

Handwritten Signature Verifier using **Image Processing**

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Problem definition

- ❑ As said earlier, Signature Recognition is the procedure of determining to **whom a particular signature belongs to**.
- ❑ System would take as input signature images and tell us
 - To whom the signature belongs to (Author Identification)
 - If the signature is forged or genuine (Signature Verification)

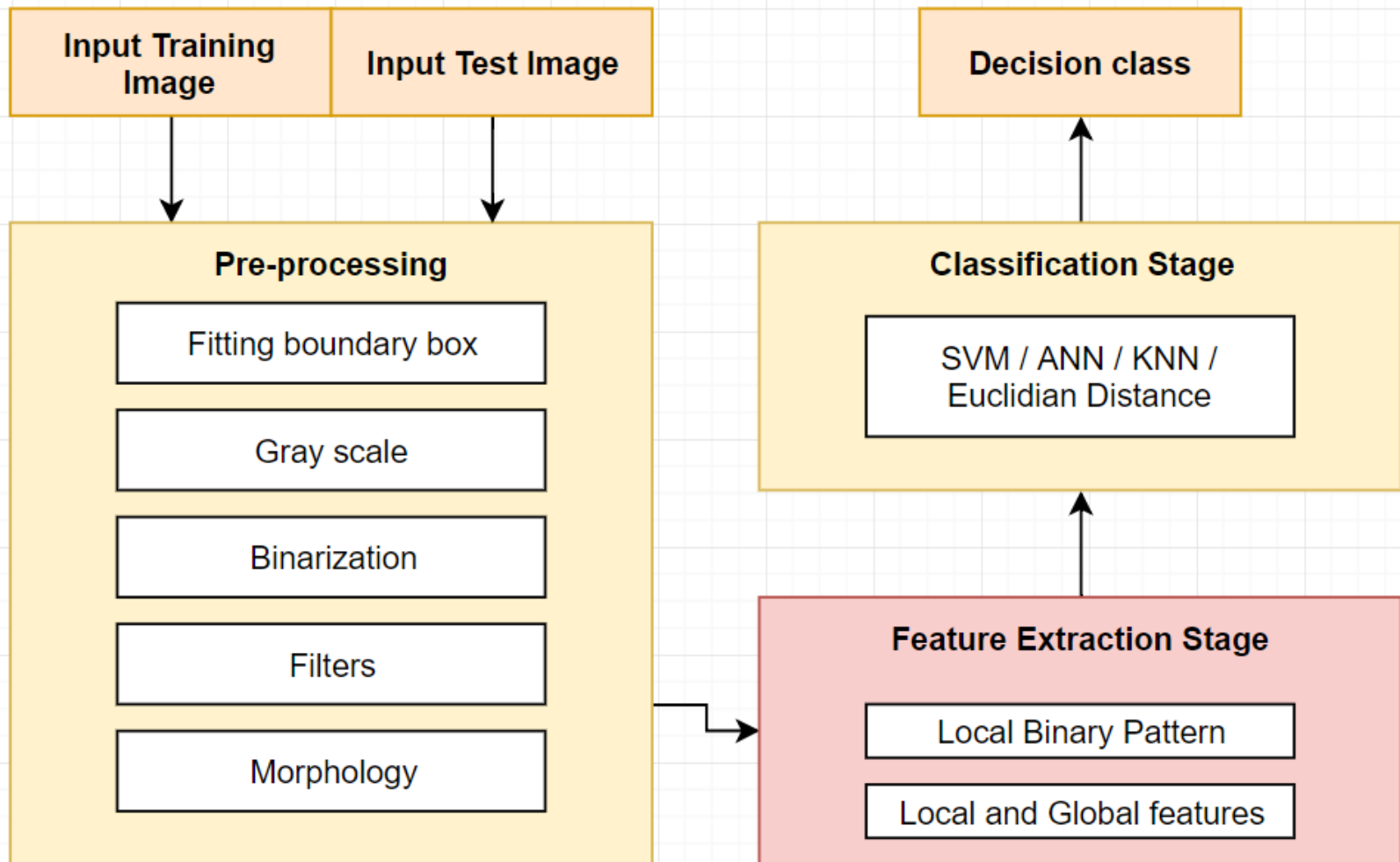
Literature Review

- ❑ An **excel sheet** of all the Literature Review has been prepared and is been attached with this slide.
- ❑ The literature review contains total of **40 research papers** based on the topic Signature Recognition
- ❑ Most of the papers make use of **3 stages**:
 - Preprocessing stage
 - Feature extraction stage
 - Classification stage



Microsoft Excel
Worksheet

Proposed Work



Proposed Work

Local Binary Pattern

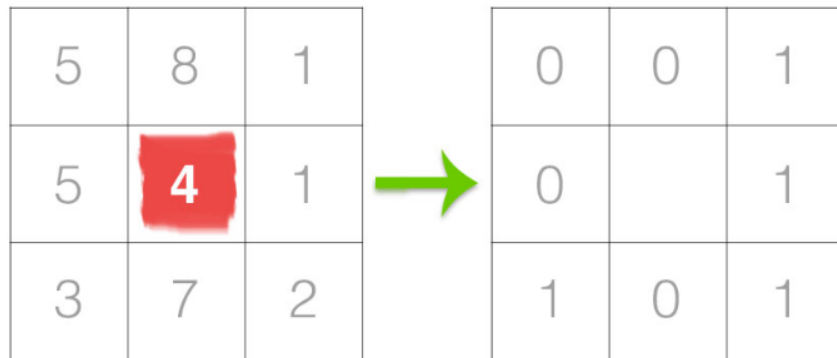
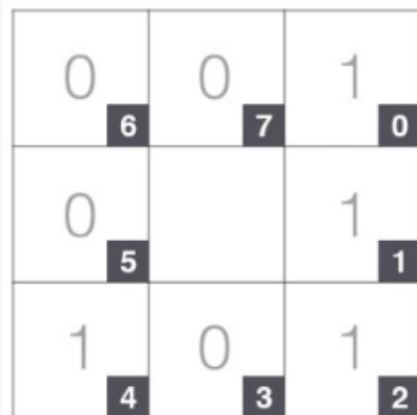


Figure 1: The first step in constructing a LBP is to take the 8 pixel neighborhood surrounding a center pixel and threshold it to construct a set of 8 binary digits.



