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Assignment - 5 Solutions
I If you move from one edge to other edge of
(b). RMSA, its phase charges by 180°(b)
2. If feed point of RMSA is moved along the length
(b) towards the edge of patch, its impedance curre
    Shifts toward higher impedance. (b)
    Common data: f=2300MHz, Ex=2.2, h=1.6mm.
3. WIGHT OF RMJA
                               = 3 \times 10^{14}
                      2 f \ \( \frac{\\ \x_{\pm} + 1}{2} \) 2 x 2 300 x 106 x \ \( \frac{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 + 1}{2} \)
                                  = 51.6 mm
    Approximate width of RMSA will be 52 mm (C)
4. Effective dielectric const
                    Eeff = Ex+ 1 + Ex-1 (1+10h) 3
(C).
               Eeff = 3:2+1 + 3:2-1 × (1+ 10×1.6) =
                 Eeff = 2.12
    Effective dielectric constant of antenna will be 2.12(C)
    Left = 5 = 3×1011 = 44.8 mm
(b) AL= h = 1.6 = 2.2 mm L = Ley -2AL = 42.6 mm
    Approx. length of RMSA will be 42.6 mm (b)
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6. Approx feed location should be between 1/2 to 4/4 n= 960 7.1 mnto 10.65 mm Among the given aptions 9 mm feed point location from centre is appropriate to make with 50.50.(C) ZaApproximate gain of antenna will be 6.5 dBi(b) Common data for Q 8 A9: f=2.45 GHz, Ex= 2.55, h= 1.6 mm, tand = 0.0012 8 Ee  $\leq \xi_{s}$  for circular MJA (C)  $\xi_{e} = 2.45$  for  $\frac{8.791}{10+1}$  $f_0 = 8.791$ 2.45 = 8.791 TEx ) TEC 9+0.16 X7245 9=2.16 cm = 21.6 mm Circular pater radius will be 21.6 mm (C) 9. feed point location is between 0.30 to 0.50 6.48mm to 10.8 mm Most appropriate options of feed point will be 7.8 mm Common data for Q 10 x 11: Er = 9.4, h = 0.16 cm, L = 8 cm, W = 9 cm 1=0.8cm  $\mathcal{E}eq = \frac{\mathcal{E}r(h+Q)}{h+Q\mathcal{E}_r} = 1.15$ 

Eeff = Eeg+1 + Eeg-1 (1+08×106+01) == Effective dielectric const is 1.13 Left = C = 3 L=8cm AL= 0.8x (h+A) = 0.72 VEEK Left = L+2AL Left = 9.44 cm f= 3×1000 = 1.5 GH3 2×9.44× J2.13 Approx. resonance freq of the antenna is 1.5 GHz/b.