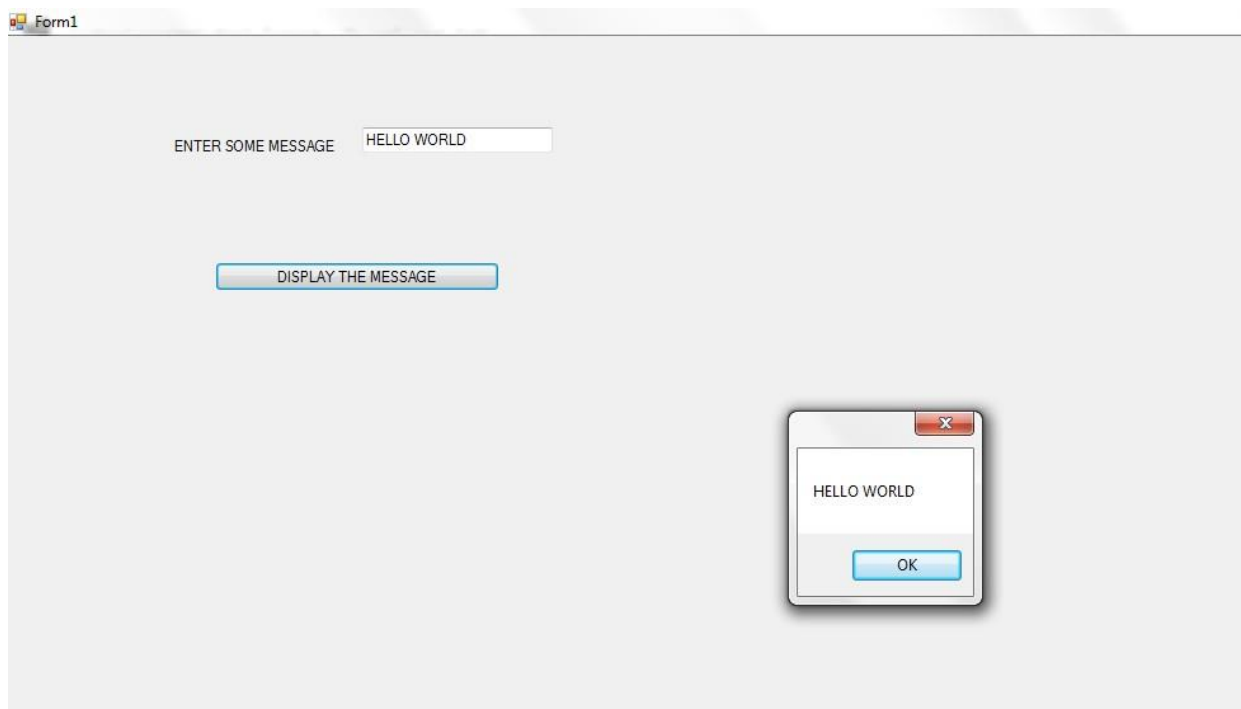
Practical No.: 1.2

Aim:-Write A Program To Show Use Of Label,Textbox And Button.

