

# Developing predictive models for Li-ion Cell Health

Enabling second-life battery production.













LifeTIME

7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY

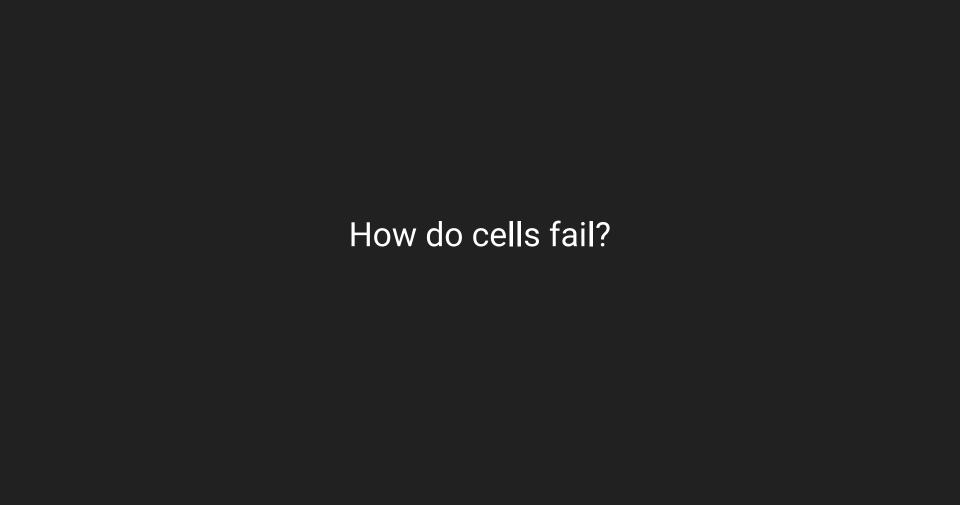


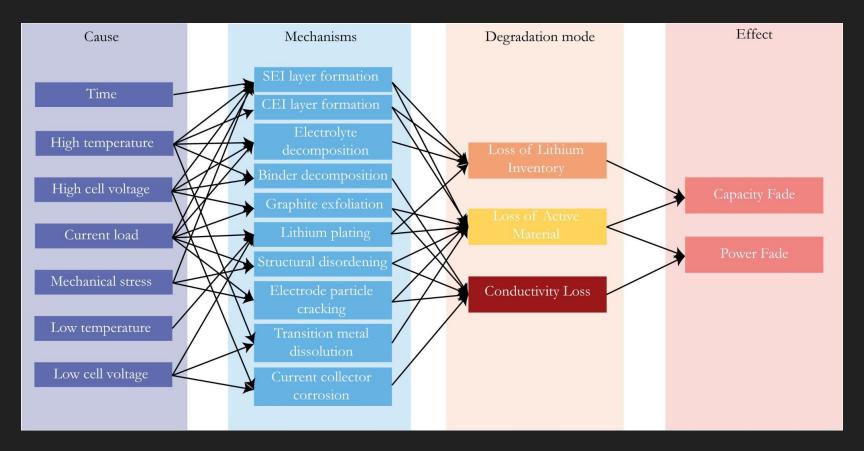
11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES



RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION







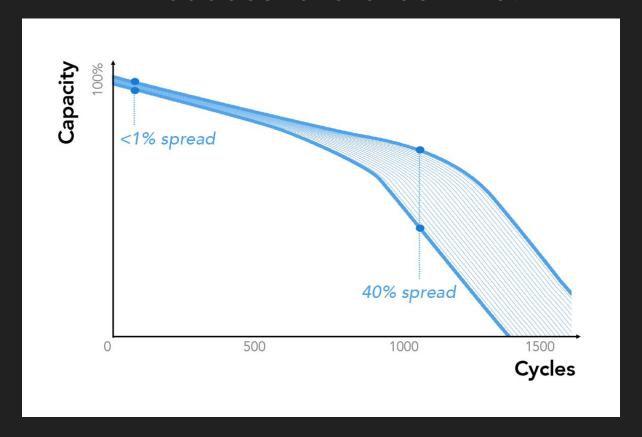
Pathways of cell degradation. Source: Vermeer, W.; Mouli, G. R. C.; Bauer, P. - IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON TRANSPORTATION ELECTRIFICATION, VOL. 8, NO. 2, JUNE 2022\10.1109/TTE.2021.3138357

What does failure look like?

