

# A short overview of T<sub>E</sub>X, its children and their friends ...

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October 14, 2010

[Link for the impatient.](#)

In the world of T<sub>E</sub>X, there are many developments and ambiguous names. This paper tries to give an overview of the development of T<sub>E</sub>X and related programs. Contributions are welcome!<sup>1</sup>

## 1 Introduction

The base frame and main idea of this document was taken from the article A brief history of T<sub>E</sub>X, volume II by Arthur Reutenauer in the proceedings of EuroBachTeX2007 and his talk there (see references). Additional information is taken from original documentations (see references on page 17) and some review articles. For old, historic information, the historic archive maintained by Ulrik Vieth and hosted on <ftp.tug.org> (see refs) was very useful. Many thanks for that great archive!

All information is up to the date of this generated pdf. Everything here is without guarantee – this is just to get an overview. Consult the references for further (and/or correct) information!

In the tree views (page 11), every node has a tooltip that shows up when you hover the mouse over it. If your pdf viewer does not support this, go to the end of the document, where every tooltip is written in normal text (page 19).

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<sup>1</sup>The current source of this document is available at <http://github.com/alt/tex-overview>. Please feel free to patch there or mail me any suggestions and comments. I'll be happy to extend and correct this document!

I tried to make the graph more readable by using colors. All decisions reflect my personal opinion, not that of the community, of the authors or someone else.

**normal** That is, not very important in my opinion, no huge user group, but still maybe important for special needs. Was in use at least some time back, but is not of great impact nowadays.

**important** Engines or formats that had or have a great impact on (everyday) typesetting for a large community.

**experimental** Developments that might still be under construction or were never used by a large community. Nevertheless, these might be very important to the development of other engines or for use of special typesetting.

**package** L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X-packages that seemed worth mentioning. There won't be many of this. Not-included packages are not necessarily unimportant!

**distributions** Software bundles that bring T<sub>E</sub>X and friends to the normal user.

**program** Programs that are not directly connected to T<sub>E</sub>X (but interesting in the context of using T<sub>E</sub>X) or are separate helper programs.

Furthermore, there are two versions of some graphs: A short version mentioning only the most important things and a full one with everything I could find.

In most cases I did not mention the authors of the programs/packages. This is not to diminish their effort but only for clarity (long names make things harder to read). I did not write any of the below-mentioned programs or packages. The authors are given in the documents linked in the references.

## How to contribute

I hope one day this document would become the standard reference for questions like "What program do I need for ...?", "What's the difference between ...T<sub>E</sub>X and ...T<sub>E</sub>X?", "Why is it called ...?" etc.

To get to this point, I need some help of people having read more documentation or even developed some of the programs mentioned here themselves. Special help is needed for:

- font technologies
- METAFONT and successors
- BibT<sub>E</sub>X and successors/alternatives

It is up to you to contribute texts, references, links, descriptions, hints etc. I'll be happy about anything I can add here.

## **Note to users of Adobe Acrobat Reader**

This document is known to cause problems with the Acrobat Reader. Thanks to the people on the texhax mailing list, the program will no longer cause an error with this document. But still you will see green rectangulars around all the nodes. These are not intended, but Acrobat Reader just adds them to make clear that there is an annotation. Use another viewer to get rid of them and enjoy the beauty of this document :)