Source Code:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Windows.Forms;
namespace WindowsFormsApplication4
{
    public partial class Form1 : Form
    {
        public Form1()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
        }
        private void button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            string var; var = t1.Text;
            MessageBox.Show(var);
        }
    }
}
```

Output:



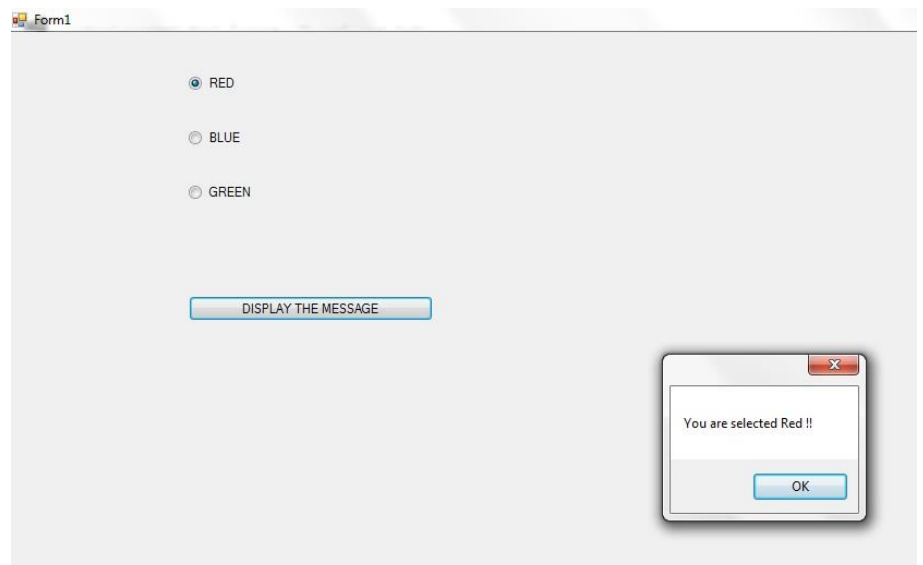
Practical No.: 1.3

Aim:-Write A Program To Show Use Of Radio Button.

Source Code:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Windows.Forms;
namespace WindowsFormsApplication4
{
    public partial class Form1 : Form
    {
        public Form1()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
        }
        private void button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs)
        {
            if (radioButton1.Checked == true)
            {
                MessageBox.Show("You are selected Red !!");
                return;
            }
            elseif (radioButton2.Checked == true)
            {
                MessageBox.Show("You are selected Blue !!");
                return;
            }
            else
            {
                MessageBox.Show("You are selected Green !!");
                return;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Output:



Aim: -Write A Program To Show Use Of Checkbox.

Source Code:-

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Windows.Forms;

namespace WindowsFormsApplication4
{
    public partial class Form1 : Form
    {
        public Form1()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
        }

        private void button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            string msg = "";

            if (checkBox1.Checked == true)
            {
                msg = "PLAYING";
            }

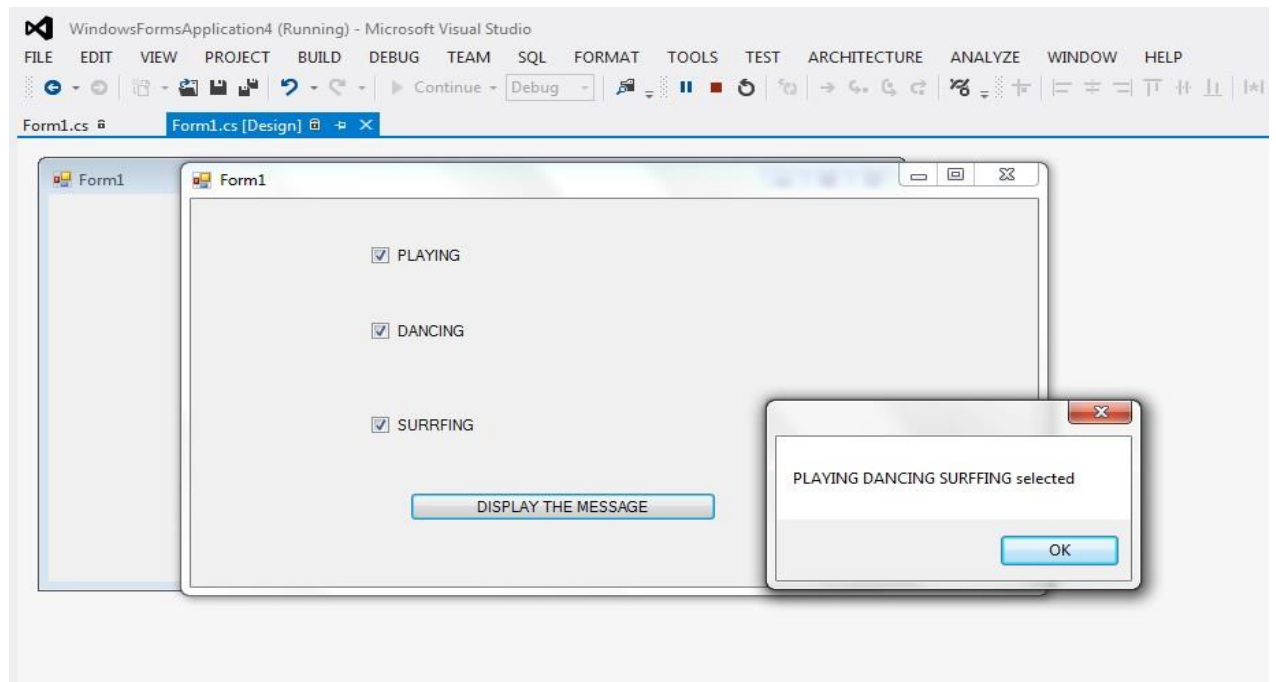
            if (checkBox2.Checked == true)
            {
                msg = msg + "DANCING";
            }

            if (checkBox3.Checked == true)
            {
                msg = msg + "SURFFING";
            }

            if (msg.Length > 0)
            {
                MessageBox.Show(msg + "selected");
            }
            else
            {
                MessageBox.Show("No checkbox selected");
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
checkBox1.ThreeState=true;  
}  
}  
}
```

Output:



Practical No.: 1.4

Aim: - Write a Program Using Advance Window Form Controls (Panel,GroupBox)

Source Code:

GroupBox:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Windows.Forms;

namespace groupbox
{
    public partial class Form1 : Form
    {
        public Form1()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
        }

        private void groupBox1_Enter(object sender, EventArgs)
        {
        }

        private void label1_Click(object sender, EventArgs)
        {
        }

        private void checkBox1_CheckedChanged(object sender, EventArgs)
        {
        }

        private void checkBox2_CheckedChanged(object sender, EventArgs)
        {
        }

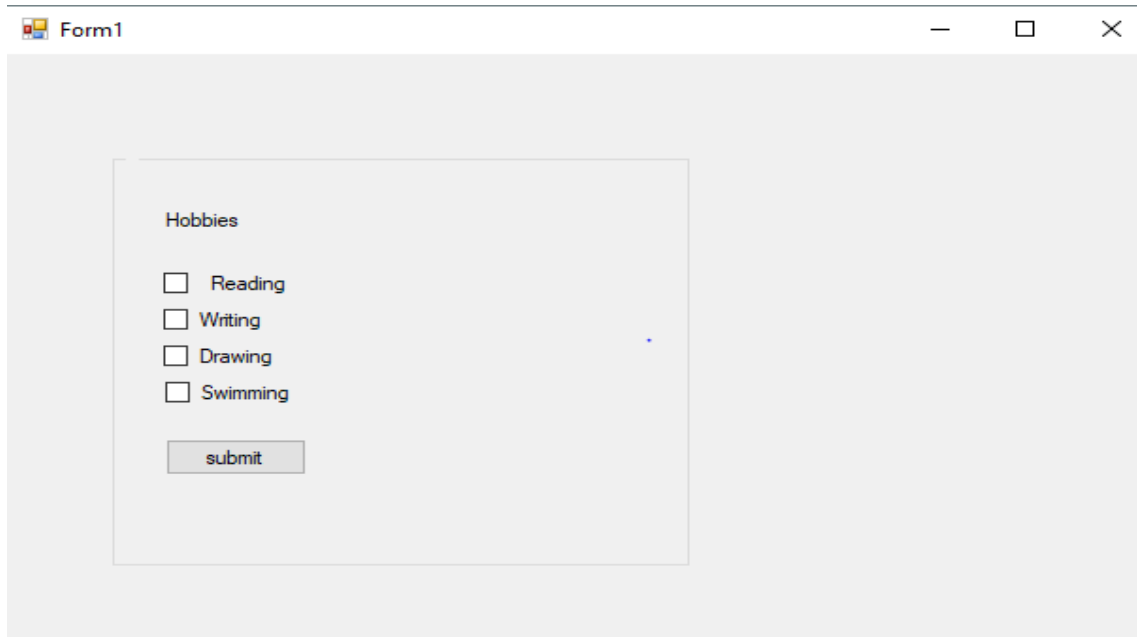
        private void checkBox3_CheckedChanged(object sender, EventArgs)
        {
        }

        private void checkBox4_CheckedChanged(object sender, EventArgs)
        {
        }
    }
}
```

