

INFS7901

Database Principles

Introduction

Hassan Khosravi & Ash Rahimi

A Little About Me

- **Name:** Ash Rahimi
- **Email:** a.rahimi@uq.edu.au
- **Teaching:** I have taught Machine Learning at The University of Melbourne to a class of about 250 students, and now I'm here with you at UQ to teach you Database Principles. Anyone **mistakenly** here for their Physics or Chemistry subject?
- **Research:** Natural Language Processing with applications in Social Media Analysis and Health.

Team



Dr Ash Rahimi

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Office Location 78-633

Office Hours Zoom Consultation Tuesdays 16-17 <https://uqz.zoom.us/j/89209429983>

Personal Link <https://afshinrahimi.github.io>

Notes

I'm the coordinator and lecturer for INFS7901, Database Principles. I'm passionate about research in the Natural Language Processing (NLP) field.

Looking forward to meeting you all.



Ms Tejeshvini Ashre

Email t.ashre@uq.net.au

Personal Link <http://https://www.linkedin.com/in/tejeshvini-ashre/>

Notes

Hey, I'm a second year Masters student pursuing Master of Data Science. My interests include DBMS, Data Warehousing, Data Mining and Data Visualization.

I will be your tutor for this semester. Feel free to contact me, in case you need help with the course.



Rischan Mafrur

Email r.mafrur@uq.edu.au

Office Location GP South 78-624

Office Hours By appointment

Personal Link <https://pydatascience.org/contact/>

Notes

I'm a PhD student @UQ. I am a member of the Data Science group, my research interests include Data Exploration, Mining and Visualization.

If you require any further information, feel free to contact me.



Talia Garrett-Benson

Email t.garrettbenison@uq.edu.au

Notes

I've just graduated from a Bachelor of Music (Hons)/Bachelor of Science majoring in computer science. I'm passionate about databases and opera singing.



A Little About You

- Introduce yourself to your neighbours
 - Shy? No worries we have examples for you.
 - Introduce yourself.
 - What major you're doing?
 - Which semester?
 - Which practical are you going? Today or tomorrow?
 - You didn't know? Practicals start from tomorrow.
 - Oh this lecturer is so boring, isn't he?
 - Would you like to join our team for the project?

Course Related Information

An Overview of Relational Database Management Systems (DBMSs)

Primary Goal of this Course

1. Reason with the logical foundation of the relational data model and understand the fundamental principles of correct relational database design.
2. Express natural language queries using relational algebra and SQL.
3. Analyse the fundamental techniques and algorithms applied for sorting, tree manipulation, and hashing on structured data.
4. Reason with the logical foundation on how data is indexed and how a query is executed and optimised.
5. Design relational databases with considerations of data integrity and system performance.

Course Introduction

Relational Databases

Data Access Methods

Indexing and Query Processing

Course Introduction

Relational Databases (Most of INFS1200)

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Duration | 6 weeks |
| Main Topics | Relational Database Design, Relational Model, Functional Dependencies and Normal Forms, SQL |

Data Access Methods (An intro to many of the topics covered in COMP3506)

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Duration | 4 weeks |
| Main Topics | Asymptotic Analysis, Searching and Sorting, Abstract Data Types (Dictionary), Binary Search Trees, Hashing |

Indexing and Query Processing (Some of the topics covered in INFS2200)

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Duration | 2 weeks |
| Main Topics | Tree- and Hash-Based Indexes, Relational Algebra, Query Optimization, |

Tentative Course Schedule

| Dates | Face-to-Face Learning Activities | | | Additional Learning Resources | Assessment | |
|-----------------------|---|---|-----------------|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | Lecture | Tutorial | Practical | | Project and exams | RiPPL |
| Week 1 24 Feb | Intro + ER Diagrams | Setup and installment required Software (guide 1 & 2) | | ER diagrams worksheet Elmasri: Chapters 3 and 4 | | Round 1 (10 March) |
| Week 2 3 March | Relational Model and Mapping | Developing web applications (guide 3 & 4) | | Relational Model and Mapping worksheets Elmasri: Chapters 5 and 9 | | |
| Week 3 10 March | FD and Normalization | SQL with PHPMyAdmin and MySQL (guide 5 and self-learning) | | FD and Normalization worksheets Elmasri: Chapter 14 and 15 | | |
| Week 4 17 March | Basic SQL | Practical work + Work on project | | Basic SQL worksheet Elmasri: Chapter 6 and 7 | Project Proposal (17 March) | Round 2 (31 March) |
| Week 5 24 Mar | Advance SQL | | | Advanced SQL worksheet Elmasri: Chapter 6 and 7 | | |
| Week 6 31 March | Midterm Quiz | Work on Project | | | Quiz | |
| 7 April (5 -11 April) | Mid-semester Break | | | | | |
| Week 7 14 Apr | Asymptotic Analysis | Notebook on Asymptotic Analysis | Work on Project | interactivepython: Chapter 2 | Formal Specification (14 April) | Round 3 (28 Apr) |
| Week 8 21 Apr | Sorting | Notebook on Sorting | Work on Project | interactivepython: Chapter 5 | | |
| Week 9 28 Apr | Binary Trees | Notebook on Trees | Work on Project | interactivepython: Section 6 | | |
| Week 10 5 May | Hashing | Notebook on Hashing | Work on Project | interactivepython: Section 5.5 | | Round 4 (26 May) |
| Week 11 12 May | Indexing | Work on Project | | Elmasri: Chapter 18 | | |
| Week 12 19 May | Relational Algebra & Query Optimization | Work on Project | | Elmasri: Chapter 19 | | |
| Week 13 26 May | Review and Final notes | Project Presentation | | | Completed Project (26 May) | |
| Exam Period | | | | | Final exam | |