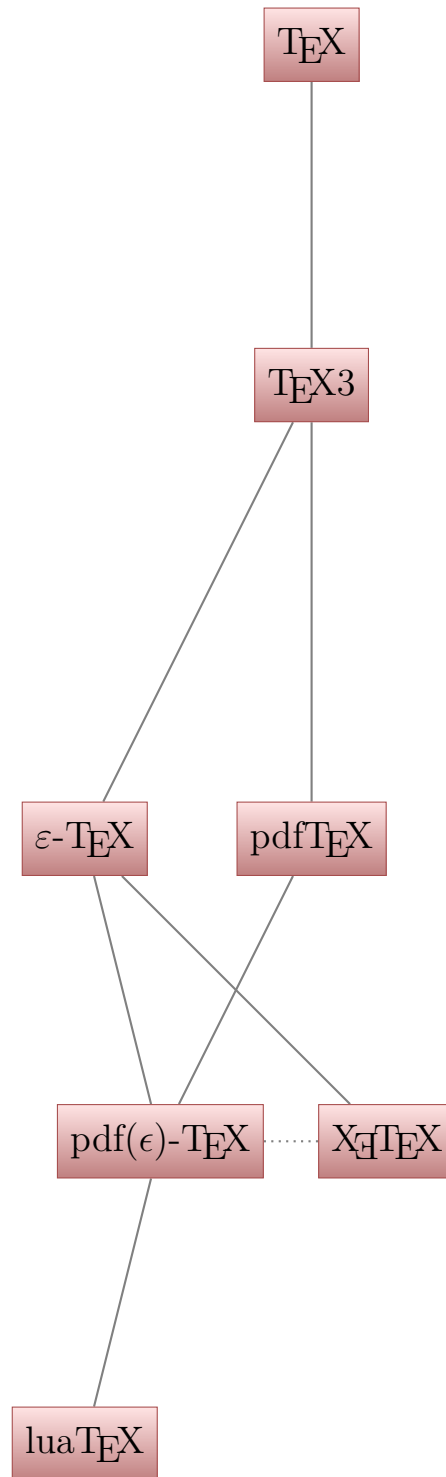
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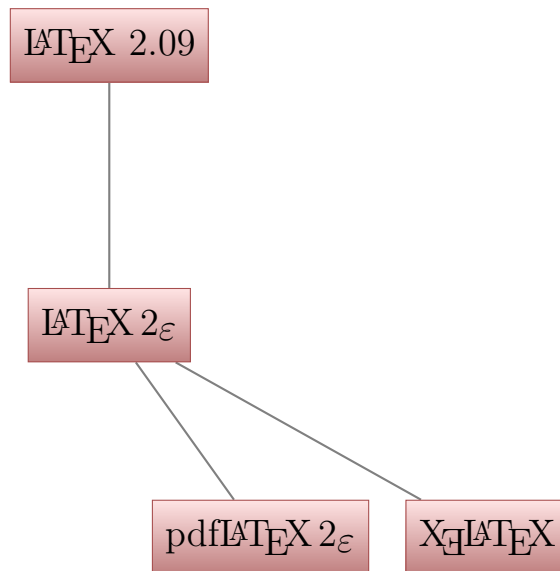
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# Tree Views

