A short overview of TEX, its children and their friends

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This paper tries to give a short overview of the development of TEX. The base frame is taken from the article A brief history of TEX, volume II by Arthur Reutenauer in the proceedings of EuroBachoTEX2007 and his talk there (see references). Additional information is taken from original documentations (see references on page 13) and some review articles. For old, historic information, the historic archive maintained by Ulrik Vieth and hosted on ftp.tug.org (see refs) was very useful. Many thanks for that great archive!

All information is up to the date of the generated pdf. Everything here is without guarantee – this is just to get an overview. Consult the references for further (and/or correct) information!

In the tree views (page 8), every node has a tooltip that shows up when you hover the mouse over it. If your pdf viewer does not support this, go to the end of the document, where every tooltip is written in normal text (page 15). I tried to make the graph more readable by using colors:

normal (whatever that means)

important developments (only in my opinion) – i. e. engines or distributions that had or have a great impact on (everyday) typesetting for a large community

experimental developments that might still be under construction or were never used by a large community. Nevertheless, these might be very important to the development of other enginges or for use of special typesetting.

other programs that are not directly connected to TEX but are interesting in the overview, are given in black.

Furthermore, there are two versions of each graph: A short version mentioning only the most important things and a full one with everything I could find.

In most cases I did not mention the authors of the programs/packages. This is not to diminish ther effort but only for clarity (long names make things harder to read). I did not write any of the below-mentioned programs or packages. The authors are given in the documents linked in the references.

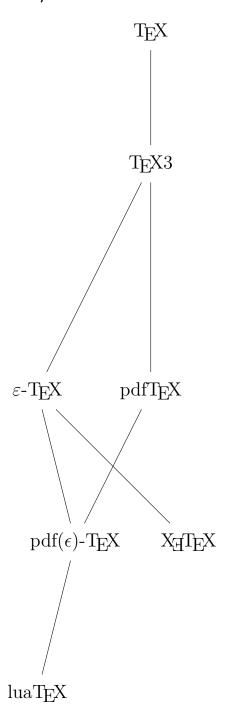
^{*}arno.trautmann@gmx.de – Please feel free to mail me any suggestions and comments!

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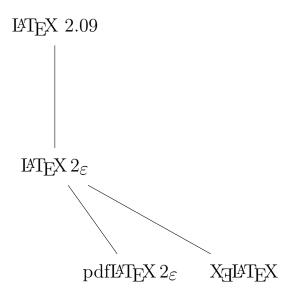
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1 Tree Views – short view

