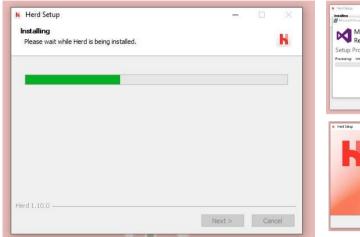
Kristelle Anne B. Miranda BSIT 3C

Document or each step (Installation to navigation of the pages)

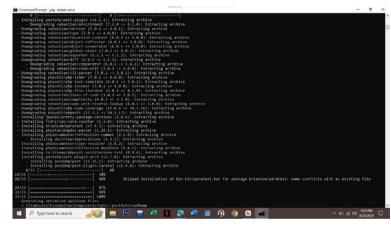
1. Download herd Laravel





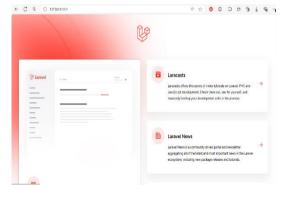
2. Config the Laravel



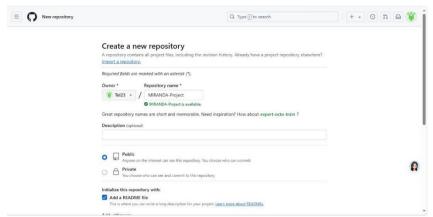


3. Test run using the php artisan serve

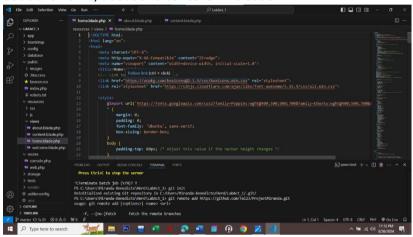




4. make a git repository in Github



5. Code the home, about and content in vs code



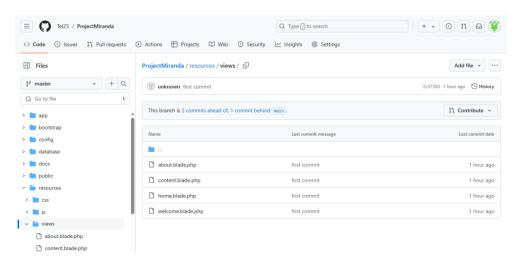
6. After coding this is the result







7. Upload it in the git repository



Identification of purpose of key file and directory.

KEY DERICTORIES:

- app/: Contains the core code of your application.
- bootstrap/: Contains files for bootstrapping the application, such as the app.php
- config/: Stores all configuration file
- database/: Houses database migrations, model factories, and seeds.
- public/: The entry point for web requests, containing the index.php file.
- resources/: Contains view files, raw assets (like CSS or JavaScript), and language files.
- routes/: Contains all route definitions.
- storage/: Used for compiled Blade templates, file-based sessions, file caches, and other storage needs.
- tests/: Contains your automated tests.
- vendor/: Contains your Composer dependencies.

FILES:

- .env : Stores important settings like your database login info
- Route/web.php: Lists all the URLs of your website and tells Laravel what to do when someone visits each one
- Balde File (*.blade.php): These are the templates for your website's pages.
- **PHP.ini**: The configuration file for PHP, setting rules for how PHP should work.
- Artisan: A helper tool that lets you run commands to do things like create files or run tests
- webpack.mix.js: Controls how your CSS and JavaScript files are processed and combined.
- **composer.json**: Lists the tools and libraries your project needs.