

IMDB Movie Dataset

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Abstract:

The **IMDb Movie Dataset** refers to a comprehensive collection of information related to movies, television programs, and video games, primarily sourced from IMDb. Researchers and data scientists often use the IMDb dataset to perform tasks like sentiment analysis, recommendation systems, predictive modeling for movie success, and other entertainment industry analytics. IMDb provides public access to a subset of this data, while more detailed datasets are often curated through licensed agreements or through scraping.

The IMDB Movie dataset is a collection of movie reviews from the Internet Movie Database (IMDb), a popular online platform for film and television information. The dataset is available in gzipped, tab-separated-values (TSV) format, with headers describing each column. The data is refreshed daily and can be accessed from the IMDb website.

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Project for SQL Module

IMDB Dataset project, the focus would be on creating and managing a database to track Movie Ratings, Reviews, Genres, and Movie Titles.

Objectives:

- **Understand Genre Trends**: Analyze which movie genres are most popular over time and across different regions.
- Evaluate Actor/Director Performance: Assess how the involvement of specific actors or directors impacts movie success.
- Improve Movie Recommendations: Develop insights to enhance personalized movie recommendations based on user preferences.

Components:

- **Movie Information**: Details on movie titles, genres, runtime, release dates, and languages.
- Ratings and Reviews: User ratings, reviews, and critic scores for each movie.
- **Genre Classification**: Categorization of movies by genres such as Action, Drama, Comedy, etc.

Functionality

The functionality of pizza sales includes tracking and analyzing sales data to understand trends and customer preferences. It also involves managing inventory to ensure stock levels meet demand. Additionally, it supports optimizing order processing and delivery efficiency to enhance customer satisfaction.

ER diagram (Entity Relationship Diagram) for IMDB Movie Dataset

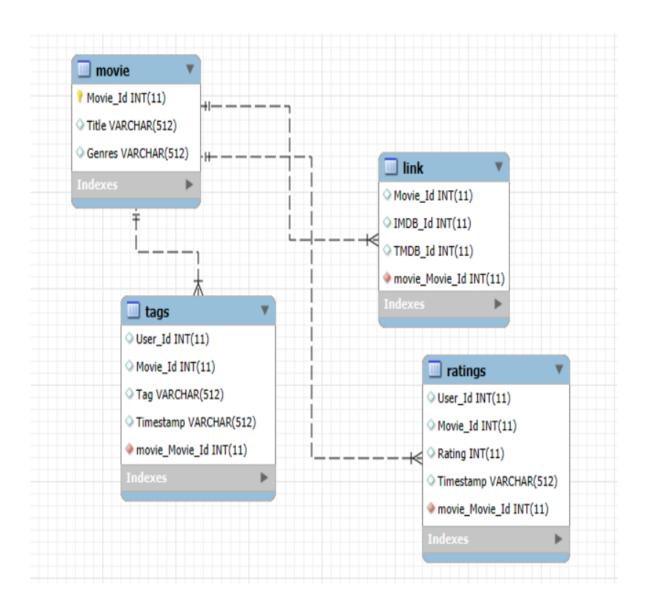


TABLE DISCRIPTION:

1. <u>Movie:</u>

Field	Туре	Null	
Title	Varchar(512)	Yes	
Movie_ld	Int(11)	Yes	
Genres	Varchar(512)	Yes	

2. <u>Link:</u>

Field	Туре	Null	
Movie_Id	Int(11)	Yes	
IMDB_Id	Int(11)	Yes	
TMDB_Id	Int(11)	Yes	

3. Ratings:

Field	Туре	Null	
User_Id	Int(11)	Yes	
Movie_Id	Int(11)	Yes	
Rating	Int(11)	Yes	
Timestamp	Varchar(512)	Yes	

4. <u>Tags:</u>

Field	Туре	Null	
User_Id	Int(11)	Yes	
Movie_Id	Int(11)	Yes	
Tag	Varchar(512)	Yes	
Timestamp	Varchar(512)	Yes	