0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
			2^4		2^2	2^1	2^0
			16		4	2	1

$16 + 4 + 2 + 1 = 23$

Figure 2: Taking the 8-bit binary neighborhood of the center pixel and converting it into a decimal representation.
(Thanks to Bikramjot of [Hanzra Tech](#) for the inspiration on this visualization!)

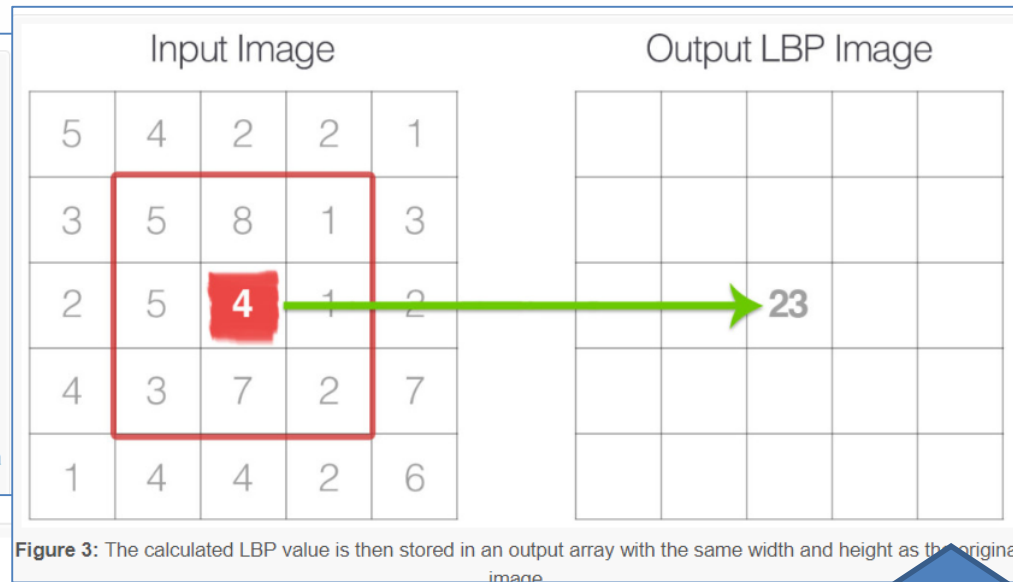


Figure 3: The calculated LBP value is then stored in an output array with the same width and height as the original image.

Implementation tool & setup

❑ Python using PyCharm

- Python is a popular programming language used in web & software development, mathematics, system scripting
- PyCharm is a python editor and compiler allows intelligent code completion, on-the-fly error checking and quick-fixes, easy project navigation, and much more.



Implementation tool & setup

□ Python libraries

- Using number of libraries, which are easy to install & import..
 - OpenCV : *Computer vision and machine learning software library.*
 - NumPy : *Scientific computing & array-processing*
 - Imutils : *Functions to make basic image processing functions easier*
 - Math : *Provides access to the mathematical functions*
 - Matplotlib : *Python 2D plotting library*
 - Pymysql : *A simple database interface for Python*
 - OS : *allows easy file handling*
 - Scipy : *rovides many user-friendly and efficient numerical routines*

Implementation tool & setup

❑ SQL using MySQL

- SQL is a standard language for storing, manipulating and retrieving data in databases.
- MySQL is an open source relational database management system, very easy to establish, use and manage



Dataset

25 Authors, 50 Classes, **826 Images**
637 Training images (77.12%)
189 Testing images (22.88%)

Data (D:) > Tejas > M.Tech > Project > B002_Project > SignatureVerifier > DataSet

