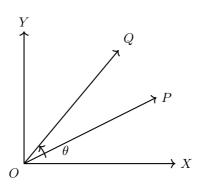
2019-ME-14-26

EE24BTECH11034 - K Teja Vardhan

October 31, 2024

- 1. Which one of the following welding methods provides the highest heat flux $\left(\frac{W}{mm}^2\right)$?
 - (a) Oxy-acetylene gas welding
 - (b) Tungsten inert gas welding
 - (c) Plasma arc welding
 - (d) Laser beam welding
- 2. The length, width, and thickness of a steel sample are 400 mm, 40 mm, and 20 mm, respectively. Its thickness needs to be uniformly reduced by 2 mm in a single pass by using horizontal slab milling. The milling cutter (diameter: 100 mm, width: 50 mm) has 20 teeth and rotates at 1200 rpm. The feed per tooth is 0.05 mm. The feed direction is along the length of the sample. If the over-travel distance is the same as the approach distance, the approach distance and time taken to complete the required machining task are:
 - (a) 14 mm, 18.4 s
 - (b) 21 mm, 28.9 s
 - (c) 21 mm, 39.4 s
 - (d) 14 mm, 21.4 s
- 3. The position vector \overrightarrow{OP} of point P(20,10) is rotated anti-clockwise in the X-Y plane by an angle $\theta=30^\circ$ such that point P occupies position Q, as shown in the figure. The coordinates (x,y) of Q are



- (a) (13.40, 22.32)
- (b) (22.32, 8.26)
- (c) (12.32, 18.66)
- (d) (18.66, 12.32)
- 4. The table presents the demand of a product. By simple three-months moving average method, the demand-forecast of the product for the month of September is

Month	Demand
January	450
February	440
March	460
April	510
May	520
June	495
July	475
August	560

- (a) 490
- (b) 510
- (c) 530
- (d) 536.67
- 5. Evaluation of $\int_2^4 x^3\,dx$ using a 2-equal-segment trapezoidal rule gives a value of .
- 6. A cylindrical rod of diameter 10 mm and length 1.0 m is fixed at one end. The other end is twisted by an angle of 10° by applying a torque. If the maximum shear strain in the rod is $p \times 10^{-3}$, then p is equal to .

- 7. A solid cube of side 1 m is kept at a room temperature of 32° C. The coefficient of linear thermal expansion of the cube material is 1×10^{-5} and the bulk modulus is 200 GPa. If the cube is constrained all around and heated uniformly to 42° C, then the magnitude of volumetric stress induced due to heating is
- 8. During a high cycle fatigue test, a metallic specimen is subjected to cyclic loading with a mean stress of +140 MPa, and a minimum stress of -70 MPa. The R-ratio for this cyclic loading is
- 9. Water flows through a pipe with a velocity given by $\vec{V} = \left(\frac{4}{t} + x + y\right)\hat{j}$ fracms, where \hat{j} is the unit vector in the y direction, $t \ (>0)$ is in seconds, and x and y are in meters. The magnitude of total acceleration at the point (x,y) = (1,1) at t=2 s is $\frac{m}{s^2}$.
- 10. Air of mass 1 kg, initially at 300 K and 10 bar, is allowed to expand isothermally till it reaches a pressure of 1 bar. Assuming air as an ideal gas with gas constant of $0.287 \frac{kJ}{kg.K}$, the change in entropy of air is
- 11. Consider the stress-strain curve for an ideal elastic-plastic strain hardening metal as shown in the figure. The metal was loaded in uniaxial tension starting from O. Upon loading, the stress-strain curve passes through initial yield point at P, and then strain hardens to point Q, where the loading was stopped. From point Q, the specimen was unloaded to point R, where the stress is zero. If the same specimen is reloaded in tension from point R, the value of stress at which the material yields again is MPa.

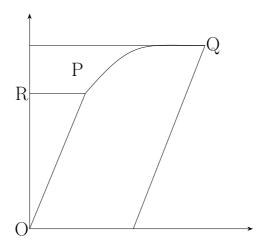


Figure 1: Stress-Strain Curve

12. The set of equations
$$x + y + z = 1$$

 $ax - ay + 3z = 5$
 $5x - 3y + az = 6$ has infinite solutions, if $a =$

- (a) -3
- (b) 3
- (c) 4
- (d) -4