# oqcg

## February 14, 2019

# 1 Imports

Need to have jate.py in your folder

```
In [47]: %run jate.py #will import everything
```

# 2 Next chapter

# 2.1 memory clear (uses regex, so be careful)

```
In [49]: %reset_selective -f var1, var2 # replace var1, var2 with your defined ones
```

# 2.2 Building parts

# 2.2.1 Building the things to be calculated only once

#### **Parameters**

-----

omega\_1 : float

frequency corresponding to

frequency corresponding to half of the difference between energy levels of the qubit

energy levels of the quot

 $H_0$ : Qobj

Bare Hamiltonian

 $H_1$ : Qobj

Interaction Hamiltonian

 $T_s$  : Qobj

Unitary to be implemented in the Hilbert space

```
Lin
      : Qobj
          Linbladian operators
        : int
d
          Dimension of the matrix. Defaults to 2
gamma
        : float
          Damping constant of the Linbladian
Returns
_____
ih0
        : Qobj
          I \odot H_{0}
ih1
        : Qobj
          I \setminus S
h0ci
        : Qobj
          $H_{0}^{*}\otimes I $
h1ci
       : Qobj
          $H_{1}^{*}\otimes I $
T
        : Qobj
          Target unitary transformed to the Liouville space
linbladian : Qobj
             The full lindbladian term as it appears on transformation to
             the Liouville space.
11 11 11
I = identity(d)
L I = tensor(I, I)
ih0 = tensor(I, H_0)
ih1 = tensor(I, H_1)
h0ci = tensor(H_0.conj(), I)
h1ci = tensor(H_1.conj(), I)
x_k = ih1 - h1ci
term1 = tensor(Lin.trans(), Lin)
term2 = tensor(I, ((Lin.dag())*(Lin)))
term3 = tensor(((Lin.trans())*(Lin.conj())), I)
lindbladian = 1j*(gamma)*(term1 - 0.5*(term2 + term3))
T = tensor(T_s.trans(), T_s) # Transforming $T_{s}$ to liouville space
return ih0, ih1, h0ci, h1ci, x_k, lindbladian, T, L_I
```

In [59]: A(0.5)

#### Out [59]:

Quantum object: dims = [[2, 2], [2, 2]], shape = (4, 4), type = oper, isherm = False

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0.0 & -0.500j & -0.500j & 0.0\\ 0.500j & (-1.0 - 0.200j) & 0.0 & -0.500j\\ 0.500j & 0.0 & (1.0 - 0.200j) & -0.500j\\ 0.0 & 0.500j & 0.500j & 0.0 \end{pmatrix}$$

### **2.2.3** Building L(t) and the Identity in the Liouville space

In [63]: L(0.5, 0.001)

## Out[63]:

Quantum object: dims = [[2, 2], [2, 2]], shape = (4, 4), type = oper, isherm = False

