

## C++ for Loop

In a Computer programming, loops are used to repeat a block of code.

For example, let's say we want to show a message 100 times. Then instead of writing the print statement 100 times. We can use a loops.

There are three types of loops in C++

1] for loop.

2] While loop.

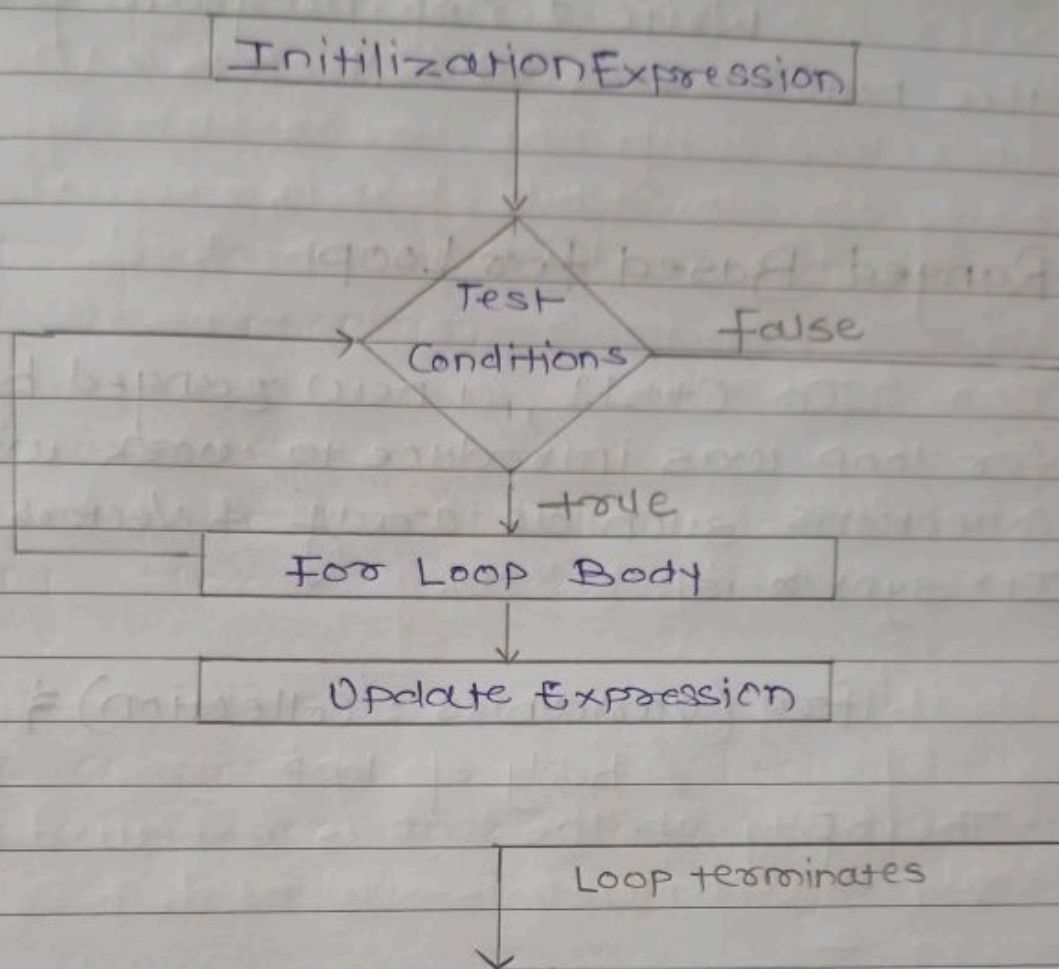
3] do...While loop.

### C++ for Loop

The syntax of for...Loop is

- Initialization - Variables & is execute only once.
- Condition - If true, the body of for loop is executed if false, the loop is terminated.
- Update - Update the value of initialize variables & again check the condition.

