CS 109B Advanced Topics in Data Science, Final Project, Milestone 4

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Harvard University Spring 2017

Due Date: Wednesday, April 26th, 2017 at 11:59pm

Milestone 4: Deep learning, due Wednesday, April 26, 2017

For this milestone you will (finally) use deep learning to predict movie genres. You will train one small network from scratch on the posters only, and compare this one to a pre-trained network that you fine tune. Here (https://keras.io/getting-started/faq/#how-can-i-use-pre-trained-models-in-keras) is a description of how to use pretrained models in Keras.

You can try different architectures, initializations, parameter settings, optimization methods, etc. Be adventurous and explore deep learning! It can be fun to combine the features learned by the deep learning model with a SVM, or incorporate meta data into your deep learning model.

Note: Be mindful of the longer training times for deep models. Not only for training time, but also for the parameter tuning efforts. You need time to develop a feel for the different parameters and which settings work, which normalization you want to use, which model architecture you choose, etc.

It is great that we have GPUs via AWS to speed up the actual computation time, but you need to be mindful of your AWS credits. The GPU instances are not cheap and can accumulate costs rather quickly. Think about your model first and do some quick dry runs with a larger learning rate or large batch size on your local machine.

The notebook to submit this week should at least include:

- Complete description of the deep network you trained from scratch, including parameter settings, performance, features learned, etc.
- Complete description of the pre-trained network that you fine tuned, including parameter settings, performance, features learned, etc.
- Discussion of the results, how much improvement you gained with fine tuning, etc.
- Discussion of at least one additional exploratory idea you pursued

```
#!pip install keras
#!pip install tensorflow
#!pip install tensorflow.python
#!pip install h5py
```

In [1]:

In [1]:

```
from __future__ import print_function
import matplotlib
%matplotlib inline
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
sns.set_style('white')
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from scipy import misc
import time
from sklearn.preprocessing import MultiLabelBinarizer
```

In [2]:

```
import keras
from keras.datasets import mnist
from keras.models import Sequential, Model
from keras.layers import Dense, Activation, Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten, Dropo
ut, GlobalAveragePooling2D
from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator, array_to_img, img_to_a
rray, load_img
from keras.optimizers import SGD
from keras import backend as K
from keras.applications.inception_v3 import InceptionV3
from keras import regularizers
```

Using TensorFlow backend.

The following explicit setting of the random seed was not used in testing and tuning efforts, as it would create a propensity to fit a particular dataset. It was included only to make re-executions of the notebook match the exact text supplied in the analysis.

```
In [3]:
```

```
import random
random.seed(42)
```

Load, split, and prepare the data.

```
In [4]:
```

```
def load poster data(image size, source size = 'w92', verbose = False):
    # Loads the poster image data at the requested size, the assigned genre, and
the movie id.
    y labels = pd.read csv('y labels multiclass.csv')
    image path = './posters/' + source size + '/'
    posters = pd.DataFrame()
    for movie in y labels.iterrows():
        row = movie[0]
        movie id = movie[1]['movie id']
        genre_id = int(movie[1]['genre_id'].replace('[', '').replace(']',''))
            image = misc.imread(image path + str(movie id) + '.jpg')
            image resize = img to array(misc.imresize(image, image size))
            if (image resize.shape[2]==3):
                posters = posters.append({'movie id' : movie id,
                                           'genre_id' : genre_id,
                                           'poster' : image resize}, ignore index
= True)
        except IOError:
            if (verbose == True):
                print('Unable to load poster for movie #', movie_id)
    print('Loaded ', posters.shape[0], ' posters.')
    return posters
```

```
In [5]:
```

```
def stratified_sampler(dataset, observations):
    # Performs a stratified sample on the dataset and returns the number of obse
rvations
    # requested.
    #
    # Parameters:
                   The dataframe to sample, observing class relationships.
    #
         dataset:
                       The number of total target observations across all class
         observations:
es.
    #
    # Returns:
         A pandas dataframe sampled from the dataset maintaining class relations
hips.
    class weights = dataset.groupby("genre id").agg(['count'])/len(dataset)
    class sample counts = class weights * observations
    class count = class weights.shape[0]
    sampled = pd.DataFrame()
    for class to sample in class sample counts.iterrows():
        class name = class to sample[0]
        desired class observations = class to sample[1][0]
        sampled obs = dataset[dataset["genre id"]==class name].sample(int(desire
d class observations), replace="True")
        sampled = sampled.append(sampled_obs, ignore index=True)
    return sampled, class count
```

In [6]:

```
def reshape_and_normalize(data):
    # Reshape the dataset and normalize the 8-bit RGB values to floats.
    image_count = data.shape[0]
    temp = np.ndarray(shape=(image_count, data[0].shape[0], data[0].shape[1], 3)
)

for index in range(0, image_count):
    try:
        temp[index] = data[index].reshape(data[0].shape[0], data[0].shape[1]

except ValueError:
    print(data[index].shape)

# Since we use relu ubiquitously, normalize to [0,1]
temp = temp.astype('float32')
temp /= 255.0

return temp
```

```
In [7]:
```

```
def normalize_responses(data):
    # Replace the genre ids to a sequential set from 0..classes
    unique_responses = np.sort(data["genre_id"].unique())
    data["genre_id"] = data["genre_id"].replace(unique_responses, range(0,len(unique_responses)), inplace=False)
    return data
```

```
In [8]:
def load split prepare data(train observations, test observations, image size, s
ample = 'stratified'):
    # Loads, splits, and prepares the data for use by a CNN model.
    # Parameters:
         train observations: The dataframe to sample, observing class relations
hips.
         test observations: The number of total target observations across all
    #
classes.
    #
         sample:
                  The sampling method, currently only supports 'stratified'
    #
    # Returns:
         The training and testing datasets, with normalized images and categoric
al responses.
         The number of classes.
    posters data = load poster data(image size)
    posters = normalize responses(posters data)
    class weights = posters.groupby("genre id").agg(['count'])["movie id"].to di
ct()["count"]
    if (sample == 'stratified'):
        train sample, class count train = stratified sampler(posters, train obse
rvations)
        remaining posters = posters[~posters["movie id"].isin(train sample["movi
e id"])]
        test sample, class count test = stratified sampler(remaining posters, te
st observations)
    else:
        raise('Unsupported sample method : ', sample)
    x_train = train_sample["poster"]
    y train = train sample["genre id"]
    x test = test sample["poster"]
    y_test = test_sample["genre_id"]
    img rows = x train[0].shape[0]
    img cols = x train[0].shape[1]
    print('Classes : ', class count train)
    x_train = reshape_and_normalize(x_train)
    x_test = reshape_and_normalize(x_test)
    print('x_train shape:', x_train.shape)
   print(x_train.shape[0], 'train samples')
    print(x_test.shape[0], 'test samples')
    # Convert response to one hot encoding
    y train = keras.utils.to categorical(y train, class count train)
    y test = keras.utils.to categorical(y test, class count test)
```

return (x train, y train), (x test, y test), class weights

```
In [10]:
(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test), class_weights = load_split_prepare_data(tr
ain observations = 5000,
st observations = 1000,
```

te

im

sa

```
Loaded 6824
             posters.
Classes: 7
x train shape: (4996, 138, 92, 3)
4996 train samples
996 test samples
```

classes = len(class weights.keys())

age size = (138,92),

mple='stratified')