## 2 T<sub>E</sub>X – the program

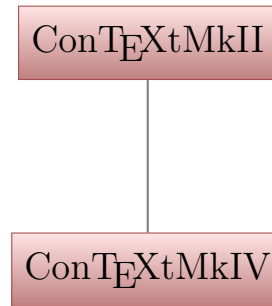


### 3 $\text{\LaTeX}$ (Lamport's $\text{\TeX}$ format)



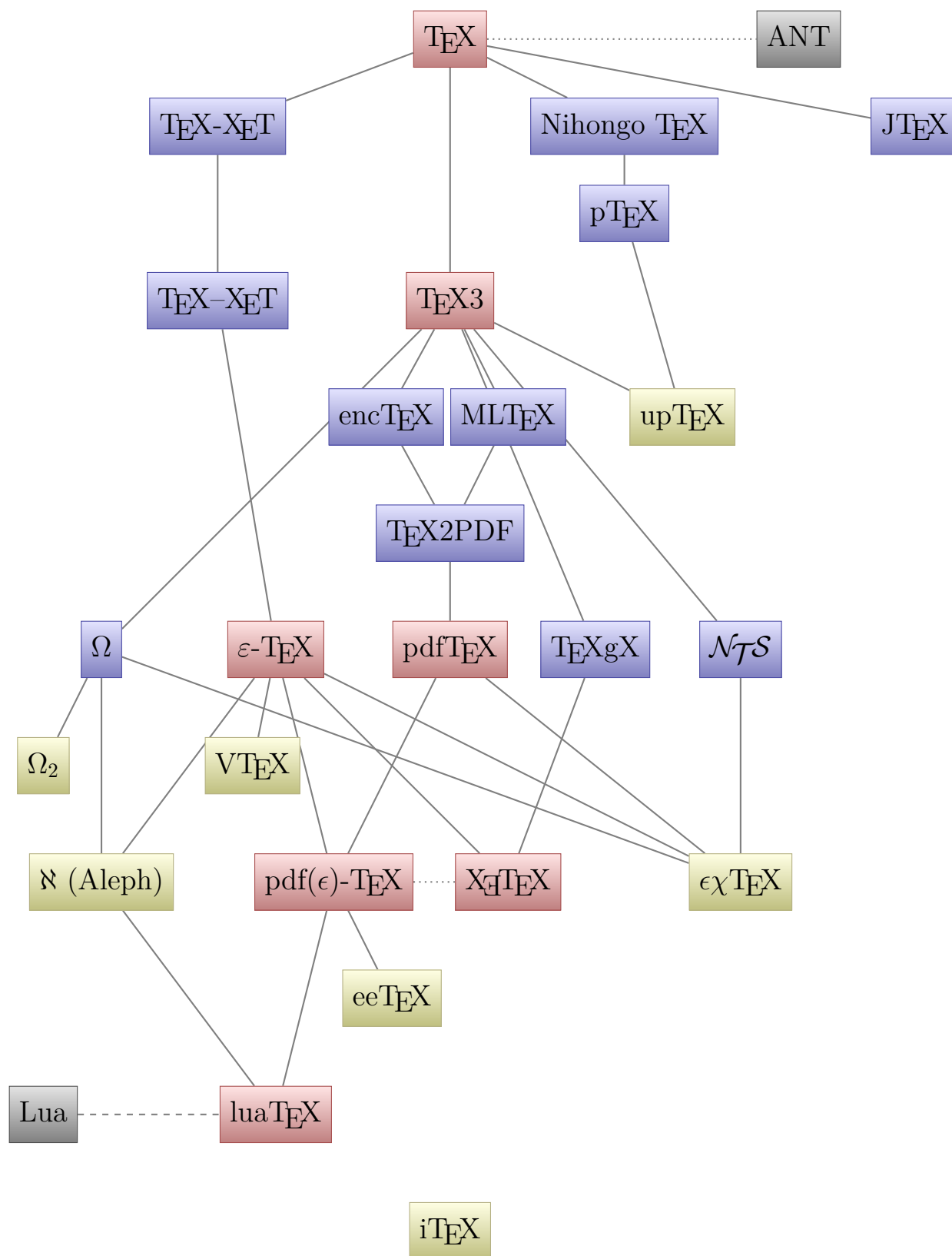


#### 4 ConT<sub>E</sub>Xt (Context = con tex t – text with tex; formerly pragmatex)

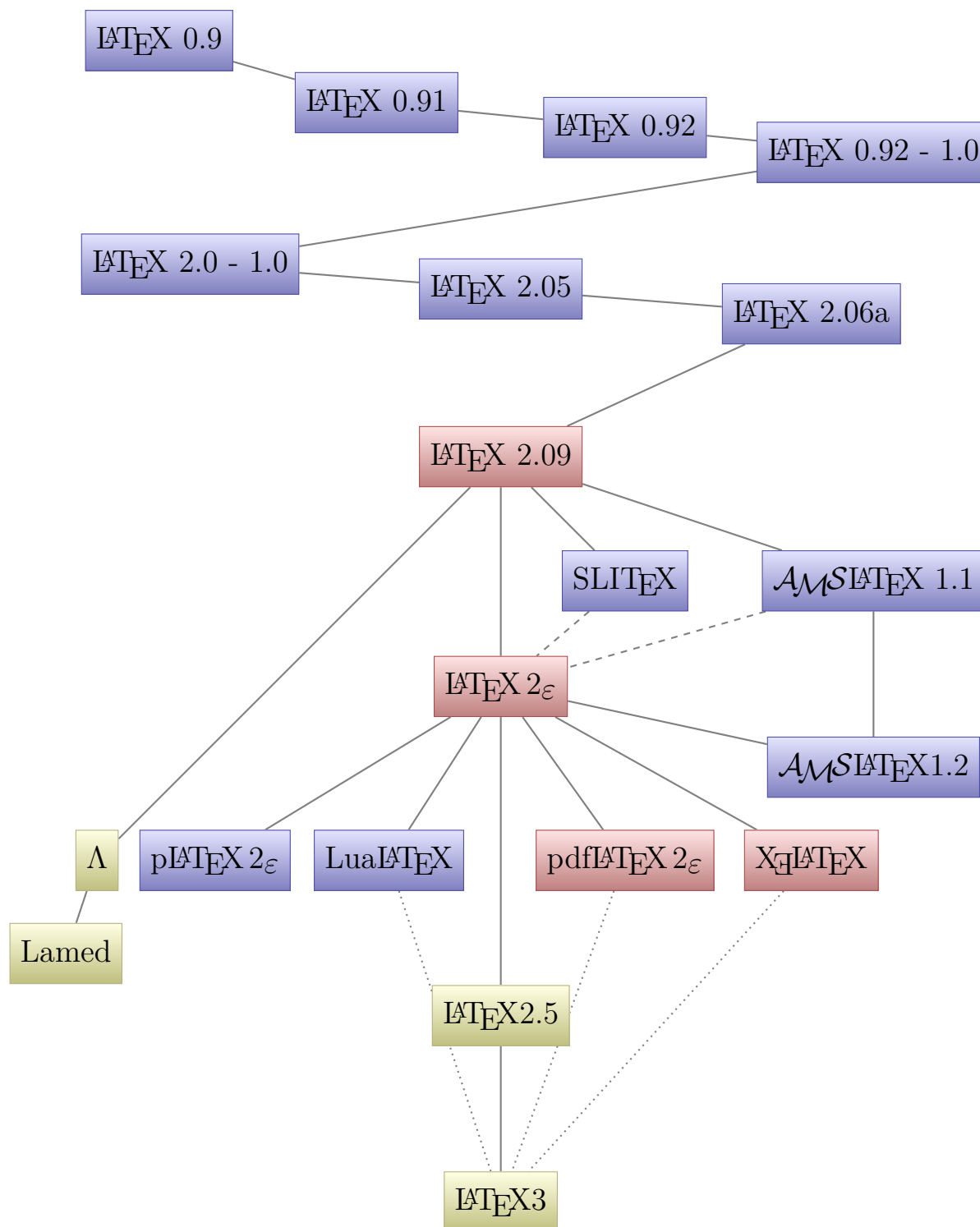


# Tree Views

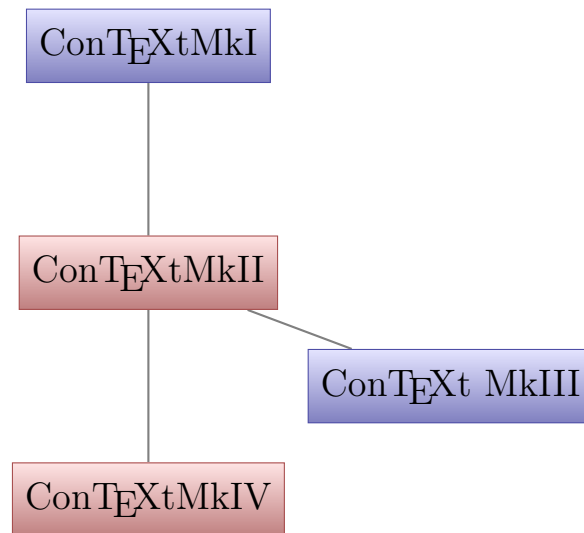
## 5 T<sub>E</sub>X – the program



## 6 $\text{\LaTeX}$ (Lamport's $\text{\TeX}$ format)



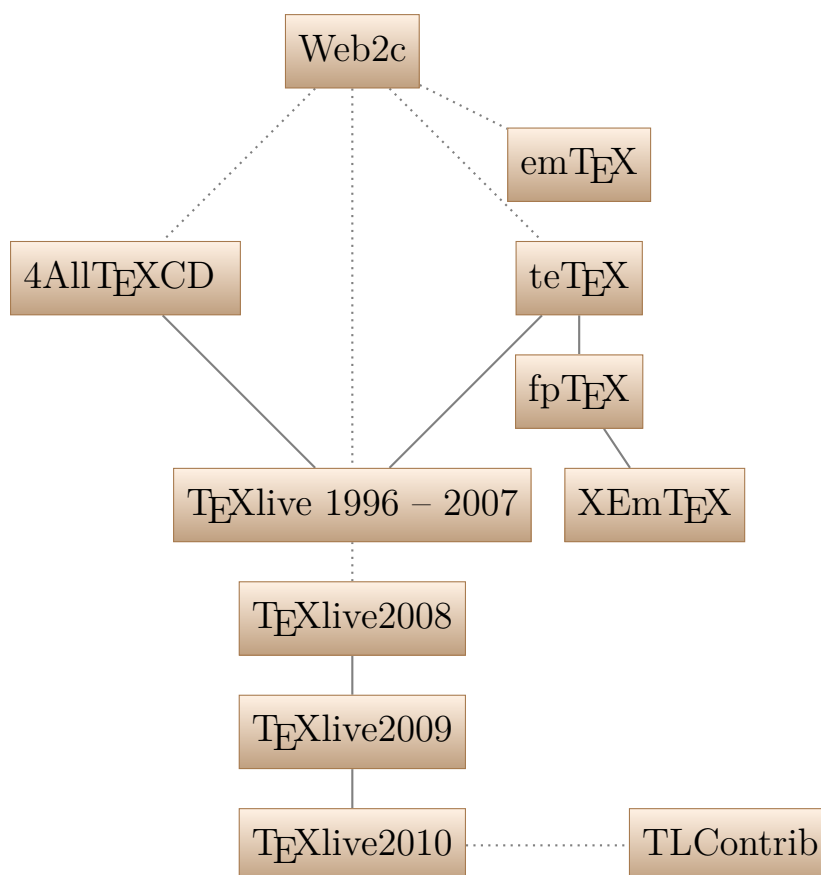
## 7 ConT<sub>E</sub>Xt (Context = con tex t – text with tex; formerly pragmatex)



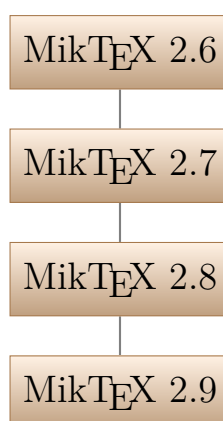
## 8 Distributions

This section will feature the main distributions of  $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$  and related programs. Of course, not every Linux Distribution's  $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$  package can be listed here, but only official upstream distributions. So far, only  $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{Xlive}$  and  $\text{MikT}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$  are listed, but I'll add others if they are/were important.

