```
def FibonacciIterative(no, res):
  a, b = 0, 1
  print(a,b, end= " ")
  for i in range(2, no+1):
    c = a + b
     res += 1
    print(c, end=" ")
     a, b = b, c
  return res + 1
def FibonacciRecursive(n):
  global res
  if n <= 1:
     return n
  res += 1
  return FibonacciRecursive(n-1) + FibonacciRecursive(n-2)
def FibonacciDP(n, res):
  lst = [0] * (n + 1)
  1st[0], 1st[1] = 0, 1
  for i in range(2, n+1):
     res += 1
    lst[i] = lst[i-1] + lst[i-2]
  print(lst)
  return res
n = int(input("Enter number : "))
res = 0
print("Iterative : ", end="")
res = FibonacciIterative(n, res)
print("\nNumber of Basic operations : ",res, "\n")
res = 0
print("Recursive : ", FibonacciRecursive(n),end="")
print("\nNumber of Basic operations : ",res, "\n")
res = 0
print("Dynamic : ", end = "")
res = FibonacciDP(n, res)
print("Number of Basic operations : ",res)
```

```
======= RESTART: C:/Users/Admin/Documents/DAA PGM/DAA ASSIGNMENT 1.py =
Enter number : 6
Iterative : 0 1 1 2 3 5 8
Number of Basic operations : 6

Recursive : 8
Number of Basic operations : 12

Dynamic : [0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8]
Number of Basic operations : 5
```

```
def knapsack(maxw,val,wt,n,memo):
  if n == 0 or maxw == 0:
    \# memo[n][maxw] = 0
    return 0
  if memo[n][maxw] != 0:
    return memo[n][maxw]
  if wt[n-1] \le maxw:
    memo[n][maxw] = (max(val[n-1]+knapsack(maxw-wt[n-1],val,wt,n-wt[n-1])))
1,memo),knapsack(maxw,val,wt,n-1,memo)))
    # print(memo)
    return memo[n][maxw]
  else:
    memo[n][maxw] = knapsack(maxw,val,wt,n-1,memo)
    return memo[n][maxw]
if __name__ == "__main__":
  \#maxw=5
  #val=[12,10,20,15]
 # wt=[2,1,3,2]
  maxw = int((input("Enter Weight of Sack : ")))
  val = list(map(int, input("Enter Profit : ").split()))
  wt = list(map(int, input("Enter weights : ").split()))
  memo = [[0 \text{ for } i \text{ in } range(maxw + 1)] \text{ for } j \text{ in } range(len(val) + 1)]
  print("Maximun Profit :",knapsack(maxw,val,wt,len(val),memo))
  print("Memoization : ")
  for i in memo:
     print(i)
```

```
import random
def quicksort(arr, start, stop):
  if(start < stop):
     pivotindex = partitionrand(arr,start, stop)
     quicksort(arr , start , pivotindex)
     quicksort(arr, pivotindex + 1, stop)
def partitionrand(arr , start, stop):
  randpivot = random.randrange(start, stop)
  arr[start], arr[randpivot] = arr[randpivot], arr[start]
  print("Pivot : ",arr[start], end=" ")
  print("Elements in array : ",arr)
  return partition(arr, start, stop)
def partition(arr,start,stop):
  pivot = start
  i = start - 1
  j = stop + 1
  while True:
     while True:
        i = i + 1
        if arr[i] >= arr[pivot]:
          break
     while True:
       j = j - 1
        if arr[j] <= arr[pivot]:</pre>
          break
     if i \ge j:
        return j
     arr[i], arr[j] = arr[j], arr[i]
if __name__ == "__main__":
  array1 = list(map(int, input("Enter elements in array : ").split()))
  print("Array before sorting : ", array1)
  quicksort(array1, 0, len(array1) - 1)
  print("Array after sorting : ", array1)
```

```
Enter elements in array: 2 3 4 5 9 8 7 6 1 0

Array before sorting: [2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 8, 7, 6, 1, 0]

Pivot: 1 Elements in array: [1, 3, 4, 5, 9, 8, 7, 6, 2, 0]

Pivot: 8 Elements in array: [0, 8, 4, 5, 9, 3, 7, 6, 2, 1]

Pivot: 4 Elements in array: [0, 1, 4, 5, 9, 3, 7, 6, 2, 8]

Pivot: 5 Elements in array: [0, 1, 2, 5, 9, 3, 7, 6, 4, 8]

Pivot: 4 Elements in array: [0, 1, 2, 4, 3, 9, 7, 6, 5, 8]

Pivot: 5 Elements in array: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 6, 9, 8]

Pivot: 6 Elements in array: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 8]

Pivot: 9 Elements in array: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 7, 8]

Pivot: 8 Elements in array: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 7, 9]

Array after sorting: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
```

```
Code:
   from collections import dequefrom
   ctypes import sizeof
   class Queue:
                         def_init_(self): self.q =
                                               deque()
                         def enq(self, value):
                                               self.q.appendleft(value)
                         def deq(self):
                                             if len(self.q) > 0: return
                                                                    self.q.pop()
                                              else:
                                                                   return None
                         def_len_(self): return
                                             len(self.q)
                         def__repr_(self):
                                             if len(self.q) > 0:
                                                                   s = "<enqueue here>\n____\n"
                                                                   s += "\n_join([str(item) for item in self.q])s += "\n_join([str(
                                                                                                                                                                                                   __\n<dequeue here>"
                                                                   return s
                                              else:
                                                                   return "<queue is empty>"
   class Node(object):
                         def init (self, value=None):self.value
                                               = value self.left = None
                                              self.right = None
                         def set_value(self, value):self.value
                                              = value
```