Baseline (Simple) Multiclass CNN

In [16]:

```
final activation function = 'softmax'
input activation function = 'relu'
input kernel size = (5,5)
input shape = (138, 92, 3)
pool size = (3,3)
hidden activation function = 'relu'
hidden kernel size = (3,3)
loss method = 'categorical crossentropy'
# Learning rate manually tuned based on model performance, too high numerically
# results in nearly no improvement per epoch, and too low numerically doesn't
# cause the weights to change significantly (fine tuning)
optimizer = SGD(lr=0.1, momentum=0.9)
eval metric = 'accuracy'
# smaller batch size means noisier gradient, but more updates per epoch
batch size = 512
# number of iterations over the complete training data
epochs = 200
```

```
In [12]:
# create an empty network model
model = Sequential()
# Input Layer
model.add(Conv2D(16, kernel size=input kernel size, activation=input activation
function, input shape=input shape))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=pool_size))
# Hidden Layer(s)
model.add(Conv2D(32, kernel_size=hidden_kernel_size, activation=hidden_activatio
n function))
model.add(Dropout(0.25))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=pool size))
# Classification layer with Regularizers
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(64, activation=hidden activation function))
model.add(Dropout(0.5))
model.add(Dense(classes, activation=final activation function))
# Compile the model.
model.compile(loss=loss method, optimizer=optimizer, metrics=[eval_metric])
In [13]:
debug flag = 1
In [22]:
def train_evaluate_CNN(x_train, y_train, x_test, y_test, model, batch_size, epoc
hs, verbose, show_layers,
                       validation split, weights filename, plot title, class wei
ghts, augment data = False):
    # Trains and evaluates the performance numerically and graphically of a comp
iled Convolutional Neural Net.
    # Parameters:
         x train, y train: The predictors and responses of the training set.
    #
         x_test, y_test: The predictors and responses of the test set.
    #
         model: The compiled CNN model.
    #
         batch size: The batch size used in training.
    #
         epochs: The number of epochs to train.
    #
         verbose: If 1, will display the intermediate epoch training results.
    #
         show layers: If True, will display the model layers and parameters.
    #
         validation split: The percentage of the training set to use as a valid
ation set for tuning.
    #
         weights filename: The name of the file to store the tuned weights in.
    #
         plot title: The model title to include in the performance plot.
                         The relative class weights.
         class weights:
    #
         augment data: If true, will augment the input dataset dramatically inc
reasing size.
```

```
#
    # Returns:
    #
         test accuracy: The test accuracy (as a float)
         train time: The time spent training the model, in seconds.
    start time = time.time()
    if (augment data == True):
        datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
            featurewise_center=True,
            samplewise center=False,
            featurewise std normalization=True,
            samplewise_std_normalization=False,
            zca whitening=False,
            rotation range=20,
            width shift range=0.2,
            height shift range=0.2,
            horizontal flip=True,
            vertical flip=False)
        datagen.fit(x train)
        history = model.fit generator(datagen.flow(x train, y train, batch size=
batch size),
                                       steps_per_epoch=16,
                                       epochs=epochs,
                                       verbose=verbose)
    else:
        history = model.fit(x train, y train,
                            batch size=batch_size,
                            epochs=epochs,
                            verbose=verbose,
                            class weight=class weights,
                            validation_split = validation_split)
    end time = time.time()
    train time = end time - start time
    print('Time to train model with ', epochs, ' epochs is : ', train_time, ' se
conds.')
    # Evaluate the performance on the testing set.
    score = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=verbose)
    print('Test loss:', score[0])
    print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
    if (show layers == 1):
        print(model.summary())
    model.save_weights(weights_filename + '_weights.h5')
    plt.plot(history.history['acc'])
    plt.axhline(y=score[1], color='r')
    plt.xlabel("Epoch")
    plt.ylabel("Accuracy")
    plt.title("Training Accuracy, " + plot_title);
    print(plt.show())
    plt.plot(history.history['val loss'])
    plt.xlabel("Epoch")
```

```
plt.ylabel("Validation Loss")
    plt.title("Training Accuracy, " + plot_title);
    print(plt.show())
    # Return the TEST set accuracy.
    return(score[1], train time)
In [15]:
experiment results = pd.DataFrame()
In [18]:
         Scale class weights
# Test:
scaled weights = \{0: 1.93229167,
                  1: 4.31770833,
                  2: 8.32291667, 3: 8.15625, 4: 7.33854167, 5: 1.0, 6: 4.4739583
3}
uniform weights = {0: 1., 1: 1., 2: 1., 3: 1., 4: 1., 5: 1.0, 6: 1.}
In [17]:
# The actual training of the CNN using the parameters and model previously speci
fied.
# The validation set is a split of the stratified sampled training data.
experiment = 'Baseline Model, Multiclass'
accuracy, train time = train evaluate CNN(x train, y train, x test, y test, mode
1,
                                           batch size, epochs=100,
                                           verbose=debug flag, show layers=1,
                                           validation split=0.15,
                                           weights filename='baseline',
                                           class weights=uniform weights,
                                           plot_title=experiment)
experiment results = experiment results.append({'Name' : experiment,
                                                 'Test Accuracy' : accuracy,
                                                 'Train Time': train time}, ignor
```

e index=True)

Train on 4246 samples, validate on 750 samples Epoch 1/100 : 0.2414 - val loss: 4.2872 - val acc: 0.0000e+00 Epoch 2/100 : 0.2605 - val_loss: 4.2008 - val_acc: 0.0000e+00 Content manually removed for brevity. Epoch 99/100 : 0.8493 - val loss: 11.5140 - val acc: 0.0067 Epoch 100/100 : 0.8545 - val_loss: 10.7931 - val_acc: 0.0053 Time to train model with 100 epochs is: 275.826075077 seconds. s: 3.84234348358 Test accuracy: 0.327309236948

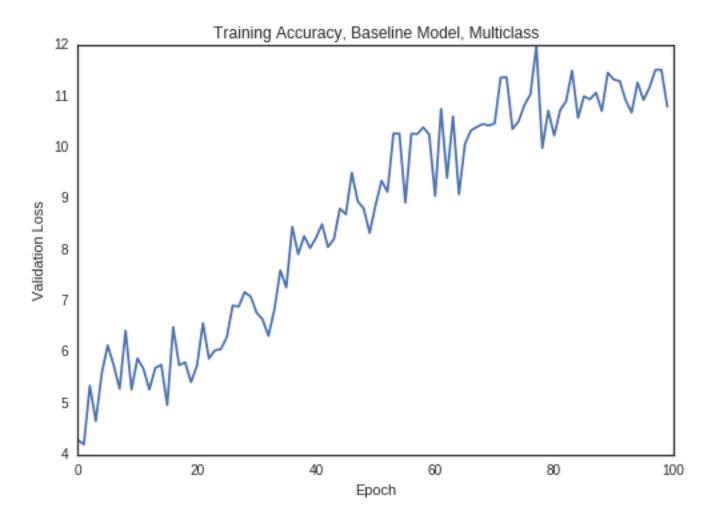
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 134, 88, 16)	1216
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2	(None, 44, 29, 16)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 42, 27, 32)	4640
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 42, 27, 32)	0
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2	(None, 14, 9, 32)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 4032)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 64)	258112
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 64)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 7)	455

Total params: 264,423

Trainable params: 264,423 Non-trainable params: 0

None





None

Baseline Regularized Multiclass Model

```
In [18]:
```

```
# create an empty network model
model = Sequential()
# Input Layer
model.add(Conv2D(16, kernel size=input kernel size, activation=input activation
function, input shape=input shape))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=pool size))
# Hidden Layer(s)
model.add(Conv2D(32, kernel size=hidden kernel size, activation=hidden activatio
n function))
model.add(Dropout(0.25))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=pool size))
# Classification layer with Regularizers
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(64, activation=hidden activation function,
                activity regularizer=regularizers.11(0.1)))
model.add(Dropout(0.5))
model.add(Dense(classes, activation=final activation function))
# Compile the model.
model.compile(loss=loss method, optimizer=optimizer, metrics=[eval metric])
```

In [19]:

```
# The actual training of the CNN using the parameters and model previously speci
fied.
# The validation set is a split of the stratified sampled training data.
experiment = 'Baseline Model, Regularized Multiclass'
accuracy, train time = train evaluate CNN(x train, y_train, x_test, y_test, mode
1,
                                          batch size, epochs=100,
                                          verbose=debug flag, show layers=1,
                                          validation split=0.2,
                                          weights filename='baseline reg',
                                          class weights=scaled weights,
                                          plot title=experiment)
experiment results = experiment results.append({'Name': experiment,
                                                 'Test Accuracy' : accuracy,
                                                 'Train Time': train time}, ignor
e index=True)
```

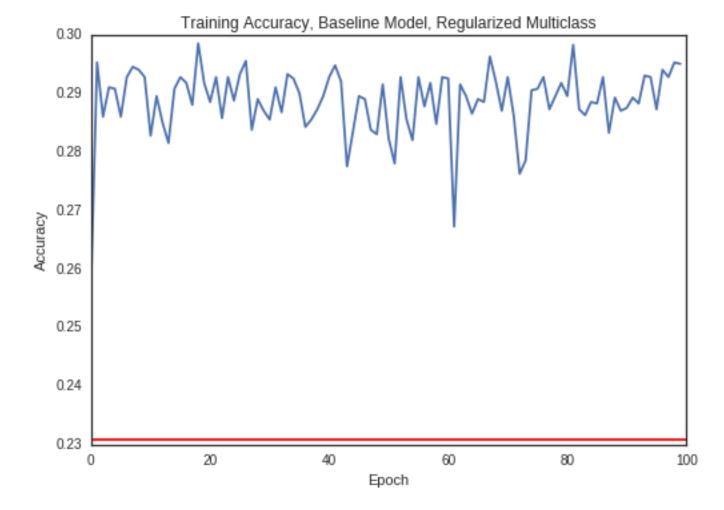
Train on 3996 samples, validate on 1000 samples Epoch 1/100 cc: 0.2578 - val loss: 16.9834 - val acc: 0.0000e+00 Epoch 2/100 : 0.2953 - val_loss: 21.8222 - val_acc: 0.0000e+00 Content Manually Removed for Brevity. Epoch 98/100 3996/3996 [==============] - 2s - loss: 9.5470 - acc : 0.2928 - val loss: 29.8453 - val acc: 0.0000e+00 Epoch 99/100 : 0.2953 - val loss: 29.7558 - val acc: 0.0000e+00 Epoch 100/100 : 0.2950 - val_loss: 29.9154 - val_acc: 0.0000e+00 Time to train model with 100 epochs is: 263.02725482 seconds. 321363 Test accuracy: 0.230923694779 Output Ch