Available on the Learning Resources page on Blackboard

Primary Goal of this Course

- You'll learn the most by *doing*. To help, we'll provide:
 - **Active Lectures:** many in-class activities
 - **Practicals:** hands on experience in implementing small scale information systems
 - **Project:** work individually towards the design and implementation of an information system.
 - **Additional practice questions and solutions:** To give you more practice for exams.
 - **Adaptive Learning:** a big repository of questions built in partnership with you.

For requests related to signing up to Tutorials and Practical email
signon@eait.uq.edu.au

Active Learning

- We will regularly be using active learning activities in this course.
 - Pre-lecture notes: usually posted a week before each module starts
 - Post-lecture notes: posted shortly after each lecture.
- In-class activities to get you to thinking about the course content.

Project

- You are required to select an application that would benefit from a database and build a database application from start to finish.
- You will be working in teams of **four** members. Please fill [this form](#) to help me assign you to diverse groups.
- The project has three deliverables.
- Please review the project description, which is posted on Blackboard under Assessment

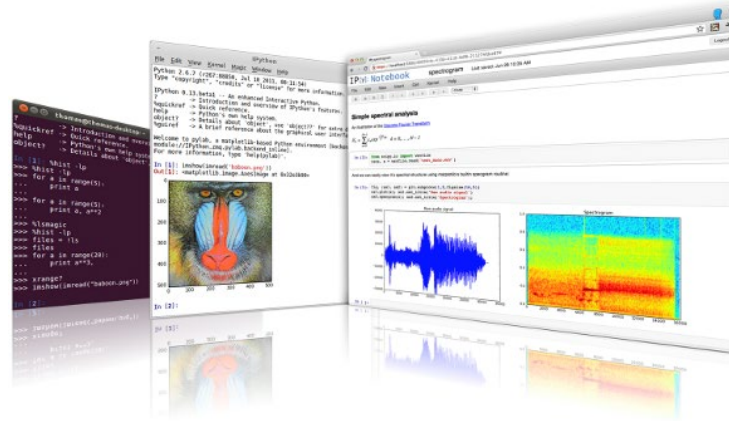
phpMyAdmin

- phpMyAdmin is a free software tool intended to handle the administration of [MySQL](#) over the Web.
- It will be used for running SQL queries as well as your project.



Hands on labs in IPython Notebook

- [IPython](#) provides a rich architecture for interactive computing with:
 - A powerful interactive shell.
 - A kernel for Jupyter, which is a web application that allows you to create and share documents that contain live code, equations, visualizations and explanatory text.



The RiPPLE Platform

- RiPPLE recommends personalised learning resources to you based on your knowledge from a repository of learning resources that are generated by instructors and the students themselves

The screenshot displays the RiPPLE platform interface. On the left is a dark sidebar with a user profile for Hassan K. DEMO1000 - Demo Semester, and navigation links for PROFILE, RESOURCES, VIEW & RESPOND, CREATE, MODERATION, ASSESSMENT, NOTIFICATIONS, and COURSE LEADERS.

The main content area features a bar chart titled "Your Current Results vs. Peers" comparing "Your Results" (solid bars) and "Class Average" (dotted line). The chart shows scores for five topics: Areas & Volume (~1050), Probability (~1030), Finance (~1120), Statistics (~950), and Geometric Reasoning (~980).

Below the chart is a filter bar with options: Sort By (Recommended), Descending, Filter Types & Topics, Filter Resources (Incomplete Resources), and Search. It also indicates "Resources per page: 25" and "1-18 of 18".

