

```
In [1]: text = 'Python Exercise, PHP exercise, PHP exercise'
new_text = text.replace(' ','').replace(',','').replace('.',':')
print(new_text)

Python:Exercise::PHP:exercise:

In [9]: import pandas as pd
dict={'SUMMARY': ['hello, world!', 'XXXXX test', '123four, five:: six...']}
df =pd.DataFrame(dict)
df['SUMMARY'] = df['SUMMARY'].str.replace('[^a-z\s]', '', regex=True)
print(df)

SUMMARY
0    hello world
1         test
2    four five six

In [43]: import re
str= "Small acts, when multiplied by millions of people, can transform the world."
pattern = re.compile(r'\b\w{4}\b')
result = pattern.findall(str)
print(result)

['acts', 'when']

In [49]: import re
string= "Small acts, when multiplied by millions of people, can transform the world."
pattern = re.compile(r'\b\w{3,5}\b')
result= pattern.findall(string)

print(result)

['Small', 'acts', 'when', 'can', 'the', 'world']

In [59]: import re
items = ["example (.com)", "hr@fliprobo (.com)", "github (.com)", "Hello Data Science World ", "Data Scientist"]
for item in items:
    print(re.sub(r" ?\[^\]]+\)", "", item))

example
hr@fliprobo
github
Hello Data Science World
Data Scientist

In [63]: import re
target_string = "ImportanceOfRegularExpressionsInPython"
word_list = re.findall('[A-Z][^A-Z]*', target_string)
print(word_list)

['Importance', 'Of', 'Regular', 'Expressions', 'In', 'Python']

In [2]: test_str = "RegularExpression1IsAn2ImportantTopic3InPython"

num="0123456789"
for i in test_str:
    if i in num:
        test_str=test_str.replace(i, " "+i+" ")
res=test_str

print("The space added string : " + str(res))

The space added string : RegularExpression 1 IsAn 2 ImportantTopic 3 InPython

In [3]: import re
def text_match(text):
    patterns = '^a-zA-Z0-9_*$'
    if re.search(patterns, text):
        return 'Found a match!'
    else:
        return('Not matched!')

print(text_match("The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog."))
print(text_match("Python_Exercises_1"))

Not matched!
Found a match!

In [4]: import re
def match_num(string):
    text = re.compile(r"AS")
    if text.match(string):
        return True
    else:
        return False
print(match_num('5-2345861'))
print(match_num('6-2345861'))

True
False

In [1]: import re
ip = "200.06.085.172"
string = re.sub('\.[0]*', '.', ip)
print(string)

200.6.85.172

In [25]: import re

text = "On August 15th 1947 that India was declared independent from British colonialism, and the reins of control were handed over to the leaders of the Country"

pattern = r"(?i)\b(January|February|March|April|May|June|July|August|September|October|November|December)\s+\d{1,2}(?:st|nd|rd|th)\s+\d{4}\b"

match = re.search(pattern, text)

if match:
    print(match.group())
else:
    print("No date string found")

August 15th 1947

In [6]: import re
text = 'Python exercises, PHP exercises, C# exercises'
pattern = 'exercise'
for match in re.findall(pattern,text):
    print("%s" %match)

exercise
exercise
exercise

In [2]: import re
text = 'Python exercises, PHP exercises, C# exercises'
pattern= 'exercise'
for match in re.finditer(pattern, text):
    s = match.start()
    e = match.end()

    print('found "%s" at %d:%d' % (text[s:e], s, e))

found "exercise" at 7:15
found "exercise" at 22:30
found "exercise" at 36:44

In [3]: import re
def change_date_format(dt):
    return re.sub(r'(\d{4})-(\d{1,2})-(\d{1,2})', '\3-\2-\1', dt)
dt1 = "2011-10-29"
print("Original date in YYY-MM-DD Format: ",dt1)
print("New date in DD-MM-YYYY Format: ",change_date_format(dt1))

Original date in YYY-MM-DD Format:  2011-10-29
New date in DD-MM-YYYY Format:   29-10-2011

In [4]: import re

def find_decimal_numbers(string):
    pattern = re.compile(r'\d+\.\d{1,2}')
    decimal_numbers = re.findall(pattern, string)
    return decimal_numbers
sample_text = "01.12 0132.123 2.31875 145.8 3.01 27.25 0.25"
result = find_decimal_numbers(sample_text)
print(result)

['01.12', '0132.12', '2.31', '145.8', '3.01', '27.25', '0.25']

In [5]: import re

text = "The following example creates an ArrayList with a capacity of 50 elements. Four elements are then added to the ArrayList and the ArrayList is trimmed accordingly."