### 8.1 $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{Xlive}$



### 8.2 $\text{MikT}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$



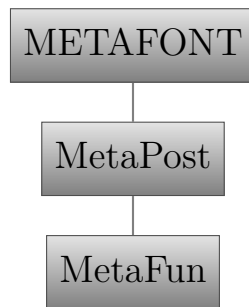
### 8.3 $\text{W32T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$



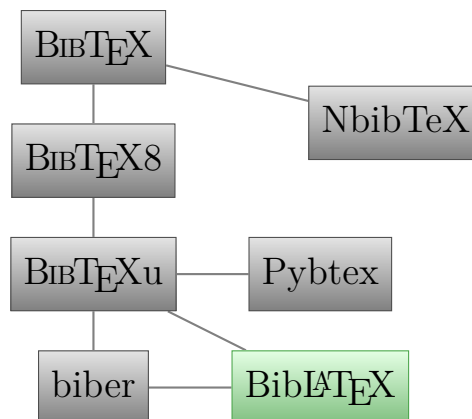
## 9 Pandora's Box

The following pages will be a hodge-podge of many things that are related to  $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$  and used in the process of generating documents in different file formats, i. e. conversion tools, bibliography tools etc. Feel free to contribute, I'll choose case-by-case if I'll add something or won't include it. Text editors or viewers will *not* be included!

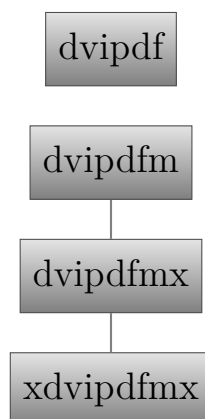
### 9.1 META\*



### 9.2 Bib $\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$



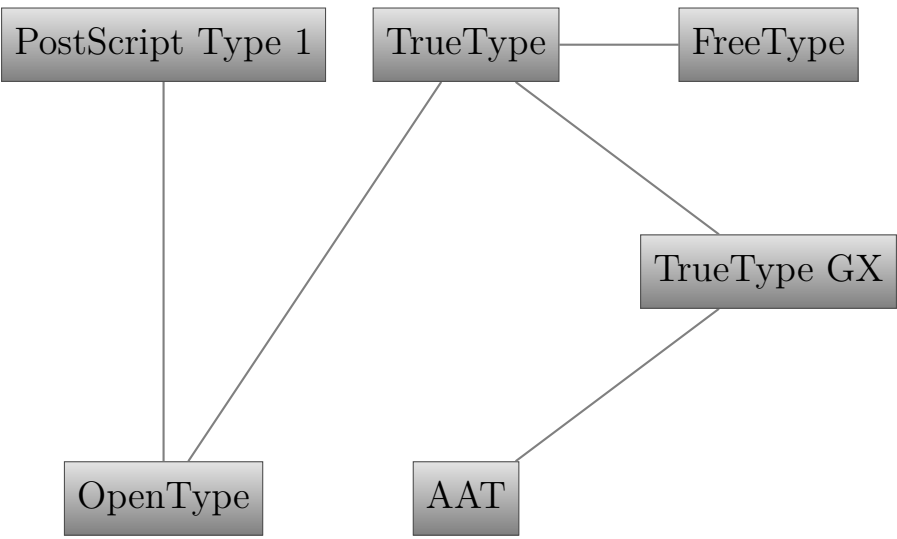
### 9.3 (x)dvipdf(m)(x)



### 9.4 Font Technologies

This section tries to cover the development of font technologies – the most important thing for a typesetting system is it's font mechanism ...

metafont





## 10 References

The references are in order of occurrence in the above document. I.e. if you want information about LuaTeX, it will be below e.g.  $\epsilon$ TeX.

### Books

D.E. Knuth, D. Bibby, and I. Makai. The TeXbook  
Addison-Wesley Reading, MA, 1986.

F. Mittelbach, M. Goossens, J. Braams, D. Carlisle, C. Rowley, C. Detig, and  
J. Schrod. The L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X companion.  
Addison-Wesley, 2004.

### Web Sources

This document on github  
<http://github.com/alt/tex-overview>

### Original Documentation – Engines

ANT project page  
<http://ant.berlios.de>

Yasuki S AITO. Report on JTEX: A Japanese TEX. TUGboat 8 (1987), no. 2, 103–116.  
<http://www.tug.org/TUGboat/Articles/tb08-2/tb18saito.pdf>

pTeXsources and documentation  
<http://dante.ctan.org/tex-archive/help/Catalogue/entries/ptex.html>