Search DataSet



A_forged



A_genuine



B_forged



B_genuine



C_forged



C_genuine



D_forged



D_genuine



E_forged



E_genuine



F_forged



F_genuine



G_forged



G_genuine



H_forged



H_genuine



I_forged



I_genuine



J_forged



J_genuine



K_forged



K_genuine



L_forged



L_genuine



M_forged



M_genuine



N_forged



N_genuine



O_forged



O_genuine



P_forged



P_genuine



Q_forged



Q_genuine



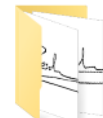
R_forged



R_genuine



S_forged



S_genuine



T_forged



T_genuine



U_forged



U_genuine



V_forged



V_genuine



W_forged



W_genuine



X_forged



X_genuine



Y_forged



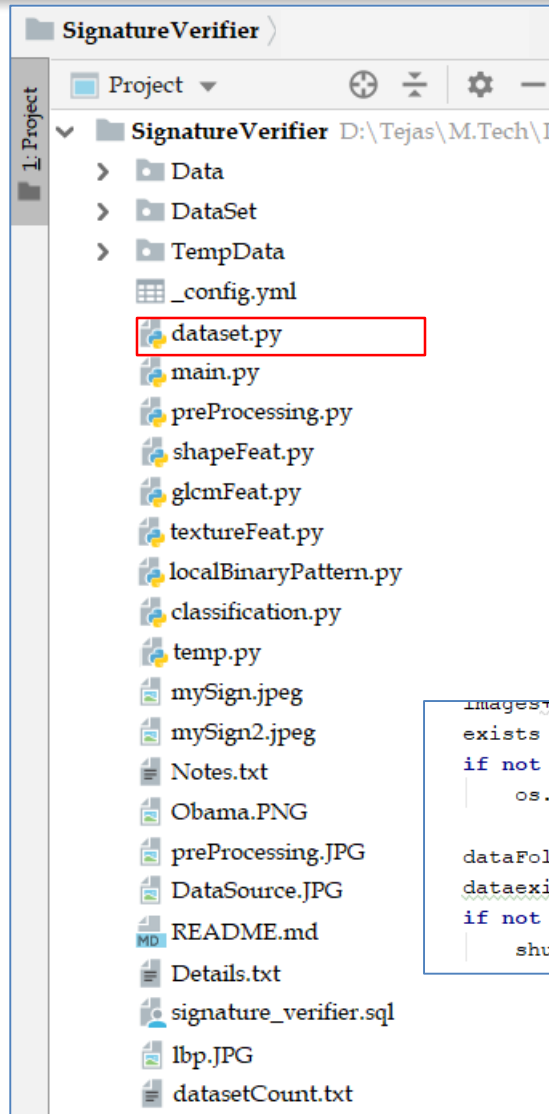
Y_genuine

Implementation Work done

Implementation

Dataset.py

- Our dataset is read, renamed, copied and organized in the correct naming convention to a different folder, from where our system will use
- xyz.png → A_genuine_7.png
- Also gives an analysis of the count of dataset



```

images = []
exists = os.path.isfile("DataSet/" + folder + "/" + folder + "_" + str(j) + ".png")
if not exists:
    os.rename("DataSet/" + folder + "/" + file, "DataSet/" + folder + "/" + folder + "_" + str(j) + ".png")

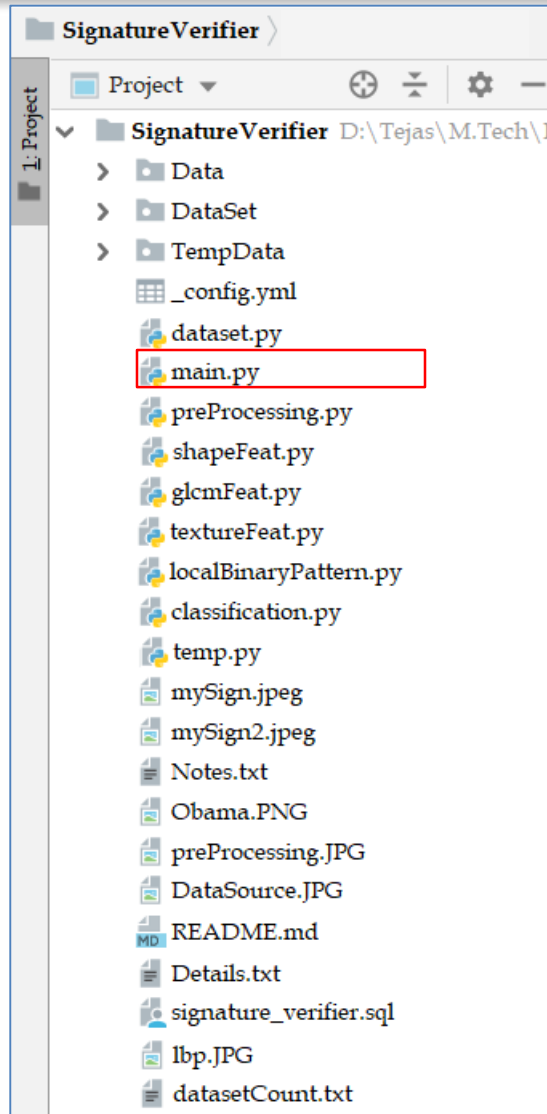
dataFolder = training_folder if (j < (4*total/5)) else testing_folder
dataexists = os.path.isfile(dataFolder + "/" + folder + "_" + str(j) + ".png")
if not dataexists:
    shutil.copy("DataSet/" + folder + "/" + folder + "_" + str(j) + ".png", dataFolder)

