Challenge 8

CY6740 – Machine Learning in CyberSecurity

Tejas Krishna Reddy

NUID: 001423166

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Semi-Supervised Learning.

Process:

- Read labeled dataset, remove 'hash' column.
- Divide the dataset into features (X) and labels (y).
- Train the data and check their score using 5- Fold cross validation with each of the 5 models.
- Using trained models, predict labels of unlabeled dataset, then create a merged data to predict scores similar to step 3 for all 5 algorithms.
- Results comparison and reasoning.

Results:

1. Evaluating 5 algorithms cross validation scores on labeled data:

```
clf1 = LinearSVC(class_weight='balanced', random_state = 42, penalty = '12')
    print("Cross Val Scores of Linear SVC are: ", cross_val_score(clf1, X, y, cv=5))
    print("Average Cross val Score for Linear SVC model: ", np.mean(cross_val_score(clf1, X, y, cv=5)))
     Cross Val Scores of Linear SVC are: [0.54666667 0.54666667 0.54666667 0.57666667 0.62333333]
    Average Cross val Score for Linear SVC model: 0.5719999999999998

| In the proof of the pr
    print("Cross Val Scores of NuSVC are: ", cross_val_score(clf2, X, y, cv=5))
    print("Average Cross val Score for NuSVC model: ", np.mean(cross_val_score(clf2, X, y, cv=5)))
    Cross Val Scores of NuSVC are: [0.46333333 0.55333333 0.45666667 0.57
                                                                                                                                                          0.52
    Average Cross val Score for NuSVC model: 0.5126666666666666
M clf3 = SGDClassifier(penalty = '12', learning_rate = 'optimal', random_state = 42)
    print("Cross Val Scores of SGDClassifier are: ", cross_val_score(clf3, X, y, cv=5))
    print("Average Cross val Score for SGDClassifier model: ", np.mean(cross_val_score(clf3, X, y, cv=5)))
    Cross Val Scores of SGDClassifier are: [0.67
                                                                                                          0.66666667 0.66666667 0.67
                                                                                                                                                                         0.66666667]
    In clf4 = NearestCentroid(metric='euclidean', shrink_threshold=None)
    print("Cross Val Scores of NearestCentroid are: ", cross_val_score(clf4, X, y, cv=5))
print("Average Cross val Score for NearestCentroid model: ", np.mean(cross_val_score(clf4, X, y, cv=5)))
    Cross Val Scores of NearestCentroid are: [0.54333333 0.58333333 0.54333333 0.56666667 0.58666667]
    M clf5 = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=10, weights='uniform', algorithm='auto')
    print("Cross Val Scores of KNeighborsClassifier are: ", cross_val_score(clf5, X, y, cv=5))
    print("Average Cross val Score for KNeighborsClassifier model: ", np.mean(cross_val_score(clf5, X, y, cv=5)))
    Cross Val Scores of KNeighborsClassifier are: [0.83666667 0.85333333 0.77666667 0.82
                                                                                                                                                                                       0.843333331
    Average Cross val Score for KNeighborsClassifier model: 0.826
```

- 2. I have written a function which taken in each model and do the steps mentioned in question2:
 - Read unlabeled dataset
 - Predict labels for them
 - Create merged data
 - Evaluate cross val score for the merged data for that particular model

The function is as follows:

```
def fullDataModel(modl, df):
    ### Read unlabeled dataset
    df1 = pd.read_csv("Dataset_Challenge8/dataset_unlabeled.csv")
    df1 = df1.drop(['hash'], 1)
    # predict the malware
    y_unlabeled = modl.predict(df1)
df1['malware'] = y_unlabeled
    df.reset_index(drop = True, inplace = True)
    df1.reset_index(drop = True, inplace = True)
    # Merge them together
    mergedData = pd.concat([df, df1], 0)
    # Create X and Y
    target variable = 'malware'
    X1 = (mergedData.drop([target_variable], 1))
    X1 = MinMaxScaler().fit_transform(X1)
    y1 = (mergedData[target_variable])
    # Print their scores
    try:
         int(cross_val_score(modl, X1, y1, cv=5)[0])
print("Cross Val Scores of are: ", cross_val_score(modl, X1, y1, cv=5))
print("Average Cross val Score for model: ", np.mean(cross_val_score(modl, X1, y1, cv=5)))
         print("Average Cross val score for model: ", modl.score(X1, y1))
```

Now the results are as follows for each algorithm:

Linear SVC Model

```
fullDataModel(modl1, df)

Cross Val Scores of are: [0.68784658 0.76259242 0.7536684 0.74962449 0.75563258]

Average Cross val Score for model: 0.7418728956903097
```

NuSVC Model

```
fullDataModel(modl2, df)

Average Cross val score for model: 0.9122859717632923
```

SGD Classifier:

```
fullDataModel(modl3, df)

Cross Val Scores of are: [0.80360444 0.80360444 0.8034662 0.80358174 0.80358174]

Average Cross val Score for model: 0.8035677132554024
```

Nearest Centroid Classifier

```
fullDataModel(mod14, df)

Cross Val Scores of are: [0.86286969 0.86668207 0.87521664 0.86909301 0.87533218]

Average Cross val Score for model: 0.8698387163083534
```

KNN Classifier

```
fullDataModel(mod15, df)

Cross Val Scores of are: [0.98555915 0.98625231 0.9859041 0.9859041 0.9864818]

Average Cross val Score for model: 0.9860202932071577
```

3. In step 1, we could see that majority of the scores ranged from 0.5 to 0.7. Whereas, in Step 2 we could observe that mostly in between 0.8 to 0.98. Hence, we could see a significant improvement in the overall score by using only labeled data and by using merged Data.