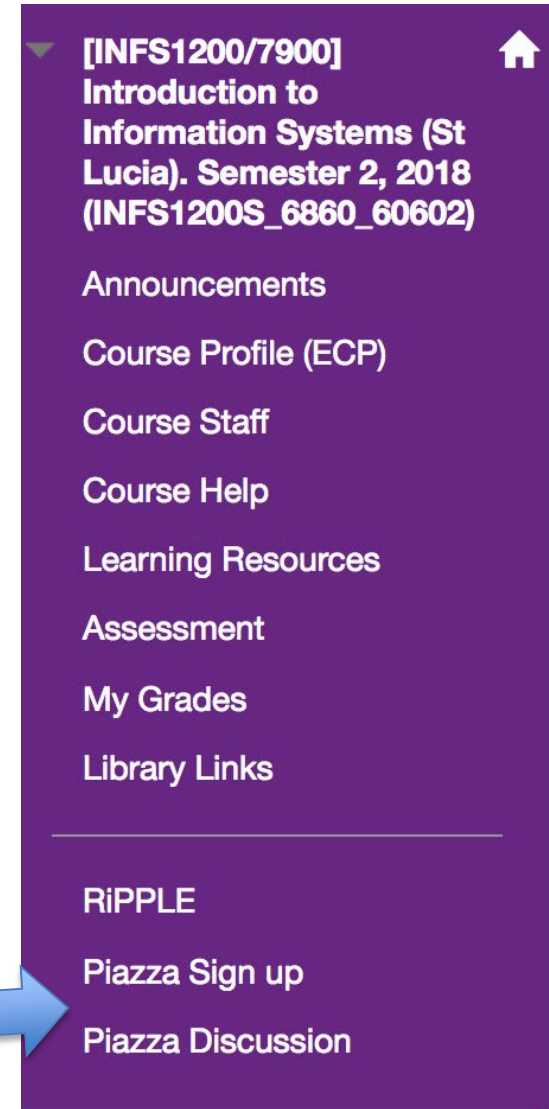
The resource grid contains four items:

- Topic Review: Geometric Reasoning**: Includes a diagram of a straight line with angles a and b , and axioms: $a + b = 180^\circ$ and $a + b + c = 360^\circ$. It has 1000 views and 3 comments.
- Step by step solution: Probability**: Describes determining the probability of the total when two dice are thrown. It has 1000 views and 1 comment.
- Additional Resources for the curious**: Features a video titled "How to count to 1000 on two hands" with 817 views. It has 1000 views and 3 comments.
- Topic Review: Areas & Volume**: Defines surface area and provides formulas for rectangle, triangle, and circle. It has 1000 views and 3 comments.

On the right, a "Change Visualisation Data" panel shows "Current Ratings" and "Topics to Visualise" (Areas & Volume, Probability, Finance, Statistics, Geometric Rea...). Below this, a question "What is the value of x?" is shown with a diagram and 64% rating, 969 views, 12 comments, and 2 answers.

Piazza – Discussion Board

- Piazza is a Q&A web service. It can be described as "mixture between a wiki and a forum."
- It will be used by the Teaching team to communicate with you
- You can use it to ask questions, and to respond to other students' questions.
 - **Please** actively participate and answer questions yourselves.
 - **Please** don't email or send private posts to instructors about course content so that others benefit from discussions.
- Register via the BlackBoard webpage (now)



Planned Assessments

| Assessment Task | Due Date | Weighting |
|-----------------|--------------------|-----------|
| In-class quiz | 31 March | 20% |
| RiPPLE | Various due dates | 10% |
| Project | Various due dates | 35% |
| Final exam | Examination period | 35% |

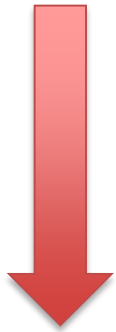
Get Organised

- Read the course profile
- Make sure that you can access the blackboard site for the course
- Sign up for a Tutorial and Practical session
- Sign up for Piazza
- Review the project description
- Start using RiPPLE to practice.

