**HPC Assignment No. 02**

**Batch:** B2

**PRN No:** 2019BTECS00033

**Name**: Teknath jha

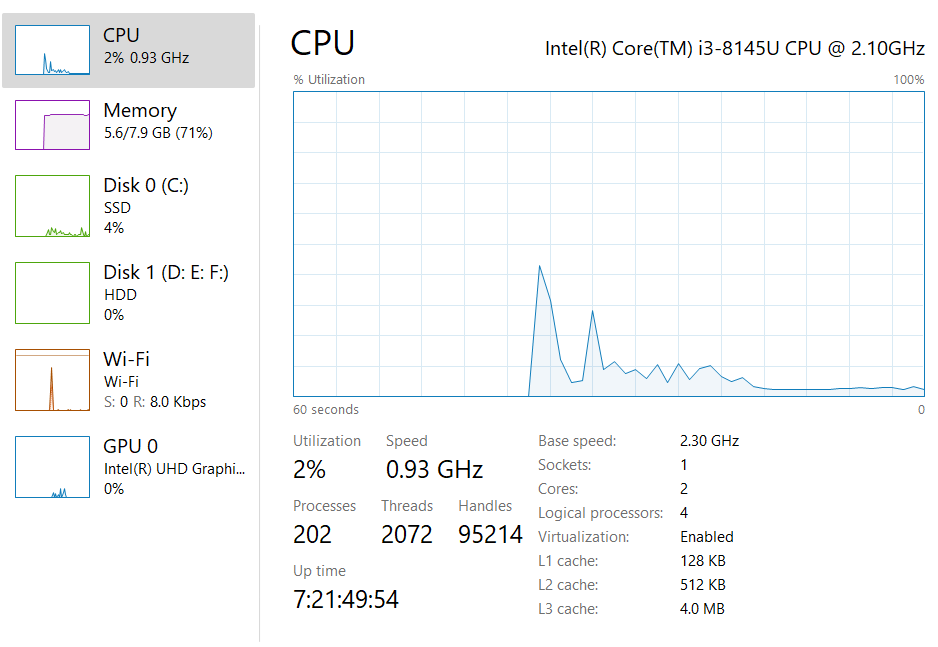
**Date**: 24th of August 2022

* **Title:**

**openMp program for :**

1. **Vector Vector Addition**
2. **Vector Scalar Addition**

**MY SYSTEM CONFIGURATION :**



**Screenshot’s OF Practical:**

1. **Vector Vector Addition :**

**Parallel program :**

*/\**

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*\*/*

*// PARALLEL*

#include <omp.h>

#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

#include <time.h>

#define ARRAY\_SIZE 1000

#define NUM\_THREADS 4

int main() {

  printf("Parallel Program : \n");

  int n = ARRAY\_SIZE; *// number of array elements*

  int n\_per\_thread; *// elements per thread*

  int total\_threads = NUM\_THREADS; *// number of threads to use*

  int i;

  int a[n], b[n], c[n];

  for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {

    a[i] = i;

  }

  for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {

    b[i] = i;

  }

*// Additional work to set the number of threads.*

  omp\_set\_num\_threads(total\_threads);

*// determine how many elements each process will work on*

  n\_per\_thread = n / total\_threads;

  double start = omp\_get\_wtime();

#pragma omp parallel for shared(a, b, c) private(i)                            \

    schedule(static, n\_per\_thread)

  for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {

    c[i] = a[i] + b[i];

    printf("Thread %d works on element %d\n", omp\_get\_thread\_num(), i);

  }

  double end = omp\_get\_wtime();