IMDB Movie DATABASE

CREATE DATABASE:

```
create database project;
use project;
```

CREATE TABLE AND INSERTION COMMANDS:

```
1. CREAT TABLE Movie:

CREATE TABLE Movie

(Movie_Id INT,

Title VARCHAR(512),

Genres VARCHAR(512));

INSERT INTO Movie VALUES

('1', 'Toy Story (2001)', 'Adventure|Animation|Children|Comedy|Fantasy'),

('2', 'Jumanji (1995)', 'Adventure|Children|Fantasy'),

('3', 'Grumpier Old Men (1998)', 'Comedy|Romance'),

('4', 'Waiting to Exhale (1990)', 'Comedy|Drama|Romance'),

('5', 'Father of the Bride Part II (1985)', 'Comedy'),

('6', 'Heat (1966)', 'Action|Crime|Thriller'),

('7', 'Sabrina (2002)', 'Comedy|Romance'),

('8', 'Tom and Huck (2000)', 'Adventure|Children'),
```

- ('9', 'Sudden Death (1995)', 'Action'),
- ('10', 'GoldenEye (1995)', 'Action | Adventure | Thriller'),
- ('11', 'American President, The (1997)', 'Comedy | Drama | Romance'),
- ('12', 'Dracula: Dead and Loving It (1991)', 'Comedy | Horror'),
- ('13', 'Balto (1989)', 'Adventure | Animation | Children'),
- ('14', 'Nixon (1988)', 'Drama'),
- ('15', 'Cutthroat Island (2008)', 'Action|Adventure|Romance'),
- ('16', 'Casino (2000)', 'Crime | Drama'),
- ('17', 'Sense and Sensibility (2003)', 'Drama | Romance'),

```
('18', 'Four Rooms (2013)', 'Comedy'),
('19', 'Ace Ventura: When Nature Calls (1958)', 'Comedy'),
('20', 'Money Train (2014)', 'Action | Comedy | Crime | Drama | Thriller');
```

```
2. CREATE TABLE Link
CREATE TABLE Link
(Movie_Id INT,
IMDB_Id INT,
TMDB_Id INT);
INSERT INTO Link VALUES
('1', '114709', '862'),
('2', '113497', '8844'),
('3', '113228', '15602'),
('4', '114885', '31357'),
('5', '113041', '11862'),
('6', '113277', '949'),
('7', '114319', '11860'),
('8', '112302', '45325'),
('9', '114576', '9091'),
('10', '113189', '710'),
('11', '112346', '9087'),
('12', '112896', '12110'),
('13', '112453', '21032'),
('14', '113987', '10858'),
('15', '112760', '1408'),
('16', '112641', '524'),
('17', '114388', '4584'),
('18', '113101', '5'),
('19', '112281', '9273'),
```

('20', '113845', '11517');

3. CREATE TABLE Ratings

```
CREATE TABLE Ratings
(User_Id INT,
Movie Id INT,
Rating INT,
Timestamp VARCHAR(512));
INSERT INTO Ratings VALUES
('1081', '1', '4', 'November 22, 2001'),
('1097', '2', '4', 'December 15, 1995'),
('1056', '3', '4', 'December 22, 1998'),
('1053', '4', '5', 'December 22, 1990'),
('1040', '5', '5', 'December 8, 1985'),
('1028', '6', '3', 'December 15, 1966'),
('1015', '7', '5', 'December 15, 2002'),
('1003', '8', '4', 'December 22, 2000'),
('990', '9', '5', 'December 22, 1995'),
('978', '10', '5', 'November 17, 1995'),
('965', '11', '5', 'November 17, 1997'),
('953', '12', '5', 'December 22, 1991'),
('940', '13', '3', 'December 22, 1989'),
('928', '14', '5', 'December 20, 1988'),
('915', '15', '4', 'December 22, 2008'),
('903', '16', '5', 'November 22, 2000'),
('890', '17', '3', 'December 13, 2003'),
('878', '18', '3', 'December 25, 2013'),
```

('865', '19', '5', 'November 10, 1958'),

('853', '20', '4', 'November 22, 2014');

4. CREATE TABLE Tags

```
CREATE TABLE Tags
(User_Id INT,
Movie Id INT,
Tag VARCHAR(512),
Timestamp VARCHAR(512));
INSERT INTO Tags VALUES
('1081', '1', 'Funny', 'November 22, 2001'),
('1097', '2', 'Funny', 'December 15, 1995'),
('1056', '3', 'Romantic', 'December 22, 1998'),
('1053', '4', 'Drama', 'December 22, 1990'),
('1040', '5', 'Funny', 'December 8, 1985'),
('1028', '6', 'Thriller', 'December 15, 1966'),
('1015', '7', 'Comedy', 'December 15, 2002'),
('1003', '8', 'Adventure', 'December 22, 2000'),
('990', '9', 'Action', 'December 22, 1995'),
('978', '10', 'Thriller', 'November 17, 1995'),
('965', '11', 'Drama', 'November 17, 1997'),
('953', '12', 'Horror', 'December 22, 1991'),
('940', '13', 'Children', 'December 22, 1989'),
('928', '14', 'Drama', 'December 20, 1988'),
('915', '15', 'Action', 'December 22, 2008'),
('903', '16', 'Crime', 'November 22, 2000'),
('890', '17', 'Romantic', 'December 13, 2003'),
('878', '18', 'Comedy', 'December 25, 2013'),
('865', '19', 'Funny', 'November 10, 1958'),
('853', '20', 'Drama', 'November 22, 2014');
```

