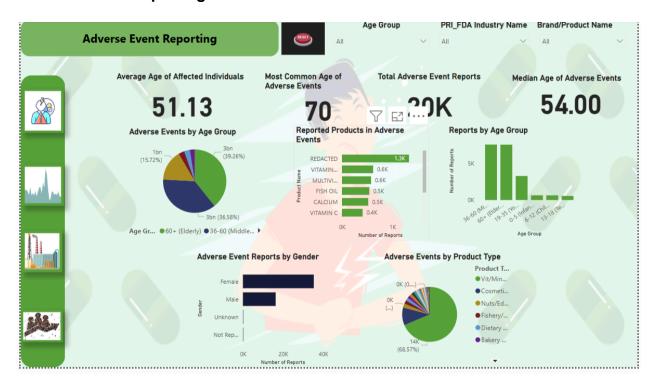
#### CAERS Adverse Events Dataset (2004–2017 Q2): PowerBI Dashboard

#### **Adverse Event Reporting**



# 1. Average Age of Affected Individuals (KPI Card)

Value: 51.13 years

• **Insight:** On average, individuals experiencing adverse events are in their early 50s, indicating middle-aged and older populations are more affected.

# 2. Most Common Age of Adverse Events (KPI Card)

Value: 70 years

• **Insight:** The most frequently reported age for adverse events is 70, highlighting that elderly individuals (especially around this age) are the most affected group.

#### 3. Total Adverse Event Reports (KPI Card)

Value: 20K

• **Insight:** A total of 20,000 adverse event reports have been documented, suggesting significant data coverage for analysis.

#### 4. Median Age of Adverse Events (KPI Card)

• Value: 54.00 years

• **Insight:** Half of the cases occur below age 54 and half above, again showing middle-aged and elderly groups are commonly affected.

# 5. Pie Chart: Adverse Events by Age Group

- Top Segments:
  - o 36-60 (Middle-aged): 39.62%
  - o 60+ (Elderly): 36.58%
- **Insight:** These two groups account for over 76% of adverse events, indicating older populations are most at risk.

#### 6. Bar Chart: Reported Products in Adverse Events

Top Products:

- REDACTED (1.3K reports)
- o VITAMIN D, MULTIVITAMINS, FISH OIL
- **Insight:** Certain dietary supplements and vitamins are frequently associated with adverse events, particularly the top 3.

#### 7. Bar Chart: Reports by Age Group

- Top Groups:
  - 36–60 (Middle-aged): ~7K
  - 60+: ~6.5K
- **Insight:** These two groups dominate the report counts, reinforcing earlier observations from the pie chart.

# 8. Bar Chart: Adverse Event Reports by Gender

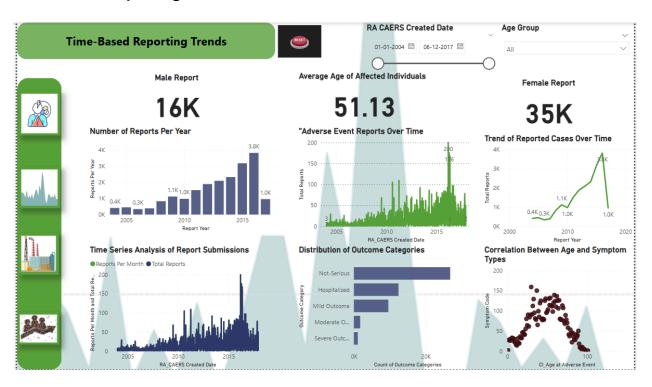
- Insight:
  - Female: ~12.5K
  - Male: ~7K
  - Unknown/Not Reported: Remaining share
- Observation: Females report significantly more adverse events than males.

# 9. Pie Chart: Adverse Events by Product Type

- Top Type:
  - Vit/Minerals: 68.57%

• **Insight:** Most adverse events are associated with **vitamins and minerals**, making it a high-risk product category.

#### **Time-Based Reporting Trends:**



# 10. Male Report Count (KPI Card)

• **Value**: 16K

• **Insight:** 16,000 adverse event reports involve male individuals, showing a notable but smaller volume compared to females.

