Project Report

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Team members

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Roles

- Ahmed Ashraf Mohamed
 - $\ \, \boxtimes \,$ Data Processing and cleaning
 - \boxtimes preparing the data for k-means and Apriori algorithms
 - \boxtimes Data visualization
 - ⊠ Part 1
 - \boxtimes Part 2
 - \boxtimes Implementation of Apriori's algorithm

Abelrhman Mohamed Adelhady
☑ Data visualization
☑ Cleaning the data in order to be used in data visualization part 3 & 4
☑ Part 3
☑ Part 4
Antonuose Gerges Nageh
☐ Project description
☑ Describe Role of members
☑ Full Description of data set
☐ What will the program do?
☐ What the output from the program will be ?

Project Description

Preparing for a project

We used Git and GitHub that helped us as members of the project to observe what each one of us did and the notes that explain why he did what he did.

Description of the data

When we skim through our data, we find that it's a grocery store's data. The data contains

- items sold
- count (Number of items in a single entry)
- Total price of the item entry
- Rnd (Customer number)
- Customer's name
- Customer's age
- City
- Type of Payment (Cash or Credit)

Items are types of food, vegetables, fruits, ..., etc. Customers are from different cities and they have different ages. There are two ways to pay cash or credit. The number of transactions in this data is 9863.

Getting and preparing the data set

The first thing we are going to do is importing the libraries we are going to use, and then import the data into a data frame. The second thing is that we will prepare data for k-means and apriori algorithms by

- Creating a data frame containing the customers, their ages, and total spending, and then grouping it by the customers
- We make the data frame suitable for k-means.
 - By sub-setting the data frame created using only the age and total columns
- We make the data suitable for apriori's algorithm by
 - Splitting the transactions'e entries into separate items and transforming it into a transactions object

importing the library we are going to use

```
library(dplyr)
library(ggplot2)
library(forcats)
```

```
library(arules)
library(hrbrthemes)
```

Reading the data and checking the frist 10 rows of it

```
dataPath <- readline("Enter the path to the data set : ")</pre>
grc <- as_tibble(read.csv(dataPath,stringsAsFactors = FALSE))</pre>
# displaying first 10 rows of our data
print(grc, n = 10, width = 80)
## # A tibble: 9,835 x 8
##
     items
                              count total
                                           rnd customer
                                                          age city
                                                                    paymentType
##
     <chr>>
                              <int> <int> <int> <chr>
## 1 citrus fruit, semi-finish~
                               4 1612 9 Maged
                                                          60 Hurgh~ Cash
## 2 tropical fruit, yogurt, co~
                                  3
                                    509
                                            12 Eman
                                                          23 Aswan Cash
                                     2084
## 3 whole milk
                                  1
                                            8 Rania
                                                          37 Dakah~ Cash
## 4 pip fruit, yogurt, cream c~
                                 4
                                    788
                                             8 Rania
                                                          37 Dakah~ Cash
## 5 other vegetables, whole m~
                                 4 1182
                                            14 Magdy
                                                          36 Sohag Cash
                                                                    Credit
                                  5 1771
## 6 whole milk, butter, yogurt~
                                            3 Ahmed
                                                          30 Giza
## 7 rolls/buns
                                  1 2196
                                             7 Huda
                                                          39 Gharb~ Cash
## 8 other vegetables, UHT-mil~
                                 5 1657
                                             6 Walaa
                                                          29 Cairo Cash
## 9 pot plants
                                 1 2373
                                             2 Mohamed
                                                          25 Alexa~ Credit
## 10 whole milk, cereals
                                  2 343
                                             5 Shimaa
                                                         55 Port ~ Cash
## # ... with 9,825 more rows
```

Preparing the data for k-means and apriori algorithms

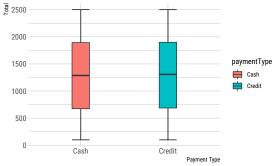
```
# creating a data framing containing customers, their ages and total spending
grc_customers <- grc %>%
   select(customer,age,total) %>%
   group_by(customer)%>%
   mutate(total = sum(total))%>%
   unique()
# making the data frame suitable for k-means
grc_kmeans <- data.frame(grc_customers[,2:3],row.names = grc_customers$customer)
# splitting the items to be suitable for apriori algorithms
tdata <- strsplit(as.vector(grc$items), ',')
tdata <- transactions(tdata)</pre>
```