```

Implementation

□ Main.py

- This is the main python file where the system working starts, calls the other functions, gives the appropriate results and ends.



```
for filename in os.listdir(testing_folder):
    img = cv.imread(os.path.join(testing_folder, filename), 0)
    if img is not None:
        isLBP = False
        f = open("Data/" + datafile, "a")
        print("\n~~~~~")
        f.write("\n~~~~~\n")
        print("Image file : ", filename)
        f.write("\nImage file : " + str(filename) + "\n")
        f.close()
        orgImg = img
        # cv.imshow(filename, img)
        proImg = pr.preprocess(orgImg, datafile)
        # cv.imshow(filename, myImg)

        sf.shapeFeat(proImg, testingFeatures, isLBP, datafile, filename)
        gf.glcm(proImg, testingFeatures, datafile)
        tf.textFeat(proImg, testingFeatures, datafile)

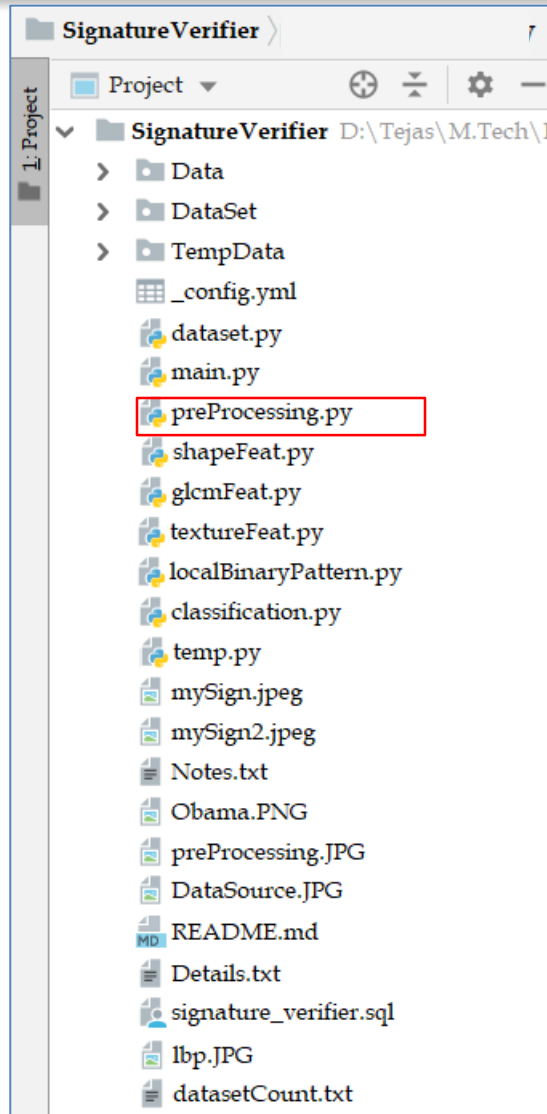
        isLBP = True
        lbpImg = lbp.lbp(orgImg, datafile)
        sf.shapeFeat(lbpImg, testingFeatures, isLBP, datafile, filename)
        gf.glcm(lbpImg, testingFeatures, datafile)
        tf.textFeat(lbpImg, testingFeatures, datafile)
        cl.actualClass(filename, testingClasses, datafile)

        cl.knn(trainingFeatures, testingFeatures, trainingClasses, decisionClasses, datafile)
```

Implementation

□ Preprocessing.py

- This function takes the image in the raw format and converts into a pre-processed format.
- Resize, RGB to Grey , Otsu thresholding, boundary Box cropping



```
def preprocess(img, datafile):
    try:
        print()
        if(len(img.shape)>2):
            img = cv.cvtColor(img, cv.COLOR_RGB2GRAY)

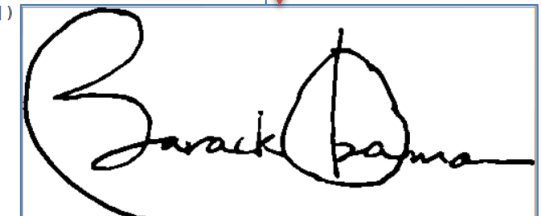
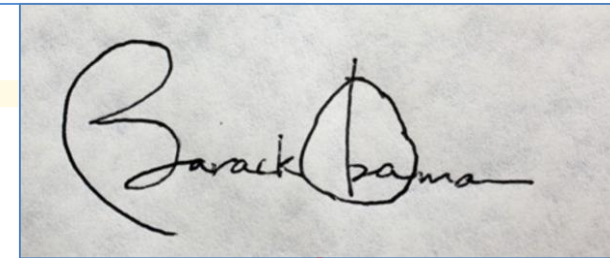
            img = imutils.resize(img, 720)

            # ~ Otsu's thresholding after Gaussian filtering ~
            blur = cv.GaussianBlur(img, (3,3),0)
            ret, img = cv.threshold(blur,0,255,cv.THRESH_OTSU)

            img = boundaryBox(img, datafile)

    except Exception as error:
        print("An exception was thrown in " + inspect.stack()[0][3])
        f = open("Data/"+datafile, "a")
        print("Error: "+ str(error))
        f.write("\nError: "+ str(error))
        f.close()

    finally:
        return img
```