def get\_value(self): return

def set\_left\_child(self, left):self.left =

self.value

left

```
def set_right_child(self, right):self.right =
          right
     def get_left_child(self):return
          self.left
     def get_right_child(self):return
          self.right
     def has_left_child(self): return
          self.left != None
     def has_right_child(self): return
          self.right != None
     def__repr_(self):
          return f"Node({self.get_value()})"
     def__str_(self):
          return f"Node({self.get_value()})"
class Tree:
     def_init_(self): self.root =
          None
     def set_root(self, value): self.root =
          Node(value)
     def get_root(self): return
          self.root
     def_repr_(self):level = 0
          q = Queue() visit_order =
          list() node = self.get_root()
          q.enq((node, level))
          while (len(q) > 0):
                node, level = q.deq()if node
                == None:
                     visit_order.append(("<empty>", level))continue
                visit_order.append((node, level))if
                node.has_left_child():
                     q.enq((node.get_left_child(), level + 1))else:
                     q.enq((None, level + 1))
```

```
if node.has_right_child(): q.enq((node.get_right_child(), level + 1))
                else:
                     q.enq((None, level + 1))
          s = \text{"Tree} \ \text{"}
          previous level = -1
          for i in range(len(visit order)):node, level
                = visit_order[i] if level ==
                previous_level:
                     s += " | " + str(node)else:
                     s += "\n" + str(node)
                     previous_level = level
          return s
def return_frequency(data):
     # Take a string and determine the relevant frequencies of the charactersfrequency = {}
     for char in data:
          if char in frequency:
                frequency[char] += 1
          else:
                frequency[char] = 1
     lst = [(v, k) for k, v in frequency.items()]
     # Build and sort a list of tuples from lowest to highest frequencieslst.sort(reverse=True)
     return 1st
# A helper function to the build_tree()def
sort_values(nodes_list, node):
     node_value, char1 = node.valueindex =
     max_index = len(nodes_list)while
     True:
          if index == max_index:
                nodes_list.append(node)return
          current_val, char2 = nodes_list[index].valueif current_val
          <= node_value:
                nodes list.insert(index, node)return
          index += 1
# Build a Huffman Tree: nodes are stored in list with their values(frequencies) in
descending order.
# Two nodes with the lowest frequencies form a tree node. That node getspushed back into the
list and the process repeats
def build tree(data):
     lst = return_frequency(data)
     nodes list = []
```

```
for node value in lst: node =
          Node(node_value)
          nodes_list.append(node)
     while len(nodes_list) != 1: first_node =
          nodes_list.pop() second_node =
          nodes_list.pop() val1, char1 =
          first node.value val2, char2 =
          second node.value
          node = Node((val1 + val2, char1 + char2))
          node.set_left_child(second_node)
          node.set_right_child(first_node)
          sort_values(nodes_list, node)
     root = nodes_list[0]tree =
     Tree() tree.root = root
     while start_index != max_index:
          if data[start_index : end_index] in reversed_dict:
               s += reversed_dict[data[start_index : end_index]]start_index =
               end index
          end_index += 1
     return tree
# the function traverses over the huffman tree and returns a dictionary withletter as keys and binary
value and value.
# function get_codes() is for encoding purposesdef
get_codes(root):
     if root is None:return
     frequency, characters = root.value
     char_dict = dict([(i, ") for i in list(characters)])left_branch =
     get_codes(root.get_left_child())
     for key, value in left_branch.items(): char_dict[key] += '0' +
          left_branch[key]
     right_branch = get_codes(root.get_right_child())for key, value
     in right_branch.items():
          char_dict[key] += '1' + right_branch[key]
     return char_dict
# when we've got the dictionary of binary values and huffman tree, tree encoding is simple
def huffman_encoding_func(data):if data
     == ":
          return None. "tree =
```

```
build tree(data)
     dict = get_codes(tree.root)codes =
     for char in data: codes +=
          dict[char]
     return tree, codes
# The function traverses over the encoded data and checks if a certain pieceof binary code could
actually be a letter
def huffman_decoding_func(data, tree):if data ==
          return "
     dict = get_codes(tree.root)
     reversed_dict = {}
     for value, key in dict.items():
          reversed_dict[key] = value
     start_index = 0
     end_index = 1 max_index
     = len(data)s = "
     return s
def main():
     print("Welcome to Huffman Encoding and Decoding!")
     while(True):
          choice = int(input("Select 1 for Encoding, 2 for Decoding, 3 to exit:
"))
          if (choice == 1):
               senctence = input("Enter your sentence to encode: ")
               print("Encoding process: ")
               print("The content of the data is: {}".format(senctence))tree, encoded_data
               = huffman_encoding_func(senctence) print("The content of the encoded
               data is:
{}".format(encoded_data))
          elif(choice == 2):
               encoded_data = input("Enter huffman code to decode: ")
               print("Decoding process: ")
               print("The content of the encoded data is:
{}".format(encoded_data))
               decoded_data = huffman_decoding_func(encoded_data, tree)print("The
               content of the encoded data is:
{}".format(decoded_data))
```

