

Development Boards used for IoT

Arduino Uno

Arduino Uno remains to be the top favorite of absolute beginners and experts. Considered to be one of the first microcontroller-based development boards, the Arduino Uno R3 is simplest yet the most powerful prototyping environment. It is based on the ATmega328P which has 14 digital input/output pins and six analog inputs. Though it comes with just 32 KB of Flash memory, it can accommodate code that deals with complex logic and operations

Developer	arduino.cc
Manufacturer	Arduino
Type	Single-board microcontroller
Operating system	None
CPU	Atmel AVR (8-bit), ARM Cortex-M0+ (32-bit), ARM Cortex-M3 (32-bit), Intel Quark (x86) (32-bit)
Memory	SRAM
Storage	Flash, EEPROM
Website	<u>www.arduino.cc</u>



Raspberry Pi

In 2006, a group based in the University of Cambridge's Computer Laboratory, decided to address the need for a low cost computing platform that would allow kids to learn how to program without the need for a full-fledged home computer.

The result was a \$35 single board computer named RaspberryPi.

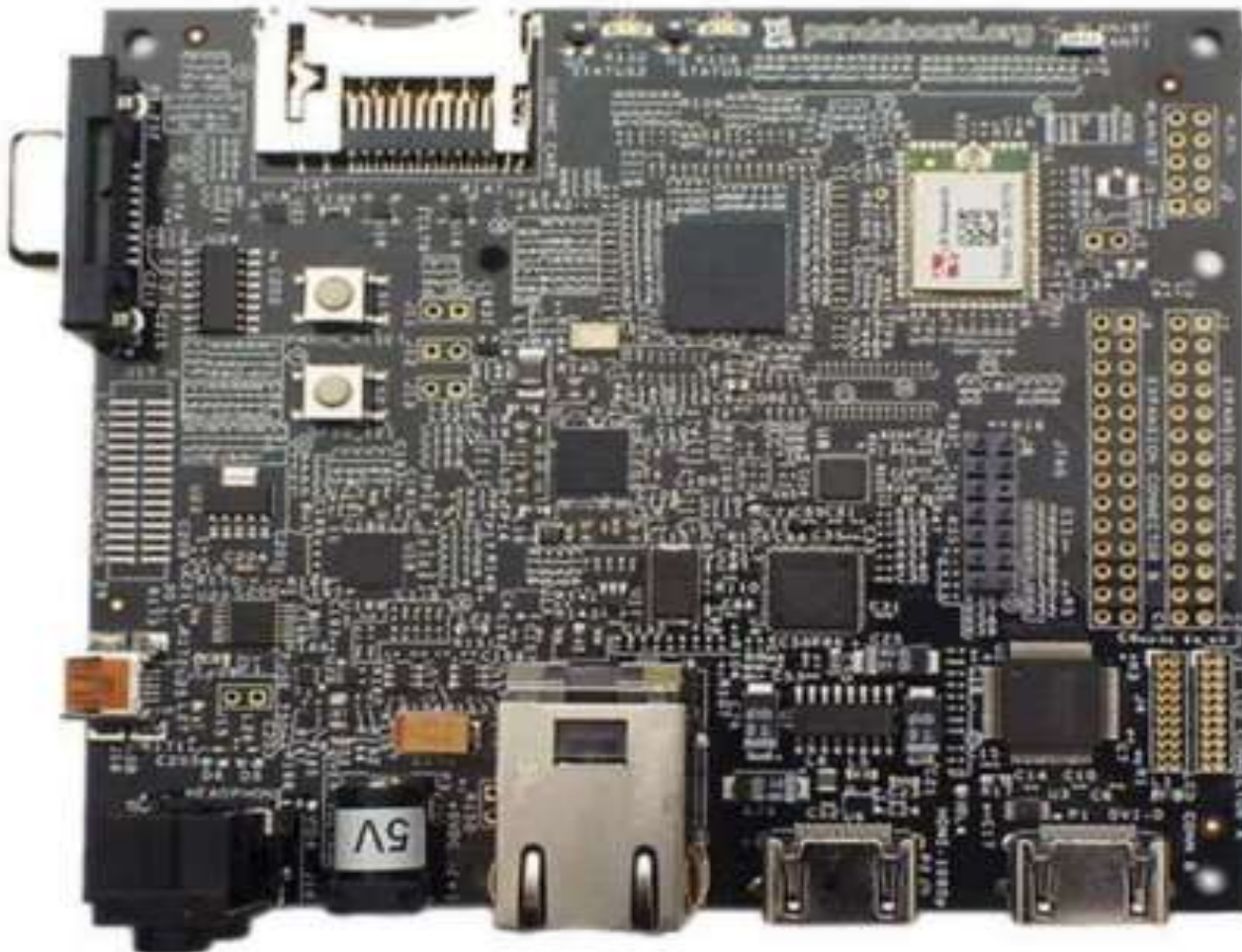
Now, Rpi was adopted by makers, designers, students and even professional engineers and helped to launch the current boom in SBCs.