$1.1~{\mbox{TEX}}$ – the program, and extensions/derivatives



1.2 Lamport's TeX) – a format and large macro package for TeX

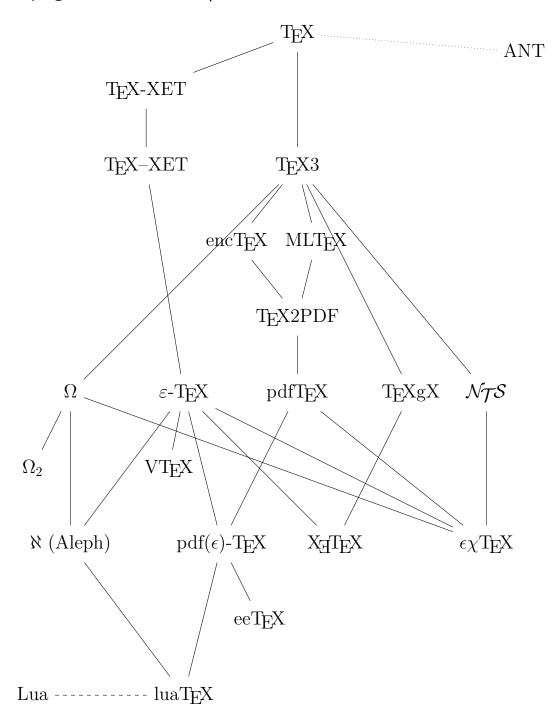


1.3 ConTeXt (Context = con tex t – text with tex; formerly pragmatex) – the other major format and TeX macro package

ConTEXtMkII

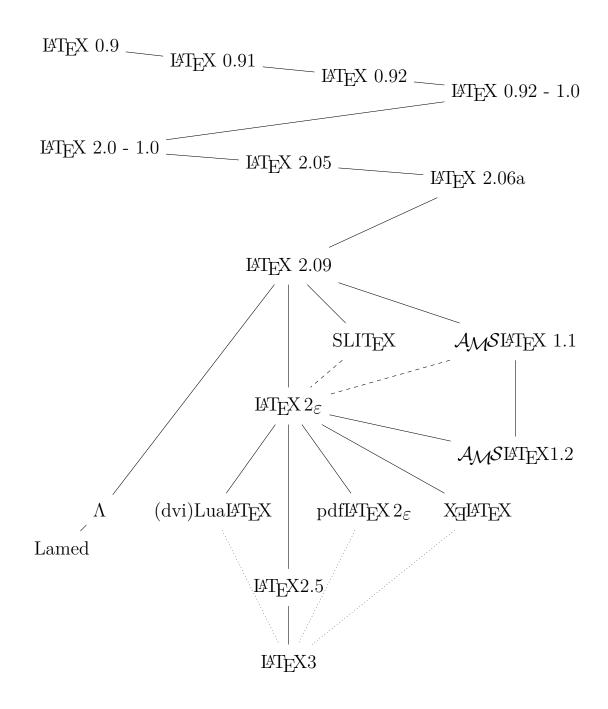
2 Tree Views

2.1~TeX – the program, and extensions/derivatives

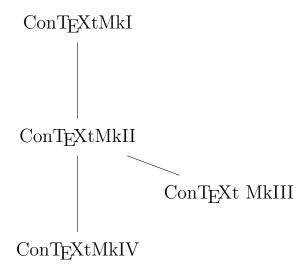


 $iT_{\!\!E\!} \! X$

2.2 Letex (Lamport's T_EX) – a format and large macro package for T_EX



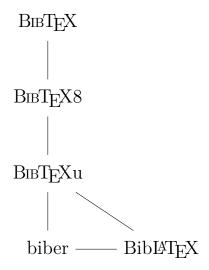
2.3 $ConT_EXt$ ($Context = con tex t - text with tex; formerly pragmatex) - the other major format and <math>T_EX$ macro package



3 Pandora's Box

The following pages will be a hodge-podge of many things that are related to TEX and used in the process of generating documents in different file formats, i. e. conversion tools, bibliography tools etc. Feel free to contribute, I'll choose case-by-case if I'll add something or won't include it. Text editors or viewers will not be included!

3.1 BibT_EX



3.2 (x) dvipdf(m)(x)

 ${\rm d}{\rm vip}{\rm d}{\rm f}$



References

The references are in order of occurance in the above document. I. e. if you want information about LuaTeX, it will be below e. g. ϵ TeX.

Books

D.E. Knuth, D. Bibby, and I. Makai. The T_EXbook. Addison-Wesley Reading, MA, 1986.

F. Mittelbach, M. Goossens, J. Braams, D. Carlisle, C. Rowley, C. Detig, and J. Schrod. *The LATEX companion*. Addison-Wesley, 2004.

Web Sources

Original Documentation – Engines

```
ANT project page http://ant.berlios.de

MLTEX source (CH file) http://www.tex.ac.uk/tex-archive/systems/generic/mltex/mltex.ch
encTEX page http://www.olsak.net/enctex.html

\[ \mathcal{N}_TS \] project page http://nts.tug.org

VTEX - official homepage of micropress-inc http://www.micropress-inc.com/
\[ \epsilon_XTEX \] project page http://www.extex.org

eeTEX project page http://tex.aanhet.net/eetex

LuaTEX project page http://www.luatex.org
```

Original Documentation - Makro Packages/Formats

```
ConTEXt wiki http://wiki.contextgarden.net

LATEX project page http://www.latex-project.org

LATEX3 project http://www.latex-project.org/latex3.html
```

Original Documentation – Everything Else

```
dvipdfmx project page http://project.ktug.or.kr/dvipdfmx/
```