## 2.3 Major functions

## 2.3.1 Major functions 1

```
In [64]: # building the function to optimize (optimizee)
         def L_vec(xi_vec, dt):
             r"""Building the vector of differential $L(t)$"""
             L_vec = [L(xi, dt) for xi in xi_vec]
             return L_vec
In [65]: def fidelity_calc(A, B):
             r"""Making a generalised fidelity function"""
             first_part = (A - B).dag()
             second_part = (A - B)
             f_int = (first_part* second_part)
             f = f_int.tr()
             return f
In [66]: def L_full_maker(xi_vec, dt):
             r"""Building the $L(t)$ for the total time $t$"""
             xi_vec_size = xi_vec.size # finding the size of xi
             L_full = L_I # Identity for the for loop of L
             L_v = L_vec(xi_vec, dt) # calling L_vec
             for i in range(xi_vec_size): # generating L_full
                 L_full = L_full*L_v[xi_vec_size - 1 - i]
             return L full
In [67]: def F(xi_vec, dt):
             r"""Using the fidelity metric to find out the closeness between $T$
             and $L(t)$"""
             L_full = L_full_maker(xi_vec, dt)
             F = real(-fidelity_calc(T, L_full))
             return F
2.3.2 Testing major functions 1
In [68]: fidelity_calc(sigmax(), sigmay())
Out[68]: 4.0
In [69]: fidelity_calc(sigmay(), sigmay())
Out[69]: 0.0
In [70]: xi_vec_test = array([1.0, 2.0])
        xi_vec_test
Out[70]: array([1., 2.])
In [71]: xi_vec_test.size
```

```
In [72]: w_vec = [xi**2 for xi in xi_vec_test]
        w_vec
Out[72]: [1.0, 4.0]
In [73]: \# F(xi\_vec, dt)
        F(xi_vec_test, 0.001)
Out[73]: -7.998400634493138
In [74]: L_v = L_vec(xi_vec_test, 0.001)
In [75]: L v
Out[75]: [Quantum object: dims = [[2, 2], [2, 2]], shape = (4, 4), type = oper, isherm = False
          Qobj data =
          [[ 9.99999000e-01+0.00000000e+00j -9.99899173e-04-4.99933130e-07j
           -9.99899173e-04+4.99933130e-07j 9.99932920e-07+0.00000000e+00j]
           [ 9.99899173e-04+4.99933130e-07j 9.99798520e-01+9.99799187e-04j
           -9.99866260e-07+0.00000000e+00j -9.99899173e-04-4.99933130e-07j]
           [ 9.99899173e-04-4.99933130e-07j -9.99866260e-07+0.00000000e+00j
             9.99798520e-01-9.99799187e-04j -9.99899173e-04+4.99933130e-07j]
           [ 9.99932920e-07+0.00000000e+00j 9.99899173e-04+4.99933130e-07j
             9.99899173e-04-4.99933130e-07j 9.99999000e-01+0.00000000e+00j]],
          Quantum object: dims = [[2, 2], [2, 2]], shape = (4, 4), type = oper, isherm = False
          Qobj data =
          [[ 9.99996000e-01+0.00000000e+00j -1.99979435e-03-9.99865260e-07j
            -1.99979435e-03+9.99865260e-07j 3.99972768e-06+0.00000000e+00j]
           [ 1.99979435e-03+9.99865260e-07j 9.99795521e-01+9.99797187e-04j
           -3.99946104e-06+0.00000000e+00j -1.99979435e-03-9.99865260e-07j]
           [ 1.99979435e-03-9.99865260e-07j -3.99946104e-06+0.00000000e+00j
             9.99795521e-01-9.99797187e-04j -1.99979435e-03+9.99865260e-07j]
           [ 3.99972768e-06+0.00000000e+00j 1.99979435e-03+9.99865260e-07j
             1.99979435e-03-9.99865260e-07j 9.99996000e-01+0.00000000e+00j]]]
2.3.3 Major Functions 2
In [76]: def L_comma_k_maker(xi_vec, k, dt):
             r"""Making of the derivative of full L(t) at time t_{k}"""
            N = xi_vec.size
             # Determining the size of xi, and thus the time_steps indirectly.
            L_v = L_vec(xi_vec, dt) # Making of the full $L(t)$
             inner_part = L_I # Beginner for the for loop
             for i in range(N):
                 if i == (N - 1 - k):
                     # The step at which X_{k}(t) has to be inserted
                     inner_part = inner_part*x_k*L_v[k - 1]
```