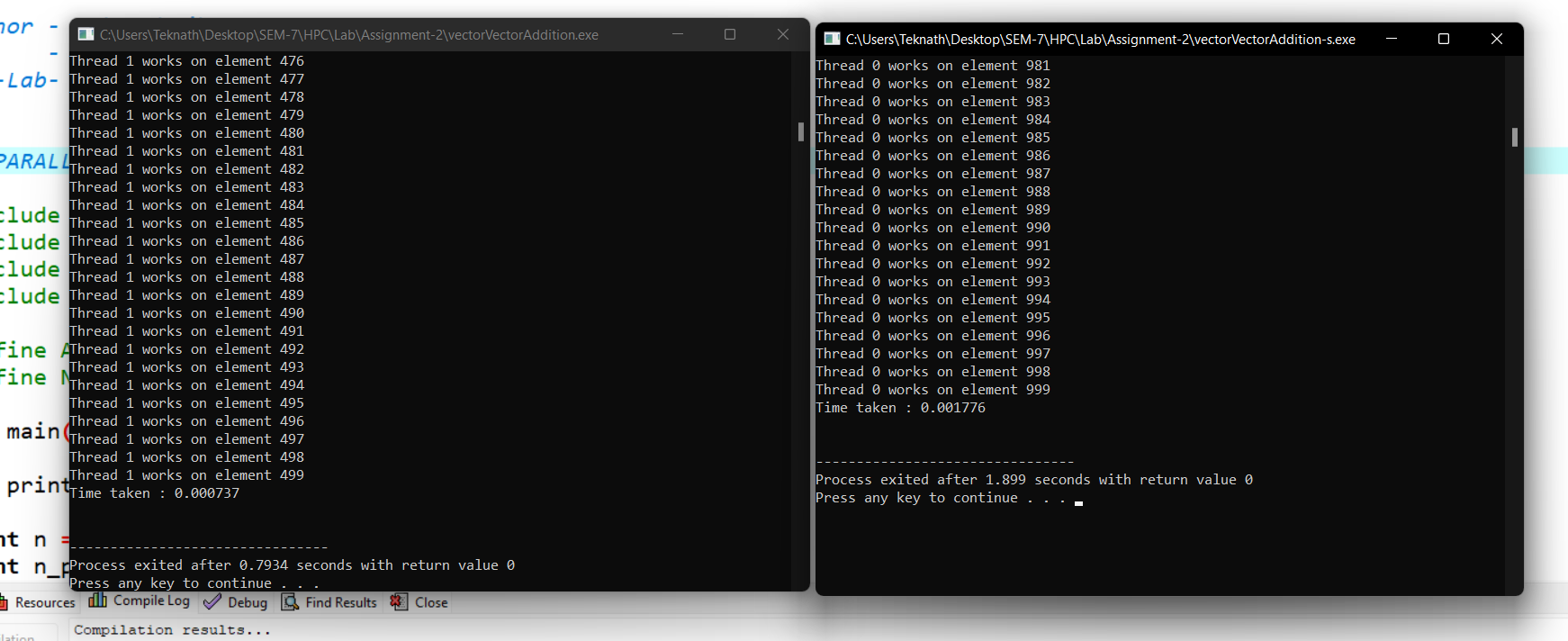
  double total\_time = (end - start) / CLOCKS\_PER\_SEC;

  printf("Time taken : %lf\n\n", total\_time);

  return 0;