# 11. Number of Reports Per Year (Bar Chart)

• Trend: Steady increase in reports from 2004 to 2016, peaking at 3.8K in 2016, then a dip in 2017 (~1K).

• **Insight:** Reporting frequency has grown significantly over the years, likely due to awareness, regulations, or surveillance improvements.

#### 12. Female Report Count (KPI Card)

• **Value:** 35K

• **Insight:** Female individuals account for over twice the number of reports compared to males, emphasizing gender differences in adverse event reporting.

### 13. The trend of Reported Cases Over Time (Line Chart)

- **Trend:** Gradual increase from 2004–2010, followed by a sharp rise post-2012, peaking at **~4K around 2016**, then dropping to 1K.
- **Insight:** Possible regulatory or social events around 2012–2016 led to increased awareness and reporting.

# 14. Adverse Event Reports Over Time (Vertical Line Chart)

- **Observation:** Monthly reports gradually increase post-2005, with visible peaks around 2016.
- **Insight:** Reporting density increased, likely reflecting better data collection systems and product-related alerts.

# 15. Time Series Analysis of Report Submissions (Area + Line Chart)

• **Observation:** Significant fluctuation with growth post-2009; report spikes around 2016.

• **Insight:** Indicates consistent growth in monthly submissions and potential alert-triggered peaks.

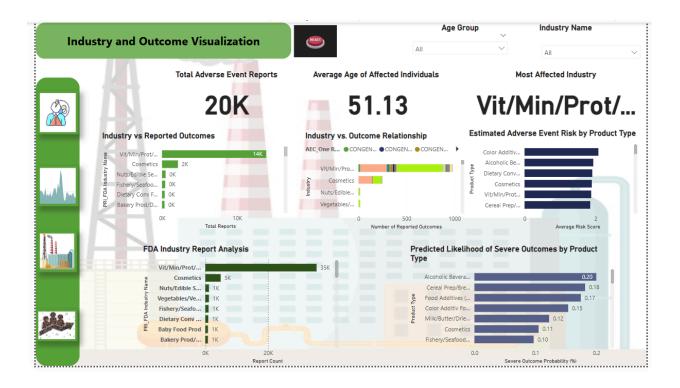
### 16. Distribution of Outcome Categories (Bar Chart)

- Top Outcome:
  - Not-Serious (most common)
  - Followed by: Hospitalized and Mild Outcome
- **Insight:** Majority of cases are not severe, but there are still thousands of hospitalizations indicating public health concerns.

#### 17. Correlation Between Age and Symptom Types (Scatter Plot)

- Pattern: Symptom codes cluster heavily between ages **20–70**, with a slight downward pattern in older ages.
- **Insight:** Certain symptoms are more common in specific age brackets. Elderly may report fewer types or different symptoms.

**Industry and Outcomes Visualizations:** 



### 18. Total Adverse Event Reports (KPI Card)

Value: 20K

• **Insight:** This section focuses on 20,000 industry-specific adverse event cases, out of which the majority belong to one industry type.

# 19. Industry vs Reported Outcomes (Bar Chart)

- Observation:
  - Vitamins/Minerals/Proteins (Vit/Min/Prot) = 14K reports
  - Cosmetics = 2K
  - Other industries = negligible counts

• **Insight:** Supplements dominate reported adverse events, pointing to potential formulation or overuse risks.

#### 20. FDA Industry Report Analysis (Bar Chart)

• Top Reporting Industries:

Vit/Min/Prot: 35K

o Cosmetics: 5K

- Others (Nuts, Vegetables, Baby Food, etc.): ~1K each
- **Insight:** The FDA receives most adverse event reports from the supplement industry, far exceeding food or cosmetic sectors.

### 21. Industry vs Outcome Relationship (Stacked Bar Chart)

- Insight:
  - Supplements show a variety of outcome types including congenital issues.
  - Cosmetics have less diversity in outcomes.
- Insight: Supplements lead not just in volume but also in diverse severity of health impacts, requiring stricter control or labeling.