```
private void button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs)
{

}
}
}
```

Output:



Code: Panel:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Windows.Forms;

namespace groupbox
{
    public partial class Form2 : Form
    {
        List<Panel> listpanel = new List<Panel>();

        int index;
        public Form2()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
        }
    }
}
```



```

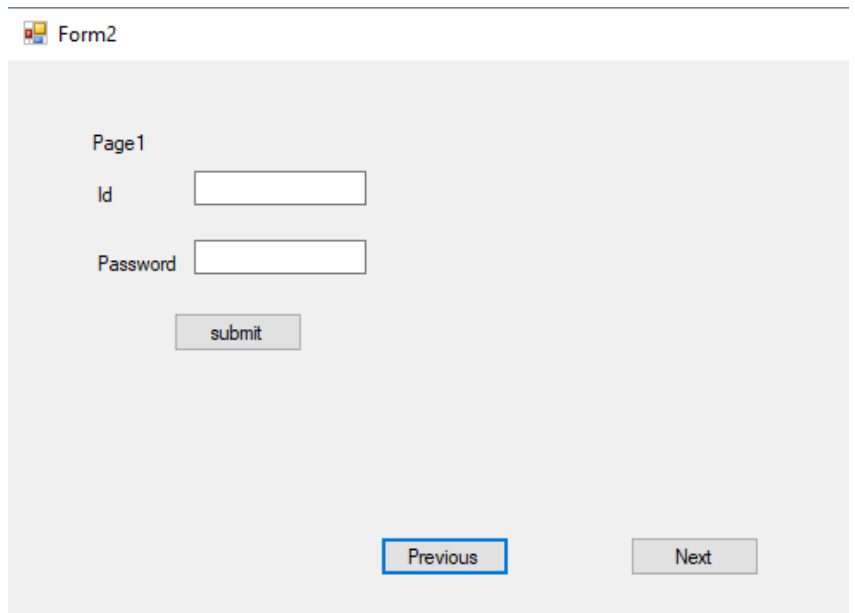
private void button3_Click(object sender, EventArgs)
{
    if (index < listpanel1.Count - 1) listpanel1[++index].BringToFront();
}

private void Form2_Load(object sender, EventArgs)
{
    listpanel1.Add(panel1); listpanel1.Add(panel2);
    listpanel1[index].BringToFront();
}

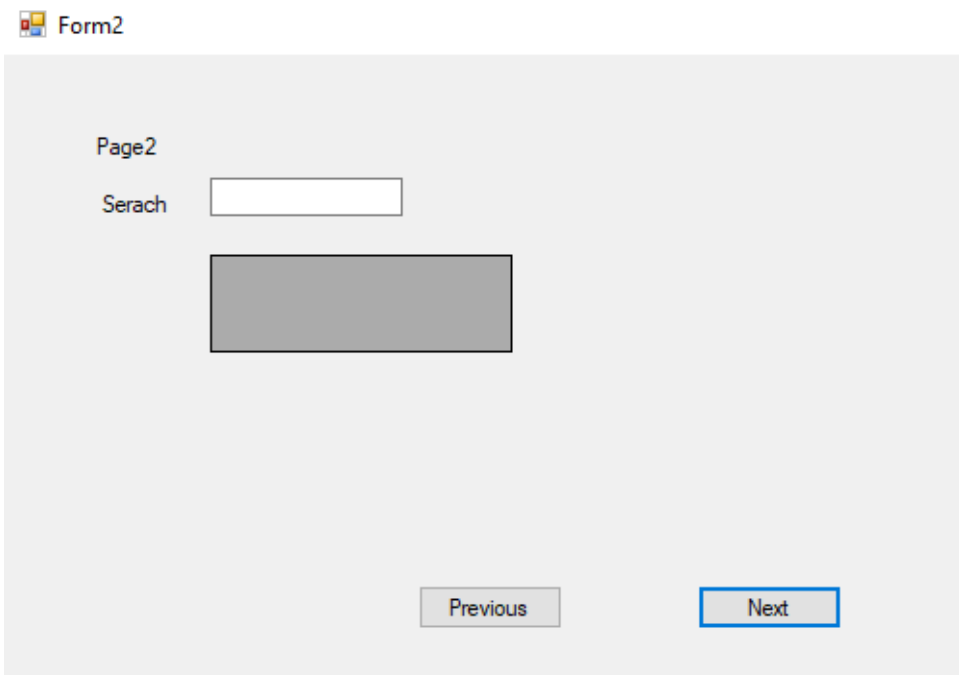
private void button2_Click(object sender, EventArgs)
{
    if (index > 0)
        listpanel1[--index].BringToFront();
}
}
}
}

```

Output:



The screenshot shows a Windows form titled "Form2". Inside the form, there is a section labeled "Page1". Below this label, there are two text boxes: one labeled "Id" and one labeled "Password". Below the "Password" text box is a button labeled "submit". At the bottom right of the form, there are two buttons: "Previous" and "Next". The "Previous" button is highlighted with a blue border.