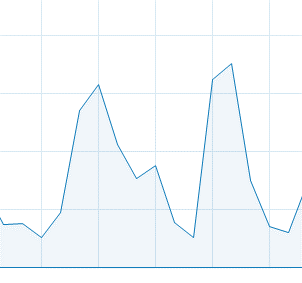
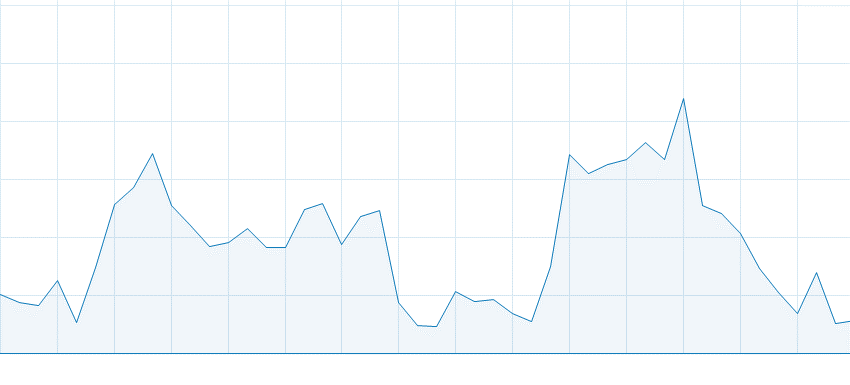
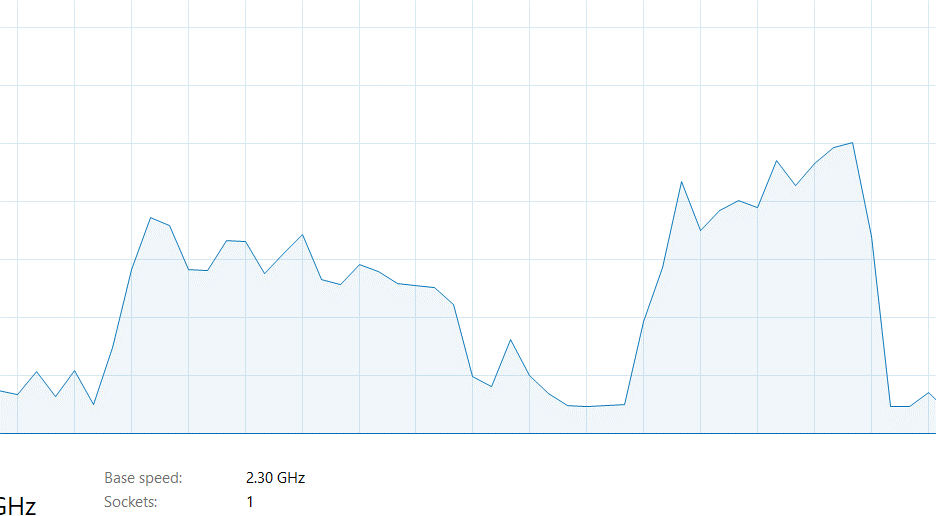
}

