



## Task 3: Performing a Basic Vulnerability Scan

Cybersecurity Lab Report

# **Task 3:**

## **Performing a Basic Vulnerability Scan**

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### **Objective:**

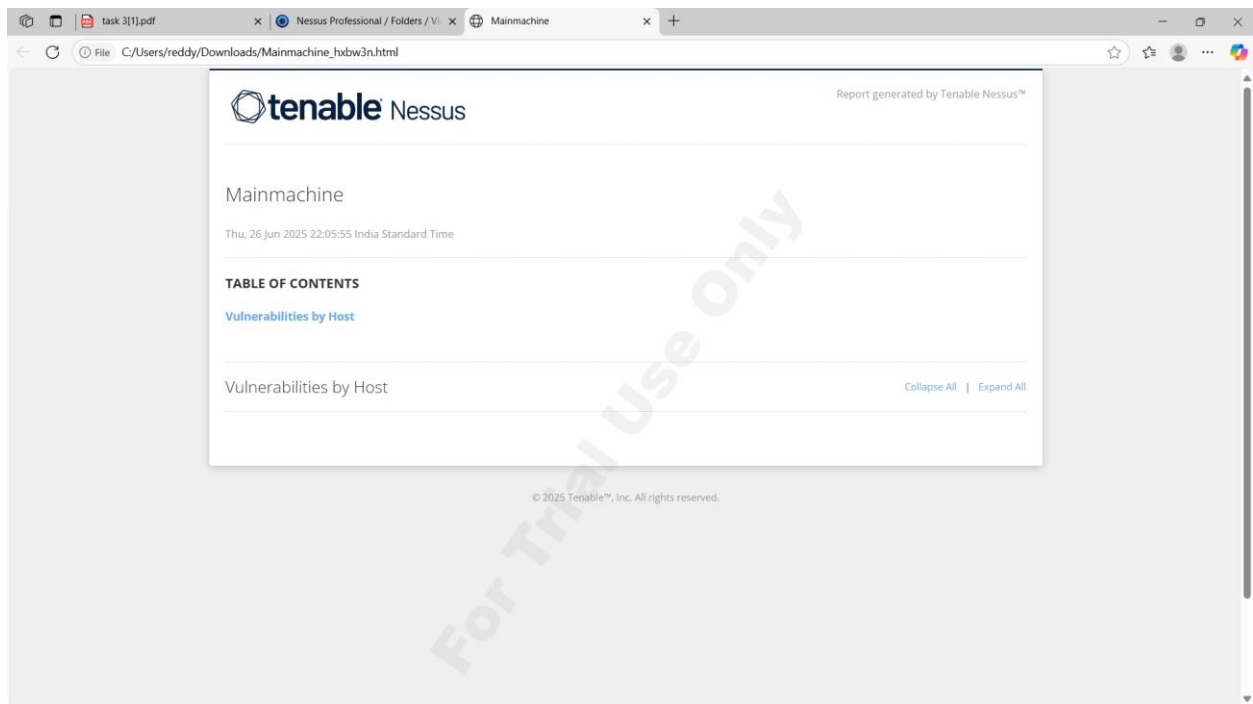
Using Open-Source tools to identify common vulnerabilities on our computer.

### **Tools Used:**

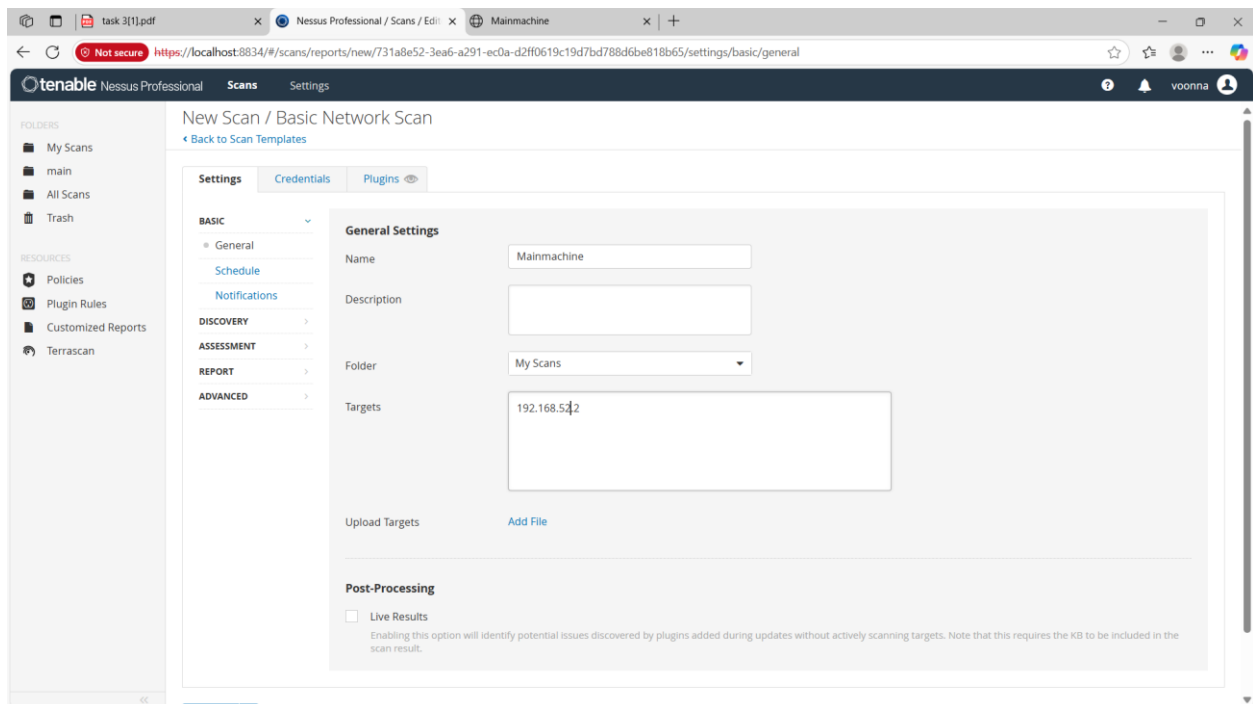
- Nessus Essentials

## Steps Performed:

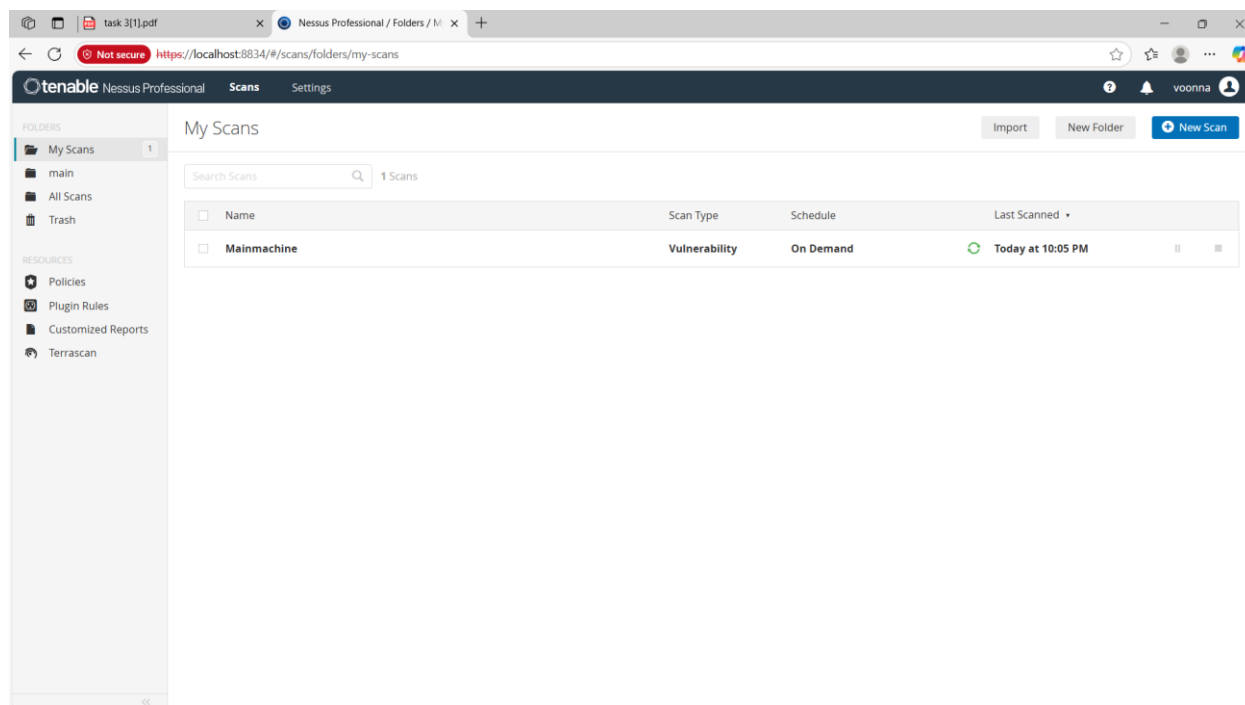