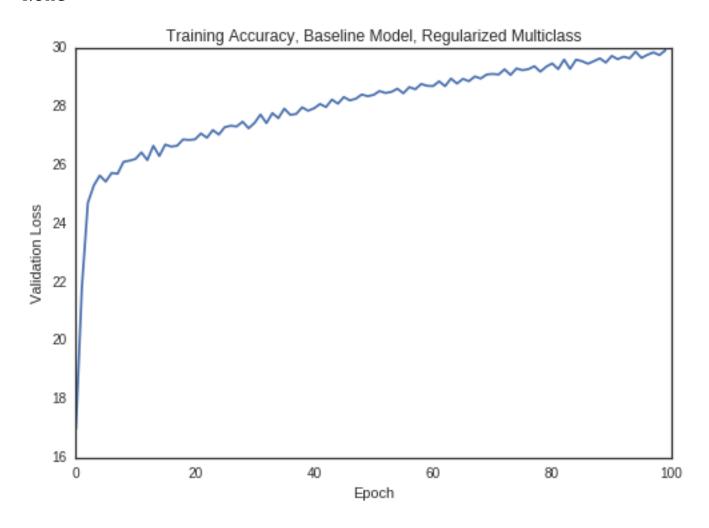
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 134, 88, 1	6) 1216
<pre>max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling2</pre>	(None, 44, 29, 16) 0
conv2d_4 (Conv2D)	(None, 42, 27, 32) 4640
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None, 42, 27, 32) 0
max_pooling2d_4 (MaxPooling2	(None, 14, 9, 32)	0
flatten_2 (Flatten)	(None, 4032)	0
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 64)	258112
dropout_4 (Dropout)	(None, 64)	0
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 7)	455

Total params: 264,423

Trainable params: 264,423 Non-trainable params: 0

None





None

Baseline (Simple) Model with Data Augmentation

```
In [20]:
```

```
# Recreate the same model (to start "fresh") for using augmented dataset.
# create an empty network model
model aug = Sequential()
# Input Layer
model aug.add(Conv2D(16, kernel size=input kernel size, activation=input activat
ion function, input shape=input shape))
model aug.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=pool size))
# Hidden Layer(s)
model aug.add(Conv2D(32, kernel size=hidden kernel size, activation=hidden activ
ation function))
model aug.add(Dropout(0.25))
model aug.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=pool size))
# Classification layer
model aug.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(64, activation=hidden activation function,
                activity regularizer=regularizers.11(0.1)))
model aug.add(Dropout(0.5))
model aug.add(Dense(classes, activation=final activation function))
# Compile the model.
model aug.compile(loss=loss method, optimizer=optimizer, metrics=[eval metric])
```

In [21]:

```
# The actual training of the CNN using the parameters and model previously speci
fied.
# The validation set is a split of the stratified sampled training data.
experiment = 'Baseline Augmented Model, Multiclass'
accuracy, train_time = train_evaluate_CNN(x_train, y_train, x_test, y_test, mode
l aug,
                                           batch size, epochs=200,
                                           verbose=debug flag,
                                           show layers=1,
                                           validation split=0.20,
                                           weights filename='baseline aug',
                                           plot title=experiment,
                                           class_weights = scaled_weights,
                                           augment data = True)
experiment_results = experiment_results.append({'Name' : experiment,
                                                 'Test Accuracy' : accuracy,
                                                 'Train Time': train time}, ignor
e index=True)
```

```
.1940
Epoch 2/200
.2272
Content Manually Removed for Brevity.
Epoch 198/200
16/16 [=============== ] - 16s - loss: 1.7769 - acc: 0
.2332
Epoch 199/200
.2354
Epoch 200/200
.2294
Time to train model with 200 epochs is: 3356.23466086 seconds.
567457
Test accuracy: 0.232931726908
```

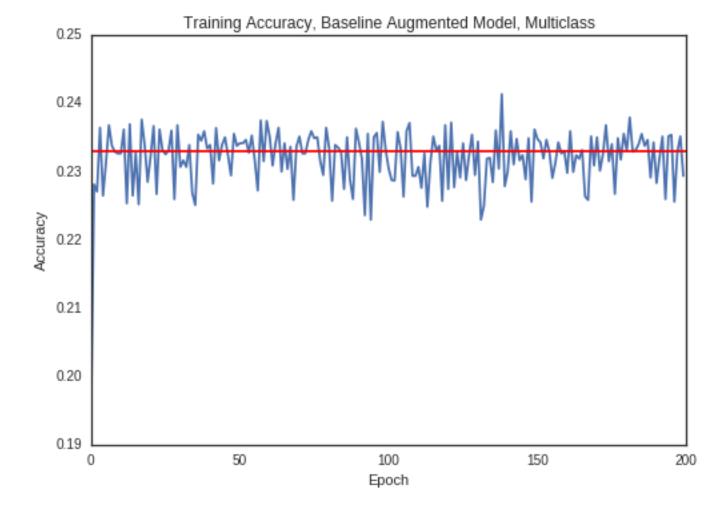
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_5 (Conv2D)	(None, 134, 88, 16)	1216
max_pooling2d_5 (MaxPooling2	(None, 44, 29, 16)	0
conv2d_6 (Conv2D)	(None, 42, 27, 32)	4640
dropout_5 (Dropout)	(None, 42, 27, 32)	0
<pre>max_pooling2d_6 (MaxPooling2</pre>	(None, 14, 9, 32)	0
flatten_3 (Flatten)	(None, 4032)	0
dropout_6 (Dropout)	(None, 4032)	0
dense_6 (Dense) ============	(None, 7) ============	28231 ========

Total params: 34,087

Epoch 1/200

Trainable params: 34,087 Non-trainable params: 0

None



Baseline Model with Additional Layer

```
In [22]:
# create an empty network model
model2 = Sequential()
```

```
# Input Layer
model2.add(Conv2D(16, kernel size=input kernel size, activation=input activation
function, input shape=input shape))
model2.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=pool_size))
# Hidden Layer(s)
model2.add(Conv2D(32, kernel_size=hidden_kernel_size, activation=hidden_activati
on function))
model2.add(Dropout(0.25))
model2.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=pool size))
model2.add(Conv2D(48, kernel size=hidden kernel size, activation=hidden activati
on function))
model2.add(Dropout(0.25))
model2.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=pool size))
# Classification layer
model2.add(Flatten())
model2.add(Dense(64, activation=hidden activation function))
model2.add(Dropout(0.5))
model2.add(Dense(classes, activation=final activation function))
# Compile the model.
model2.compile(loss=loss method, optimizer=optimizer, metrics=[eval metric])
```

In [23]:

```
# The actual training of the CNN using the parameters and model previously speci
fied.
experiment = 'Baseline Model with Additional Layers, Multiclass'
accuracy, train_time = train_evaluate_CNN(x_train, y_train, x_test, y_test, mode
12,
                                          batch size, epochs=200,
                                          verbose=debug flag, show layers=True,
                                           validation split=0.15,
                                           weights filename='baseline addl layer'
                                           class weights=scaled weights,
                                          plot title=experiment)
experiment results = experiment results.append({'Name' : experiment,
                                                 'Test Accuracy' : accuracy,
                                                 'Train Time': train time}, ignor
e index=True)
```

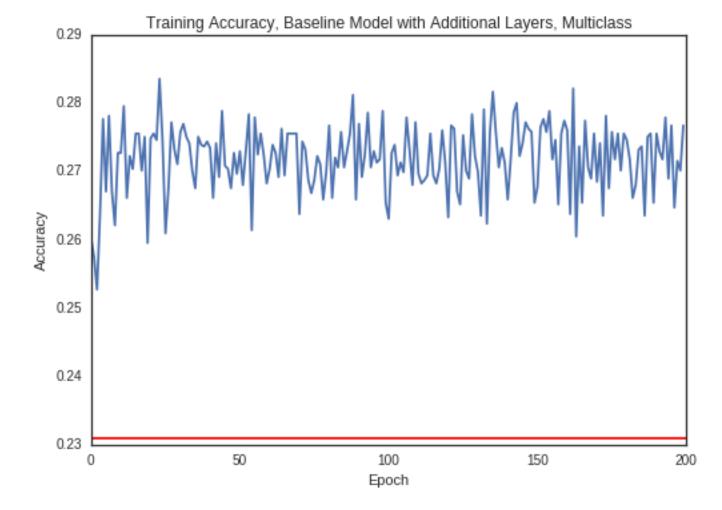
```
Train on 4246 samples, validate on 750 samples
Epoch 1/200
c: 0.2602 - val loss: 13.6715 - val acc: 0.0000e+00
```