# 22. Most Affected Industry (KPI Card)

Value: Vit/Min/Prot

•	Insight: This confirms previous visuals – the supplement category is the most
	problematic for adverse events.

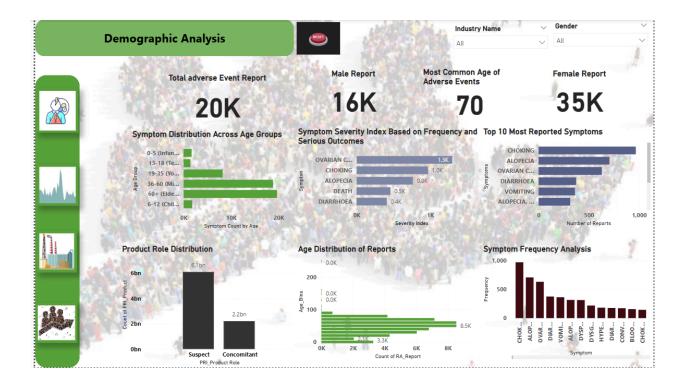
#### 23. Estimated Adverse Event Risk by Product Type (Bar Chart)

- Top Risk Scores:
  - Colour Additives, Alcoholic Beverages, Dietary Conv. Foods
- **Insight:** Risk isn't only based on report volume—some low-report categories (like Color Additives) show **high per-report risk**.

#### 24. Predicted Likelihood of Severe Outcomes by Product Type (Bar Chart)

- Highest Risk:
  - Alcoholic Beverages 20% chance of severe outcomes
  - Cereal Prep and Food Additives also rank high
- **Insight:** Products like alcohol and processed foods carry **higher severity risk**, even with fewer total reports.

#### **Demographic Analysis:**



# 25. Total Adverse Event Report (KPI Card)

Value: 20K reports analyzed

• **Insight:** The demographic breakdown confirms earlier trends and adds more age/gender context to the adverse event data.

# 26. Male vs Female Report (KPI Cards)

• **Male**: 16K

• Female: 35K

• **Insight:** Female reports are **more than double** male reports, indicating higher reported susceptibility or vigilance among women.

#### 27. Most Common Age of Adverse Events (KPI Card)

• **Age**: 70

• **Insight:** Seniors are the **most affected age group**, which could be due to higher supplement use or greater vulnerability to ingredients.

#### 28. Symptom Distribution Across Age Groups (Bar Chart)

- Top Affected:
  - Age 36–60 and 60+
  - Low reports from infants, teens, and children
- **Insight: Adults and the elderly** dominate the symptom counts, again aligning with the most common adverse age (70).

# 29. Symptom Severity Index (Bar Chart)

- Top Severe Symptoms:
  - o Ovarian Condition, Choking, Alopecia, Death, Diarrhea
- Insight: Symptoms like Ovarian issues and Choking rank highest by combining both frequency and severity, needing urgent focus.

# 30. Top 10 Most Reported Symptoms (Bar Chart)

- Common Symptoms:
  - o Choking, Alopecia, Ovarian Condition, Diarrhea, Vomiting

• **Insight:** Symptom count aligns with severity trends, except **Death** is not among the top-reported — suggesting it's **less frequent but more serious**.

#### 31. Product Role Distribution (Bar Chart)

• Suspect: 6.1B

• Concomitant: 2.2B

• **Insight:** The majority of reports name products as the **primary suspect**, not just incidental — this strengthens the case for accountability and quality control.

#### 32. Age Distribution of Reports (Bar Chart)

- Peak Bins:
  - o Age 60–65: 8.5K
  - o Age 50–55: 6K
- **Insight:** Again, **older adults** dominate the reporting spectrum, echoing other visuals.

# 33. Symptom Frequency Analysis (Bar Chart)

- Top Symptoms:
  - o Choking, Alopecia, Diarrhea
- **Insight:** High frequency does not always mean high severity this chart focuses only on **how often** symptoms appear, not their danger.