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Assignment 1

Ensure the script checks if a specific file (e.g., myfile.txt) exists in the current directory. If it exists, print "File exists", otherwise print "File not found".

```
Ans : code
```

```
filename="Myfile1.txt"

if [ -e "$filename" ]; then
        echo "File exists"

else
        echo "File not found"

fi
```

Q. Write a script that reads numbers from the user until they enter '0'. The script should also print whether each number is odd or even.

```
Ans: Code

#!/bin/bash

echo "Enter numbers (enter 0 to quit):"

while true; do
  read -p "Enter a number: " number
  if [ $number -eq 0 ]; then
      echo "Exiting..."
      break
  fi
```

```
if [ $((number % 2)) -eq 0 ]; then
   echo "$number is even."
  else
   echo "$number is odd."
  fi
done
```

```
main.bash
           Myfile1.txt
   1 #!/bin/bash
   3 echo "Enter numbers (enter 0 to quit):"
   5 while true; do
          read -p "Enter a number: " number
          if [ $number -eq 0 ]; then
              echo "Exiting..."
  11
  12
          if [ $((number % 2)) -eq 0 ]; then
           echo "$number is even."
  13
              echo "$number is odd."
V / 🌣 🔏
Enter numbers (enter 0 to quit):
                                                             input
Enter a number: 2
2 is even.
Enter a number: 3
3 is odd.
Enter a number: 0
Exiting...
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Q. Create a function that takes a filename as an argument and prints the number of lines in the file. Call this function from your script with different filenames.

```
Ans: code
#!/bin/bassh
file1.txt
file2.txt
count lines() {
if [ -f "$1" ]]; then
fi
echo "Error: File '$1' not found."
return 1
file3.bd
num_lines=$(wc-1 < "$1")
echo "File '$1' has $num lines lines."
filenames=("file1.txt" "file2.txt" "file3.txt")
for filename in "${filenames[@]}"; do
count lines "$filename
done
```

Assignment 4

Assignment 4: Write a script that creates a directory named TestDir and inside it, creates ten files named File1.txt, File2.txt, ... File10.txt. Each file should contain its filename as its content (e.g., File1.txt contains "File1.txt").

```
Ans : Code
```

```
mkdir -p TestDir
for ((i = 1; i <= 10; i++)); do
  filename="DemoFile${i}.txt"
  echo "$filename" > "TestDir/$filename"
done
```

echo "Files created successfully in TestDir."

```
mkdir -p TestDir

for ((i = 1; i <= 10; i++)); do
filename="DemoFile${i}.txt"
echo "$filename" > "TestDir/$filename"

done

ceho "Files created successfully in TestDir."

echo "Files created successfully in TestDir."
```

```
riles created successfully in TestDir.

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Assignment 5

Q. Modify the script to handle errors, such as the directory already existing or lacking permissions to create files.

Ans: Code

```
create_directory() {
  local dir_name="$1"
  if mkdir "$dir_name" 2>/dev/null; then
  echo "Directory '$dir_name' created successfully."
  else
```

```
if [ -d "$dir name" ]; then
   echo "Directory '$dir name' already exists."
  else
   echo "Error: Could not create directory '$dir_name'."
  fi
 fi
create files() {
 local dir name="$1"
 local num_files="$2"
 for i in $(seq 1 "$num_files"); do
  local file_name="File$i.txt"
  local file_path="$dir_name/$file_name"
  if echo "$file_name" > "$file_path"; then
   echo "File '$file_name' created successfully in '$dir_name'."
  else
   echo "Error: Could not create file '$file_name' in directory
'$dir_name'."
  fi
 done
}
main() {
 local dir_name="TestDir"
```

```
local num_files=10

create_directory "$dir_name"

create_files "$dir_name" "$num_files"
}main
```

```
o "$file_name" > "$file_path"; then
              ho "File '$file_name' created successfully in '$dir_name'."
               ho "Error: Could not create file '$file_name' in directory '$dir_name'."
  32 }
                                                                     input
Directory 'TestDir' created successfully.
File 'File1.txt' created successfully in 'TestDir'.
File 'File2.txt' created successfully in 'TestDir'.
File 'File3.txt' created successfully in 'TestDir'.
File 'File4.txt' created successfully in 'TestDir'.
File 'File5.txt' created successfully in 'TestDir'.
File 'File6.txt' created successfully in 'TestDir'.
File 'File7.txt' created successfully in 'TestDir'.
File 'File8.txt' created successfully in 'TestDir'.
File 'File9.txt' created successfully in 'TestDir'.
File 'File10.txt' created successfully in 'TestDir'.
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Q.Given a sample log file, write a script using grep to extract all lines containing "ERROR". Use awk to print the date, time, and error message of each extracted line.

Data Processing with sed

Ans: Code

logfile="demolog.log"

grep "ERROR" "\$logfile" | awk '{print \$1, \$2, substr(\$0, index(\$0,\$3))}'

Q. Create a script that takes a text file and replaces all occurrences of "old_text" with "new_text". Use sed to perform this operation and output the result to a new file.

Ans : Code

```
input_file="file1.txt"
old_text="linux"
new_text="unix"
output_file="output_1.txt"
sed "s/${old_text}/${new_text}/g" "$input_file" > "$output_file"
echo "Replaced '$old_text' with '$new_text' in '$input_file'. Output saved to '$output_file'."
```

```
1 # Code, Compile, Run and Debug Bash script online.
3 # Write your code in this editor and press "Run" button to execute it.
4
5
6 input_file="file1.txt"
7 old_text="linux"
8 new_text="unix"
9 output_file "output_1.txt"
10
11
12 sed "s/${old_text}/${new_text}/g" "$input_file" > "$output_file"
13
14
15 acks "Replaced '$old_text' with '$new_text' in '$input_file'. Output saved to '$output_file'."
```