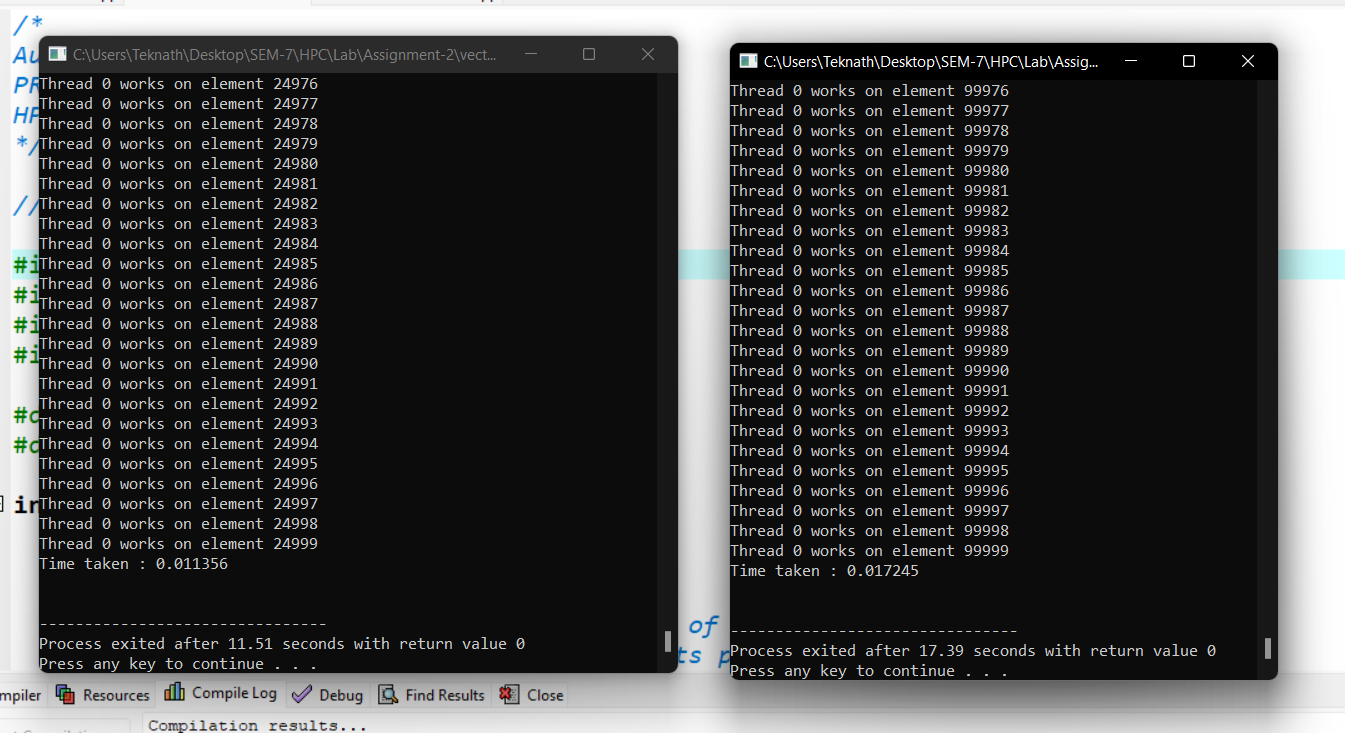
**Comparison with sequential :**



**In below images 1st peak is of sequential and later is of parallel program :**

**Images from CPU Utilization Task Manager :**

1. **for n=1000**
2. **for n=10000**
3. **for n= 100000**

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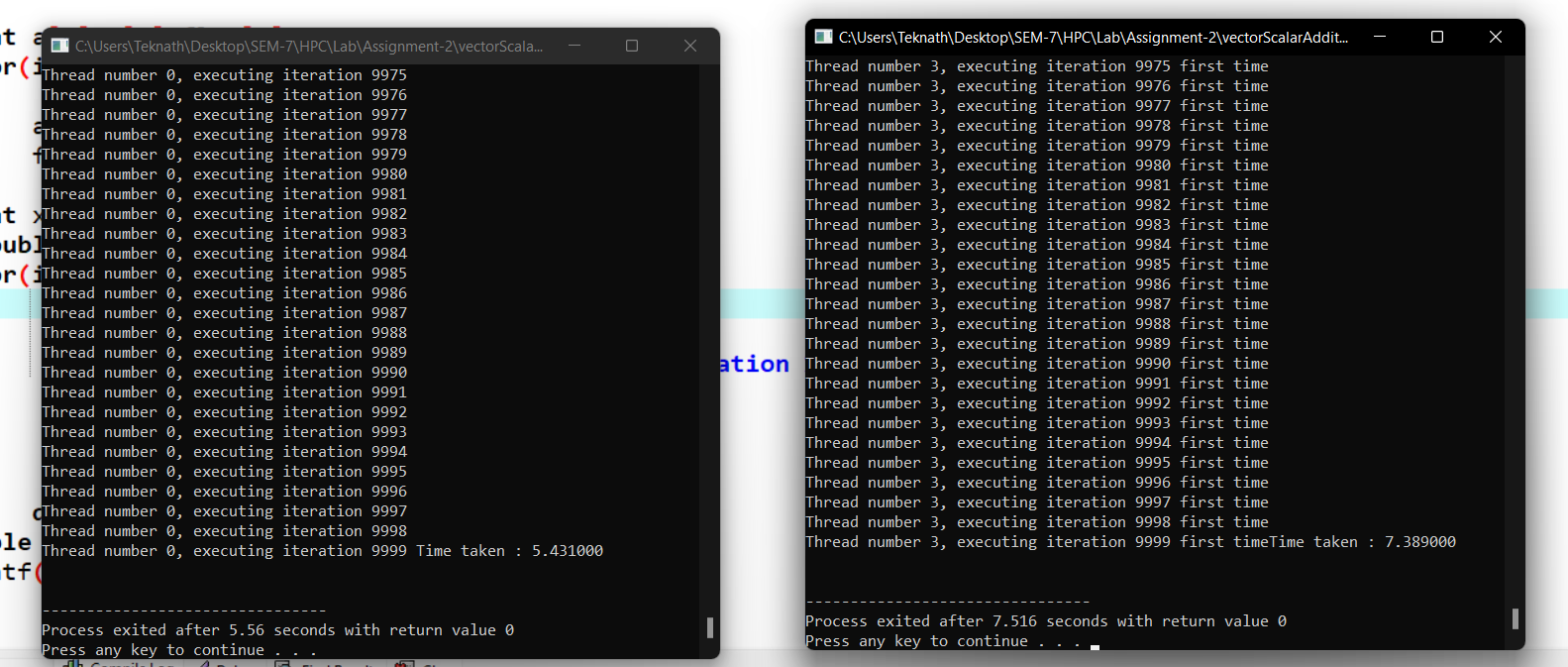
**Here sequential takes 0.01725 and parallel takes 0.011356 clock ticks**

