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TITLE

CONFERENCE, DATE

Content

- Modal logic and semantics
 - Kripke frames
 - Topological space
 - Neighbourhood frames
- Multimodal logic and product of frames/spaces and logics
 - Notation, Fusion of logics
 - Horizontal and Vertical topology/functions and semantics
 - Product of logics
- Main result and ideas

Modal logic and Kripke frames and models

- Modal logic extends classical propositional logic. Formally:

$$\phi ::= p \mid \perp \mid \neg\phi \mid \phi \vee \phi \mid \Box\phi$$

where \Box is a modal operator and Prop is a set of variable with $p \in \text{Prop}$.

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- A frame $F = (W, R)$ is a pair where
 - W is a non-empty set of worlds
 - $R \subseteq W \times W$ is a binary relation
- A model is a pair $M = (F, V)$ (M is based on F) where
 - F is a frame
 - V is a valuation and is of the form $V : \text{Prop} \rightarrow 2^W$

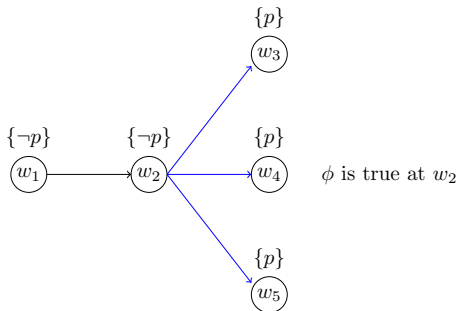
Kripke semantics

- Let $M = (F, V)$ be a model and $w \in W$ a state in M . A formula being true at w is inductively defined as:

$M, w \Vdash p$	iff $w \in V(p)$
$M, w \Vdash \perp$	never
$M, w \Vdash \neg\phi$	iff not $M, w \Vdash \phi$
$M, w \Vdash \phi \vee \psi$	iff $M, w \Vdash \phi \vee M, w \Vdash \psi$
$M, w \Vdash \Box\phi$	iff $\forall v \in W : wRv \rightarrow M, v \Vdash \phi$
$M, w \Vdash \Diamond\phi$	iff $\exists v \in W : wRv \wedge M, v \Vdash \phi$

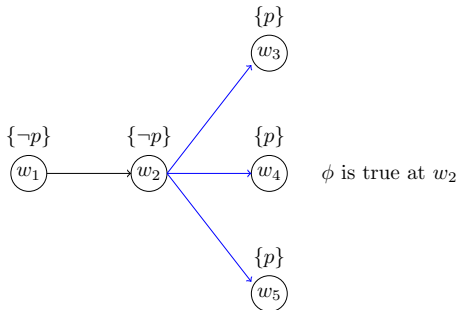
Example

- Let $\phi = \Box p$ and $M = (W, R, V)$ with $W = \{w_1, w_2, w_3, w_4, w_5\}$, $V(p) = \{w_3, w_4, w_5\}$ and $R =$



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- Kripke semantics has many applications for example epistemic logic, temporal logic,...