Out[71]: 2

```
else:
                      # Usual multiplications of $L_{k}$
                      inner_part = inner_part*L_v[N - 1 - i]
             l_comma_k = inner_part
             return 1 comma k
In [77]: \# L_{comma_k_maker(xi_vec, k, dt)}
         L_comma_k_maker(xi_vec_test, 2, 0.001)
   Out [77]:
   Quantum object: dims = [[2, 2], [2, 2]], shape = (4, 4), type = oper, isherm = False
                             (-0.003 - 3.499 \times 10^{-06}i)
                                                             (-0.003 + 3.499 \times 10^{-06}i)
  (0.003 + 2.499 \times 10^{-06}j)
                                                         (-8.998 \times 10^{-06} + 2.999 \times 10^{-09}j) (-0.003 - 2.003)
                                 (1.000 + 0.002j)
  (1.000 - 0.002i)
                            (0.003 + 3.499 \times 10^{-06}i)
                                                              (0.003 - 3.499 \times 10^{-06}i)
In [78]: def updater(xi_vec, dt, epsilon):
             r"""Implementing the GRAPE update step"""
             xi_vec_size = xi_vec.size # finding the size of xi
             L_full = L_full_maker(xi_vec, dt)
             di = []
             for k in range(xi_vec_size):
                  # Building the thing to be added to the old function
                 L_comma_k = L_comma_k_maker(xi_vec, k, dt)
                 differentiated = T - L comma k
                 plain = T - L_full
                 c = -differentiated.dag()*plain
                 d = -plain.dag()*differentiated
                 inside = c.tr() + d.tr()
                 di.append(epsilon*inside)
             diff = array(di)
             xi_new_vec = xi_vec + diff
             return diff, xi_new_vec
In [79]: # updater(xi_vec, dt, epsilon)
         updater(xi_vec_test, 0.001, 0.001)
Out[79]: (array([-0.008+0.j, -0.008+0.j]), array([0.992+0.j, 1.992+0.j]))
In [80]: import time
In [81]: total_time_evo = 2*pi # total time allowed for evolution
In [82]: times = linspace(0, total_time_evo, 500)
In [83]: # vector of times at which discretization
         # is carried out
```

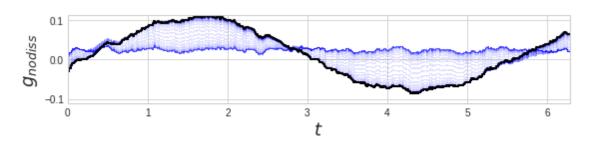
8.999

(-0.003 + 2)

```
In [84]: U = T_s
   Out[84]:
   Quantum object: dims = [[2], [2]], shape = (2, 2), type = oper, isherm = True
                                       \left(\begin{array}{cc} 0.0 & 1.0 \\ 1.0 & 0.0 \end{array}\right)
In [85]: R = 500
In [86]: H_{ops} = [H_1]
          H_ops
Out[86]: [Quantum object: dims = [[2], [2]], shape = (2, 2), type = oper, isherm = True
           Qobj data =
           [[0.+0.j \ 0.-1.j]
            [0.+1.j 0.+0.j]]
In [87]: H_{abels} = [r'$g_{no diss}]
         H labels
Out[87]: ['$g_{no diss}$']
In [88]: HO = H_0
          HO
   Out[88]:
   Quantum object: dims = [[2], [2]], shape = (2, 2), type = oper, isherm = True
                                    \begin{pmatrix} 0.500 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & -0.500 \end{pmatrix}
In [89]: c_ops = []
In [90]: from qutip.control.grape import plot_grape_control_fields, _overlap
          from qutip.control.grape import grape_unitary_adaptive, cy_grape_unitary
In [91]: from scipy.interpolate import interp1d
          from qutip.ui.progressbar import TextProgressBar
In [92]: u0 = array([rand(len(times)) * 2 * pi * 0.05 for _ in range(len(H_ops))])
In [93]: from numpy import convolve
          u0 = [convolve(ones(10)/10, u0[idx,:], mode='same') for idx in range(len(H ops))]
In [94]: u_limits = None \#[0, 1 * 2 * pi]
          alpha = None
In [95]: result = cy_grape_unitary(U, H0, H_ops, R, times, u_start=u0, u_limits=u_limits,
                                       eps=2*np.pi*1, alpha=alpha, phase_sensitive=False,
                                       progress_bar=TextProgressBar())
```

```
10.0%. Run time: 33.00s. Est. time left: 00:00:04:57 20.0%. Run time: 65.56s. Est. time left: 00:00:04:22 30.0%. Run time: 98.20s. Est. time left: 00:00:03:49 40.0%. Run time: 130.76s. Est. time left: 00:00:03:16 50.0%. Run time: 163.29s. Est. time left: 00:00:02:43 60.0%. Run time: 196.05s. Est. time left: 00:00:02:10 70.0%. Run time: 228.23s. Est. time left: 00:00:01:37 80.0%. Run time: 260.41s. Est. time left: 00:00:01:05 90.0%. Run time: 292.53s. Est. time left: 00:00:00:32 Total run time: 324.17s
```