- A 900 MHz quad-core ARM Cortex-A7 CPU
- 1 GB RAM
- 4 USB ports
- 40 GPIO pins
- Full HDMI port
- Ethernet port
- Combined 3.5 mm audio jack and composite video
- Camera interface (CSI)
- Display interface (DSI)
- microSD card slot
- VideoCore IV 3D graphics core



PandaBoard

It is an open OMAP 4 processor-based mobile software development platform. The OMAP (Open Multimedia Applications Platform) processor was developed by Texas Instruments for portable/mobile multimedia applications. In 2012 TI announced that it was quitting the mobile processor business to concentrate on embedded platforms, and the future of OMAP remains uncertain. The PandaBoard can be obtained from DigiKey.



CubieBoard

runs a 1 GHz processor, has an extra infrared sensor, which is good for using as a media center, and also comes with a SATA port.



BeagleBone Black

The BeagleBone Black contains a TI Sitara **AM335x ARM Cortex A8 processor** running at 1 GHz clock speed.

It has 512 MB DDR3 RAM

2 GB 8bit eMMC on-board flash storage which is used to boot an OS.

By default, it comes with the Linux Angstrom pre-loaded OS and can support different flavors of Linux and Android.

it comes with **one USB port, one microUSB port, a micro HDMI port, a micro SD card slot and a 10/100 Ethernet jack.**

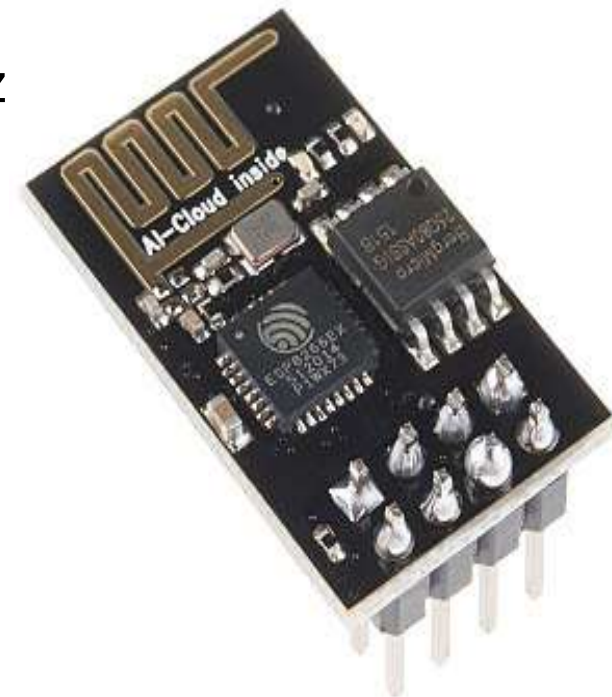
BeagleBone Black has **65 digital I/O pins, analog pins, SPI, I2C, PWM, timers, and much more!**



ESP8266

ESP8266 is an inexpensive Wi-Fi microchip that is featured with TCP/IP stack and micro-controller using UART. It has 1 MiB of built-in flash that allows the single-chip devices capable of connecting to Wi-Fi. Each module is pre-programmed with AT commands that makes it a plug-n-play model for developing IoT projects. ESP8266 also provides WEP(wired equivalent privacy) or WPA/WPA2 authentication for secure network connection. The module also has 16 GPIO(**General-purpose input/output (GPIO)**) pins that can be used for defining specific purposes.

Manufacturer	Espressif Systems
Type	32-bit microcontroller CPU @ 80 MHz (default) or 160 MHz
Memory	32 KB instruction, 80 KB user data
Input	16 GPIO pins
Power	3.3 V DC
Successor	ESP32
IEEE 802.11 b/g/n Wi-Fi Integrated	
WEP or WPA/WPA2 authentication, or open networks	



Node MCU

NodeMCU is a low-cost open source IoT platform



Developer	ESP8266 Opensource Community
Type	Single-board microcontroller
Introductory price	\$5
Operating system	XTOS
CPU	ESP8266 (LX106)
Memory	128kBytes
Storage	4MBytes
Power	USB
Website	www.nodemcu.com