**Conclusion : my sequential program uses less CPU and parallel program uses more UPU for same program and same number of instruction Sets.**

**Although time calculation is negligible as it is small program .**

**B) Vector Scalar Addition**

**Output Screenshot’s :**

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**Parallel :7.3 sec Sequential: 5.4sec**

**So here sequential is faster than parallel.**

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*\*/*

*// PARALLEL*

#include <omp.h>

#include <stdio.h>

#include<stdlib.h>

#define ARRAY\_SIZE 10001

#define NUM\_THREADS 4

int main() {

int n = ARRAY\_SIZE;

    int a[n],c[n],flag[n];

    int i;

    for( i=0;i<n;i++)

    {

      a[i]=i;

      flag[i]=0;

  }

  int n\_per\_thread; *// elements per thread*

  int total\_threads = NUM\_THREADS; *// number of threads to use*

*// Additional work to set the number of threads.*

  omp\_set\_num\_threads(total\_threads);

*// determine how many elements each process will work on*

  n\_per\_thread = n / total\_threads;

  int x=5;

  double start = omp\_get\_wtime();

  #pragma omp parallel for shared(a, c, x) private(i)   schedule(static, n\_per\_thread)

  for( i = 0;i < n;i++) {

    if(!flag[i])

    {

      c[i]=a[i]+x;

      flag[i]=1;

      printf("\nThread number %d, executing iteration %d first time",omp\_get\_thread\_num(),i);

    }

    else

    {

      printf("\nThread number %d, executing iteration %d already computed",omp\_get\_thread\_num(),i);

    }

  }

  double end = omp\_get\_wtime();

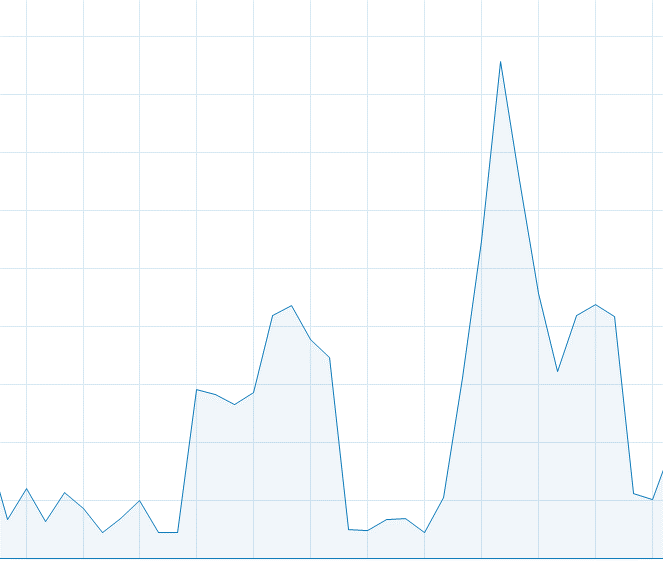
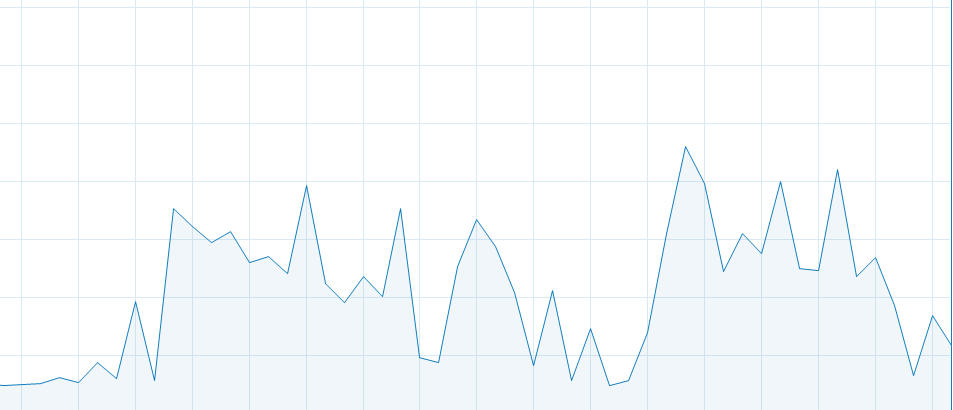
  double total\_time = (end - start);

