1. Use the location coordinates to find the distance for each trip. Create a new column – 'distance' and store its value there. Use the following formula:

$$distance = \sqrt{\left(lat_{drop} - lat_{pick}\right)^{2} + \left(long_{drop} - long_{pick}\right)^{2}}$$

```
import csv
from math import sqrt
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read csv('Dataset Day3.csv')
print(df)
df['distance'] = df.apply(lambda x:
sqrt((x['dropoff latitude'] - x['pickup latitude'])
                   x['dropoff longitude'] -
x['pickup longitude']) ** 2), axis=1)
print(df)
   tejas\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\START\Distance.py
              key fare_amount ... dropoff_latitude passenger_count
          24238194
                   7.5 ... 40.723217
7.7 ... 40.750325
  30
                        40.750325
12.9 ... 40.772647
5.3 ... 40.803349
16.0 ... 40.761247
  4 1
         27835199
         44984355
  5 2
                        12.9 ...
  6 3
          25894730
  7 4
          17610152
                                                            5
                         3.0 ... 40.740297

7.5 ... 40.739620

30.9 ... 40.692588

14.5 ... 40.695416

14.1 ... 40.768793
  8 ...
  9 199995 42598914
                                                           1
 10 199996 16382965
                                                            1
 11 199997 27804658
                        14.5 ...
 12 199998 20259894
 13 199999 11951496
                        14.1 ...
 14
 15 [200000 rows x 8 columns]
 16 key fare_amount ... passenger_count distance
 17 0
          24238194
                   7.5 ... 1 0.015140
                                             1 0.022103
          27835199
                         7.7 ...
 18 1
 19 2
          44984355
                        12.9 ...
                                             1 0.053109
                         5.3 ...
                                            3 0.016528
          25894730
 20 3
                                            5 0.051031
          17610152
                        16.0 ...
 22 ...
                                            1 0.001064
1 0.022126
 23 199995 42598914
                         3.0 ...
 24 199996 16382965
                         7.5 ...
 25 199997 27804658
                                            2 0.142223
                         30.9 ...
 26 199998 20259894
                         14.5 ...
                                            1 0.033101
                         14.1 ...
 27 199999 11951496
                                            1 0.048729
 28
 29 [200000 rows x 9 columns]
 30
 31 Process finished with exit code 0
```

32

2.Find all the 'key' values for which the attributes: fare_amount & passenger_count & distance are outliers. Remove all rows with outliers.

```
import csv
from math import sqrt
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read csv('Dataset Day3.csv')
df['distance'] = df.apply(lambda x:
sqrt((x['dropoff latitude'] -
x['pickup latitude']) ** 2 + (
        x['dropoff longitude'] -
x['pickup longitude']) ** 2), axis=1)
print(df)
OutlierData = pd.DataFrame()
temp = df[["distance", "fare amount",
"passenger count"]]
for col in ["distance",
"fare amount", "passenger count"]:
    Q1 = temp[col].quantile(0.25) # Gives 25th
    Q3 = temp[col].quantile(0.75) # Gives 75th
    IQR = Q3 - Q1
    UpperBound = Q3 + 1.5 * IQR
    LowerBound = Q1 - 1.5 * IQR
    OutlierData[col] = temp[col][(temp[col] <</pre>
LowerBound) | (temp[col] > UpperBound) ]
    df OutlierFree = df.drop(OutlierData.index,
axis=0)
   print(len(OutlierData))
```

```
1 C:\Users\tejas\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:\Users\
  tejas\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\START\ol.py
             key fare_amount ... passenger_count distance
        24238194 7.5 ...
27835199 7.7 ...
 3 0
                                  1 0.015140
5 2 44984355
6 3 25894730
7 4 17610152
8 ...
                                              1 0.022103
4 1
                       12.9 ...
                                              1 0.053109
                        5.3 ...
                                              3 0.016528
                       16.0 ...
                                             5 0.051031
                        ... ...
                                            1 0.001064
9 199995 42598914
                         3.0 ...
10 199996 16382965
                         7.5 ...
                                             1 0.022126
11 199997 27804658
                       30.9 ...
                                             2 0.142223
12 199998 20259894
                        14.5 ...
                                             1 0.033101
13 199999 11951496 14.1 ...
                                             1 0.048729
15 [200000 rows x 9 columns]
16 17344
17 17344
18 17344
20 Process finished with exit code 0
21
```

3. Show the scatterplot between *distance* & *fare_amount*. Is there any relationship that you can identify?(Relationship:Non-Linear)

```
import csv
from math import sqrt
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
df = pd.read csv('Dataset Day3.csv')
df['distance'] = df.apply(lambda x:
sqrt((x['dropoff latitude'] - x['pickup latitude'])
            x['dropoff longitude'] -
x['pickup longitude']) ** 2), axis=1)
print(df)
plt.scatter(df["distance"], df["fare amount"])
plt.title('Simple Scatter-plot between distance &
fare amount')
plt.xlabel('X-Distance')
plt.ylabel('Y-fare amount')
plt.show()
```