The screenshot shows the same Windows form titled "Form2", but now it displays "Page2". Below the "Page2" label, there is a text box labeled "Serach". Below the "Serach" text box is a large gray rectangle. At the bottom of the form, there are two buttons: "Previous" and "Next". The "Next" button is highlighted with a blue border.

Practical No.: 1.5

Aim: - Write a Program Using Advance Window Form Controls (FontDialogBox,ColorDialogBox).

Source Code:-

```
namespace WindowsFormsApplication1
{
    public partial class Form1 : Form
    {
        string a; public Form1()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
        }

        private void newToolStripMenuItem_Click(object sender, EventArgs)
        {
            rtb1.Text = "";
        }

        private void openToolStripMenuItem_Click(object sender, EventArgs)
        {
            ofd.Filter = "RichTextFormat(*.rtf)|*.rtf|Text Files(*.txt)|*.txt";

            if (ofd.ShowDialog() == DialogResult.OK)
            {
                rtb1.LoadFile(ofd.FileName, RichTextBoxStreamType.PlainText);
            }
            a = rtb1.Text;
        }

        private void saveToolStripMenuItem_Click(object sender, EventArgs)
        {
            sfd.Filter = "RichTextFormat(*.rtf)|*.rtf|Text Files(*.txt)|*.txt";

            if (sfd.ShowDialog() == DialogResult.OK)
            {
                rtb1.SaveFile(sfd.FileName);
            }
        }

        private void exitToolStripMenuItem_Click(object sender, EventArgs)
        {
            Application.Exit();
        }

        private void cutToolStripMenuItem_Click(object sender, EventArgs)
        {
            if (rtb1.SelectionLength > 0) rtb1.Cut();
        }
    }
}
```

```

private void pasteToolStripMenuItem_Click(object sender, EventArgs)
{
    rtb1.Paste();
}

private void copyToolStripMenuItem_Click(object sender, EventArgs)
{
    if(rtb1.SelectionLength>0)

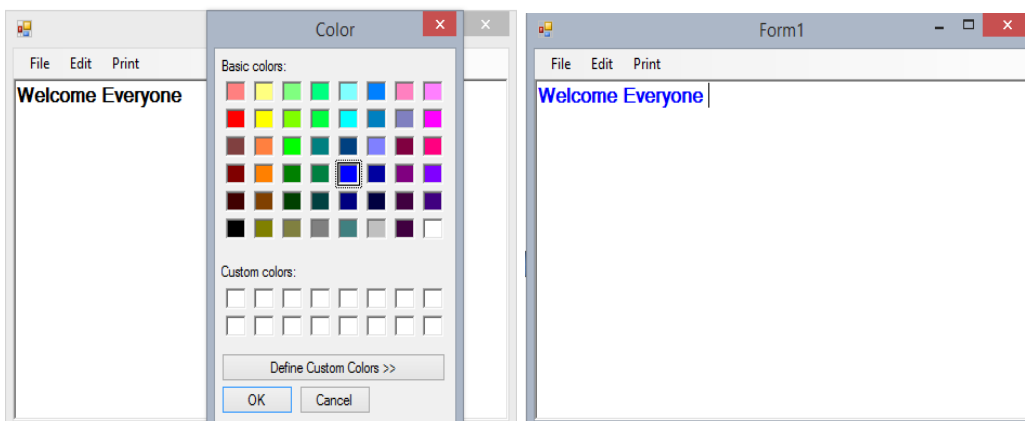
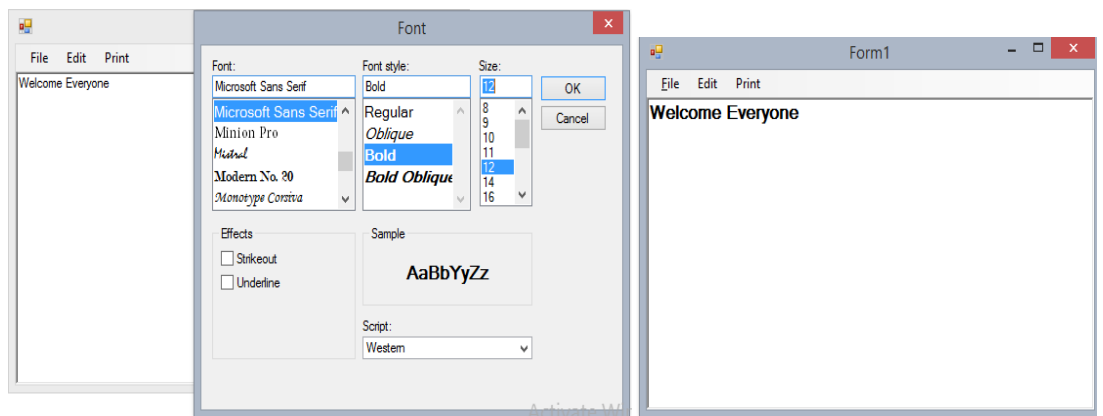
    rtb1.Copy();
}

private void fontToolStripMenuItem_Click(object sender, EventArgs)
{
    if(fd.ShowDialog()==DialogResult.OK)
    {
        rtb1.SelectionFont=fd.Font;
    }
}

private void colorToolStripMenuItem_Click(object sender, EventArgs)
{
    if(cd.ShowDialog()==DialogResult.OK) rtb1.SelectionColor=cd.Color;
}
}
}

```

Output:



Practical No.: 1.6

**Aim: - Write a Program Using Advance Window Form Controls
(DateTimePicker,ToolTip)**

Source Code:-

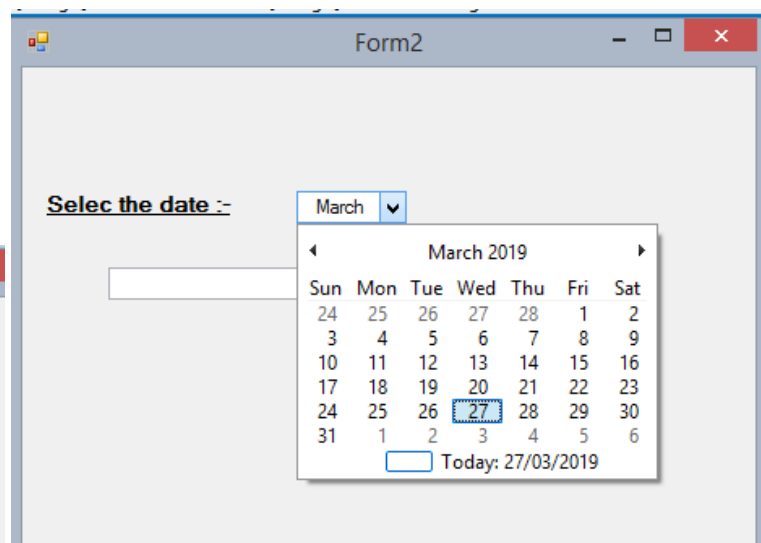
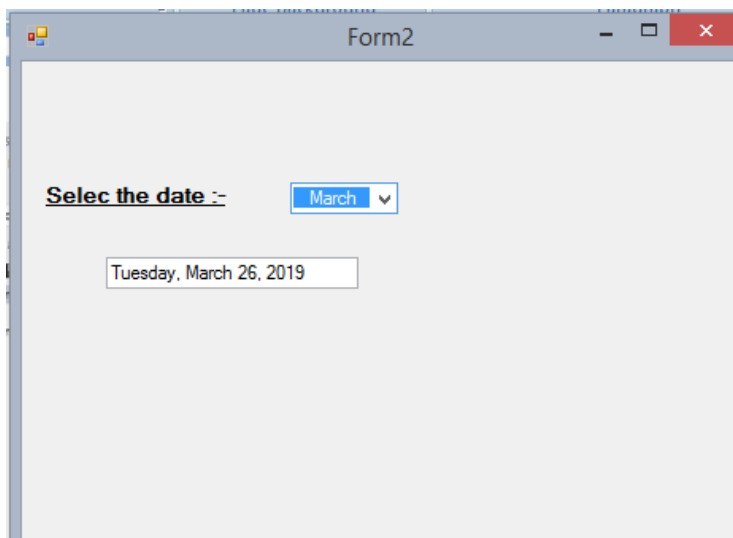
```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Windows.Forms;

namespace WindowsFormsApplication1
{
    public partial class Form2 : Form
    {
        public Form2()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
        }

        private void dateTimePicker1_ValueChanged(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            dateTimePicker1.Format = DateTimePickerFormat.Long;
            textBox1.Text = dateTimePicker1.Text;
        }

        private void label1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
        }
    }
}
```

Output:



Aim: - Write a Program Using Advance Window Form Controls (NotifyIcon,LinkLabel)

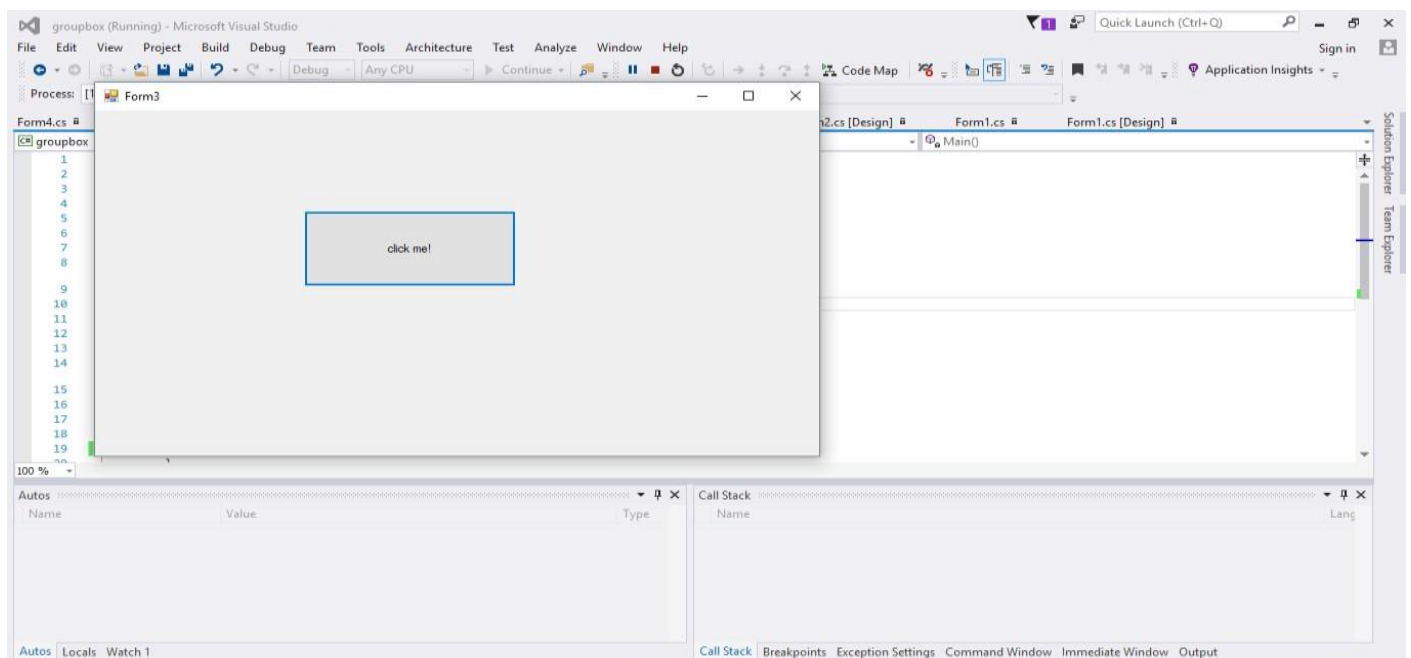
Source Code:

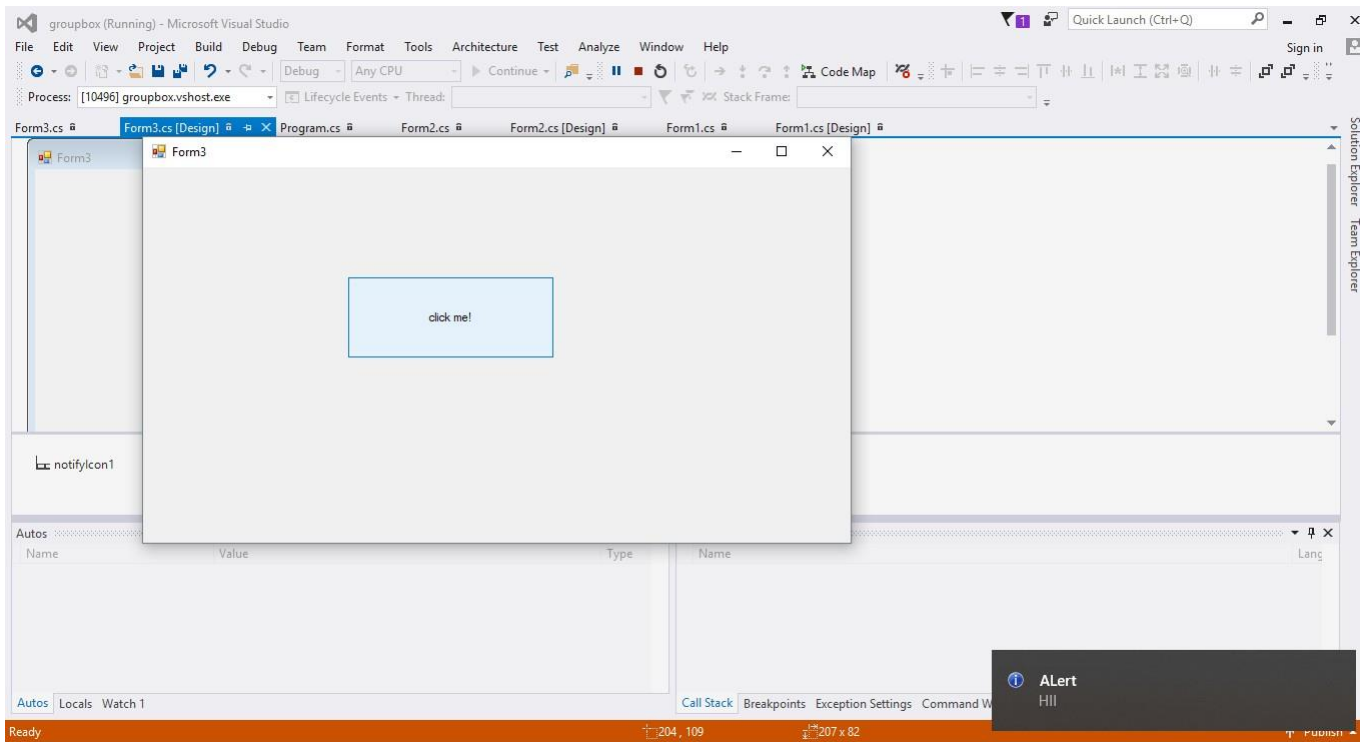
Notify icon:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Windows.Forms;