MLTeX source (CH file)  
<http://www.tex.ac.uk/tex-archive/systems/generic/mltex/mltex.ch>

encTeX page  
<http://www.olsak.net/enctex.html>

N<sub>7</sub>S project page  
<http://nts.tug.org>

VTeX – official homepage of micropress-inc  
<http://www.micropress-inc.com/>

$\epsilon$ TeX project page  
<http://www.extex.org>

eeTeX project page  
<http://tex.aanhet.net/eetex>

LuaTeX project page  
<http://www.luatex.org>

### Original Documentation – Makro Packages/Formats

ConTeXt wiki  
<http://wiki.contextgarden.net>

L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X project page  
<http://www.latex-project.org>

L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X3 project  
<http://www.latex-project.org/latex3.html>

## Original Documentation – Distributions

fp $\TeX$ : Announcement at TUG 1999

<http://www.tug.org/tug99/program/node39.html>

$\TeX$ live development history

<http://tug.org/texlive/doc/texlive-en/texlive-en.html>

TLContrib project page

<http://tlcontrib.metatex.org/>

MikTeX project page

<http://miktex.org/>

Win32 project page

<http://w32tex.org/>

## Original Documentation – Fonts

Specifications of the Type1 Fonts

[http://partners.adobe.com/public/developer/en/font/T1\\_SPEC.PDF](http://partners.adobe.com/public/developer/en/font/T1_SPEC.PDF)

## Original Documentation – Everything Else

dvipdfmx project page

<http://project.ktug.or.kr/dvipdfmx/>

## Overview Articles

Arthur Reutenauer. A Brief History of  $\TeX$ . Talk at EuroBacho $\TeX$  2007.

<http://www.gust.org.pl/bachotex/EuroBachoTeX2007/presentations/bhot.pdf/view>

A Brief History of L $\TeX$

<http://www.xent.com/FoRK-archive/feb98/0307.html>

Short Article About Omega And Aleph

<http://www.tex.ac.uk/cgi-bin/texfaq2html?label=omegaleph>

Interviews with Will Robertson, Hans Hagen et. al.

<http://www.tug.org/interviews>

## Web Archives

CTAN – Comprehensive TeX Archive Network:

<http://www.ctan.org>

Historic Archive of TeX Distributions:

<ftp://ftp.tug.org/historic>

## 11 List of Contributors

I have to thank the following people for helping me improving this document. Of course I thank all the people providing the above-mentioned references.

- Paul Isambert, for usefull discussions and testing
- ...

## Text Views

### 12 T<sub>E</sub>X – the program

#### T<sub>E</sub>X

Born in 1978 by Donald Erwin Knuth.

#### ANT

Ant is Not TeX. A typesetting system inspired by TeX. Only *\*inspired\**, so it has nothing to do with TeX in terms of common code.

#### T<sub>E</sub>X-~~X~~E<sub>T</sub>

The first extension to TeX, 1987. It was able to typeset in two directions, but only with a mark in the dvi to change the direction.

#### Nihongo T<sub>E</sub>X

A true multibyte extension of TeX. Could handle all Japanese characters in one font.

#### JT<sub>E</sub>X

An extension of TeX for typesetting Japanese. (1987, Yasuki Saito)

#### pT<sub>E</sub>X

Extension of Nihongo TeX to enable vertical typesetting. (“p” for “publishing”) Distributed as WEB change files.

#### T<sub>E</sub>X-~~X~~E<sub>T</sub>

TeX–XeT was able to really put the glyphs on the right place in the dvi.

#### T<sub>E</sub>X3

Ability to handle 8-bit input. 1989. TeX development was frozen in 1991 and only bugfixes were made. Now in version 3.1415926, it gets closer to pi with every bugfix ...

#### encT<sub>E</sub>X

A small extension to TeX, started 1997. Adds 10 new primitives relating input re-encoding

#### MLT<sub>E</sub>X

Extension (started 1990) to TeX that allows hyphenation of words with accented letters. (Therefore the name: MultiLingual TeX.) Distributed as a change file to the original WEB sources of TeX.

#### upT<sub>E</sub>X

Unicode-aware version of pTeX (“unicode-publishing”-TeX) also modernized from TeX3.

## **TeX2PDF**

Early name for pdfTeX. Don't confuse with converters like dvi2pdf.

## **Ω**

Support for 16bit-unicode-input. Still constrained on the output.

## **ε-TeX**

\*the\* extension to TeX. Provided by the NTS team as an intermediate project until NTS would be ready. eTeX is a full TeX and backward compatible.

## **pdfTeX**

A new engine to directly produce pdf-files from TeX, without the need of dvi-ps-pdf. This allows to use microtypographic extensions and many other features of the pdf format.

## **TeXgX**

GX stands for Graphic eXtension. TeXGX was able to handle this font technology. Only on Mac OS.

## **NTS**

A project to completely reimplement TeX in Java. Now NTS is officially declared dead.

## **Ω<sub>2</sub>**

A short-time try to pick up the development of Omega again in 2006. Seemed more like a good plan and is now regarded as obsolete. LuaTeX is kind of a successor.