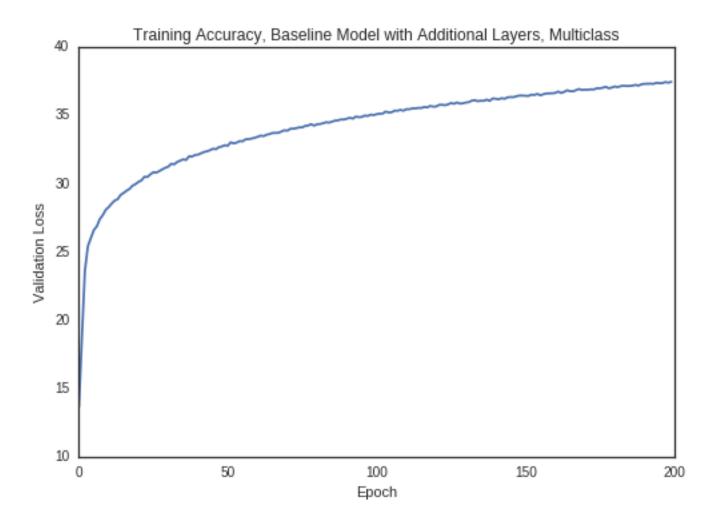
Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
conv2d_7 (Conv2D)	(None,	134, 88, 16)	1216
<pre>max_pooling2d_7 (MaxPooling2</pre>	(None,	44, 29, 16)	0
conv2d_8 (Conv2D)	(None,	42, 27, 32)	4640
dropout_7 (Dropout)	(None,	42, 27, 32)	0
max_pooling2d_8 (MaxPooling2	(None,	14, 9, 32)	0
conv2d_9 (Conv2D)	(None,	12, 7, 48)	13872
dropout_8 (Dropout)	(None,	12, 7, 48)	0
max_pooling2d_9 (MaxPooling2	(None,	4, 2, 48)	0
flatten_4 (Flatten)	(None,	384)	0
dense_7 (Dense)	(None,	64)	24640
dropout_9 (Dropout)	(None,	64)	0
dense_8 (Dense)	(None,	7) 	455 =======

Total params: 44,823

Epoch 2/200

Trainable params: 44,823 Non-trainable params: 0





None

Tune an existing CNN (Multi-class)

The following code is used with modification from the sample InceptionV3 code from the Keras documentation, https://keras.io/applications/ (<a href="http

In [24]:

```
# Create the base pre-trained model
base model = InceptionV3(weights='imagenet', include top=False)
# add a global spatial average pooling layer
x = base model.output
x = GlobalAveragePooling2D()(x)
# let's add a fully-connected layer
x = Dense(1024, activation='relu')(x)
# and a logistic layer
predictions = Dense(classes, activation=final activation function)(x)
# this is the model we will train
model tune = Model(inputs=base model.input, outputs=predictions)
# first: train only the top layers (which were randomly initialized)
# i.e. freeze all convolutional Inception V3 layers
for layer in base model.layers:
    layer.trainable = False
# compile the model (should be done *after* setting layers to non-trainable)
model tune.compile(optimizer='rmsprop', loss=loss method, metrics=[eval metric]
```

In [25]:

```
c: 0.3418 - val loss: 62.3071 - val acc: 0.0000e+00
Epoch 3/10
3996/3996 [============== ] - 7s - loss: 11.1904 - ac
c: 0.3493 - val loss: 51.1568 - val acc: 1.0000e-03
Epoch 4/10
3996/3996 [============== ] - 7s - loss: 9.9062 - acc
: 0.3794 - val_loss: 47.0615 - val_acc: 0.2240
Epoch 5/10
3996/3996 [=============== ] - 7s - loss: 9.1908 - acc
: 0.4464 - val loss: 50.8395 - val acc: 0.0230
Epoch 6/10
3996/3996 [============== ] - 7s - loss: 9.4595 - acc
: 0.4429 - val loss: 46.9311 - val acc: 0.1990
Epoch 7/10
: 0.4437 - val loss: 48.8320 - val acc: 0.0040
Epoch 8/10
3996/3996 [=============== ] - 7s - loss: 9.1507 - acc
: 0.4535 - val loss: 43.8139 - val acc: 0.1840
Epoch 9/10
3996/3996 [================ ] - 7s - loss: 7.7951 - acc
: 0.5060 - val loss: 51.8179 - val acc: 0.0000e+00
Epoch 10/10
: 0.4992 - val loss: 44.9243 - val acc: 0.0410
Time to train model with 10 epochs is: 89.0398108959 seconds.
996/996 [========= ] - 3s
Test loss: 3.71217436197
Test accuracy: 0.281124497992
Layer (type)
                         Output Shape
                                          Param #
onnected to
______
input 1 (InputLayer)
                        (None, None, None, 3) 0
conv2d 10 (Conv2D)
                         (None, None, None, 32 864
batch normalization 1 (BatchNorm (None, None, None, 32 96
activation 1 (Activation)
                         (None, None, None, 32 0
conv2d 11 (Conv2D)
                         (None, None, None, 32 9216
batch_normalization_2 (BatchNorm (None, None, None, 32 96
```

activation_2 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	32	0
conv2d_12 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	64	18432
batch_normalization_3 (BatchNorm	(None,	None,	None,	64	192
activation_3 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	64	0
max_pooling2d_10 (MaxPooling2D)	(None,	None,	None,	64	0
conv2d_13 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	80	5120
batch_normalization_4 (BatchNorm	(None,	None,	None,	80	240
activation_4 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	80	0
conv2d_14 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	138240
batch_normalization_5 (BatchNorm	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
activation_5 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
max_pooling2d_11 (MaxPooling2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
conv2d_18 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	64	12288
batch_normalization_9 (BatchNorm	(None,	None,	None,	64	192
activation_9 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	64	0
conv2d_16 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	48	9216
conv2d_19 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	96	55296
batch_normalization_7 (BatchNorm	(None,	None,	None,	48	144

batch_normalization_10 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	96	288
activation_7 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	48	0
activation_10 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	96	0
average_pooling2d_1 (AveragePool	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
conv2d_15 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	64	12288
conv2d_17 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	64	76800
conv2d_20 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	96	82944
conv2d_21 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	32	6144
batch_normalization_6 (BatchNorm	(None,	None,	None,	64	192
batch_normalization_8 (BatchNorm	(None,	None,	None,	64	192
batch_normalization_11 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	96	288
batch_normalization_12 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	32	96
activation_6 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	64	0
activation_8 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	64	0
activation_11 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	96	0
activation_12 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	32	0
mixed0 (Concatenate)	(None,	None,	None,	25	0

conv2d_25 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	64	16384
batch_normalization_16 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	64	192
activation_16 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	64	0
conv2d_23 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	48	12288
conv2d_26 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	96	55296
batch_normalization_14 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	48	144
batch_normalization_17 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	96	288
activation_14 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	48	0
activation_17 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	96	0
average_pooling2d_2 (AveragePool	(None,	None,	None,	25	0
conv2d_22 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	64	16384
conv2d_24 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	64	76800
conv2d_27 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	96	82944
conv2d_28 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	64	16384
batch_normalization_13 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	64	192
batch_normalization_15 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	64	192
batch_normalization_18 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	96	288
batch_normalization_19 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	64	192

activation_13 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	64	0
activation_15 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	64	0
activation_18 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	96	0
activation_19 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	64	0
mixed1 (Concatenate)	(None,	None,	None,	28	0
conv2d_32 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	64	18432
batch_normalization_23 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	64	192
activation_23 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	64	0
conv2d_30 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	48	13824
conv2d_33 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	96	55296
batch_normalization_21 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	48	144
batch_normalization_24 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	96	288
activation_21 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	48	0
activation_24 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	96	0
average_pooling2d_3 (AveragePool	(None,	None,	None,	28	0
conv2d_29 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	64	18432
conv2d_31 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	64	76800
conv2d_34 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	96	82944

conv2d_35 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	64	18432
batch_normalization_20 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	64	192
batch_normalization_22 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	64	192
batch_normalization_25 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	96	288
batch_normalization_26 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	64	192
activation_20 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	64	0
activation_22 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	64	0
activation_25 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	96	0
activation_26 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	64	0
mixed2 (Concatenate)	(None,	None,	None,	28	0
conv2d_37 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	64	18432
batch_normalization_28 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	64	192
activation_28 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	64	0
conv2d_38 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	96	55296
batch_normalization_29 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	96	288
activation_29 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	96	0
conv2d_36 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	38	995328

conv2d_39 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	96	82944
batch_normalization_27 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	38	1152
batch_normalization_30 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	96	288
activation_27 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	38	0
activation_30 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	96	0
<pre>max_pooling2d_12 (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None,	None,	None,	28	0
mixed3 (Concatenate)	(None,	None,	None,	76	0
conv2d_44 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	12	98304
batch_normalization_35 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	12	384
activation_35 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	12	0
conv2d_45 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	12	114688
batch_normalization_36 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	12	384
activation_36 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	12	0
conv2d_41 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	12	98304
conv2d_46 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	12	114688
batch_normalization_32 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	12	384
batch_normalization_37 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	12	384
activation_32 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	12	0