## Flowchart of for Loop in C++



Display a text 5-times

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    for (int i = 0; i <= 5; i++) {
        cout << "Hello Tejas" << endl;
    }
    return 0;
}
```



Quick Quiz:

Write a C++ program for printing the numbers 1 to 5:

## Ranged Based For Loop

In C++11, a new ranged based for loop was introduced to work with collections such as array & vectors. Its syntax is:

for (variables : Collection) { // body of loop }
--

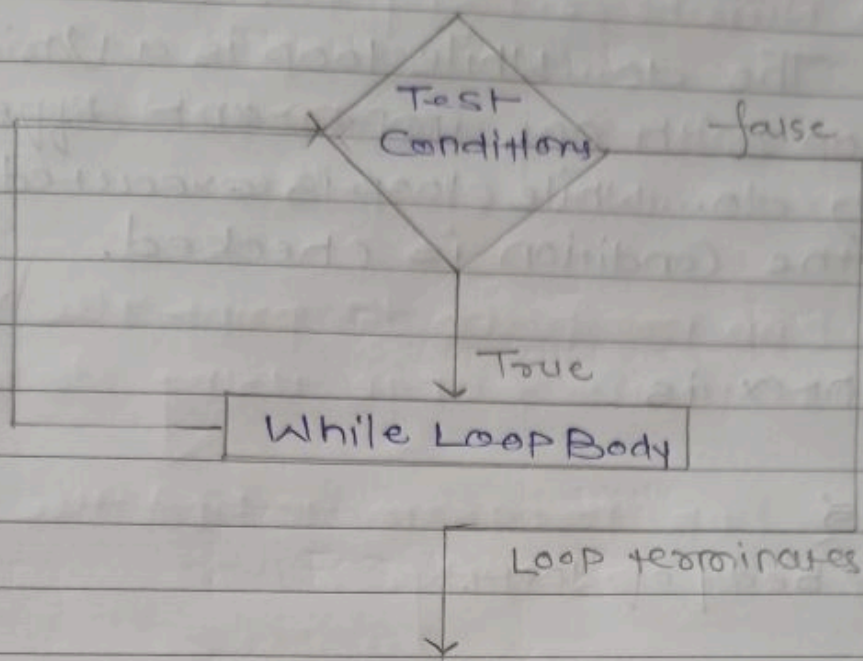
## C++ While loop

The syntax of while loop is

while (condition) { // body of the loop }
---

- A while loop evaluates the condition true, the code inside the loop is executed.
- When the code evaluates false, the loop halts / terminated.

## Flowchart of While loop



Example :

Display the numbers 1 to 5

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    int i = 1;
```

```
    while (i <= 5) {
```

```
        cout << " i << " ";
```

```
        ++i;
```

```
    }
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

Quick Quiz:

Convert the above program into the user input.



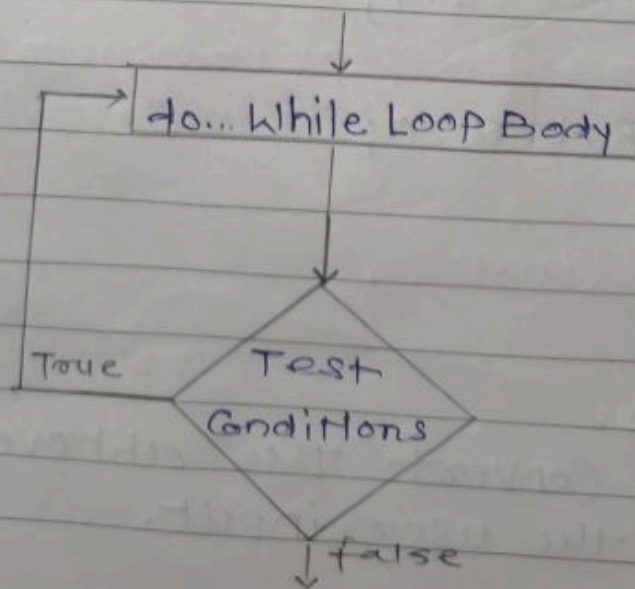
## C++ do...While Loop

The do...While loop is a variant of the while loop with one important difference: the body of do...while loop is executed once before the condition is checked.

Its syntax is

```
do {  
    // body of loop.  
}  
while (condition);
```

- The body of the loop is executed at first. Then the condition is evaluated.
- If the condition evaluated to true, the body inside the do statement is executed again.
- The process continues until the condition evaluates to false. Then the loop stops.



Example : Display Numbers from 1 to 5.

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    int i = 1;
```

```
    do {
```

```
        cout << " " << i << " ";
```

```
        ++i;
```

```
    } while (i <= 5);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

Expected Output :

1, 2, 3, 4, 5



4.

Date      /      /      Practice Set

Saathi

1. Write a Cpp program to Calculate sum of Natural Numbers. Using for Loop.
2. Write a Cpp program to find the program Leap year or not. If-else
3. Write a Cpp program to print the multiplication table with input range using do while loop.
4. Write a Cpp program to find the sum of positive Numbers only.
5. Write a Cpp program to print the fibonacci series up to n numbers of terms.
6. Write a Cpp program to print half pyramid using \*

```
*  
* *  
* * *  
* * * *  
* * * * *
```