## **VT<sub>ε</sub>X**

VT<sub>ε</sub>X (VisualTeX) can produce pdf, html, svg, dvi or ps output directly from input. In contrast to pdfTeX, it includes a full PostScript interpreter, thus capable to include EPS figures, PStricks etc. First official version I found: February 15, 1999: VT<sub>ε</sub>X 6.3; last official version seems to be from Oct 1, 2005: VT<sub>ε</sub>X 8.61. Commercial product.

## **ℵ (Aleph)**

Originally named epsilon-Omega, an attempt to stabilize Omega while merging epsilon extensions. Authors: John Plaice and Yannis Haralambous, now maintained for severe bugfixes by Taco Hoekwater.

## **X<sub>ε</sub>TeX**

This extension enables full multilingual support for left-to-right typesetting, right-to-left and almost any other possible direction. Unicode encoding is fully supported (utf8 as native encoding). XeTeX also features support for OpenType and AAT-fonts. In newest versions, character protrusion is possible – hence the connection to pdfTeX.

## **εχTeX**

Planned implementation of a high-quality typesetting system, written in Java. Based on experiences in NTS, eTeX, pdfTeX and Omega. Started in 2003, current version in repository is 0.0. (i. e. not very far ...)

## **pdf(ε)-TeX**

Merging the pdfTeX engine with the eTeX-extensions. This engine can produce dvi (with or without the eTeX-extensions) as well as pdf (again, with or without extensions).

## **eeTeX**

Experimental extension to pdfTeX by Taco Hoekwater, created 2000. Distributed as change file. Now dead due to his development of luaTeX.

## **Lua**

Script language; has nothing to do with TeX!

## luaTeX

LuaTeX supports utf8, OpenType and totally everything. TeXlive 2010 ships version 0.60.2. luaTeX features an embedded scripting language, lua, making it easy to extend, so most of the programming can be done in lua instead of TeX-hackery.

## iTeX

iTeX is the official successor of TeX3, announced by Don Knuth at the TUG conference 2010.

# 13 L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X (Lamport's T<sub>E</sub>X format)

## L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 0.9

First version still on web (historic archive, see refs) is 0.9, for use with TeX 0.95. No installation help found. Apparently one needs the files lplain.tex and latex.tex to create the format.

## L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 0.91

Version 0.91 for use with TeX 0.97 (C) 1983 by Leslie Lamport. Most changes to previous version are in the file lplain.tex.

## L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 0.92

First version with the @ as letter for internal names. Seemingly first version with a manual. For use with TeX Version 0.999999. (no joke, that's the version number given in the latex.tex file!) (C) 1983 by Leslie Lamport, conversion to 0.92 from 0.91 by Arthur Keller.

## L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 0.92 - 1.0

Adaption of 0.92 for TeX version 1.0. (C) 1983 by Leslie Lamport, conversion to 0.92 from 0.91 by Arthur Keller.

## L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2.0 - 1.0

Seemingly heavy changes compared to 0.92. Version for TeX 1.0. Release of 11 Dec 1983. There were never public versions 1.x

## L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2.05

No sure information found so far.

## L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2.06a

Release of version 2.06a of the LaTeX macros. September 1984.

## L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2.09

The first official version by Leslie Lamport, 1985.

## SL<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X

A variation of LaTeX2.09 to provide an easy way for producing presentations. In LaTeX2e absorbed as a documentclass (slides).

## A<sub>M</sub>S<sup>A</sup>L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 1.1

A port of Spivak's AMS-TeX to LaTeX 2.09, released 1990

## L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub>

June 1994: New release of LaTeX to avoid incompatible dialects of LaTeX 2.09. Introduced by the LaTeX3-Team.

## A<sub>M</sub>S<sup>A</sup>L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 1.2

A port of version 1.1 to LaTeX 2e by Downes and Jones.

### pdf $\LaTeX$ 2 $\epsilon$

The standard LaTeX. If anyone talks about "LaTeX" it is nearly shure to be this package. pdfLaTeX2e produces pdf or dvi output.

### X $\LaTeX$

Using the XeTeX engine. There are some special packages that provide easy access to the modern features of XeTeX.

### Lua $\LaTeX$

LaTeX based on LuaTeX with pdf (standard) or dvi (dviLuaLaTeX) output. LaTeX support for luaTeX is under heavy development to make this machine usable with the format. Work in progress, but already well useable!

### p $\LaTeX$ 2 $\epsilon$

A LaTeX-bundle for the pTeX engine.

### $\Lambda$

A LaTeX-package for the omega-engine.

### Lamed

A LaTeX-package for the aleph-engine.