Overview Articles

```
Arthur Reutenauer. A Brief History of T<sub>E</sub>X. Talk at EuroBachoT<sub>E</sub>X 2007.

http://www.gust.org.pl/bachotex/EuroBachoTeX2007/presentations/bhot.pdf/view

A Brief History of LAT<sub>E</sub>X http://www.xent.com/FoRK-archive/feb98/0307.html

Short Article About Omega And Aleph http://www.tex.ac.uk/cgi-bin/texfaq2html?label=omegaleph

Interviews with Will Robertson, Hans Hagen et.al. http://www.tug.org/interviews
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Web Archives

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Comprehensive TeX Archive Network http://www.ctan.org
Historic Archive of TeX Distributions ftp://ftp.tug.org/historic
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4 Text Views

4.1 TEX – the program, and extensions/derivatives

TEX

born in 1978

ANT

Ant is Not TeX. A typesetting system inspired by TeX. Only *inspired*, so it has nothing to do with TeX in terms of common code.

T_FX-XET

The first extension to TeX, 1987. It was able to typeset in two directions, but only with a mark in the dvi to change the direction.

T_FX-XET

TeX-XeT was able to really put the glyphs on the right place in the dvi.

T_EX3

Ability to handle 8-bit input. 1989. TeX development was frozen in 1991 and only bugfixes were made. Now it in version 3.1415926, getting closer to pi with every bugfix ...

encT_FX

A small extension to TeX, started 1997. Adds 10 new primitives relating input re-encoding

MLT_EX

Extension (started 1990) to TeX that allows hyphenation of words with accented letters. (Therefore the name: MultiLinual TeX.) Distributed as a change file to the original WEB sources of TeX.

T_EX2PDF

Early name for pdfTeX.

Ω

Support for 16bit-unicode-input. Still constrained on the output

$\varepsilon\text{-T}_{\mathbf{F}}\mathbf{X}$

the extension to TeX.

pdfT_EX

A new engine to directly produce pdf-files from TeX, without the need of dvi-ps-pdf. This allows to use microty-pographic extensions and many other features of the pdf format.

T_EXgX

GX stands for Graphic eXtension, a font technologie TeXGX was able to handle. Only on Mac OS.

NTS

A project to completely reimplement TeX in Java. Now NTS is officially declared dead.

Ω_2

A short-time try to pick up the development of Omega again in 2006. Seemed more like a good plan and is now regarded as obsolete. LuaTeX is kind of a successor.

VT_FX

VTeX (VisualTeX) can produce pdf, html, svg, dvi or ps output directly from input. In contrast to pdfTeX, it includes a full PostScript interpreter, thus capable to include EPS figures, PStricks etc. First official version I found: February 15, 1999: VTeX 6.3; last official version seems to be from Oct 1, 2005: VTeX 8.61. Commercial product.

originally named epsilon-Omega, an attempt to stabilize Omega while merging epsilon extensions.

X₃T_EX

This extension enables full multilingual support for left-to-right typesetting, right-to-left and almost any other possible direction. XeTeX also features support for OpenType and AAT-fonts.

$\epsilon \chi \mathsf{TEX}$

Planned implementation of a high-quality typesetting system, written in Java. Based on experiences in NTS, eTeX, pdfTeX and Omega. Started in 2003, current version in repository is 0.0. (i. e. not very far ...)

$pdf(\epsilon)$ -TEX

Merging the pdfTeX engine with the eTeX-extensions. This engine can produce dvi (with or without the eTeX-extensions) as well as pdf (again, with or without extensions).

eeT_EX

Experimental extension to pdfeTeX by Taco Hoekwater, created 2000. Distributed as change file.

Lua

Script language; has nothing to do with TeX!

luaT_EX

LuaTeX will support unicode, OpenType and totally everything. TeXlive 2010 ships version 0.60.2. luaTeX features an embedded scripting language, lua, making it easy to extend so most of the programming can be done in lua instead of TeX-hackery.

iT_EX

iTeX is the official successor of TeX89, announced by Don Knuth at the TUG conference 2010.

4.2 LATEX (Lamport's TEX) - a format and large macro package for TEX

LATEX 0.9

First version still on web (historic archive, see refs) is 0.9, for use with TeX 0.95. No installation help found. Apparently one needs the files lplain.tex and latex.tex to create the format.

LATEX 0.91

Version 0.91 for use with TeX 0.97 (C) 1983 by Leslie Lamport. Most changes to previous version are in the file lplain.tex.

LATEX 0.92

First version with the @ as letter for internal names. Seemlingy first version with a manual. For use with TeX Version 0.999999. (no joke, that's the version number given in the latex.tex file!) (C) 1983 by Leslie Lamport, conversion to 0.92 from 0.91 by Arthur Keller.

LATEX 0.92 - 1.0

Adaption of 0.92 for TeX version 1.0. (C) 1983 by Leslie Lamport, conversion to 0.92 from 0.91 by Arthur Keller.

LATEX 2.0 - 1.0

Seemingly heavy changes compared to 0.92. Version for TeX 1.0. Release of 11 Dec 1983. There were never official versions 1.x

LATEX 2.05

No sure information found so far.

LATEX 2.06a

Release of version 2.06a of the LaTeX macros. September 1984.

LATEX 2.09

The first official version by Leslie Lamport, 1985.

SLIT_EX

A variation of LaTeX2.09 to provide an easy way for producing presentations. In LaTeX2e absorbed as a documentclass (slides).

AMSETEX 1.1

A port of Spivak's AMS-T_EXto LaTeX 2.09, released 1990

LATEX 2ε

June 1994: New release of LaTeX to avoid incompatible dialects of LaTeX 2.09. Introduced by the LaTeX3-Team.

$A_{M}S$ LATEX 1.2

A port of version 1.1 to LaTeX 2e by Downes and Jones.

pdfLATEX 2_{ε}

The standard LaTeX. If anyone talks about "LaTeX" it is nearly shure to be this package. pdfLaTeX2e produces pdf or dvi output.

X₇LAT_FX

Using the XeTeX engine. There are some special packages that provide easy access to the modern features of XeTeX.

(dvi)LuaLTFX

LaTeX based on LuaTeX with pdf (standard) or dvi (dviLuaLaTeX) output. LaTeX support for luaTeX is under heavy development to make this machine usable with the format. Work in progress, but already well useable!

Λ

A LaTeX-package for the omega-engine.

Lamed

A LaTeX-package for the aleph-engine.

LATEX 2.5

Will Robertson suggested in an interview (see refs) an interim unstable version on the way to LaTeX3 with version number 2.5 that should bring package authors towards using LaTeX3 syntax. This version should be backwards incompatible to LaTeX2e. (This version does not exist in any official plannings, but I liked the idea, so it is mentioned here:)

LATEX3

The planned successor of LaTeX2e. It is planned to implement a very elaborate low-level programming language. The expl3-package provides an implementation that can be used on top of LaTeX2e. Several LaTeX packages already make heavy use of expl3.

4.3 ConTeXt (Context = con tex t - text with tex; formerly pragmatex) - the other major format and TeX macro package

ConT_EXtMkI

Original ConTeXt with Dutch low level interface.

ConT_EXtMkII

ConTeXt with English low level interface. Works with any TeX-engine, like LaTeX: TeX, e-TeX, pdfTeX, Aleph, XeTeX, ...

ConT_EXt MkIII

Reserved for future use for files supporting XeTeX. Was "skipped" for "practical reasons" (Hans Hagen)

ConT_EXtMkIV

Specially designed for LuaTeX.

4.4 BibT_EX

BIB**T**E**X**

A helper program to generate a bibliography list.

BIBT_EX8

The documentation says: "An 8-bit Implementation of BibTeX 0.99 with a Very Large Capacity"

BIBTEXu

A unicode-aware version of BibTeX

biber

A cooler version of unicode-aware BibTeX, designed for (?) use with BibLaTeX

BibLATEX

A LaTeX package as frontend for biber.

4.5 (x) dvipdf(m)(x)

dvipdf

Converts dvi files to pdf files.

dvipdfm

Converts dvi files to pdf files. Does not build on dvipdf, but is an independent implementation.

dvipdfmx

Extended version of dvipdfm. Support for multi-byte encodings and more pdfTeX features. Still active. Combined work of dvipdfm-jpn and dvipdfm-kor.

$x \\ dvip \\ dfm \\ x$

Converts xdvi files produced by XeTeX to pdf files.	Normally always	executed after	r a XeTeX	run, so	the user
won't notice that an xdvi document was created in be	etween.				