activation_37 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	12	0
conv2d_42 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	12	114688
conv2d_47 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	12	114688
batch_normalization_33 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	12	384
batch_normalization_38 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	12	384
activation_33 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	12	0
activation_38 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	12	0
average_pooling2d_4 (AveragePool	(None,	None,	None,	76	0
conv2d_40 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	147456
conv2d_43 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	172032
conv2d_48 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	172032
conv2d_49 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	147456
batch_normalization_31 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
batch_normalization_34 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
batch_normalization_39 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
batch_normalization_40 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
activation_31 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
activation_34 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0

activation_39 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
activation_40 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
mixed4 (Concatenate)	(None,	None,	None,	76	0
conv2d_54 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	16	122880
batch_normalization_45 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	16	480
activation_45 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	16	0
conv2d_55 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	16	179200
batch_normalization_46 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	16	480
activation_46 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	16	0
conv2d_51 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	16	122880
conv2d_56 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	16	179200
batch_normalization_42 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	16	480
batch_normalization_47 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	16	480
activation_42 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	16	0
activation_47 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	16	0
conv2d_52 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	16	179200
conv2d_57 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	16	179200
			*		

batch_normalization_43 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	16	480
batch_normalization_48 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	16	480
activation_43 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	16	0
activation_48 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	16	0
average_pooling2d_5 (AveragePool	(None,	None,	None,	76	0
conv2d_50 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	147456
conv2d_53 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	215040
conv2d_58 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	215040
conv2d_59 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	147456
batch_normalization_41 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
batch_normalization_44 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
batch_normalization_49 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
batch_normalization_50 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
activation_41 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
activation_44 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
activation_49 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
activation_50 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
mixed5 (Concatenate)	(None,	None,	None,	76	0

conv2d_64 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	16	122880
batch_normalization_55 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	16	480
activation_55 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	16	0
conv2d_65 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	16	179200
batch_normalization_56 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	16	480
activation_56 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	16	0
conv2d_61 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	16	122880
conv2d_66 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	16	179200
batch_normalization_52 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	16	480
batch_normalization_57 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	16	480
activation_52 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	16	0
activation_57 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	16	0
conv2d_62 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	16	179200
conv2d_67 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	16	179200
batch_normalization_53 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	16	480
batch_normalization_58 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	16	480
activation_53 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	16	0
activation_58 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	16	0

average_pooling2d_6 (AveragePool	(None,	None,	None,	76	0
conv2d_60 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	147456
conv2d_63 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	215040
conv2d_68 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	215040
conv2d_69 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	147456
batch_normalization_51 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
batch_normalization_54 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
batch_normalization_59 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
batch_normalization_60 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
activation_51 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
activation_54 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
activation_59 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
activation_60 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
mixed6 (Concatenate)	(None,	None,	None,	76	0
conv2d_74 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	147456
batch_normalization_65 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
activation_65 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0

conv2d_75 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	258048	
batch_normalization_66 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576	
activation_66 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0	
conv2d_71 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	147456	
conv2d_76 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	258048	
batch_normalization_62 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576	
batch_normalization_67 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576	
activation_62 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0	
activation_67 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0	
conv2d_72 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	258048	
conv2d_77 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	258048	
batch_normalization_63 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576	
batch_normalization_68 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576	
activation_63 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0	
activation_68 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0	
average_pooling2d_7 (AveragePool	(None,	None,	None,	76	0	
conv2d_70 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	147456	
conv2d_73 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	258048	

conv2d_78 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	258048
conv2d_79 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	147456
batch_normalization_61 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
batch_normalization_64 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
batch_normalization_69 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
batch_normalization_70 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
activation_61 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
activation_64 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
activation_69 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
activation_70 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
mixed7 (Concatenate)	(None,	None,	None,	76	0
conv2d_82 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	147456
batch_normalization_73 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
activation_73 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
conv2d_83 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	258048
batch_normalization_74 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
activation_74 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
conv2d_80 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	147456

conv2d_84 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	258048
batch_normalization_71 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
batch_normalization_75 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
activation_71 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
activation_75 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
conv2d_81 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	32	552960
conv2d_85 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	331776
batch_normalization_72 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	32	960
batch_normalization_76 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
activation_72 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	32	0
activation_76 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
max_pooling2d_13 (MaxPooling2D)	(None,	None,	None,	76	0
mixed8 (Concatenate)	(None,	None,	None,	12	0
conv2d_90 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	44	573440
batch_normalization_81 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	44	1344
activation_81 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	44	0
conv2d_87 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	38	491520

conv2d_91 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	38	1548288
batch_normalization_78 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	38	1152
batch_normalization_82 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	38	1152
activation_78 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	38	0
activation_82 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	38	0
conv2d_88 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	38	442368
conv2d_89 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	38	442368
conv2d_92 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	38	442368
conv2d_93 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	38	442368
average_pooling2d_8 (AveragePool	(None,	None,	None,	12	0
conv2d_86 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	32	409600
batch_normalization_79 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	38	1152
batch_normalization_80 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	38	1152
batch_normalization_83 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	38	1152
batch_normalization_84 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	38	1152
conv2d_94 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	245760
batch_normalization_77 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	32	960
activation_79 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	38	0

activation_80 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	38	0
activation_83 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	38	0
activation_84 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	38	0
batch_normalization_85 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
activation_77 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	32	0
mixed9_0 (Concatenate)	(None,	None,	None,	76	0
concatenate_1 (Concatenate)	(None,	None,	None,	76	0
activation_85 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
mixed9 (Concatenate)	(None,	None,	None,	20	0
conv2d_99 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	44	917504
batch_normalization_90 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	44	1344
activation_90 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	44	0
conv2d_96 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	38	786432
conv2d_100 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	38	1548288
batch_normalization_87 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	38	1152
batch_normalization_91 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	38	1152
activation_87 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	38	0

conv2d_97 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	38	442368
conv2d_98 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	38	442368
conv2d_101 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	38	442368
conv2d_102 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	38	442368
average_pooling2d_9 (AveragePool	(None,	None,	None,	20	0
conv2d_95 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	32	655360
batch_normalization_88 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	38	1152
batch_normalization_89 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	38	1152
batch_normalization_92 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	38	1152
batch_normalization_93 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	38	1152
conv2d_103 (Conv2D)	(None,	None,	None,	19	393216
batch_normalization_86 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	32	960
activation_88 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	38	0
activation_89 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	38	0
activation_92 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	38	0
activation_93 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	38	0
batch_normalization_94 (BatchNor	(None,	None,	None,	19	576
			-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

activation_86 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	32	0
mixed9_1 (Concatenate)	(None,	None,	None,	76	0
concatenate_2 (Concatenate)	(None,	None,	None,	76	0
activation_94 (Activation)	(None,	None,	None,	19	0
mixed10 (Concatenate)	(None,	None,	None,	20	0
global_average_pooling2d_1 (Glob	(None,	2048)			0
dense_9 (Dense)	(None,	1024)			2098176
dense_10 (Dense)	(None,	7) =====	=====	====	7175 =======

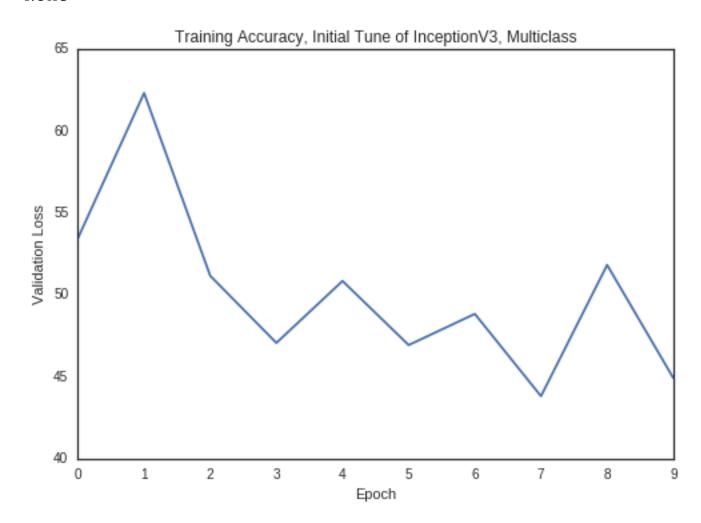
Total params: 23,908,135

Trainable params: 2,105,351

Non-trainable params: 21,802,784

None





None

In [26]:

```
# at this point, the top layers are well trained and we can start fine-tuning
# convolutional layers from inception V3. We will freeze the bottom N layers
# and train the remaining top layers.
# let's visualize layer names and layer indices to see how many layers
# we should freeze:
for i, layer in enumerate(base model.layers):
   print(i, layer.name)
# we chose to train the top 2 inception blocks, i.e. we will freeze
# the first 172 layers and unfreeze the rest:
for layer in model.layers[:172]:
   layer.trainable = False
for layer in model.layers[172:]:
   layer.trainable = True
# we need to recompile the model for these modifications to take effect
# we use SGD with a low learning rate
model.compile(optimizer=SGD(lr=0.0001, momentum=0.8), loss=loss method,
=[eval metric])
```

```
0 input_1
1 conv2d_10
2 batch_normalization_1
3 activation 1
```