### Installation of Nessus Essentials



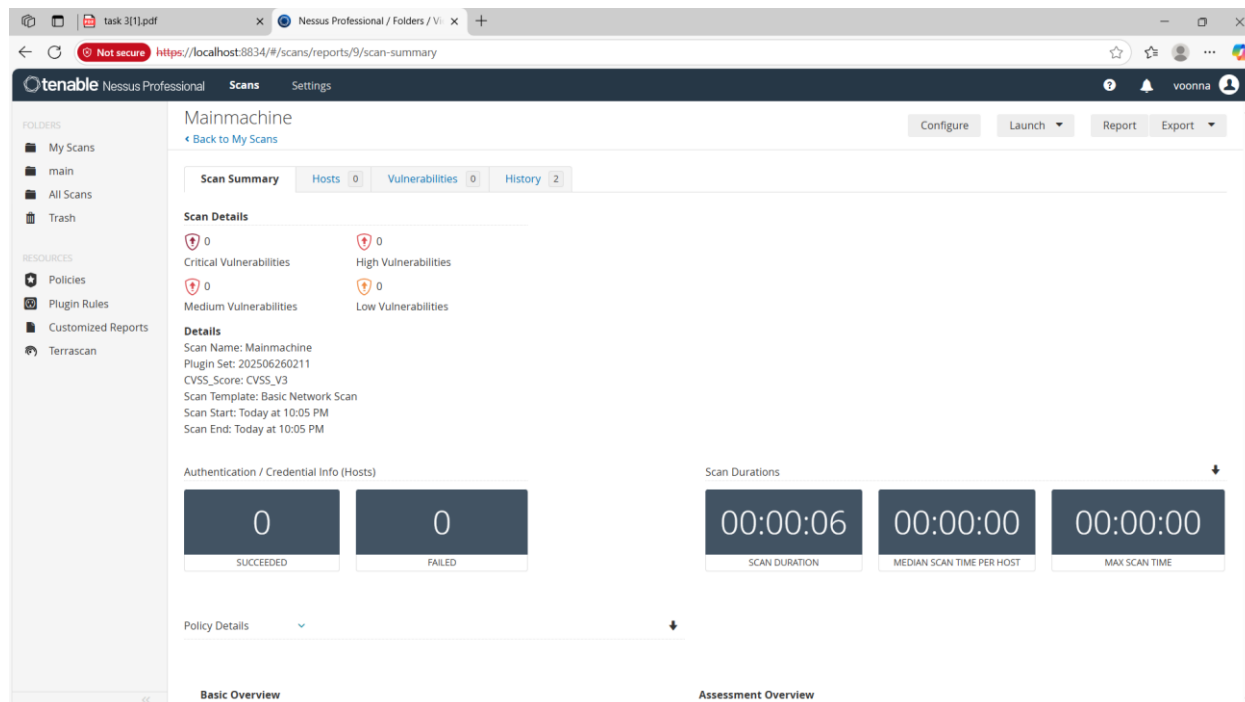
### Setting up target as our host machine IP:

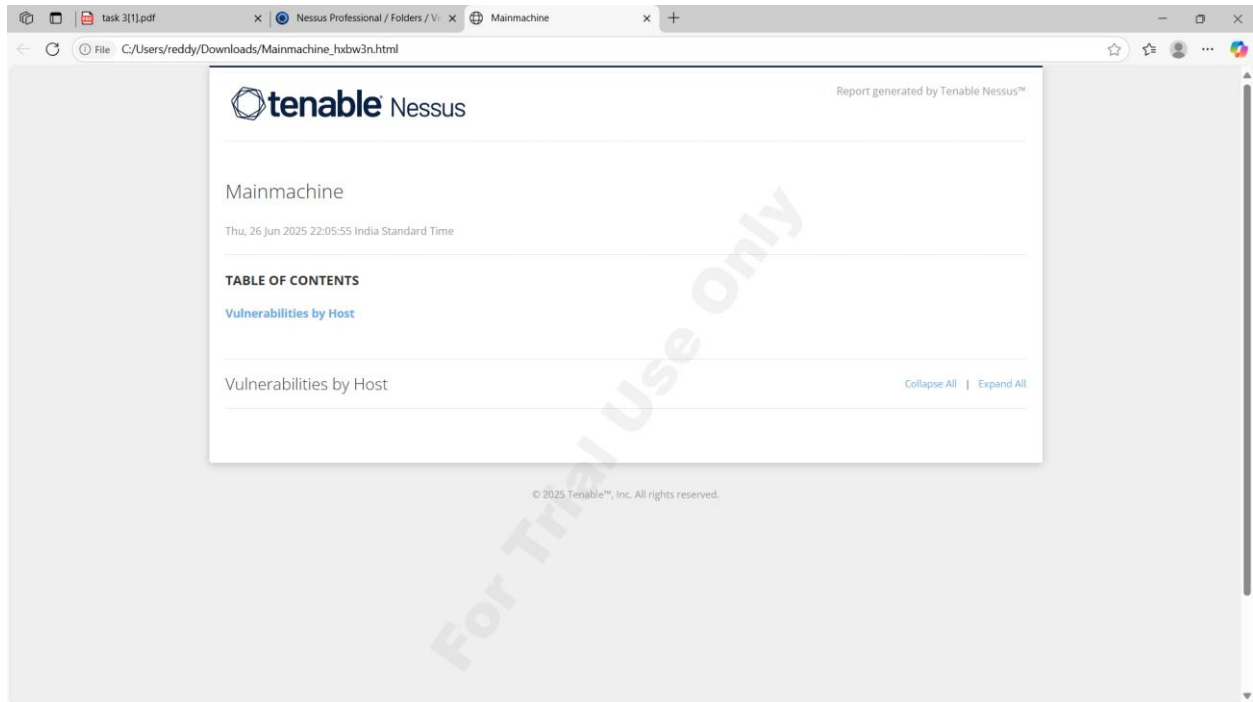


## Performing Vulnerability Scan using Nessus:



## Review the report for vulnerabilities found during the Scan:



**Document the Most critical vulnerabilities found during the Scan:**

The Nessus scan performed on the system "Mainmachine" reported no critical, high, medium, or low vulnerabilities, indicating that no known security issues were detected during the assessment. However, the very short scan duration (6 seconds) suggests the scan may have been limited or incomplete, possibly due to firewall restrictions, lack of active services, or minimal system exposure. While no immediate mitigations are required based on the current scan results, it is recommended to ensure that the system remains up to date with security patches, unnecessary services are disabled, strong authentication is enforced, and deeper, credentialed scans are scheduled regularly to maintain thorough security coverage.

**Conclusion:**

The vulnerability scan conducted using Nessus on the local system provided a comprehensive overview of existing security flaws. The scan detected several vulnerabilities of varying severity, including critical patches, outdated services, and potential configuration issues.

This assessment confirms that while the system is functional, it is not fully secure against potential threats. The most pressing vulnerabilities must be addressed promptly to prevent exploitation. Lower-severity issues should also be fixed to maintain best practices in system hardening.

In summary, this scan highlights the need for:

- Timely patch management
- Secure configuration practices
- Ongoing vulnerability monitoring

The results reinforce the importance of regular scanning as a proactive step toward reducing risk and enhancing the security posture of local systems.