## Plot of optimized control field without dissipation



In [97]: U

#### Out [97]:

Quantum object: dims = [[2], [2]], shape = (2, 2), type = oper, isherm = True

$$\left(\begin{array}{cc} 0.0 & 1.0 \\ 1.0 & 0.0 \end{array}\right)$$

In [98]: result.U\_f

#### Out [98]:

Quantum object: dims = [[2], [2]], shape = (2, 2), type = oper, isherm = False

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc}
4.195 \times 10^{-16} & 1.000j \\
1.0j & -5.690 \times 10^{-16}
\end{array}\right)$$

In [99]: result.U\_f/result.U\_f[0,0]

#### Out [99]:

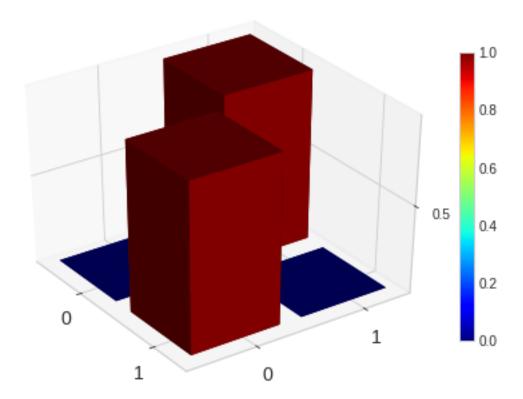
Quantum object: dims = [[2], [2]], shape = (2, 2), type = oper, isherm = False

$$\left(\begin{array}{cc} 1.0 & (1.179\times 10^{+15} + 1.365\times 10^{+15}j) \\ (1.179\times 10^{+15} + 1.365\times 10^{+15}j) & (-1.233 + 0.143j) \end{array}\right)$$

In [100]: matrix\_histogram(U)

Out[100]: (<Figure size 432x288 with 2 Axes>,

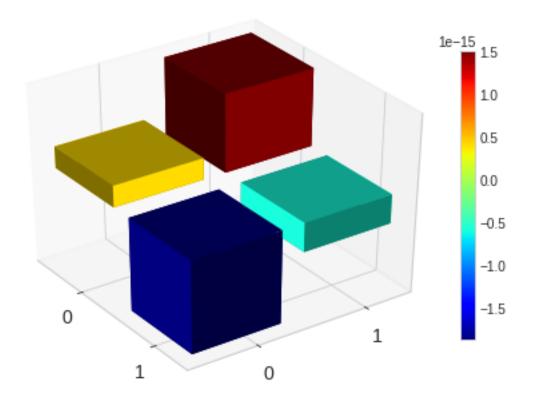
<mpl\_toolkits.mplot3d.axes3d.Axes3D at 0x7fa12c63a518>)



In [101]: matrix\_histogram(result.U\_f)

Out[101]: (<Figure size 432x288 with 2 Axes>,

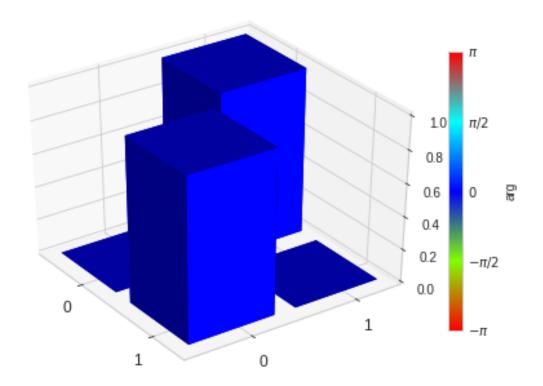
<mpl\_toolkits.mplot3d.axes3d.Axes3D at 0x7fa12c5ccd68>)



In [102]: matrix\_histogram\_complex(U)