4 conv2d_11 5 batch normalization 2 6 activation 2 7 conv2d_12 8 batch_normalization_3 9 activation 3 10 max_pooling2d_10 11 conv2d 13 12 batch normalization 4 13 activation_4 14 conv2d 14 15 batch_normalization_5 16 activation_5 17 max_pooling2d_11 18 conv2d 18 19 batch normalization 9 20 activation_9 21 conv2d 16 22 conv2d_19 23 batch_normalization_7 24 batch normalization 10 25 activation 7 26 activation 10 27 average_pooling2d_1 28 conv2d 15 29 conv2d_17 30 conv2d 20 31 conv2d 21 32 batch_normalization_6 33 batch normalization 8 34 batch_normalization_11 35 batch_normalization_12 36 activation_6 37 activation 8 38 activation_11 39 activation 12 40 mixed0 41 conv2d 25 42 batch normalization 16 43 activation 16 44 conv2d_23 45 conv2d 26 46 batch normalization 14 47 batch_normalization_17 48 activation 14 49 activation 17 50 average_pooling2d_2 51 conv2d 22 52 conv2d 24 53 conv2d_27 54 conv2d 28 55 batch normalization 13 56 batch_normalization_15 57 batch_normalization_18 58 batch normalization 19 59 activation 13 60 activation 15 61 activation_18 62 activation 19 63 mixed1 64 conv2d_32 65 batch normalization 23 66 activation 23 67 conv2d 30 68 conv2d 33 69 batch normalization 21 70 batch normalization 24 71 activation 21 72 activation 24 73 average_pooling2d_3 74 conv2d 29 75 conv2d 31 76 conv2d 34 77 conv2d 35 78 batch normalization 20 79 batch normalization 22 80 batch_normalization_25 81 batch normalization 26 82 activation 20 83 activation 22 84 activation 25 85 activation 26 86 mixed2 87 conv2d 37 88 batch normalization 28 89 activation_28 90 conv2d 38 91 batch normalization 29 92 activation 29 93 conv2d 36 94 conv2d 39 95 batch normalization 27 96 batch_normalization_30 97 activation 27 98 activation_30 99 max_pooling2d_12 100 mixed3 101 conv2d_44 102 batch normalization 35 103 activation_35 104 conv2d 45 105 batch normalization 36 106 activation 36 107 conv2d 41 108 conv2d_46 109 batch normalization 32 110 batch_normalization_37 111 activation 32 112 activation_37 113 conv2d_42 114 conv2d_47 115 batch normalization 33 116 batch normalization 38 117 activation 33 118 activation 38 119 average_pooling2d_4 120 conv2d 40 121 conv2d_43 122 conv2d_48 123 conv2d_49 124 batch_normalization_31 125 batch normalization 34 126 batch_normalization_39 127 batch normalization 40 128 activation_31 129 activation_34 130 activation 39 131 activation 40 132 mixed4 133 conv2d 54 134 batch normalization 45 135 activation_45 136 conv2d 55 137 batch normalization 46 138 activation_46 139 conv2d 51 140 conv2d 56 141 batch_normalization_42 142 batch_normalization_47 143 activation 42 144 activation_47 145 conv2d 52 146 conv2d 57 147 batch_normalization_43 148 batch_normalization_48 149 activation_43 150 activation_48 151 average_pooling2d_5 152 conv2d 50 153 conv2d_53 154 conv2d 58 155 conv2d 59 156 batch normalization 41 157 batch_normalization_44 158 batch normalization 49 159 batch_normalization_50 160 activation_41

161 activation_44
162 activation_49

163 activation_50 164 mixed5 165 conv2d 64 166 batch normalization 55 167 activation_55 168 conv2d_65 169 batch normalization 56 170 activation_56 171 conv2d 61 172 conv2d 66 173 batch_normalization_52 174 batch_normalization_57 175 activation 52 176 activation 57 177 conv2d_62 178 conv2d_67 179 batch normalization 53 180 batch_normalization_58 181 activation_53 182 activation 58 183 average pooling2d 6 184 conv2d_60 185 conv2d 63 186 conv2d_68 187 conv2d 69 188 batch normalization 51 189 batch_normalization_54 190 batch normalization 59 191 batch_normalization_60 192 activation 51 193 activation_54 194 activation_59 195 activation_60 196 mixed6 197 conv2d 74 198 batch_normalization_65 199 activation 65 200 conv2d 75 201 batch_normalization_66 202 activation_66 203 conv2d_71 204 conv2d 76 205 batch_normalization_62 206 batch normalization 67 207 activation_62 208 activation 67 209 conv2d_72 210 conv2d_77 211 batch normalization 63 212 batch_normalization_68 213 activation_63 214 activation_68 215 average pooling2d 7

216 conv2d_70 217 conv2d 73 218 conv2d 78 219 conv2d 79 220 batch_normalization_61 221 batch normalization 64 222 batch normalization 69 223 batch_normalization_70 224 activation 61 225 activation_64 226 activation 69 227 activation_70 228 mixed7 229 conv2d 82 230 batch_normalization_73 231 activation 73 232 conv2d_83 233 batch normalization 74 234 activation_74 235 conv2d 80 236 conv2d 84 237 batch normalization 71 238 batch normalization 75 239 activation_71 240 activation 75 241 conv2d_81 242 conv2d 85 243 batch normalization 72 244 batch_normalization_76 245 activation 72 246 activation 76 247 max_pooling2d_13 248 mixed8 249 conv2d 90 250 batch_normalization_81 251 activation 81 252 conv2d 87 253 conv2d 91 254 batch normalization 78 255 batch normalization 82 256 activation_78 257 activation 82 258 conv2d 88 259 conv2d 89 260 conv2d 92 261 conv2d 93 262 average pooling2d 8 263 conv2d 86 264 batch normalization 79 265 batch_normalization_80 266 batch_normalization_83

267 batch normalization 84

268 conv2d_94

- 269 batch_normalization_77
- 270 activation_79
- 271 activation 80
- 272 activation_83
- 273 activation_84
- 274 batch_normalization_85
- 275 activation 77
- 276 mixed9_0
- 277 concatenate_1
- 278 activation 85
- 279 mixed9
- 280 conv2d 99
- 281 batch normalization 90
- 282 activation 90
- 283 conv2d 96
- 284 conv2d 100
- 285 batch normalization 87
- 286 batch normalization 91
- 287 activation 87
- 288 activation 91
- 289 conv2d 97
- 290 conv2d 98
- 291 conv2d 101
- 292 conv2d_102
- 293 average pooling2d 9
- 294 conv2d 95
- 295 batch normalization 88
- 296 batch normalization 89
- 297 batch normalization 92
- 298 batch normalization 93
- 299 conv2d 103
- 300 batch normalization 86
- 301 activation_88
- 302 activation 89
- 303 activation 92
- 304 activation 93
- 305 batch normalization 94
- 306 activation 86
- 307 mixed9 1
- 308 concatenate_2
- 309 activation 94
- 310 mixed10

```
In [27]:
# Fine tune the new model, using the "fine" parameters of SGD previously defined
experiment = 'Fine Tune of InceptionV3, Multiclass'
accuracy, train time = train evaluate CNN(x train, y train, x test, y test, mode
1 tune,
                                         batch size, epochs=200,
                                         verbose=debug_flag, show_layers=False,
                                         validation split=0.20,
                                         weights filename='inceptionv3 finetune
١,
                                         class weights=scaled weights,
                                         plot_title=experiment)
experiment results = experiment results.append({'Name' : experiment,
                                               'Test Accuracy' : accuracy,
                                               'Train Time': train time}, ignor
e index=True)
Train on 3996 samples, validate on 1000 samples
Epoch 1/200
3996/3996 [============== ] - 8s - loss: 7.9260 - acc
: 0.5210 - val loss: 45.3977 - val acc: 0.0020
Epoch 2/200
3996/3996 [============== ] - 7s - loss: 7.1913 - acc
: 0.5265 - val loss: 45.3103 - val acc: 0.0080
Content Manually Removed for Brevity.
```