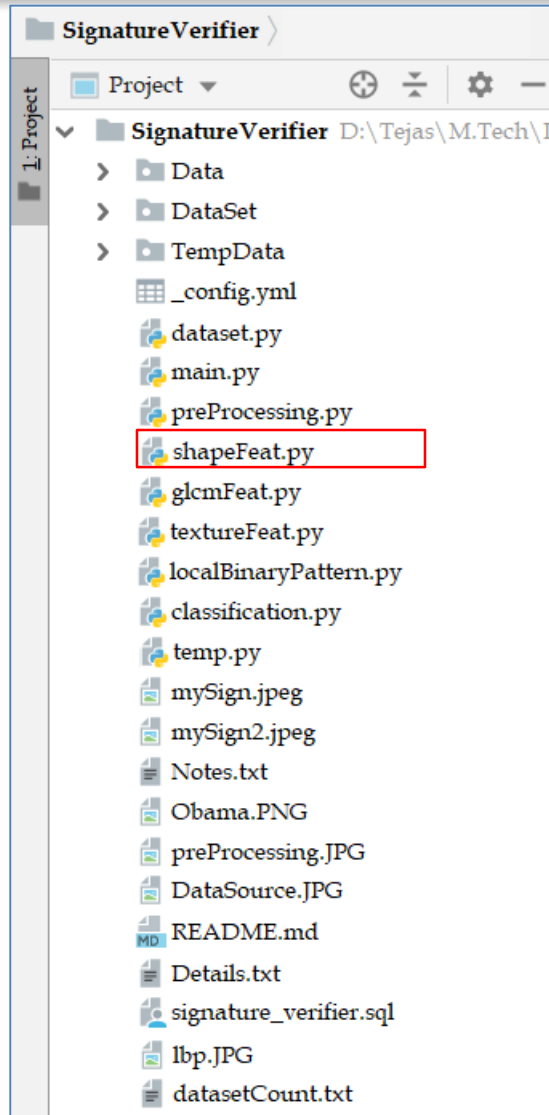
Implementation

□ shapeFeat.py

- This function extracts shape based features of the signature from the images.
- These includes:
 - Aspect Ratio
 - Center of Gravity
 - Normalized Area
 - Baseline Shift
 - Eccentricity
 - HuMoments
 - No of Corners

```
~~~~~
Image file : Y_genuine_12.png

    ~~~ Shape features ~~~
Aspect Ratio : 1.8882175226586102
X_COG: 314.35614528971786
Y_COG: 160.09018323098957
Normalized area: 0.8808652567975831
Baseline shift: 5.49301214401541
Eccentricity: 0.844747849543066
HuMoments: 13.06358045823279
Corners: 317
```



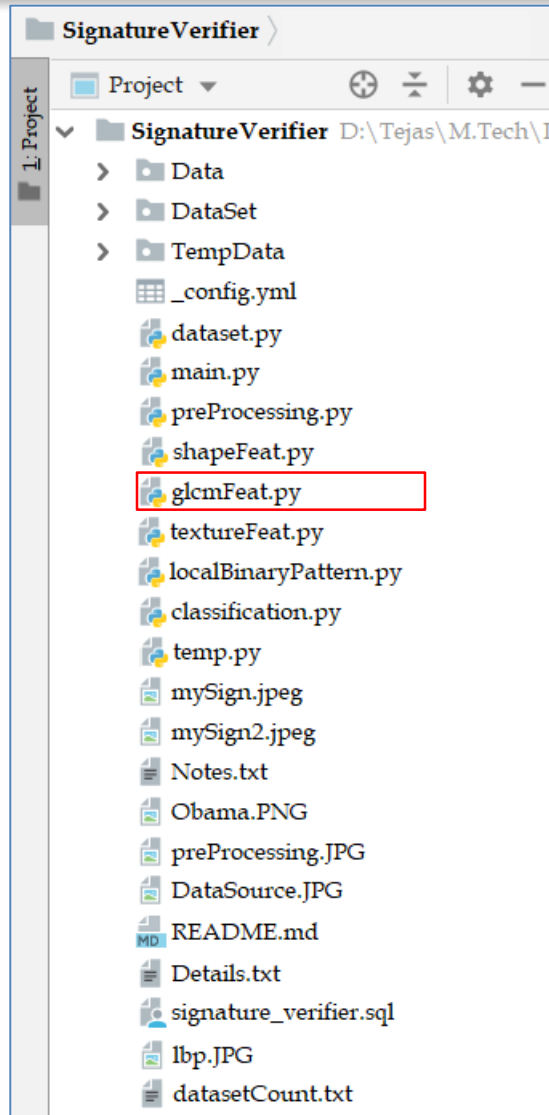
Implementation

❑ glcmFeat.py

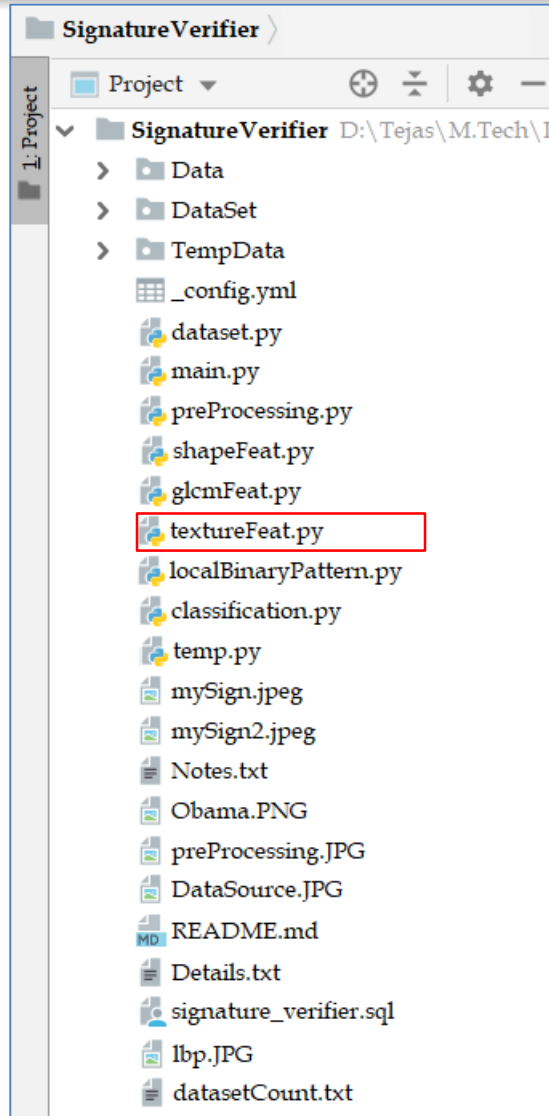
- This function extracts glcm based features of the signature from the images.
- Gray Level Coherence Matrix
- These includes:
 - Contrast
 - Dissimilarity
 - Homogeneity
 - Energy
 - Correlation
 - ASM