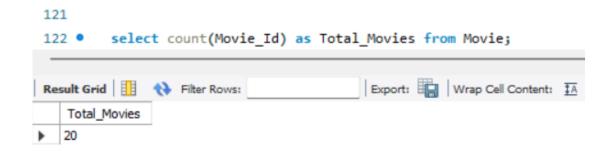
QUERIES

Basic queries

1. Retrieve the total number of Movies.

Command-

SELECT COUNT(Movie_Id) AS Total_Movies FROM Movie;



2. Get all movies released in 1995.

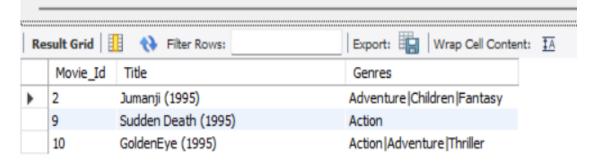
Command-

SELECT * FROM Movie
WHERE Title LIKE '%(1995)%';

```
129 • SELECT * FROM Movie

130 WHERE Title LIKE '%(1995)%';

131
```



3. Find all movies with the genre "Comedy".

Command-

SELECT * FROM Movie
WHERE Genres LIKE '%Comedy%';

132 • SELECT * FROM Movie
133 WHERE Genres LIKE '%Comedy%';

_				
	Result Grid III 🛟 Filter Rows: Export: 📳 Wrap Cell Content: 🔼			
	Movie_Id	Title	Genres	
•	1	Toy Story (2001)	Adventure Animation Children Comedy Fantasy	
	3	Grumpier Old Men (1998)	Comedy Romance	
	4	Waiting to Exhale (1990)	Comedy Drama Romance	
	5	Father of the Bride Part II (1985)	Comedy	
	7	Sabrina (2002)	Comedy Romance	
	11	American President, The (1997)	Comedy Drama Romance	
	12	Dracula: Dead and Loving It (1991)	Comedy Horror	
	18	Four Rooms (2013)	Comedy	
	19	Ace Ventura: When Nature Calls (1958)	Comedy	
	20	Money Train (2014)	Action Comedy Crime Drama Thriller	

4. List all movies with 'Action' genre released in 2008.

Command-

SELECT * FROM Movie

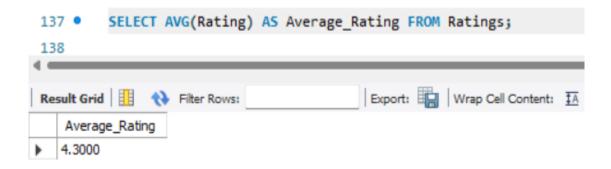
WHERE Genres

LIKE '%Action%' AND Title LIKE '%(2008)%';

5. Find the average rating for the movie 'Toy Story (2001)'.

Command-

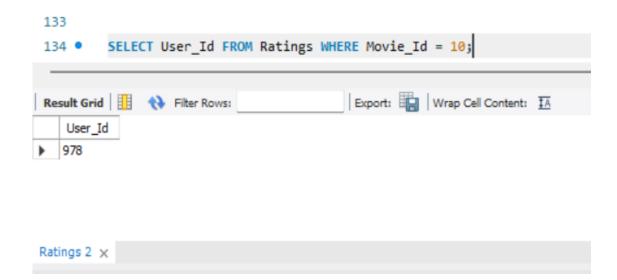
Select AVG(Rating) AS Average_Rating FROM Ratings;



6. Find all users who rated the movie 'GoldenEye (1995)'.

Command-

SELECT User_Id FROM Ratings WHERE Movie_Id = 10;