: 0.9995 - val loss: 50.1217 - val acc: 0.1450

: 0.8934 - val loss: 49.2745 - val acc: 0.1530

: 0.9980 - val loss: 49.4392 - val acc: 0.1490

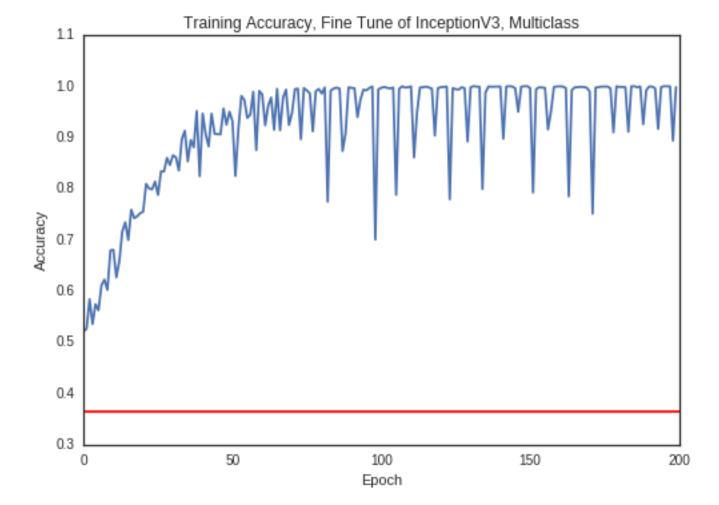
Test accuracy: 0.364457831325

Epoch 198/200

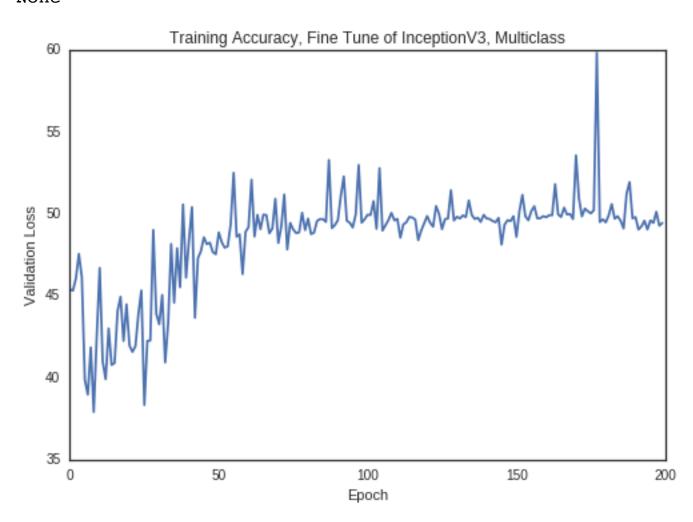
Epoch 199/200

Epoch 200/200

977477

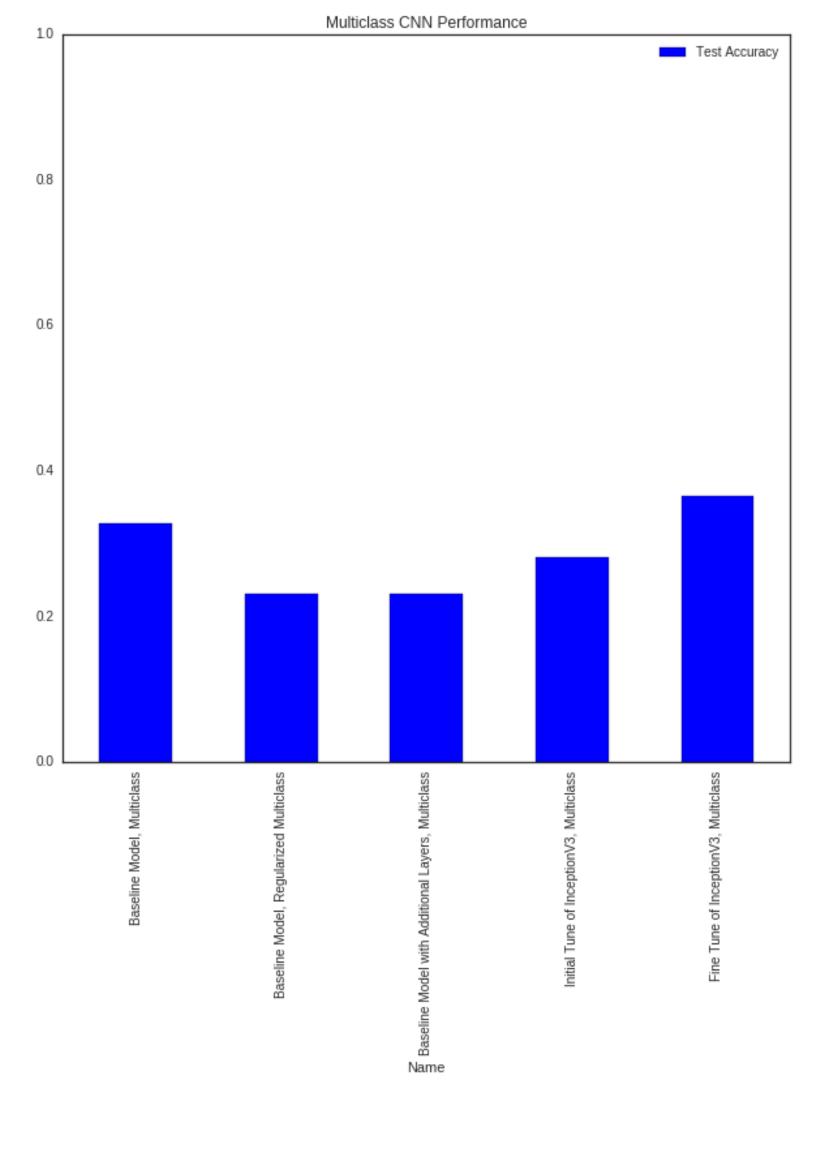


None

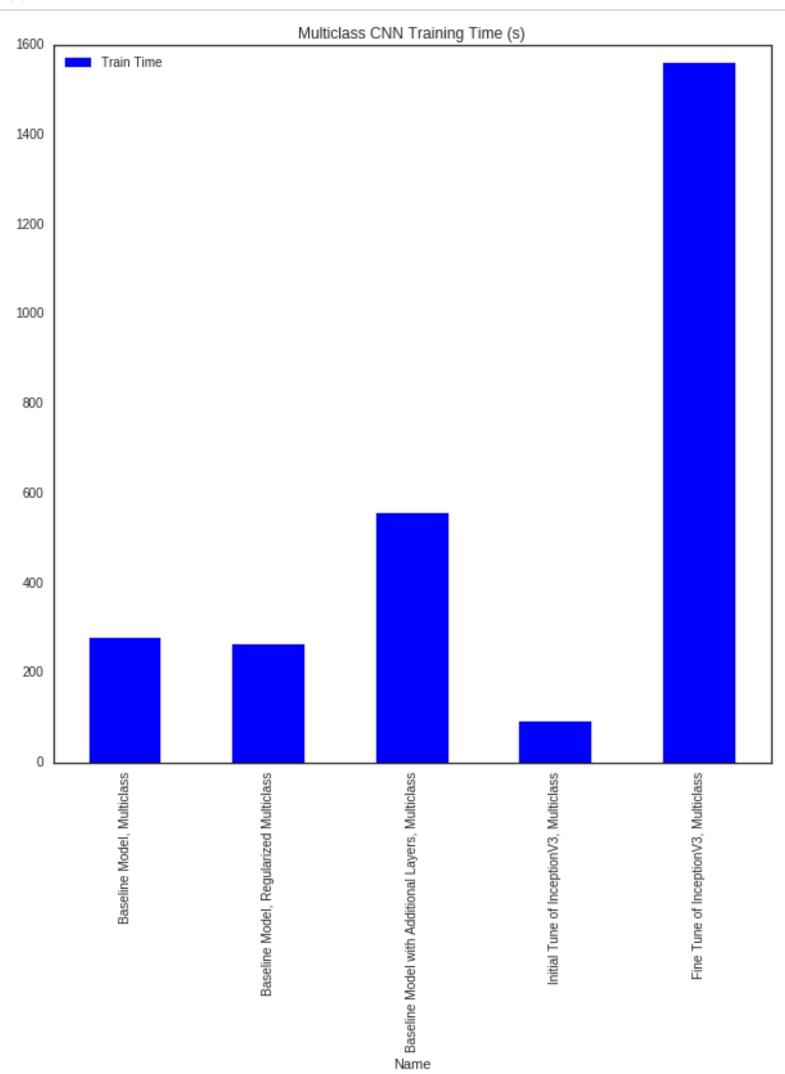


None

```
In [28]:
```



In [29]:



Tuning Explored and Results Commentary

From the above results, we see that the baseline model without regularization nor class weighting steadily increased training accuracy per epoch, culminating to a peak of ~85%, however the validation loss function was increasing, indicating that the model is likely overfitting the training data. The accuracy on unseen test data (1000 movie posters) resulted in an accuracy of 32.7%. The parameters used were 100 epochs, with 15% of the 4000 stratified sample observations of training data used as validation, stochastic gradient descent with a learning rate of 0.1, relu activation functions and a final activation function of 'softmax'. Although dropout layers were employed to reduce overfitting, the model (based upon the shape of the validation loss) appears to have been overfitting, therefore the next experiment introduced regularization into the same model.