```
~~~~~
Image file : Y_genuine_12.png

    ~~~ GLCM features ~~~
Contrast: 1619.1396264234256
Dissimilarity: 6.3495671624448065
Homogeneity: 0.9751001195456674
Energy: 0.8751210985740953
Correlation: 0.8813611181808606
ASM: 0.7658369371695313
```



Implementation



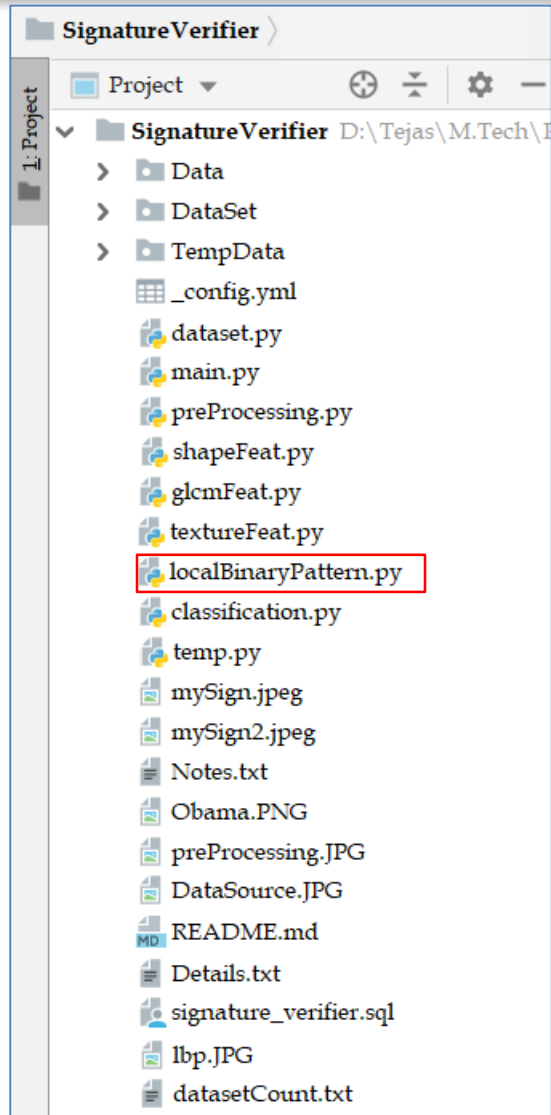
□ textureFeat.py

- This function extracts texture based features of the signature from the images.
- These includes:
 - Mean
 - Variance
 - Skewness
 - Kurtosis
 - Energy
 - Haralick

```
~~~~~
Image file : Y_genuine_12.png

    ~~~ Texture features ~~~
Mean:  224.62064048338368
Variance:  132.49999999976717
Skewness:  -2.67989282143756
Kurtosis:   6.181647412206975
Entropy:   5.672146449324859
Haralick:  2663.808568037615
```

Implementation



localBinaryPattern.py

- This python file contains function that converts the image to an LBP image.
- Local Binary Pattern

```
def lbp(img):
    if(len(img.shape)>2):
        img = cv.cvtColor(img, cv.COLOR_RGB2GRAY)

    binary = img.copy()
    lbpImg = img.copy()
    height = img.shape[0]
    width = img.shape[1]

    y=1
    while(y<height-1):
        x=1
        while(x < width-1):
            binary[y-1][x-1] = 1 if(img[y-1][x-1] < img[y][x]) else 0
            binary[y-1][x] = 1 if(img[y-1][x] < img[y][x]) else 0
            binary[y-1][x+1] = 1 if(img[y-1][x+1] < img[y][x]) else 0

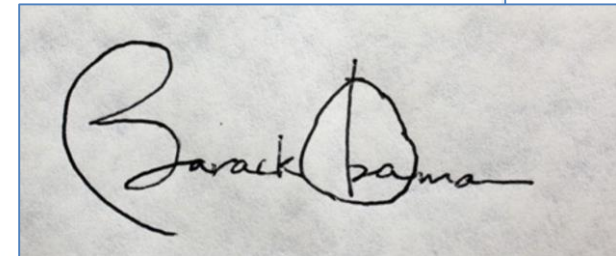
            binary[y][x-1] = 1 if(img[y][x-1] < img[y][x]) else 0
            binary[y][x+1] = 1 if(img[y][x+1] < img[y][x]) else 0

            binary[y+1][x-1] = 1 if(img[y+1][x-1] < img[y][x]) else 0
            binary[y+1][x] = 1 if(img[y+1][x] < img[y][x]) else 0
            binary[y+1][x+1] = 1 if(img[y+1][x+1] < img[y][x]) else 0

            lbpImg[y][x] = (binary[y][x-1]*128) + (binary[y-1][x]*64) + (binary[y+1][x]*32) + (binary[y][x+1]*16) + (binary[y-1][x+1]*8) + (binary[y+1][x+1]*4)
            #lbpImg[y][x] = (binary[y-1][x+1]*128) + (binary[y][x]*64) + (binary[y+1][x]*32) + (binary[y][x-1]*16) + (binary[y-1][x-1]*8) + (binary[y+1][x-1]*4)