Out[102]: (<Figure size 432x288 with 2 Axes>,

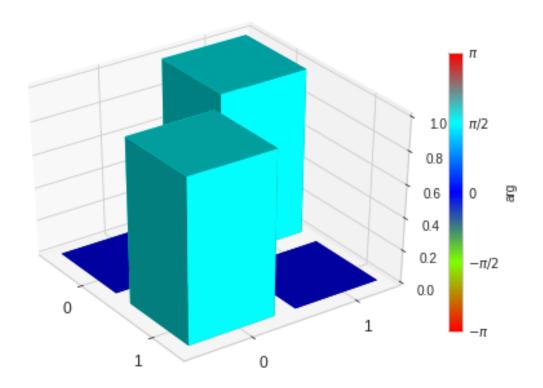
<mpl\_toolkits.mplot3d.axes3d.Axes3D at 0x7fa12c56dcf8>)



In [103]: matrix\_histogram\_complex(result.U\_f)

Out[103]: (<Figure size 432x288 with 2 Axes>,

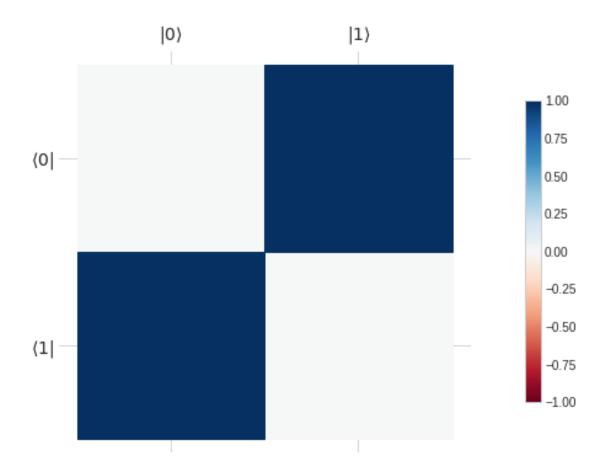
<mpl\_toolkits.mplot3d.axes3d.Axes3D at 0x7fa12c4a9d30>)



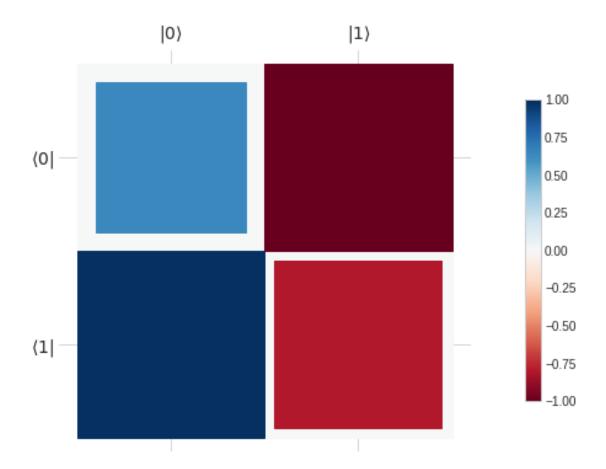
In [104]: hinton(U)

Out[104]: (<Figure size 576x432 with 2 Axes>,

<matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fa12c678d68>)



In [105]: hinton(result.U\_f)



In [106]: times[-1]

Out[106]: 6.283185307179586

In [107]: total\_time\_evo

Out[107]: 6.283185307179586

In [108]: total\_time

\_\_\_\_\_\_

 ${\tt NameError}$ 

Traceback (most recent call last)

