

# 字面量

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码拉松



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# 字面量 (Literal)

```
var age = 10
var isRed = false
var name = "Jack"
```

■ 上面代码中的10、false、"Jack"就是字面量

■ 常见字面量的默认类型

- `public typealias IntegerLiteralType = Int`
- `public typealias FloatLiteralType = Double`
- `public typealias BooleanLiteralType = Bool`
- `public typealias StringLiteralType = String`

■ Swift自带的绝大部分类型，都支持直接通过字面量进行初始化

- Bool、Int、Float、Double、String、Array、Dictionary、Set、Optional等

```
// 可以通过typealias修改字面量的默认类型
typealias FloatLiteralType = Float
typealias IntegerLiteralType = UInt8
var age = 10 // UInt8
var height = 1.68 // Float
```

# 字面量协议

■ Swift自带类型之所以能够通过字面量初始化，是因为它们遵守了对应的协议

▣ Bool : ExpressibleByBooleanLiteral

▣ Int : ExpressibleByIntegerLiteral

▣ Float、Double : ExpressibleByIntegerLiteral、ExpressibleByFloatLiteral

▣ Dictionary : ExpressibleByDictionaryLiteral

▣ String : ExpressibleByStringLiteral

▣ Array、Set : ExpressibleByArrayLiteral

▣ Optional : ExpressibleByNilLiteral

```
var b: Bool = false // ExpressibleByBooleanLiteral
var i: Int = 10 // ExpressibleByIntegerLiteral
var f0: Float = 10 // ExpressibleByIntegerLiteral
var f1: Float = 10.0 // ExpressibleByFloatLiteral
var d0: Double = 10 // ExpressibleByIntegerLiteral
var d1: Double = 10.0 // ExpressibleByFloatLiteral
var s: String = "jack" // ExpressibleByStringLiteral
var arr: Array = [1, 2, 3] // ExpressibleByArrayLiteral
var set: Set = [1, 2, 3] // ExpressibleByArrayLiteral
var dict: Dictionary = ["jack" : 60] // ExpressibleByDictionaryLiteral
var o: Optional<Int> = nil // ExpressibleByNilLiteral
```

# 字面量协议应用

```
extension Int : ExpressibleByBooleanLiteral {  
    public init(booleanLiteral value: Bool) { self = value ? 1 : 0 }  
}  
var num: Int = true  
print(num) // 1
```

■ 有点类似于C++中的转换构造函数

```
class Student : ExpressibleByIntegerLiteral, ExpressibleByFloatLiteral, ExpressibleByStringLiteral,  
CustomStringConvertible {  
    var name: String = ""  
    var score: Double = 0  
    required init(floatLiteral value: Double) { self.score = value }  
    required init(integerLiteral value: Int) { self.score = Double(value) }  
    required init(stringLiteral value: String) { self.name = value }  
    required init(unicodeScalarLiteral value: String) { self.name = value }  
    required init(extendedGraphemeClusterLiteral value: String) { self.name = value }  
    var description: String { "name=\(name),score=\(score)" }  
}  
var stu: Student = 90  
print(stu) // name=,score=90.0  
stu = 98.5  
print(stu) // name=,score=98.5  
stu = "Jack"  
print(stu) // name=Jack,score=0.0
```

# 字面量协议应用

```
struct Point {  
    var x = 0.0, y = 0.0  
}  
  
extension Point : ExpressibleByArrayLiteral, ExpressibleByDictionaryLiteral {  
    init(arrayLiteral elements: Double...) {  
        guard elements.count > 0 else { return }  
        self.x = elements[0]  
        guard elements.count > 1 else { return }  
        self.y = elements[1]  
    }  
    init(dictionaryLiteral elements: (String, Double)...) {  
        for (k, v) in elements {  
            if k == "x" { self.x = v }  
            else if k == "y" { self.y = v }  
        }  
    }  
}  
  
var p: Point = [10.5, 20.5]  
print(p) // Point(x: 10.5, y: 20.5)  
p = ["x" : 11, "y" : 22]  
print(p) // Point(x: 11.0, y: 22.0)
```