

2014-AE-53-55

EE24BTECH11034 - K Teja Vardhan

- 1) Which of the following design parameters influence the maximum rate-of-climb for a jet-propelled airplane?
- Wing loading
 - Maximum thrust-to-weight ratio
 - Zero-lift drag coefficient
 - Maximum lift-to-drag ratio
- a) P and Q alone
 b) P , Q , R , and S
 c) P , Q , and S alone
 d) Q , R , and S alone

- 2) Consider the following four statements regarding aircraft longitudinal stability:
- $C_{M, cg}$ at zero lift must be positive
 - $\frac{\partial C_{M, cg}}{\partial \alpha_a}$ must be negative : α_a is absolute angle of attack
 - $C_{M, cg}$ at zero lift must be negative
 - Slope of C_L versus α_a must be negative

Which of the following combination is the necessary criterion for stick fixed longitudinal balance and static stability?

- a) Q and R only
 b) Q , R , and S only
 c) P and Q only
 d) Q and S only
- 3) Data for a light, single-engine, propeller-driven aircraft in steady level flight at sea level is as follows: velocity $V_\infty = 40 \frac{m}{s}$, weight $W = 13000 \text{ N}$, lift coefficient $C_L = 0.65$, drag coefficient $C_D = 0.025 + 0.04C_L^2$, and power available $P_{av} = 100,000 \frac{J}{s}$. The rate of climb possible for this aircraft under the given conditions is
- a) 7.20
 b) 5.11
 c) 6.32
 d) 4.23