else:

break

#### **OUTPUT:**

Welcome to Huffman Encoding and Decoding! Select 1 for Encoding, 2 for Decoding, 3 to exit: 1Enter your sentence to encode: she sells Encoding process:

The content of the data is: she sells

The content of the encoded data is: 00010110110011101000 Select 1 for Encoding, 2 for Decoding, 3 to exit: 2

Enter huffman code to decode: 00010110110011101000 Decoding process:

The content of the encoded data is: 00010110110011101000

The content of the encoded data is: she sells

Select 1 for Encoding, 2 for Decoding, 3 to exit: 3

### **CODE:**

```
result = []
def isSafe(board, row, col):
    # Check this row on left sidefor i
    in range(col):
          if (board[row][i]):
               return False
    # Check upper diagonal on left sidei =
    row
    j = col
    while i \ge 0 and j \ge 0:
         if(board[i][j]):
               return Falsei -
          = 1
         j -= 1
    # Check lower diagonal on left sidei =
    row
    j = col
    while j \ge 0 and i < n:
          if(board[i][j]):
               return Falsei =
          i + 1
         j = j - 1
    return True
def solveNQUtil(board, col):if
    (col == n):
          v = []
          for i in board:
               for j in range(len(i)):if i[j]
                    == 1:
```

```
v.append(j+1)
          result.append(v)
          return True
     res = False
     for i in range(n):
          if (isSafe(board, i, col)):
               board[i][col] = 1
               res = solveNQUtil(board, col + 1) or res
               board[i][col] = 0
     return res
def printboard(11):
     print(11)
     board = [[0 \text{ for } i \text{ in range}(n)] \text{ for } i \text{ in range}(n)]for row in
     range(len(11)):
          col = 11[row]
          board[row][col-1] = 1
     for i in range(n): for j in
          range(n):
               print(board[i][j] ,end=" ")
          print("")
# Driver Code
n = int(input("Enter size of chess board: ")) board = [[0 for
j in range(n)] for i in range(n)]solveNQUtil(board, 0)
print("No of solutions found for", n , " Queen problem : ", len(result))for i in
range(len(result)):
     a = input("Press enter to see solutions!")
     printboard(result[i])
```

### **OUTPUT:**

```
a = list(map(int, input("Enter elements : ").split()))
b = list(map(int, input("Enter weights : ").split()))
\#a = [15,12,10,14]
#b = [4,2,2,3]
BagSize = int(input("Enter Bag Size : "))
FilledBagSize = 0
flst = [[a[i], b[i], (a[i]/b[i])] for i in range(0, len(a))]
flst = sorted(flst, key = lambda x : x[-1], reverse=True)
lst = []
for i in flst:
  if FilledBagSize < BagSize :
     if (FilledBagSize + i[1]) > BagSize :
       temp = BagSize - FilledBagSize
       profit = (temp / i[1]) * i[0]
       lst.append([i[0], str(temp)+"/"+str(i[1]), profit])
       FilledBagSize += temp
     else:
       lst.append([i[0], str(i[1]), i[0]])
       FilledBagSize += i[1]
sum = 0
for i in range(len(lst)):
  sum += lst[i][-1]
print("Selected items : ", lst)
print("Maximum Profit :",sum)
```