            x+=1
        y+=1

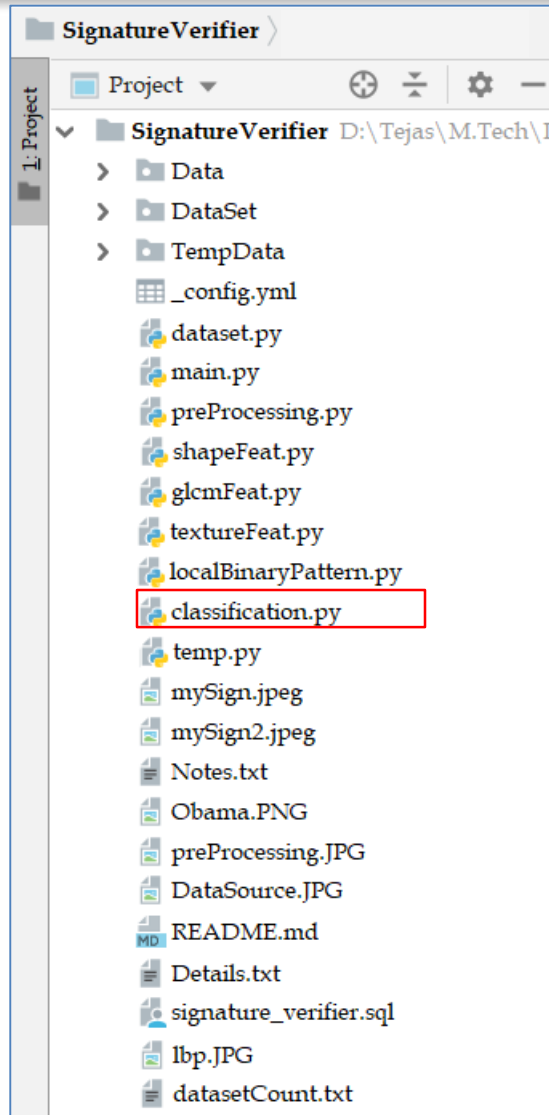
    return lbpImg
```



Implementation

□ classification.py

- This python file contains KNN classification function which classifies the given test data to a particular class.
- There are two functions one that gets the actual class of the function by merely the name of the file and other is the KNN classifier.



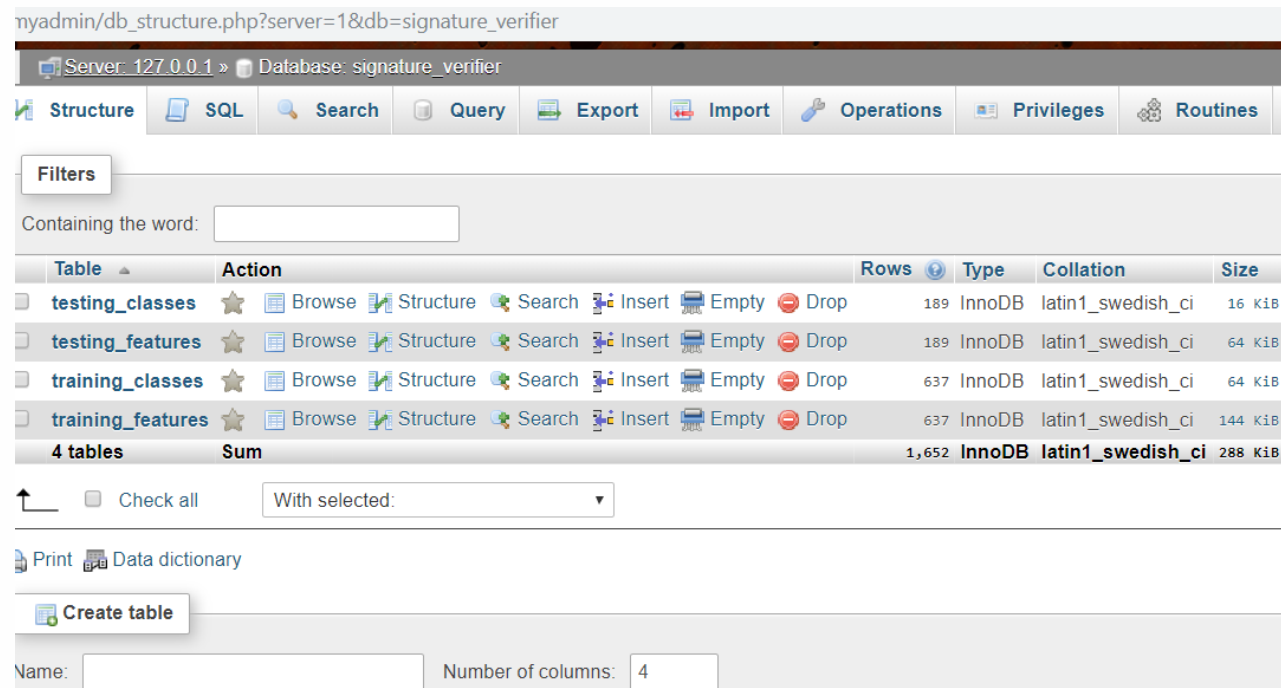
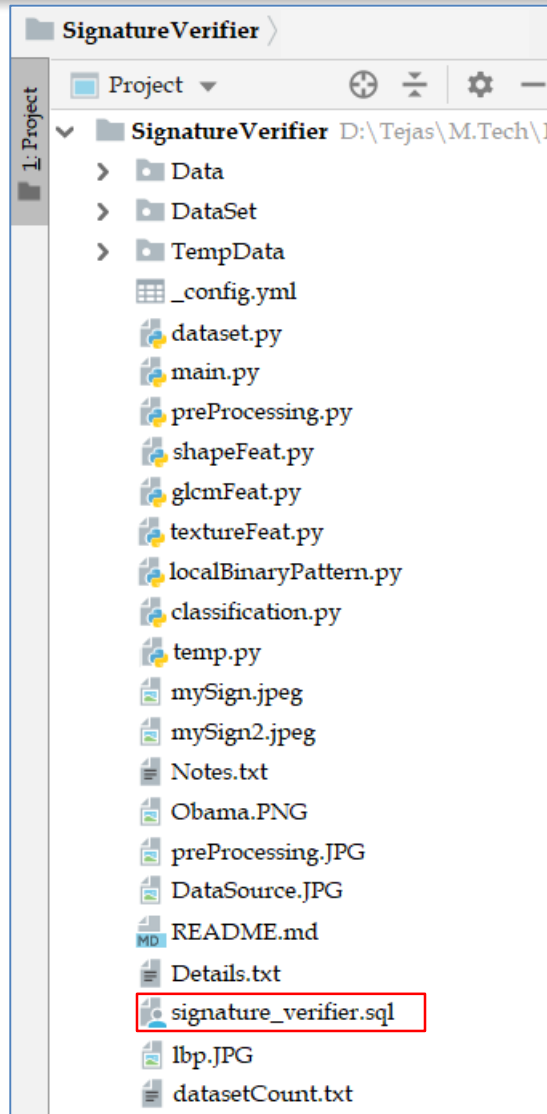
```
~~~~~
Image file :  A_forged_21.png
          ■
          ■
          ■

Actual Class:  A_forged
Decision:  A_forged
~~~~~
```

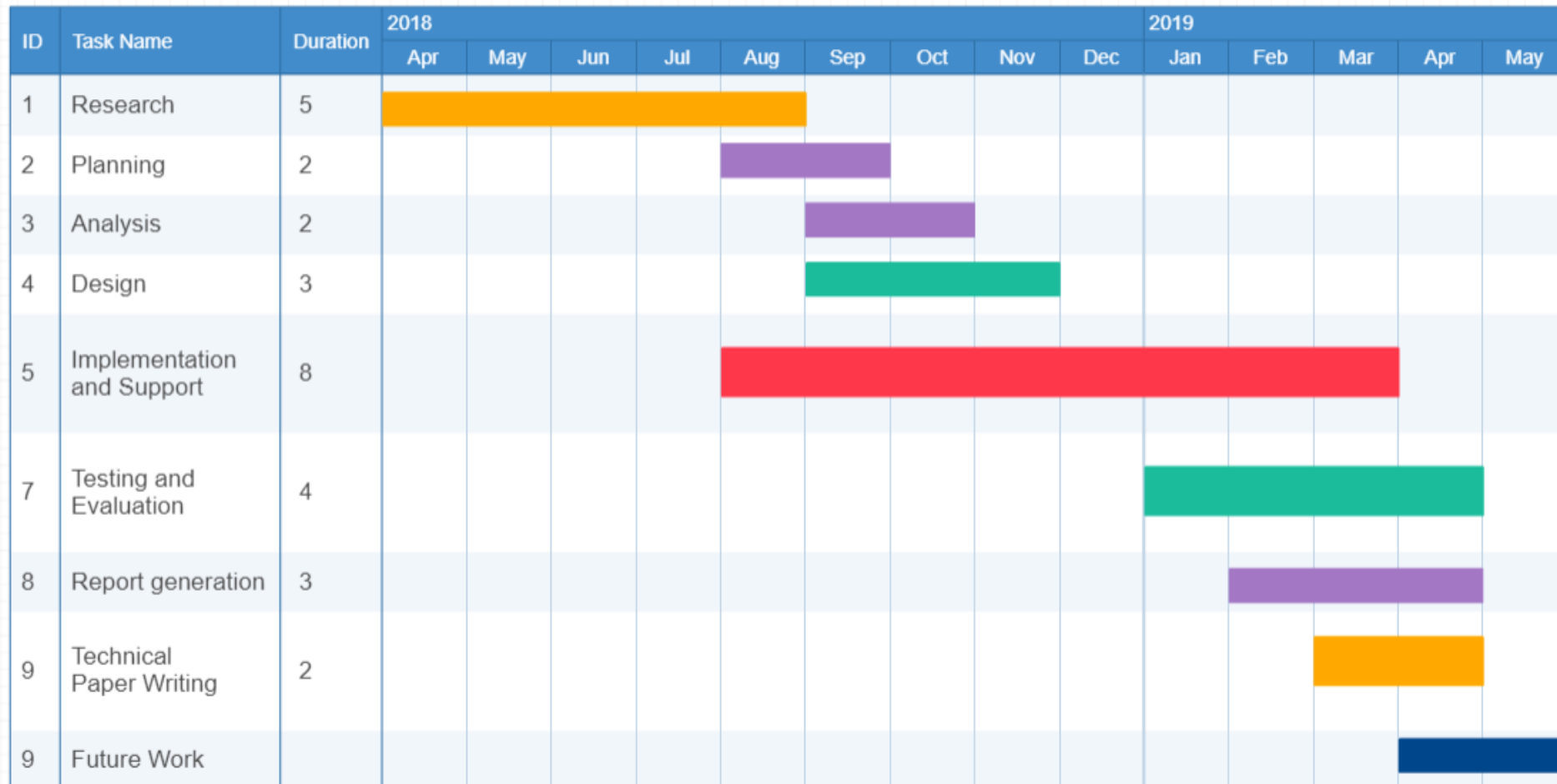
Implementation

❑ DATABASE

- This has SQL queries for creating database, creating tables, inserting entries into the tables.
- Main.py also inserts and reads each feature vector into the database



Gantt Chart



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Thank You 😊

Any Questions?