Lab5TDDExample 0.1.0

Generated by Doxygen 1.9.6

Class Index

1.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

Butter< I, N >	
Allows to store data with ability to retrieve last N stored items	??
$Buffer_bad < N > \dots \dots$??

2 Class Index

File Index

2.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

Buffer.h	. ??
Buffer_refactoring.h	. ??

File Index

Class Documentation

3.1 Buffer < T, N > Class Template Reference

allows to store data with ability to retrieve last N stored items.

```
#include <Buffer.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- void add (T value)
 - add item to the buffer.
- std::array< T, N > output ()

show contents of the buffer In order they were added (last - first).

- void clean ()
 - empty the buffer.
- void add (T value)
- std::array< T, N > output ()
- · void clean ()

3.1.1 Detailed Description

```
template < typename T, int N> class Buffer < T, N>
```

allows to store data with ability to retrieve last N stored items.

Template Parameters

T	- type of items that are stored in buffer.
N	- size of a buffer.

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3.1.2 Member Function Documentation

3.1.2.1 add()

add item to the buffer.

Parameters

```
value – item to be added.
```

3.1.2.2 clean()

```
template<typename T , int N>
void Buffer< T, N >::clean [inline]
```

empty the buffer.

3.1.2.3 output()

```
template<typename T , int N> std::array< T, N > Buffer< T, N >::output [inline]
```

show contents of the buffer In order they were added (last - first).

Returns

```
std::array<T,N> - resulting array.
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- Buffer.h
- Buffer_refactoring.h

3.2 Buffer_bad< N > Class Template Reference

Public Member Functions

- · void add (int value)
- int * output ()
- · void clean ()

Public Attributes

- int array [N]
- unsigned long next

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• Buffer_refactoring.h

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File Documentation

4.1 Buffer.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #include <array>
00010 template<typename T, int N>
00011 class Buffer
00012 {
00013
          std::array<T,N> array;
00014
          unsigned long next;
00015
00016 public:
00017
       Buffer();
          void add(T value);
00023
          std::array<T, N> output();
00029
00034
          void clean();
00035 };
00037 template <typename T, int N>
00038 inline Buffer<T, N>::Buffer()
00039 {
00040
          clean();
00041 }
00043 template <typename T, int N>
00044 inline void Buffer<T, N>::add(T value)
00045 {
00046
          array[next] = value;
00047
          next++;
00048
          if (next >= array.size()) next = 0;
00049 }
00050
00051 template <typename T, int N>
00052 inline std::array<T, N> Buffer<T, N>::output()
00053 {
00054
          std::array<T, N> output;
00055
00056
           for (unsigned int i = 0, j = next; i < N; i++)
00057
00058
               output[i] = array[j];
00059
               j++;
if(j >= array.size()) j = 0;
00060
00061
          }
00062
00063
          return output;
00064 }
00065
00066 template <typename T, int N>
00067 inline void Buffer<T, N>::clean()
00068 {
00069
           for (unsigned int i = 0; i < N; i++)
00070
00071
               array[i] = T();
00072
00073
          next = 0;
00074 }
```

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4.2 Buffer refactoring.h

```
00001 #pragma once
00002 #include <array>
00003
00004 template<int N>
00005 class Buffer_bad
00006 {
00007 public:
80000
         int array[N];
00009
          unsigned long next;
00010
         Buffer_bad();
          void add(int value);
00012
          int* output();
00013
          void clean();
00014 };
00015
00016 template <int N>
00017 inline Buffer_bad<N>::Buffer_bad()
00019
          for (unsigned int i = 0; i < N; i++)
00020
00021
              array[i] = T();
00022
00023
         next = 0;
00024 }
00025
00026 template <int N>
00027 inline void Buffer_bad<N>::add(int value)
00028 {
00029
          arrav[next] = value;
         next++;
00031
          if (next >= array.size()) next = 0;
00032 }
00033
00034 template <int N>
00035 inline int* Buffer bad<N>::output(){
          T output[N];
00037
00038
          for (unsigned int i = 0, j = next; i < N; i++)
00039
              output[i] = array[j];
00040
00041
              if(j >= array.size()) j = 0;
00042
00043
          }
00044
00045
          return &output[0];
00046 }
00047
00048 template <int N>
00049 inline void Buffer_bad<N>::clean()
00050 {
00051
          for (unsigned int i = 0; i < N; i++)
00052
00053
              arrav[i] = T();
00054
00055
         next = 0;
00056 }
00057
00058
00059 //The code above has multiple problems:
00060 //- Primitive Obsession (usage of c style arrays)
00061 //- Indecent Exposure (there is no need to access array and next from outside)
00062 //- Dublicated Code (in constructor and clean for example)
00063 //- Alternative Classes (potentially, if we want to store other types inside of container)
00064
00065 //Refactored class will look like this
00066
00067 #pragma once
00068 #include <array>
00069
00070 template<typename T, int N>
00071 class Buffer
00072 {
00073 private:
00074
         std::array<T,N> array;
00075
          unsigned long next;
00076
00077 public:
00078
         Buffer();
          void add(T value);
00079
         std::array<T, N> output();
00081
         void clean();
00082
00083 private:
00084
         unsigned long _add_n_fold(unsigned long x);
00085 };
```

```
00086
00087 template <typename T, int N>
00088 inline Buffer<T, N>::Buffer()
00089 {
00090
          clean();
00091 }
00092
00093 template <typename T, int N>
00094 inline void Buffer<T, N>::add(T value)
00095 {
00096
         array[next] = value;
         _add_n_fold(next);
00097
00098 }
00099
00100 template <typename T, int N> \,
00101 inline std::array<T, N> Buffer<T, N>::output()
00102 {
00103
          std::array<T, N> output;
00105
          for (unsigned int i = 0, j = next; i < N; i++)
00106
              output[i] = array[j];
00107
00108
             _add_n_fold(j);
00109
          }
00110
00111
          return output;
00112 }
00113
00114 template <typename T, int N> \,
00115 inline void Buffer<T, N>::clean()
00116 {
00117
          for (unsigned int i = 0; i < N; i++)
00118
00119
              array[i] = T();
00120
          next = 0;
00121
00122 }
00124 template <typename T, int N>
00125 inline unsigned long Buffer<T, N>::_add_n_fold(unsigned long x)
00126 {
          auto out = x++;
00127
          if(x \ge array.size()) x = 0;
00128
00129
          return x;
00130 }
```

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