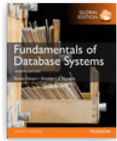
Additional Learning Resources


Fundamentals of Database Systems

Available in
digital at UQ
Library



https://search.library.uq.edu.au/primo-explore/fulldisplay?docid=61UQ_ALMA5121214549000313

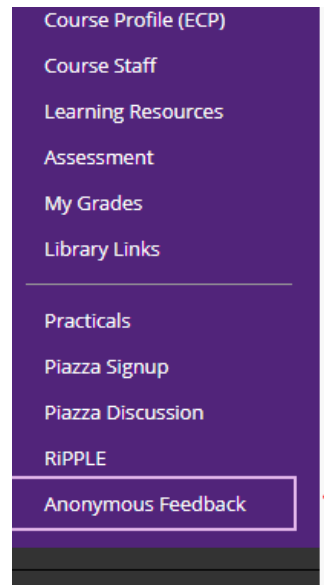
 **BOOK**
Fundamentals of database systems Ramez Elmasri,
Shamkant B. Navathe.
Elmasri, Ramez
Seventh edition.; Global edition.. 2017

Available at D. H. Engineering & Sciences [High Use \(QA76.9.D3 E57 2017 \) and other locations >](#)
[Available online](#)  [>](#)

Online Resource: Problem Solving with Algorithms and Data Structures using Python
<http://interactivepython.org/runestone/static/pythonds/index.html>

Anonymous Feedback

- You can use [this form](#) to provide **anonymous feedback** to me.



- My main intention is to provide you with the opportunity to express what you like or dislike about the course anonymously.
- Feedback of all kinds are welcome!
- If appropriate, I might post your comment or a paraphrase of it on the discussion boards and respond to it (it will be anonymous).

Course Related Information

An Overview of Relational Database Management Systems (DBMSs)

Learning Outcomes

| Description | Tag |
|---|------|
| Define the term database. | |
| Explain the purpose of having a database. | DBMS |
| Explain the high-level objectives of having a DBMS. | |

**The
Economist**

Theresa May v Brussels

Ten years on: banking after the crisis

South Korea's unfinished revolution

Biology, but without the cells

MAY 6TH-12TH 2017

The world's most valuable resource



**Data and the new rules
of competition**

Data is the
new fuel for the
global economy

WHERE is this data

WHAT can you do with it

WHY is data so important

WHO owns this data

HOW can you use it

Data Management

- Data Management is an essential skill for future workforce. It can be used to capture, store, retrieve, analyze, present and interpret (large amount of) data!
- **Ride sharing** is an example of an *application area* where data plays a central role.

Think of another example and discuss with the person next to you how data plays a central role in your example application.

Possible Responses



Impact

Commerce



Cash management

Pricing

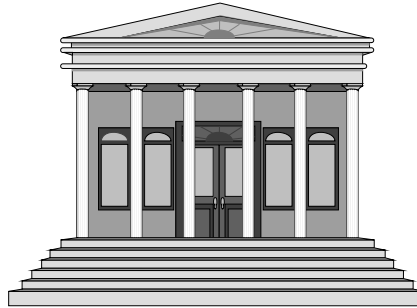
Employee records

Purchasing

Reordering

Trend analysis

Government



Law Enforcement

Election Commission

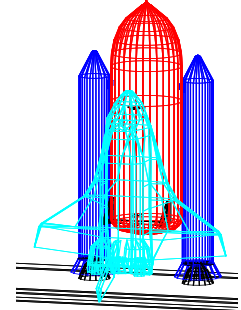
Taxation

Legal Systems

Transport & Utilities

City Councils

Science and Engineering



Health and Medicine

Space Exploration

Geography (GIS)

Architecture

Military and Defense

Telecommunications

A Motivating Example

- Suppose you are building a system to store the information pertaining to a university from scratch. You have access to an operating system of your choice, but that's it. What are some the things you need to consider for building this system?

Discuss with the person next to you.

Potential Responses



What is a database?

- A database is an organized collection of related data, usually stored on disk. It is typically:
 - Important data
 - Shared
 - Secured
 - Well-designed (minimal redundancy)
 - Variable size
- A DB typically models some real-world enterprise
 - Entities (e.g., students, courses)
 - Relationships (e.g., Ting got 95% in CPSC 221)

What is a DBMS?

- A **Database Management System (DBMS)** is a software system designed to store and manage databases. It is used to:
 - Maintain integrity (**Module 1.3**)
 - Control redundancy (**Module 1.4**)
 - Create, modify, and query a database (**Module 1.5**)
- Provide support for decision making
 - Control access
 - Permit concurrent access
 - Provide loading, backup, and recovery

Covered in future INFS courses

Questions

Which of the following is not a function of the DBMS

- A. Enforce integrity constraints
- B. Design the database to be used
- C. Backup and Recovery of Database
- D. Provide secure access to the database

Questions

Which of the following is not a function of the DBMS

- A. Enforce integrity constraints
- B. Design the database to be used
- C. Backup and Recovery of Database
- D. Provide secure access to the database

Learning Outcomes Revisited

| Description | Tag |
|---|------|
| Define the term database. | |
| Explain the purpose of having a database. | DBMS |
| Explain the high-level objectives of having a DBMS. | |