namespace groupbox
{
    public partial class Form3 : Form
    {
        public Form3()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
        }
        private void button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs)
        {
            notifyIcon1.BalloonTipText = "HI!"; notifyIcon1.BalloonTipTitle = "ALert";
            notifyIcon1.Icon = SystemIcons.Information; notifyIcon1.ShowBalloonTip(500);
        }
    }
}
```

Output:





Source Code:

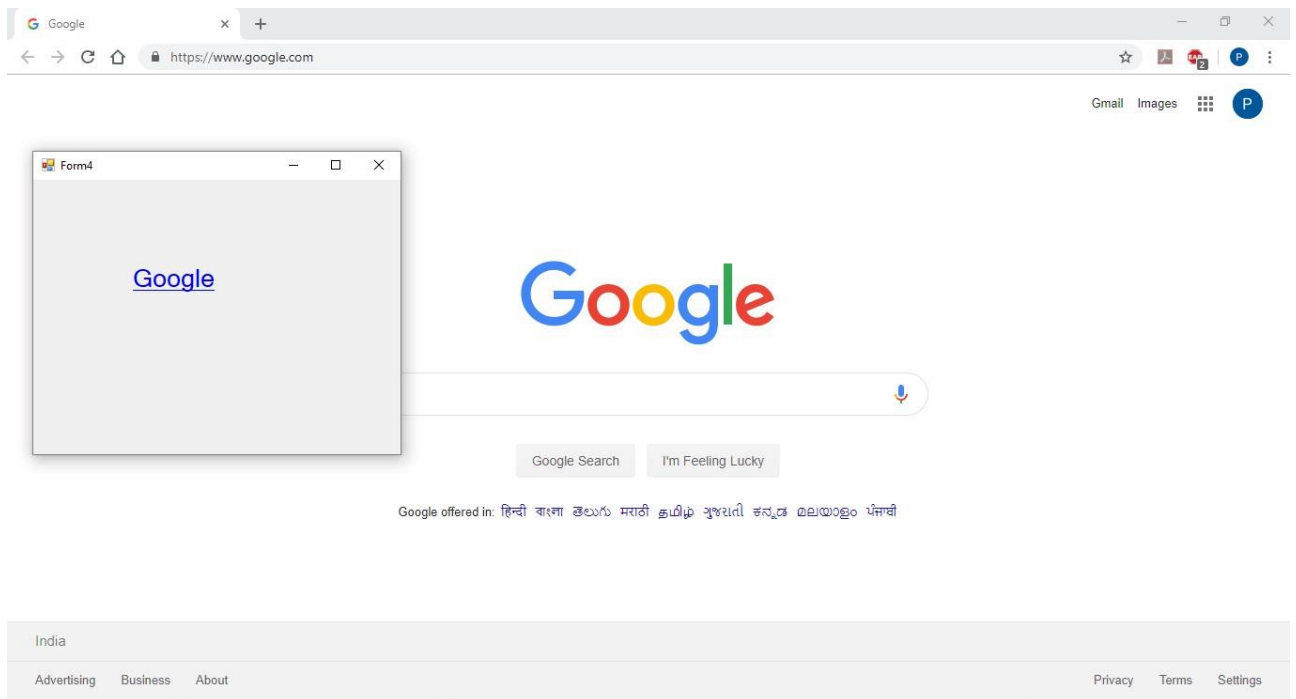
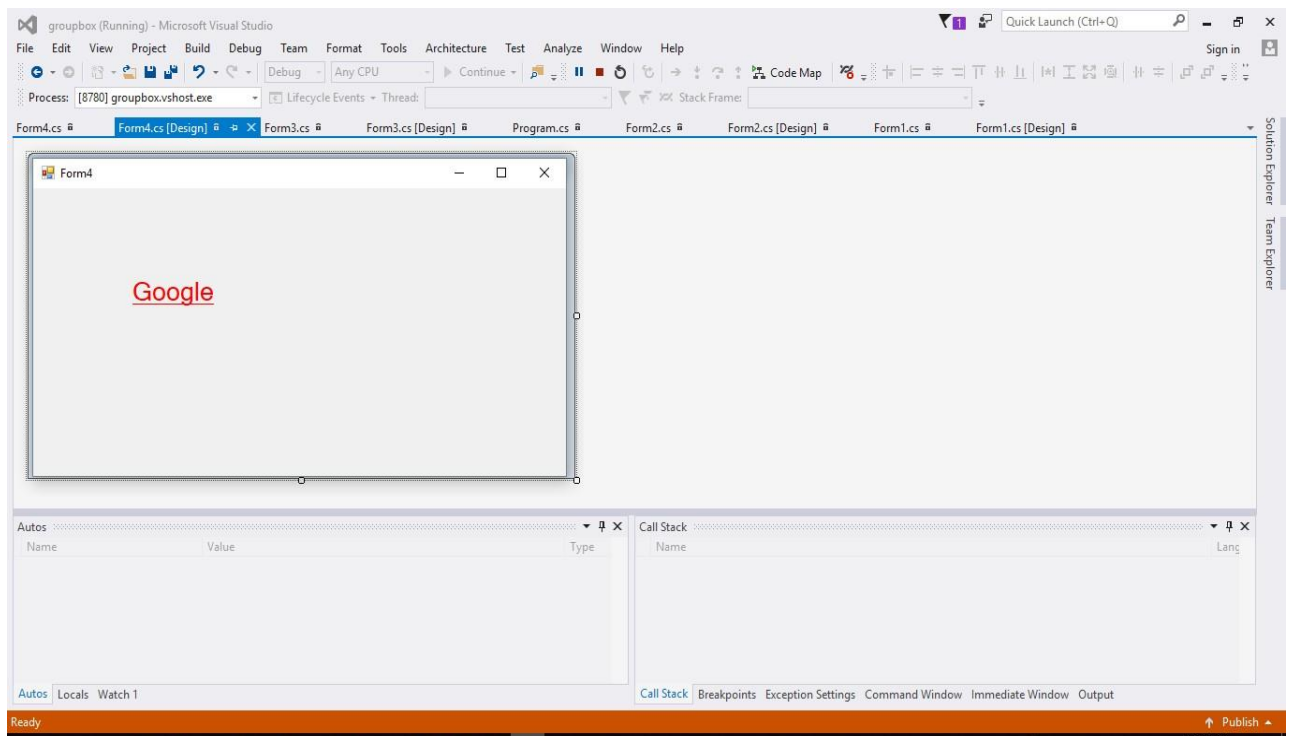
Linklable:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Diagnostics;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Windows.Forms;

namespace groupbox
{
    public partial class Form4 : Form
    {
        public Form4()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
        }

        private void linkLabel1_LinkClicked(object sender,
            LinkLabel.LinkClickedEventArgs e)
        {
            Process.Start("www.google.com");
        }
    }
}
```

Output:



Practical No.: 1.8

Aim: - Demonstrate the use of Tool Strip

Source Code:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Windows.Forms;

namespace WindowsFormsApplication1
{
    public partial class Form3 : Form
    {
        public Form3()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
        }

        private void toolStripTextBox1_Click(object sender, EventArgs)
        {
        }

        private void toolStripButton2_Click(object sender, EventArgs)
        {
            webBrowser1.GoBack();
        }

        private void toolStripButton1_Click(object sender, EventArgs)
        {
            webBrowser1.GoForward();
        }

        private void toolStripButton3_Click(object sender, EventArgs)
        {
            webBrowser1.Navigate(toolStripTextBox1.Text);
        }

        private void webBrowser1_DocumentCompleted(object sender,
            WebBrowserDocumentCompletedEventArgs)
        {
        }

        private void toolStrip1_ItemClicked(object sender,
            ToolStripItemClickedEventArgs)
        {
        }
    }
}
```


Output:



Aim: - Demonstrate the use of picture box.

Source Code:

```
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Windows.Forms;
namespace WindowsFormsApplication2
{
    public partial class Form2 : Form
    {
        public Form2()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
        }
        private void Form2_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            pictureBox1.Image = Image.FromFile("C:\\Users\\Nikita\\Desktop\\flower\\tulips.jpg");
            pictureBox1.SizeMode = PictureBoxSizeMode.StretchImage;
        }
    }
}
```

Output:



Aim: - Demonstrate the use of Tree-view.

Source Code:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Windows.Forms;

namespace WindowsFormsApplication2
{
    public partial class Form3 : Form
    {
        public Form3()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
        }

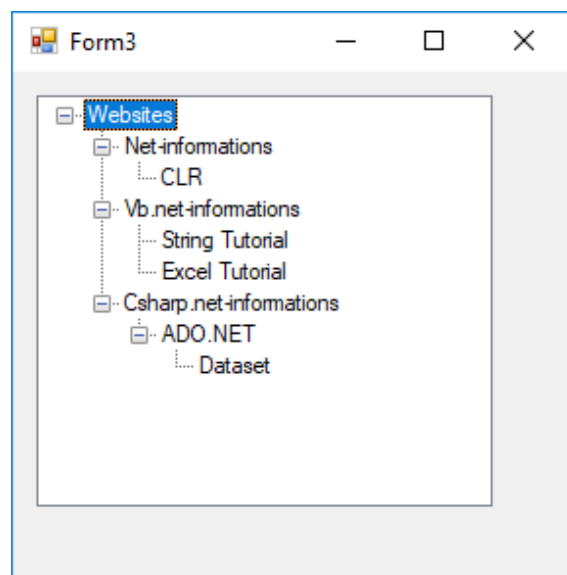
        private void Form3_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            TreeNode tNode;
            tNode = treeView1.Nodes.Add("Websites");

            treeView1.Nodes[0].Nodes.Add("Net-informations");
            treeView1.Nodes[0].Nodes[0].Nodes.Add("CLR");

            treeView1.Nodes[0].Nodes.Add("Vb.net-informations");
            treeView1.Nodes[0].Nodes[1].Nodes.Add("String Tutorial");
            treeView1.Nodes[0].Nodes[1].Nodes.Add("Excel Tutorial");

            treeView1.Nodes[0].Nodes.Add("Csharp.net-informations");
            treeView1.Nodes[0].Nodes[2].Nodes.Add("ADO.NET");
            treeView1.Nodes[0].Nodes[2].Nodes[0].Nodes.Add("Dataset");
        }
    }
}
```

Output:



Practical No.: 1.9

Aim: - Demonstrate the use of listview.

Source Code:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Windows.Forms;

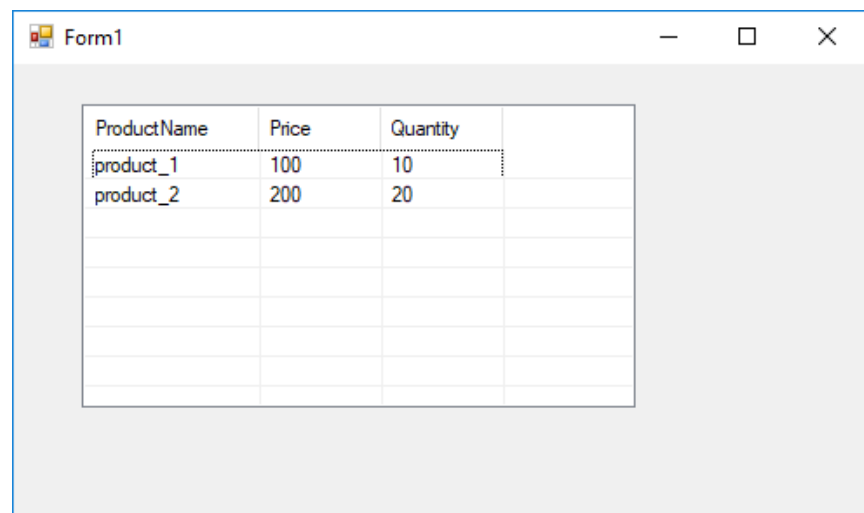
namespace WindowsFormsApplication2
{
    public partial class Form1 : Form
    {
        public Form1()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
        }
        private void Form1_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            listView1.View = View.Details; listView1.GridLines = true;
            listView1.FullRowSelect = true; listView1.Columns.Add("ProductName", 100);
            listView1.Columns.Add("Price", 70);
            listView1.Columns.Add("Quantity", 70);

            string[] arr = new string[4]; ListViewItem itm;

            arr[0] = "product_1"; arr[1] = "100";
            arr[2] = "10";
            itm = new ListViewItem(arr); listView1.Items.Add(itm);

            arr[0] = "product_2"; arr[1] = "200";
            arr[2] = "20";
            itm = new ListViewItem(arr); listView1.Items.Add(itm);
        }
    }
}
```

Output:



Aim: - Demonstrate the use of Image-list.

Source code:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Windows.Forms;

namespace WindowsFormsApplication2
{
    public partial class Form5 : Form
    {
        public Form5()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
        }

        private void button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            ImageList imageList1 = new ImageList();

            imageList1.ImageSize = new Size(112, 112); imageList1.Images.Add(
                Image.FromFile("C:\\Users\\Nikita\\Desktop\\flower\\tulips.jpg"));
            imageList1.Images.Add(
                Image.FromFile("C:\\Users\\Nikita\\Desktop\\flower\\flower.jpg"));
            Graphics theGraphics = Graphics.FromHwnd(this.Handle);
            for (int count = 0; count < imageList1.Images.Count;
                count++)
            {
                imageList1.Draw(theGraphics, new Point(85, 85),
                    count);
            }

            Application.DoEvents();
            System.Threading.Thread.Sleep(1000);
        }
    }
}
```

Output:

