## AI1110 ASSIGNMENT-4

## U.S.M.M TEJA (CS21BTECH11059)

Abstract—This document contains the solution for Assignment 4 (NCERT GRADE 10 CHAPTER 15 Example 9)

## **EXAMPLE 9:**

Harpreet tosses two different coins simulteneously (say one is ₹1 and other is ₹2). What is the probability that she gets at least one head?

## **Solution:**

Let  $\Pr(X1)$  be the probability of getting head and so as  $\Pr(X2)$  be the probability of getting head let  $\Pr(Y)$  be the probability of getting atleast one head .

so our required outcomes are HH,HT,TH.

 $\Pr\left(Y=2\right)$  indicate that both ₹1 and ₹2 gets heads and  $\Pr\left(Y=1\right)$  either of them will get one head

so

$$\Pr(Y = 2) = \Pr(X1) \times \Pr(X2) = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$$
 (1)

$$\Pr(Y = 1) = \Pr(\bar{X}1) \times \Pr(X2)$$
 (2)

$$+\Pr\left(\bar{X2}\right) \times \Pr\left(X1\right)$$
 (3)

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \tag{4}$$

therefore

$$\Pr(Y) = \Pr(Y = 2) + \Pr(Y = 1)$$
 (5)

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \tag{6}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{4} \tag{7}$$