



Adamson University  
College of Engineering  
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## OBJECT-ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

Laboratory Activity No. 6

Table Implementation in PyCharm

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## I. Objectives

- To write a program that displays the following image



a	a^2	a^3
1	1	1
2	4	8
3	9	27
4	16	64

## II. Methods

```
print("a\tta^2\tta^3")
```

```
a = 1
```

```
while a<=4:
```

```
    print("{}\t{}\t{}".format(a, a**2, a**3))
```

```
    a += 1
```

The first line of the code is a simple print statement that outputs the header of the table: "a", "a^2", and "a^3", separated by tabs.

The next line initializes the variable 'a' to 1.

The while loop runs as long as 'a' is less than or equal to 4.

Within the loop, the print statement uses string formatting to display the value of 'a', its square (calculated using the exponentiation operator `"`), and its cube (calculated using the exponentiation operator twice). The `'{}'` placeholders in the format string are replaced by the values of 'a', 'a^2', and 'a\*\*3', respectively.

After each iteration of the loop, the value of 'a' is incremented by 1 using the shorthand notation `'a += 1'`.

When the loop terminates, the program exits. The output of the program is a table of values, with each row containing a value of 'a', 'a^2', and 'a^3'. The `'\t'` characters in the print statements are used to separate the columns by a tab character.

## III. Results