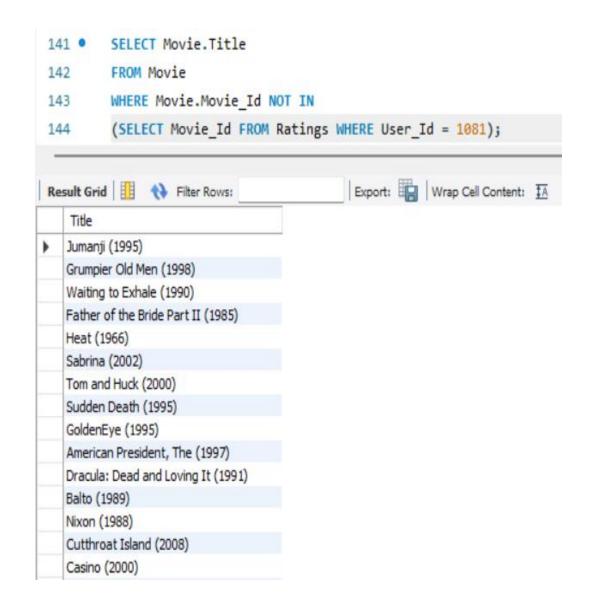


Sub-queries

1. List all movies not rated by user 1081.

Command-

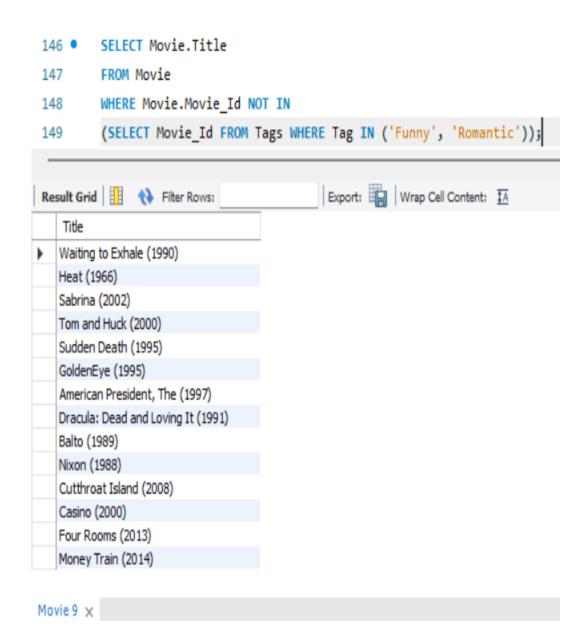
SELECT Movie.Title
FROM Movie
WHERE Movie.Movie_Id NOT IN
(SELECT Movie_Id FROM Ratings WHERE User_Id = 1081);



2. Select all movies that have not been tagged with 'Funny' or 'Romantic'.

Command-

SELECT Movie.Title
FROM Movie
WHERE Movie.Movie_Id NOT IN
(SELECT Movie_Id FROM Tags WHERE Tag IN ('Funny', 'Romantic'));



3. Find all movies in the 'Action' genre.

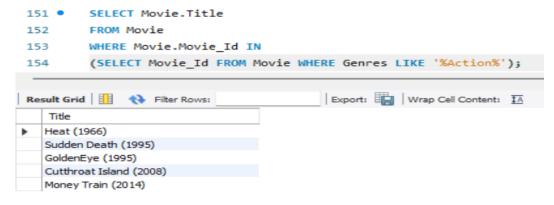
Command-

SELECT Movie.Title

FROM Movie

WHERE Movie. Movie Id IN

(SELECT Movie_Id FROM Movie WHERE Genres LIKE '%Action%');



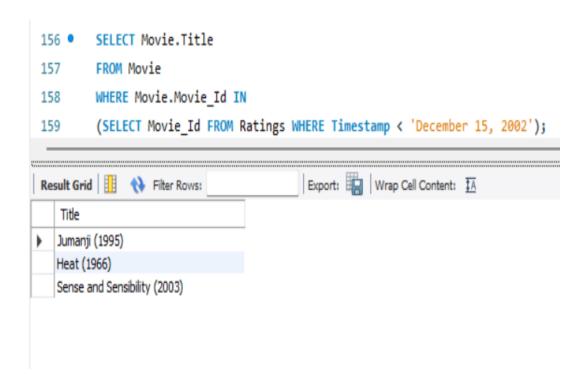
4. Find all movies that were rated before December 15, 2002.