for m in re.finditer("\d+", text):
    print(m.group(0))
    print("Index position:", m.start())

50
Index position: 62

In [6]: import re

string="My marks in each semester are: 947, 896, 926, 524, 734, 950, 642"

number = re.findall('\d+', string)

number = map(int, number)
print("Max_value:",max(number))

Max_value: 950

In [7]: import re

def insert_spaces(text):

    pattern = r'([A-Z][a-z]+)'

    result = re.sub(pattern, r'\1', text)

    result = result.strip()
    return result

sample_text = "RegularExpressionIsAnImportantTopicInPython"

result = insert_spaces(sample_text)
print(result)

Regular Expression Is An Important Topic In Python

In [8]: import re

pattern = r'[A-Z][a-z]+'
text = "The quick Brown Fox Jumps over the lazy Dog"

matches = re.findall(pattern, text)
print(matches)

['The', 'Brown', 'Fox', 'Jumps', 'Dog']

In [9]: import re

def remove_duplicates(sentence):
    pattern = r'\b(\w+)(\s+\b)'
    result = re.sub(pattern, r'\1', sentence)
    return result

sentence = "hello hello world world"
result = remove_duplicates(sentence)
print(result)

hello world

In [10]: import re

regex_expression = '[a-zA-Z0-9]$'

def check_string(my_string):

    if(re.search(regex_expression, my_string)):
        print("The string ends with alphanumeric character")

    else:
        print("The string doesnot end with alphanumeric character")

my_string_1= "Python1245"
print("\nThe string is :")
print(my_string_1)
check_string(my_string_1)

The string is :
Python1245
The string ends with alphanumeric character

In [11]: string = 'Ron was born on 12-09-1992 and he was admitted to school 15-12-1999'
date = ". ".join(string.split()[1:-1].split("-"))
print("Computed date:", date)

Computed date: 15-12-1999

In [12]: import re

def remove_words(string):
    pattern = re.compile(r'\b\w{2,4}\b')
    modified_string = re.sub(pattern, '', string)
    return modified_string
sample_text = "The following example creates an ArrayList with a capacity of 50 elements. 4 elements are then added to the ArrayList and the ArrayList is trimmed accordingly."

result = remove_words(sample_text)
print(result)

following example creates ArrayList a capacity elements. 4 elements added ArrayList ArrayList trimmed accordingly.

In [13]: import re

strings = "@Jags123456 Bharat band on 28??<ed><ed>Those who are protesting #demonetization are all different party leaders"

pattern = r'<U+\\w{4}>'

result = re.sub(pattern, "", strings)

print(result)

@Jags123456 Bharat band on 28??<ed><ed>Those who are protesting #demonetization are all different party leaders

In [15]: import re

def extract_hashtags(text):
    hashtag_pattern = r'#\w+'
    hashtags = re.findall(hashtag_pattern, text)
    return hashtags

sample_text = ""RT @Kapil_Kausik: #Doltiwal I mean #xyzabc is "hurt" by #Demonetization as the same has rendered USELESS <ed><U+00A0><U+00BD><ed><U+00B1><U+0089> "acquired funds" f
print(extract_hashtags(sample_text))

['#Doltiwal', '#xyzabc', '#Demonetization']

In [22]: import re
pattern = "fox"

text = "The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog"

matches = re.findall(pattern,text)
print(matches)

['fox']

In [ ]:

In [ ]:
```