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How do we measure failure?

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#### **EIS (Electrochemical Impedance Spectroscopy)**

- Voltage frequency sweep across the cell.
- Measure impedance.
- Plot on a Nyquist diagram.

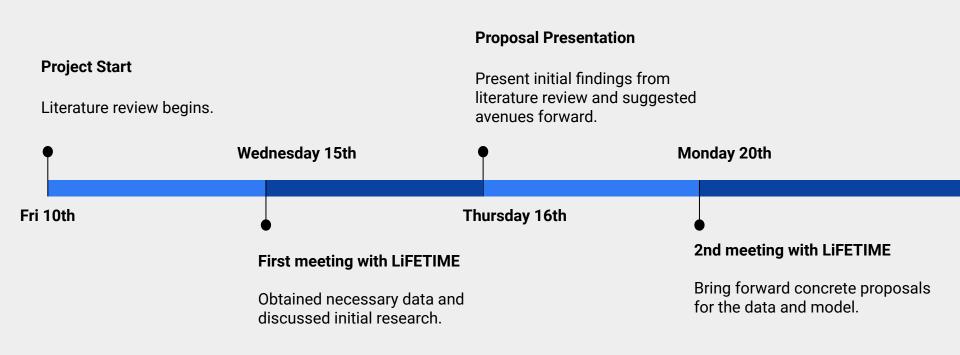
#### How can it indicate degradation?

 Rate of electrochemical reaction (or degradation process) -> relevant frequency range.

#### **ICA (Incremental Capacity Analysis)**

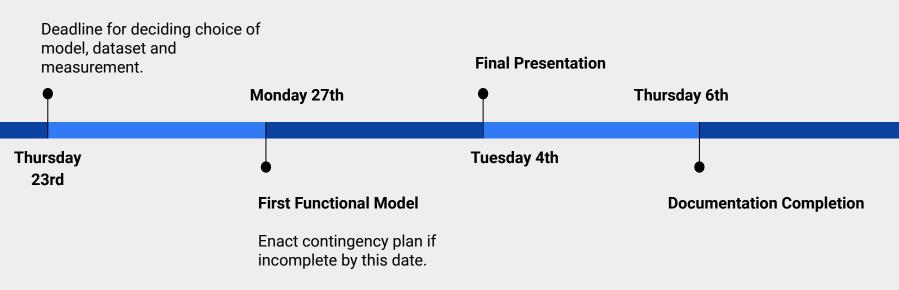
- Battery voltage and charge measured over a full or partial cell cycle.
- Produces a plot of dQ/dV which can be used to infer battery characteristics.
- Useful in the field as it uses properties that are already measured by battery management systems (current, voltage).
- ICA curves have been shown to be dependent on cell environment and state of health (Xu 2022 & Bloom 2005).
- Existing analysis suffers from chemistry dependencies that reduce model generality.

## Project Plan



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#### **Interim Presentation**



## Contingency?

The chance of producing a useful model in this timeframe is slim.

#### **Alternatives:**

- Replicate existing study on new dataset.
- Provide analysis and visualisation of LiFETIME data.
- Provide recommendations for future research based on literature review.
- Provide comprehensive, open-source documentation of work completed, with particular attention paid to pitfalls.



The only risk is poor

management.

| Hazard                               | Possible effects/harm   | Risk<br>Rating | Detail mitigations  | Revised risk<br>rating H, M,<br>L |
|--------------------------------------|---|----------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| Eye Strain                           | Headaches, discomfort, blurry vision.                         | L              | Regular breaks. Spread project schedule to reduce the need for long periods of sustained work.                      | L                                 |
| Stress                               | Reduced ability to concentrate, sleep. Cardiovascular issues. | L              | Regular discussion of project schedule. Planned contingencies allowing for a reduction in scope during the project. | L                                 |
| Repetitive<br>Strain Injury<br>(RSI) | Short and long-term musculoskeletal pain.                     | М              | Regular breaks, maintain proper workstation ergonomics.   | L                                 |
|                                      |   |                |   |                                   |