<ipython-input-108-9bec417112c8> in <module>()
----> 1 total\_time

NameError: name 'total\_time' is not defined

```
In [109]: len(times)
Out[109]: 500
In [110]: def terminator(max_iter, time_steps=len(times), total_time= total_time_evo,
                        epsilon= 2*pi*1):
             r"""Brief description of the function"""
             xi_initial = result.u[-1, 0, : ]
             #1000*random_sample((time_steps,))
             dt = (2*pi)/500 #total_time/time_steps
             xi_diff, xi_new_vec = updater(xi_initial, dt, epsilon)
             for i in range(max_iter):
                 if amax(xi_diff) < epsilon**2 :</pre>
                     xi_final = xi_new_vec
                     break
                 else :
                     xi_diff, xi_new_vec = updater(xi_new_vec, dt, epsilon)
                     print(i)
                     print(amax(xi_diff))
             xi_final = xi_new_vec
             return xi_final
2.4 sub topic 3
2.4.1 try
In [111]: xi_opt = terminator(10)
In [112]: time_steps=len(times)
         total_time= total_time_evo
         epsilon= 2*pi*1
In [113]: dt = (2*pi)/500
         F(xi_opt, dt)
Out[113]: -4.223783391928767
In [114]: L_full_maker(xi_opt, dt)
  Out[114]:
  Quantum object: dims = [[2, 2], [2, 2]], shape = (4, 4), type = oper, isherm = False
                       (0.217 + 0.007i)
                                              (0.217 - 0.007j)
                                                                     0.655
       0.345
   (0.217 + 0.007i)
                                                                 (0.217 - 0.007i)
```

```
2.4.2 try
```

```
In [115]: xi_opt = terminator(1000)
In [116]: time_steps=len(times)
         total time= total time evo
         epsilon= 2*pi*1
In [117]: dt = (2*pi)/500
         F(xi_opt, dt)
Out[117]: -4.223783391928767
In [118]: L_full_maker(xi_opt, dt)
  Out[118]:
  Quantum object: dims = [[2, 2], [2, 2]], shape = (4, 4), type = oper, isherm = False
                     (0.217 + 0.007j)
                                         (0.217 - 0.007i)
                                                               0.655
  2.4.3 try
In [121]: xi_opt = terminator(1000,time_steps=len(times), total_time= total_time_evo,
                      epsilon= ((0.1*2*pi)/(times[-1]))
In [123]: time_steps=len(times)
         total_time= total_time_evo
         epsilon = ((0.1*2*pi)/(times[-1]))
In [124]: dt = (2*pi)/500
         F(xi_opt, dt)
Out[124]: -2.239742398764373
In [125]: L_full_maker(xi_opt, dt)
  Out[125]:
  Quantum object: dims = [[2, 2], [2, 2]], shape = (4, 4), type = oper, isherm = False
                                     (0.091 + 0.088i)
```

```
2.4.4 try
```

```
In [126]: xi_opt = terminator(10,time_steps=len(times), total_time= total_time_evo,
                              epsilon= ((0.1*2*pi)/(times[-1]))
In [127]: time_steps=len(times)
            total_time= total_time_evo
            epsilon = ((0.1*2*pi)/(times[-1]))
In [128]: dt = (2*pi)/500
            F(xi_opt, dt)
Out[128]: -2.239742398764373
In [129]: L_full_maker(xi_opt, dt)
   Out[129]:
   Quantum object: dims = [[2, 2], [2, 2]], shape = (4, 4), type = oper, isherm = False
           \begin{array}{cccc} 0.323 & (0.091-0.088j) & (0.091+0.088j) & 0.677 \\ (0.244+0.061j) & (-0.053+0.008j) & (0.175+0.262j) & (-0.244-0.061j) \\ (0.244-0.061j) & (0.175-0.262j) & (-0.053-0.008j) & (-0.244+0.061j) \\ 0.677 & (-0.091+0.088j) & (-0.091-0.088j) & 0.323 \end{array}
2.4.5 try
In [130]: xi_opt = terminator(1000,time_steps=len(times), total_time= total_time_evo,
                              epsilon= ((0.1*2*pi)/(10**3))
In [131]: time_steps=len(times)
            total_time= total_time_evo
            epsilon = ((0.1*2*pi)/(times[-1]))
In [132]: dt = (2*pi)/500
            F(xi_opt, dt)
Out[132]: -0.9548953874356939
In [133]: L_full_maker(xi_opt, dt)
   Out[133]:
   Quantum object: dims = [[2, 2], [2, 2]], shape = (4, 4), type = oper, isherm = False
          (0.038 - 0.005i)
                                                                       (0.038 + 0.005)
```

0.220

```
2.4.6 try
```

```
In [134]: xi_{opt} = terminator(1000, time_steps=len(times), total_time= total_time_evo, epsilon= ((0.1*2*pi)/(10**4)))
```

In [135]: 
$$dt = (2*pi)/500$$
  
F(xi\_opt, dt)

Out[135]: -0.9547563688866646

In [136]: L\_full\_maker(xi\_opt, dt)

#### Out[136]:

Quantum object: dims = [[2, 2], [2, 2]], shape = (4, 4), type = oper, isherm = False

