Evaluation of 6-24-6 for Improving Yield and Quality of Hard Red Spring Wheat



Aberdeen, Idaho, 2015 | Dr. Jeffrey Stark, Research Professor, Agronomy and Department Chair of Horticulture Science, University of Idaho

"Cabernet" spring wheat yield, dry matter production and N,P,K uptake as influenced by 6-24-6 application method, rate, and timing, at Aberdeen, Idaho, 2015.

Total	Total	Total	Preplant	Split applied*	Plant Uptake**				Yield	Protein	Test Weight
N	Р	к	banded gal/acre	foliar gal/acre	Grams N/m²	Grams P/m²	Grams K/m²	DM lbs/A	bu/A	%	lbs/bu
		lbs/acre									
0	0	0	0	0	22.7	5.1	5.0	6,008	102.1	13.8	56.3
6	8	6	3	0	27.0	5.2	5.3	6,431	116.5	14.3	60.4
11	16	11	6	0	36.9	6.2	5.7	7,310	117.5	14.8	60.5
17	24	17	9	0	33.1	7.5	6.2	7,319	116.4	14.7	60.7
6	8	6	1.5	1.5*	24.8	5.5	5.2	5,658	107.5	14.5	60.5
11	16	11	3.0	3.0*	29.0	6.0	5.8	6,697	109.3	14.9	60.5
17	24	17	4.5	4.5*	36.8	7.2	6.7	8,099	112.2	14.6	61.1
Means Pr> F LSD@0.10					30.6 0.022 3.1	6.1 0.035 0.6	5.7 0.049 0.6	6,789.2 0.021 438	111.6 0.057 6.2	15.0 0.047 0.4	60.0 0.029 2.3

^{*}Foliar applications made on June 3 and June 14.

^{**} Whole plant samples harvested August 4.