Command-

SELECT Movie.Title

FROM Movie

WHERE Movie_Id IN (SELECT Movie_Id FROM Ratings WHERE Timestamp < 'December 15, 2002');



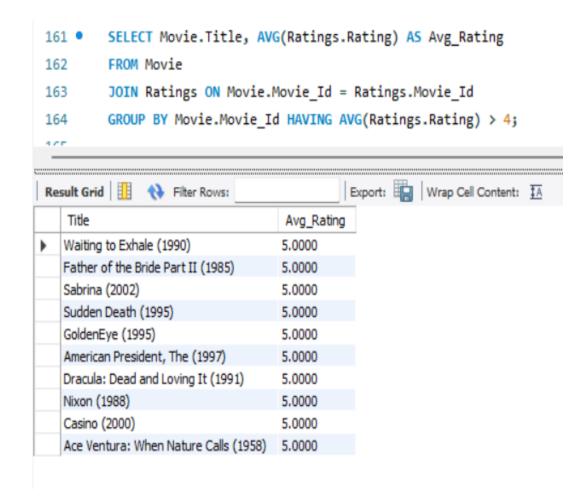
5. Select all movies with an average rating greater than 4.

Command-

SELECT Movie.Title, AVG(Ratings.Rating) AS Avg_Rating
FROM Movie

JOIN Ratings ON Movie.Movie_Id = Ratings.Movie_Id

GROUP BY Movie.Movie_Id HAVING AVG(Ratings.Rating) > 4;



JOINS

1. Find the movie with the highest rating by user 1040.

COMMAND-

SELECT Movie.Title FROM Movie

JOIN Ratings ON Movie.Movie_Id = Ratings.Movie_Id

WHERE Ratings.User_Id = 1040

ORDER BY Ratings.Rating DESC;

```
166
        SELECT Movie.Title
167
        FROM Movie
        JOIN Ratings ON Movie.Movie_Id = Ratings.Movie_Id
168
        WHERE Ratings.User_Id = 1040
169
        ORDER BY Ratings.Rating DESC
170
        LIMIT 1;
171
                                       Export: Wrap Cell Content: 🔀 | Fetch rows:
Title
Father of the Bride Part II (1985)
```

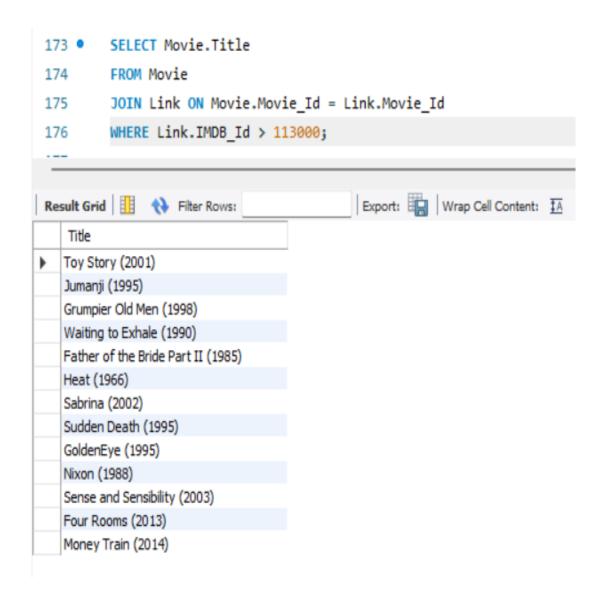
2. Which movie titles have an IMDb ID over 113000.

COMMAND-

SELECT Movie.Title
FROM Movie

JOIN Link ON Movie.Movie_Id = Link.Movie_Id

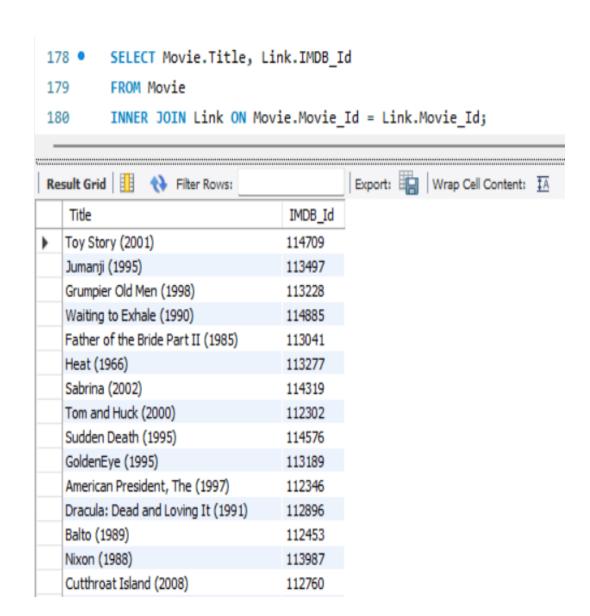
WHERE Link.IMDB_Id > 113000;