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0.220 & (0.035-0.027j) & (0.035+0.027j) & 0.780 \\ (-0.038+0.005j) & (-0.064-0.048j) & (0.394+0.012j) & (0.038-0.005j) \\ (-0.038-0.005j) & (0.394-0.012j) & (-0.064+0.048j) & (0.038+0.005j) \\ 0.780 & (-0.035+0.027j) & (-0.035-0.027j) & 0.220 \end{pmatrix}$$

#### 2.4.7 try

In [138]: 
$$dt = (2*pi)/500$$
  
  $F(xi_opt, dt)$ 

Out[138]: -0.9548953874356939

In [139]: L\_full\_maker(xi\_opt, dt)

### Out[139]:

Quantum object: dims = [[2, 2], [2, 2]], shape = (4, 4), type = oper, isherm = False

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0.220 & (0.033 - 0.026j) & (0.033 + 0.026j) & 0.780 \\ (-0.038 + 0.005j) & (-0.065 - 0.048j) & (0.394 + 0.015j) & (0.038 - 0.005j) \\ (-0.038 - 0.005j) & (0.394 - 0.015j) & (-0.065 + 0.048j) & (0.038 + 0.005j) \\ 0.780 & (-0.033 + 0.026j) & (-0.033 - 0.026j) & 0.220 \end{pmatrix}$$

### 2.4.8 try

In [140]: xi\_opt = terminator(
$$10**4$$
,time\_steps=len(times), total\_time= total\_time\_evo, epsilon= ( $(0.1*2*pi)/(10**4)$ ))

In [141]: 
$$dt = (2*pi)/500$$
  
F(xi\_opt, dt)

Out[141]: -0.9547563688866646

In [142]: L\_full\_maker(xi\_opt, dt)

#### Out[142]:

Quantum object: dims = [[2, 2], [2, 2]], shape = (4, 4), type = oper, isherm = False

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0.220 & (0.035-0.027j) & (0.035+0.027j) & 0.780 \\ (-0.038+0.005j) & (-0.064-0.048j) & (0.394+0.012j) & (0.038-0.005j) \\ (-0.038-0.005j) & (0.394-0.012j) & (-0.064+0.048j) & (0.038+0.005j) \\ 0.780 & (-0.035+0.027j) & (-0.035-0.027j) & 0.220 \end{pmatrix}$$

#### 2.4.9 try

In [144]: dt = (2\*pi)/500F(xi\_opt, dt)

Out[144]: -0.9547464377063413

In [145]: L\_full\_maker(xi\_opt, dt)

#### Out[145]:

Quantum object: dims = [[2, 2], [2, 2]], shape = (4, 4), type = oper, isherm = False

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0.220 & (0.035 - 0.027j) & (0.035 + 0.027j) & 0.780 \\ (-0.038 + 0.005j) & (-0.064 - 0.048j) & (0.394 + 0.012j) & (0.038 - 0.005j) \\ (-0.038 - 0.005j) & (0.394 - 0.012j) & (-0.064 + 0.048j) & (0.038 + 0.005j) \\ 0.780 & (-0.035 + 0.027j) & (-0.035 - 0.027j) & 0.220 \end{pmatrix}$$

### 2.4.10 try

In [146]:  $xi_{opt} = terminator(10**4,time_steps=10**3, total_time= total_time_evo, epsilon= ((0.1*2*pi)/(10**3)))$ 

In [147]: dt = (2\*pi)/(10\*\*3)#(2\*pi)/500F(xi\_opt, dt)

Out[147]: -4.865356728657208

In [148]: L full maker(xi opt, dt)

#### Out[148]:

Quantum object: dims = [[2, 2], [2, 2]], shape = (4, 4), type = oper, isherm = False

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0.756 & (-0.333 - 0.089j) & (-0.333 + 0.089j) & 0.244 \\ (-0.257 + 0.072j) & (-0.401 + 0.138j) & (0.147 - 0.054j) & (0.257 - 0.072j) \\ (-0.257 - 0.072j) & (0.147 + 0.054j) & (-0.401 - 0.138j) & (0.257 + 0.072j) \\ 0.244 & (0.333 + 0.089j) & (0.333 - 0.089j) & 0.756 \end{pmatrix}$$

# 2.5 Versions