Linear SVC showed a \sim +0.25 score increase. NuSVC has a very significant improvement over \sim +0.4.

SGD classifier and Nearest centroid Classifiers had a boost of approximately +0.3 increase. KNN algorithm was doing fairly better with the labeled data itself, however it improved by +0.1 and came close to a perfect classification with the merged Data.

Challenge 8 - Semi Supervised Algorithms

- · Tejas Krishna Reddy
- 30th November 2020

```
In [1]: | import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

Read the labeled dataset

Out[3]:

	size_of_data	virtual_address	entropy	virtual_size	malware
0	443392	4096	6.529624	442984	1
1	331264	4096	6.604314	330784	1
2	74240	4096	6.046789	73819	1
3	219648	4096	6.497018	219524	1

Divide the Dataset into test and train.

Scaling

```
In [5]:  ### Scaling
    from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, StandardScaler
    X = MinMaxScaler().fit_transform(X)
```

Modelling the labeled data

```
from sklearn.svm import LinearSVC, NuSVC
In [6]:
          from sklearn.linear model import SGDClassifier
          from sklearn.neighbors import NearestCentroid, KNeighborsClassifier
          from sklearn.model selection import cross val score
In [7]:
       print("Cross Val Scores of Linear SVC are: ", cross val score(clf1, X, y, c
          print("Average Cross val Score for Linear SVC model: ", np.mean(cross val s
          Cross Val Scores of Linear SVC are: [0.54666667 0.566666667 0.54666667 0.57
          666667 0.623333331
          Average Cross val Score for Linear SVC model: 0.571999999999998
In [8]: ► clf2 = NuSVC(nu=0.5, kernel = 'rbf', degree = 3, class weight = 'balanced',
          print("Cross Val Scores of NuSVC are: ", cross_val_score(clf2, X, y, cv=5)
          print("Average Cross val Score for NuSVC model: ", np.mean(cross val score(
          Cross Val Scores of NuSVC are: [0.46333333 0.55333333 0.45666667 0.57
          0.52
          In [9]:
       print("Cross Val Scores of SGDClassifier are: ", cross_val_score(clf3, X, )
          print("Average Cross val Score for SGDClassifier model: ", np.mean(cross va
          Cross Val Scores of SGDClassifier are:
                                          [0.67
                                                    0.66666667 0.66666667
          0.67
                   0.66666667]
          In [10]: | clf4 = NearestCentroid(metric='euclidean', shrink_threshold=None)
          print("Cross Val Scores of NearestCentroid are: ", cross val score(clf4, X
          print("Average Cross val Score for NearestCentroid model: ", np.mean(cross '
          Cross Val Scores of NearestCentroid are: [0.54333333 0.58333333 0.5433333
          3 0.56666667 0.58666667]
```

Train the Models using Labeled Data

Define a function to:

- · Read and preprocess unlabeled data.
- · Predict y for unlabeled data.
- · Merge labeled and unlabeled data to get Merged Data.
- · Predict cross val score against Merged Data for that model.

```
In [15]:

    def fullDataModel(modl, df):

                 ### Read unlabeled dataset
                 df1 = pd.read csv("Dataset Challenge8/dataset unlabeled.csv")
                 df1 = df1.drop(['hash'], 1)
                 # predict the malware
                 y unlabeled = modl.predict(df1)
                 df1['malware'] = y_unlabeled
                 df.reset index(drop = True, inplace = True)
                 df1.reset_index(drop = True, inplace = True)
                 # Merge them together
                 mergedData = pd.concat([df, df1], 0)
                 # Create X and Y
                 target variable = 'malware'
                 X1 = (mergedData.drop([target_variable], 1))
                 X1 = MinMaxScaler().fit transform(X1)
                 y1 = (mergedData[target variable])
                 # Print their scores
                 try:
                     int(cross_val_score(modl, X1, y1, cv=5)[0])
                     print("Cross Val Scores of are: ", cross_val_score(modl, X1, y1, cv
                     print("Average Cross val Score for model: ", np.mean(cross_val_scor
                 except:
                     print("Average Cross val score for model: ", modl.score(X1, y1))
                 pass
```

```
In [ ]: •
```

Linear SVC Model

NuSVC Model

```
In [17]: ▶ fullDataModel(modl2, df)
```

Average Cross val score for model: 0.9122859717632923

SGD Classifier:

Nearest Centroid Classifier

KNN Classifier