3. Inner Join to get movie titles and their IMDb IDs:

COMMAND-

SELECT Movie.Title, Link.IMDB_Id
FROM Movie
INNER JOIN Link ON Movie.Movie Id = Link.Movie Id;

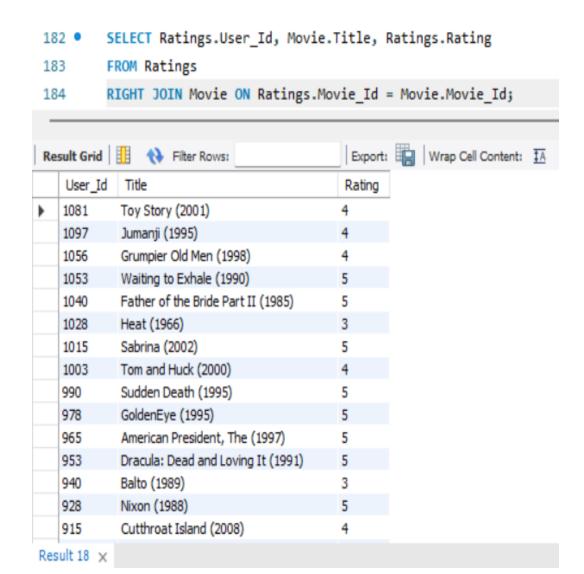


4. Right Join to get all users and the movies they rated.

Command-

SELECT Ratings.User_Id, Movie.Title, Ratings.Rating FROM Ratings

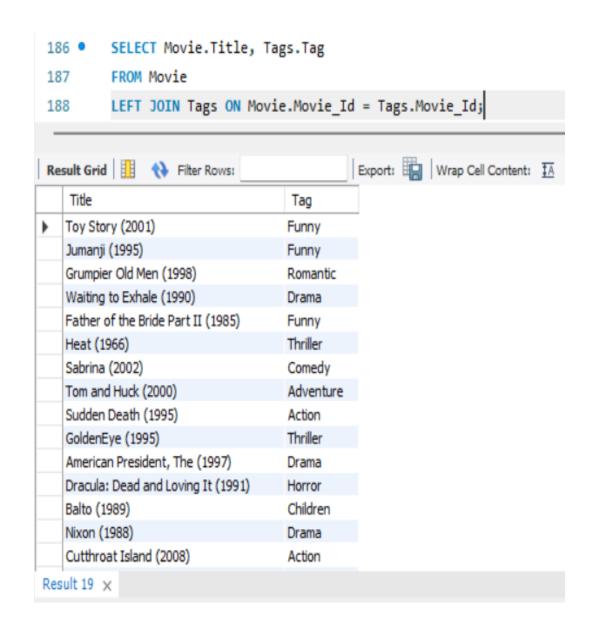
RIGHT JOIN Movie ON Ratings.Movie_Id = Movie.Movie_Id;



5. Left Join to get all movies and their tags.

Command-

SELECT Movie.Title, Tags.Tag
FROM Movie
LEFT JOIN Tags ON Movie.Movie Id = Tags.Movie Id;



CONCLUSION

This database provides a flexible and scalable way to manage movie information, user interactions (ratings and tags), and external links. It supports a wide range of queries, allowing users to analyze data such as movie popularity, genre distribution, or user preferences. By effectively organizing the data with primary and foreign keys, it ensures data integrity and efficient retrieval, making it suitable for use in applications like movie recommendation systems or analytics dashboards.

Flexibility and Scalability:

The design allows for the seamless integration of additional data types or larger datasets. For example:

- Scalability: As the number of movies or users grows, the database can handle larger datasets without performance degradation. You could easily add more movies, users, or new features, such as reviews or streaming availability, without needing to fundamentally alter the structure.
- Flexibility: The relational structure ensures that adding new attributes or expanding the system, like incorporating more rating systems or genres, can be done with minimal disruption. If new genres or tags need to be added, it can be done without restructuring the core tables.

This database is a robust and scalable system designed to effectively manage movie information, user interactions (through ratings and tags), and external links to widely-used movie databases like IMDb and TMDb. By employing efficient relational database principles, this system allows for streamlined data management and analysis, offering powerful capabilities for a wide range of applications such as recommendation engines, user behavior analysis, and content management.