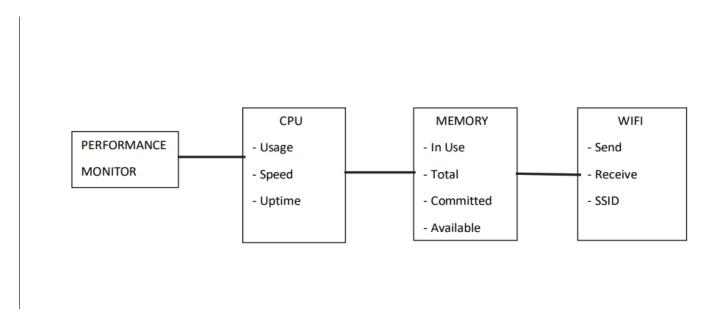
PROJECT DESIGN

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CLASS DIAGRAM:



CLASS DIAGRAM EXPLANATION:

The class diagram represents the design of a performance monitor system. It shows the components and subcomponents of the performance monitor and the relationships between them. Here's a detailed explanation of the components and relationships in the class diagram:

Performance Monitor:

- The Performance Monitor class is the main class that represents the performance monitor system. It is the parent class that holds all the other components.
- It is associated with the CPU, Memory and WIFI classes through a Has-A relationship, which means that the performance monitor has these components.

CPU:

- The CPU class represents the central processing unit of the computer system.
- It has the following attributes:
- 1. Utilization represents the percentage of the CPU's capacity that is being used.
- 2. Speed represents the speed of the CPU in MHz or GHz.
- 3. Processes represent the number of processes currently being executed by the CPU.
- 4. Threads represent the number of threads currently being executed by the CPU.
- 5. Handles represent the number of handles currently open in the system.

6. UpTime represents the amount of time the CPU has been running since it was last started.

Memory:

- The Memory class represents the memory of the computer system.
- It has the following attributes:
- 1. InUse represents the amount of memory currently being used
- 2. Available represents the amount of memory available for use.
- 3. committed represents the amount of memory currently committed to the system.
- 4. cached represents the amount of memory currently being used as cache.
- 5. pagedPool represents the size of the paged pool, a portion of the system's memory used for storing pages of memory.
- 6. nonPagedPool represents the size of the non-paged pool, a portion of the system's memory used for storing objects that cannot be paged to disk.
- It is associated with the Disk class through an aggregation relationship, which means that the Memory class has a Disk class as a component.

WIFI:

- The WIFI class represents the wireless network interface of the computer system.
- It has the following attributes:
- 1. send represents the amount of data being sent over the WIFI network.
- 2. receive represents the amount of data being received over the WIFI network.