The next model employed regularization to the final activiation function and class weights, but otherwise unchanged from the previous model. The learning rate (slope of the training accuracy) seemed to oscillate about 0.29 (potential causes will be explained in the tuning section, below), indicating the model did not appear to be significantly learning. Futher exacerbating the results, the validation set loss metric was increasing across epochs, whereas one would hope that it would decrease over epochs. The resultant accuracy on the same unseen test set was only 23%, marginally better than a random guess of 1/classes = 14.3%.

The next model (not included in the performance summary plots) added synthetic data generation to the previous. This resulted in a significant reduction in training speed with an accuracy of 23%, indicating that the sampling and transformations of the original dataset did not improve the accuracy of the trained model. Given the simplicity (few layers) of the models explored so far, it was chosen to add more layers into the model for the next experiment.

The third model in the performance summary is identical to the second, with the addition of another trio of convolution, dropout and pooling layers within the hidden model. This resulted in no increase in test set accuracy at ~23%. This set of bespoke models, although out performing random guesses, is perhaps too simple to capture the information in the posters. As such, the next two models leverage a pre-trained CNN model with hundreds of layers.

The fourth model is the execution of the Keras Inception V3 model, with a few layers added and all of the Inception V3 weights frozen for 10 epochs. The intent of this was to quickly train the added layers. This resulted in a test set accuracy of 28% over just the 10 epochs, with a very quick learning rate.

The fifth model is the fine tune of the fourth model, using stocastic gradient descent with a very small learning rate (0.0001) and a momentum value of 0.8, trained across 200 epochs. The validation loss plot indicates that the loss was slightly decreasing after an initial rise, and the training accuracy plot is evidence of overfitting, evidenced by the extremely high training accuracy (over 99% for many epochs) and the occasional dramatic increase in loss/drop in accuracy for some epochs, especially considering the low learning rate (and thus very small changes in the weights). Fortunately, the accuracy of this model on the unseen test set exceeded 36%, compared to the random baseline of 14.3%.

Given the datasets in previous assignments have been carefully prepared for pedagogical value, it is tempting to be accustomed to accuracies above 0.90. As such, 36% accuracy seems low at first impression. To convince myself in regard to the performance, a few reference points are:

- Random Class Prediction Random class prediction with 7 classes would result in an accuracy of 1/7=14.3%
- **Predominant Class Prediction** The predominant class prediction (maximum class weight / sum of the weights) is 8.32292 / 35.54167 = 23.42%.
- "Expert Prediction I randomly examined 20 movie posters and set of genres used, using all of my a priori knowledge and ability to read the text, and attempted to "expertly" classify the posters. I was able to correctly classify 8 of the 20 posters, thus I had an accuracy of 40% (albeit with a small sample).
- **Milestone 3 Investigation** For milestone three, we incorporated average color (R, G, and B) into our traditional models and PAL intensities, in addition to other metadata about the movies. These models in the multiclass setting achieved 32.3% for Random Forest and 26.4% for a Support Vector Machine with an RBF kernel.

As such, the accuracy achieved by the CNN is rather impressive, as it is similar to mine and exceeds the random sampling, however is only looking at the color and structural elements (such as edges and shapes). It is obvious that this is a real-world problem, and a quite challenging one at that.

Tuning Observations

This notebook has been executed hundreds of times with varying parameters using approximately 50 hours of Tesla K80 GPU time, attempting to develop an intuition about the parameters. The following is the result of this developed intuition:

- Adding Layers The addition of layers increases the flexibility of the model, allowing it to learn
 quicker on the training set at the expense of additional computation time. Unfortunately, without
 regularization it dramatically increases the chances of overfitting.
- **Epochs** The models have been executed with between 10 and 500 epochs, however most of the models explored seem to plateau within 100 epochs. As such, most of the epochs have been set to 200.
- Regularization Regularization was employed both with I1 and I2 regularization to the activation
 function and with dropout, which effectively performs implicit regularization by dropping data.
 Regularization proved to be very tricky to tune, as insufficient (or absent) regularization led to rapid
 overfitting on flexible models, whereas "over-regularization" resulted in models plateauing at very
 low training accuracies.
- Learning Rate Learning rate (and method, SGD & rmsprop) impacted the slope of the learning
 rate, although too high of a learning rate resulted in instability, too low resulted in very fine tuning
 and very low learning rates. It became quite obvious that a relatively high learning rate, such as 0.1
 with SGD, followed by iterative reduction in the rate performed well, such as the Inception V3
 training.
- Synthetic Data Generation Synethetic data generation was explored using the Keras
 ImageDataGenerator, creating images via cropping, roations, flips and various transformations to
 the original dataset. This significantly increased run time, and given the relatively large amount of

- data available, did not prove to be worthwhile for this dataset given the constraints.
- Class Weights Strangely, the use of class weights, representing the class proportions, did not appear to improve the accuracy of the model, possibly due to the use of stratified (class-proportionate) sampling of the training data.
- **Validation Splits** Adjusting the validation splits from 15-30% had the anticipated effect on the training, with reductions in training data (due to a higher validation percentage) reducing the learning rate.
- **Drop Out Percentage** The percentage of dropout, varying between 25% and 50% on layers, impacted both the learning rate and seemed to slightly reduce overfitting concerns.

Next Steps

As a follow-on from Milestone 3, we discovered that a multi-label approach generated more intuitive results than our multiclass with the classes being reduced using heuristics. We intend on creating a compositite stacking model for our final predictive model, with multi-label class probabilities being derived from the posters, but also intermediate data via other means, such as textaul analysis of the movie overviews and other metadata. As such, the next steps will be to train a multi-label model based upon the posters and generate and save the label probabilities as input to the final model, as follow.

Create the Convolutional Neural Net architecture, from scratch (Multilabel)

```
In [9]:
def load poster data multilabel(image size, source size = 'w92', verbose = False
    # Loads the poster image data at the requested size, the assigned genre, and
the movie id.
    y labels = pd.read csv('y labels multilabel.csv')
    image path = './posters/' + source size + '/'
    posters = pd.DataFrame()
    for movie in y labels.iterrows():
        row = movie[0]
        movie id = movie[1]['movie id']
        genre_ids = movie[1]['genre_id'].replace('[', '').replace(']','').split(
',')
        try:
            image = misc.imread(image path + str(movie id) + '.jpg')
            image resize = img to array(misc.imresize(image, image size))
            if (image resize.shape[2]==3):
                posters = posters.append({'movie id' : movie id,
                                           'genre id' : genre ids,
                                           'poster' : image resize}, ignore index
= True)
        except IOError:
            if (verbose == True):
                print('Unable to load poster for movie #', movie_id)
    print('Loaded ', posters.shape[0], ' posters.')
```

```
In [10]:
temp = load_poster_data_multilabel((138,92), 'w92', False)
```

Loaded 6824 posters.

return posters

```
In [12]:
train sample = temp.sample(5000, replace="False")
test sample = temp.sample(1000, replace="False")
train posters = train sample["poster"]
test_posters = test_sample["poster"]
x_train = reshape_and_normalize(train_posters.as_matrix())
x test = reshape and normalize(test posters.as matrix())
img rows = x train[0].shape[0]
img cols = x train[0].shape[1]
y train = train sample["genre id"]
y test = test sample["genre id"]
print('x_train shape:', x_train.shape)
print(x_train.shape[0], 'train samples')
print(x_test.shape[0], 'test samples')
x train shape: (5000, 138, 92, 3)
5000 train samples
1000 test samples
In [13]:
mlb = MultiLabelBinarizer()
y train = mlb.fit transform(y train)
y test = mlb.transform(y test)
classes = max(y_train.shape[1], y_test.shape[1])
```

In [14]:

loss method='binary crossentropy'

final activation function = 'sigmoid'

```
In [17]:
# create an empty network model
model ml = Sequential()
# Input Layer
model ml.add(Conv2D(16, kernel_size=input_kernel_size, activation=input_activati
on function, input shape=input shape))
model_ml.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=pool_size))
# Hidden Layer(s)
model ml.add(Conv2D(32, kernel size=hidden kernel size, activation=hidden activa
tion function))
model ml.add(Dropout(0.25))
model ml.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=pool size))
# Classification layer
model ml.add(Flatten())
model ml.add(Dense(64, activation=hidden activation function))
model ml.add(Dropout(0.5))
model ml.add(Dense(classes, activation=final activation function))
# Compile the model.
model ml.compile(loss=loss method, optimizer=optimizer, metrics=[eval metric])
```

```
In [19]:
test_genre_probabilities = np.array(model_ml.predict_proba(x_test))
```

```
In [ ]:
```

We may wish to consider tuning an Inception V3 or other pre-trained model for better results.

References Used

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