### $\LaTeX$ 2.5

Will Robertson suggested in an interview (see refs) an interim unstable version on the way to LaTeX3 with version number 2.5 that should bring package authors towards using LaTeX3 syntax. This version should be backwards incompatible to LaTeX2e. (This version does not exist in any official plannings, but I liked the idea, so it is mentioned here )

### $\LaTeX$ 3

The long-time successor of LaTeX2e. It is planned to implement a very elaborate low-level programming language. (Almost done by now.) The expl3-package provides an implemantation that can be used on top of LaTeX2e. Several LaTeX packages already make heavy use of expl3. (As does this very document.)

## 14 Con $\TeX$ t (Context = con tex t – text with tex; formerly pragmatex)

### Con $\TeX$ tMkI

Original ConTeXt with Dutch low level interface.

### Con $\TeX$ tMkII

ConTeXt with English low level interface. Works with any TeX-engine, like LaTeX: TeX, e-TeX, pdfTeX, Aleph, XeTeX, ...

### Con $\TeX$ t MkIII

Reserved for future use for files supporting XeTeX. Was "skipped" for "practical reasons" (Hans Hagen)

### Con $\TeX$ tMkIV

Specially designed for LuaTeX.

# 15 Distributions

## 15.1 TeXlive

### Web2c

An Implementation and Distribution of TeX which translates the original WEB sources to a C code.

### emTeX

Eberhard Mattes TeX Distribution for MS-DOS and OS/2.

### teTeX

Maintained by Thomas Esser (hence the te in teTeX) from 1994 to May 2006.

### 4AII TeXCD

The (vague) past ... (?)

### fpTeX

A free TeX distribution for Win32 based on teTeX, by Fabrice Popineau. Still active, provides up-to-date binaries for Windows. Special support for Japanese Typesetting.

### XEmTeX

A TeX distribution for Windows, based on fpTeX with XEmacs/AucTeX as IDE for (La)TeX. XEmTeX was sponsored by the French government.

### TeXlive 1996 – 2007

First version 1996 (UNIX only, later also Windows binaries), and then a long story of ongoing work – see the detailed documentation for a detailed history.

### TeXlive2008

A new package manager and network installer are available. So installation via the net is possible as well as package updates. Missing packages are not installed on-the-fly. The last of the modern machines is added: luaTeX

### TeXlive2009

Dropped Omega and Lambda. Aleph and Lamed are kept.

### TeXlive2010

Up to now, latest release of TeXlive.

### TLContrib

An extension of TeXlive that contains packages that TeXlive cannot hold because: not free, binary update, not on CTAN or intermediate release. Useable via the TeXlive manager.

## 15.2 MikTeX

### MikTeX 2.6

featuring pdftex 1.40.4, mpost 1.000

### MikTeX 2.7

featuring xetex 0.999.6, pdftex 1.40.9, mpost 1.005

### MikTeX 2.8

featuring xetex 0.9995.1, pdftex 1.40.10, mpost 1.005

## **MikTeX 2.9**

featuring xetex 0.9997.4, pdftex 1.40.11, LuaTeX 0.60.2, mpost 1.211

## **15.3 W32TeX**

### **W32TeX**

A distributon to provide binaries for windows.

# **16 Pandora's Box**

## **16.1 META\***

### **METAFONT**

The program for creating the fonts originally used by TeX.

### **MetaPost**

A graphic generating program inspired by METAFONT. MetaPost can produce PostScript graphics as well as SVG.

### **MetaFun**

"MetaFun is Hans Hagen's extension to (or module for) the MetaPost language."

## **16.2 BibTeX**

### **BibTeX**

A helper program to generate a bibliography list.

### **NbibTeX**

"NbibTeX helps authors take better advantage of BibTeX data" says the homepage.

### **BibTeX8**

The documentation says: "An 8-bit Implementation of BibTeX 0.99 with a Very Large Capacity"

### **BibTeXu**

A unicode-aware version of BibTeX

### **Pybtex**

A python implementation of BibTeX.

### **biber**

A cooler version of unicode-aware BibTeX, designed for (?) use with BibLaTeX

### **BibLaTeX**

A LaTeX package as frontend for biber.

## **16.3 (x)dvipdf(m)(x)**

### **dvipdf**

Converts dvi files to pdf files.



### **dvipdfm**

Converts dvi files to pdf files. Does not build on dvipdf, but is an independent implementation.

### **dvipdfmx**

Extended version of dvipdfm. Support for multi-byte encodings and more pdfTeX features. Still active. Combined work of dvipdfm-jpn and dvipdfm-kor.

### **xdvipdfmx**

Converts xdvi files produced by XeTeX to pdf files. Normally always executed after a XeTeX run, so the user won't notice that an xdvi document was created in between.

## **16.4 Font Technologies**

### **metafont**

Fonts based on the METAFONT program.

### **PostScript Type 1**

### **TrueType**

### **FreeType**

### **TrueType GX**

Only available for Mac OS.

### **OpenType**

### **AAT**

Only available for Mac OS.