- 🕒 #Лабораторная работа 3, часть 2
- **>** #Вариант 1
- > #Задание 1.1

#Решите уравнения и сравните с результами, полученными в Maple. Постройте в одной системе координат несколько интегральных кривых.

restart

> $diffE := x = diff(diff(y(x), x), x) + \exp(-diff(diff(y(x), x), x))$

$$diffE := x = \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + e^{-\frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x)}$$
 (1)

 \rightarrow diffsolution := dsolve(diffE)

$$diffsolution := y(x) = \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{\text{LambertW}(-e^{-x})^3}{6} + \frac{3 \text{ LambertW}(-e^{-x})^2}{4} + \text{LambertW}(-e^{-x})$$

$$+ C1 x + C2$$
(2)

- > #решим параметрически. Введем замену у''=t
- $\Rightarrow parX := t + \exp(-t)$

$$parX := t + e^{-t} \tag{3}$$

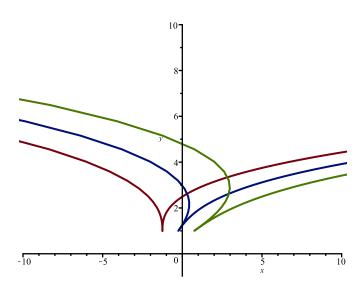
$$dx \coloneqq 1 - e^{-t} \tag{4}$$

- $| \mathbf{y'} = \mathbf{tdx}$ $| \mathbf{y'} = \mathbf{tdx}$ $| \mathbf{y} | := int(t \cdot dx, t)$

$$yI := \frac{t^2}{2} + t e^{-t} + e^{-t}$$
 (5)

$$parY := \frac{t^3}{6} + C1 t + \frac{3 (e^{-t})^2}{4} + e^{-t} C1 + \frac{t (e^{-t})^2}{2} + \frac{e^{-t} t^2}{2} - e^{-t} + C2$$
 (6)

- \rightarrow diferentC2 := subs(C2 = 0, parY):
 - $differentC12 \ 1, differentC12 \ 2, differentC12 \ 3 := seq(subs(C1 = k, differentC2), k = -1..1)$:
- $\rightarrow lengthOf := t = -10..10$:
- > plot([[differentC12 1, parX, lengthOf], [differentC12 2, parX, lengthOf], [differentC12 3, parX, lengthOf], x = -10..10, y = -1..10)



> > #Задание 1.2 restart

> diffur :=
$$y(x) \cdot diff(diff(y(x), x), x) - (diff(y(x), x))^2 - y(x) \cdot diff(y(x), x) \cdot \cot(x) = 0$$

$$diffur := y(x) \left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x)\right) - \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x)\right)^2 - y(x) \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x)\right) \cot(x) = 0$$
(7)

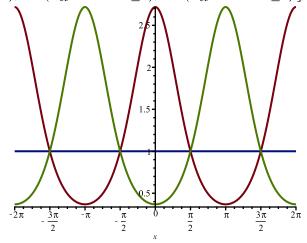
 \rightarrow diffSolution := dsolve(diffur)

$$diffSolution := y(x) = \frac{C2}{e^{-CI\cos(x)}}$$
 (8)

 \longrightarrow diferentC2 := subs($_C2 = 1$, diffSolution):

 \rightarrow differentC12_1, differentC12_2, differentC12_3 := seq(subs(_C1 = k, diferentC2), k = -1 ..1):

> plot([rhs(differentC12_1), rhs(differentC12_2), rhs(differentC12_3)], discont = true)



> #3адание 1.3 restart

$$diffSolution := y(x) = _CI, y(x) = \tan\left(RootOf\left(2\sin(_Z)_CI + 2\sin(_Z)_Z\right)\right)$$

$$-\ln\left(\frac{1}{\cos(_Z)^2}\right)\cos(_Z) - 2_C2\cos(_Z) - 2x\cos(_Z)$$
(10)

- \longrightarrow diferentC2 := subs(_C2 = 1, diffSolution):
- differentC12_1, differentC12_2, differentC12_3 := seq(subs(C1 = k, diferentC2), k = -1..1):
- > plot([rhs(differentC12_1), rhs(differentC12_2), rhs(differentC12_3)], x = -10..10, y = -10..10, discont = true)
- -> #Задание 1.4 restart

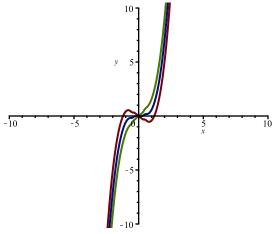
> diffur := diff (diff
$$(y(x), x), x$$
) = $3 \cdot \left(\frac{diff(y(x), x)}{x} - \frac{y(x)}{x^2}\right) + \frac{2}{x^3} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right)$

$$diffur := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) = \frac{3\left(\frac{d}{dx}y(x)\right)}{x} - \frac{3y(x)}{x^2} + \frac{2\sin\left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{x^3}$$
(11)

> diffSolution ≔ dsolve(diffur)

$$diffSolution := y(x) = x^3 C2 + x C1 - \frac{x^3 \sin\left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{2}$$
 (12)

- \rightarrow differentC2 := subs($_C2 = 1$, diffSolution):
- > differentC12_1, differentC12_2, differentC12_3 := $seq(subs(_C1 = k, diferentC2), k = -1..1)$:
- > plot([rhs(differentC12_1), rhs(differentC12_2), rhs(differentC12_3)], x =- 10 ..10, y =- 10 ..10, discont = true)



> #Задание 2

> #Найдите общее решение уравнения и сравните с результатом, полученным в системе

>
$$diffur := diff(diff(y(x), x), x) \cdot x \cdot \ln(x) = diff(diff(y(x), x), x)$$

$$diffur := \left(\frac{d^3}{dx^3} \ y(x)\right) x \ln(x) = \frac{d^2}{dx^2} \ y(x)$$
 (13)

diffSolution := dsolve(diffur)

$$diffSolution := y(x) = \frac{-CI \ln(x) x^2}{2} - \frac{3 - CI x^2}{4} + C2 x + C3$$
 (14)

> #Задание 3

#Найдите общее решение дифференциального уравнения.

> diffur := diff (diff
$$(y(x), x), x$$
) + 2 · diff $(y(x), x) = 4 \cdot \exp(x) (\sin(x) + \cos(x))$

diffur :=
$$\frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 2 \frac{d}{dx} y(x) = 4 (e^x) (\sin(x) + \cos(x))$$
 (15)

$$diffSolution := dsolve(diffur)$$

$$diffSolution := y(x) = \int \left(4\left(\int (e^x)(\sin(x) + \cos(x)) e^{2x} dx\right) + CI\right) e^{-2x} dx + C2$$
(16)