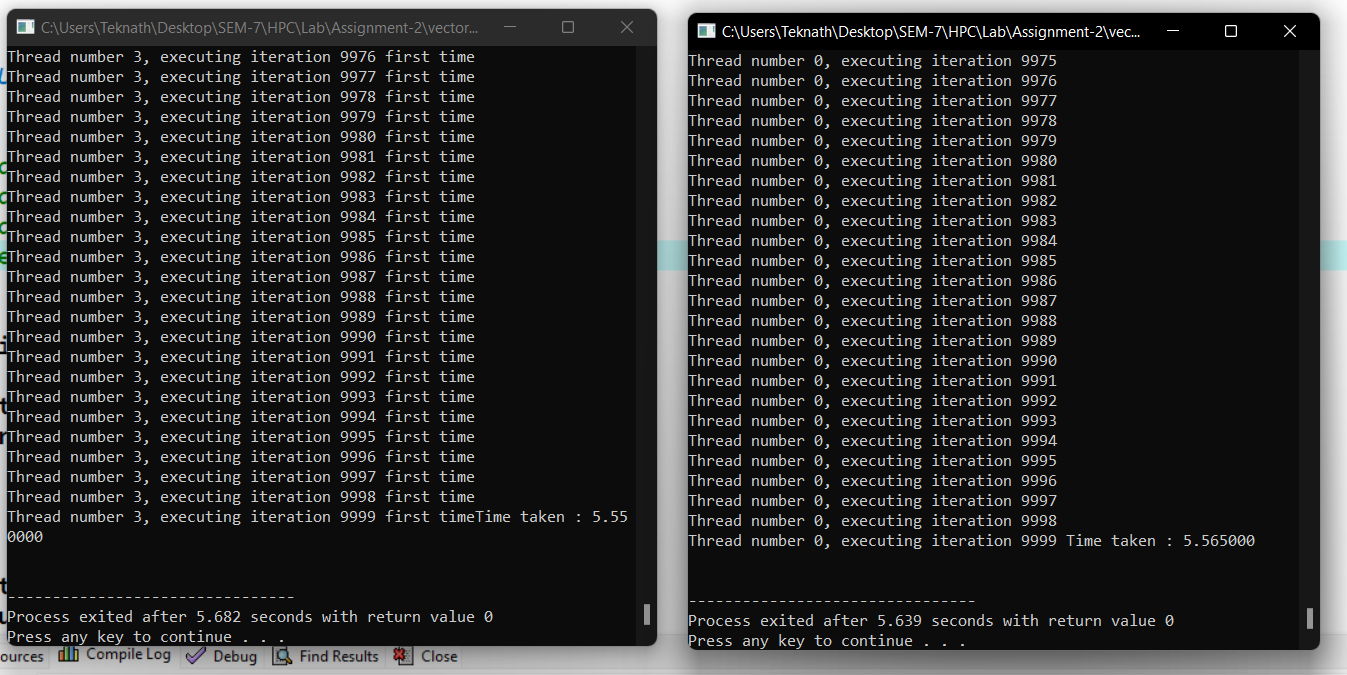
  printf("Time taken : %lf\n\n", total\_time);

}

**In below images 1st peak is of sequential and later is of parallel program :**

**CPU Graphs :**

1. 
2. ****

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**Here most of time width of sequential is more than parallel which shows time difference.**

**Conclusion :**

**In execution : sequential taken 5.56 while parallel taken 5.55 which is considerable difference , further observation of CPU cycles also proves this that parallel is faster than sequential .**