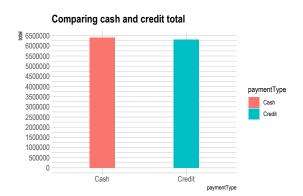
Visualizing our Data

Comparison between cash and credit total spending

```
xlab("Payment Type") +
  vlab("Total") +
  theme(
    plot.title = element_text(size=16)) +
  ggtitle("Distribution of Cash and Credit type of payment")
barplot_cashCredit <- ggplot(grc,</pre>
                              aes(x = paymentType,
                                  y = total,
                                  fill = paymentType)) +
  geom\ col(width = .3) +
  scale_y_continuous(n.breaks = 12) +
  theme_ipsum() +
  theme(
    plot.title = element_text(size = 16)) +
  ggtitle("Comparing cash and credit total")
print(boxplot_cashCredit)
print(barplot_cashCredit)
```







Observations

After brief moments of seeing the figures, we find that the distribution of cash and credit types of payment is nearly identical, but the amount payed in cash is greater than the amount payed in credit.

Compare each age and sum of total spending.

Before visualizing

let's create a contingency table using the data prepared and look at number of individuals in each age group.

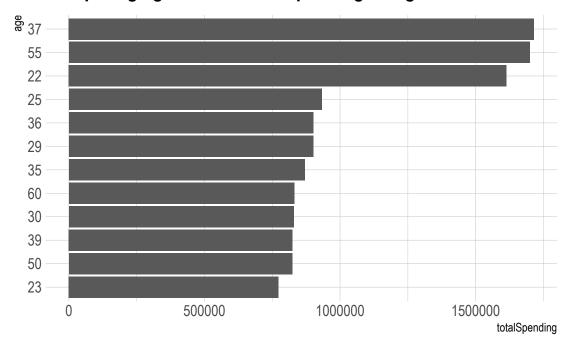
```
table(grc_customers$age)
```

It becomes clear that there are more people aged (22,37 and 55) than the other age groups

```
grc_age <- select(grc,age,total)
grc_age <- grc_age %>%
  group_by(age) %>%
  summarise(totalSpending = sum(total))
```

```
grc_age <- mutate(grc_age,age = fct_reorder(as.factor(age),totalSpending))
barPlotAgeSum<-ggplot(
   grc_age,
   aes(x = age, y = totalSpending)) +
   geom_col() +
   coord_flip() +
   theme_ipsum() +
   theme(
      plot.title = element_text(size=16),
      legend.position = "none")+
   ggtitle("Comparing age and the total spending using bar Plot")</pre>
```

Comparing age and the total spending using bar Plot



Observations

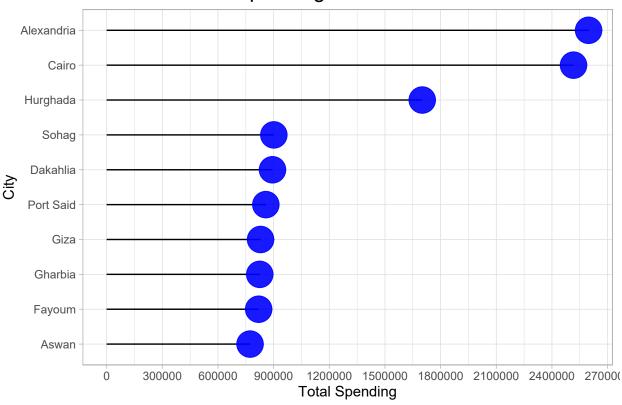
Since there are more customers aged (22, 37 and 55), it makes sense that the total spending of these age groups is higher than the rest.

Comparing the cities' total spending

```
###Cleaning the data in order to be prepared for data visualization
C_Vs_To <-grc %>%
  select(city,total) %>%
  group_by(city) %>%
```

```
summarise(totalspending = sum(total))
C_Vs_To <- mutate(C_Vs_To, city = fct_reorder(as.factor(city),totalspending))</pre>
print(C_Vs_To)
## # A tibble: 10 x 2
                      city totalspending
##
##
                       <fct>
                                                                                               <int>
## 1 Alexandria
                                                                                 2597481
## 2 Aswan
                                                                                      772871
## 3 Cairo
                                                                                  2516267
## 4 Dakahlia
                                                                                    893789
## 5 Fayoum
                                                                                    819231
## 6 Gharbia
                                                                                    825147
## 7 Giza
                                                                                        829587
## 8 Hurghada
                                                                                1700940
## 9 Port Said
                                                                                     857901
## 10 Sohag
                                                                                           901010
###Visualizing
\label{lem:cityandTotalspending} $$\operatorname{CityandTotalspending}^-$ ggplot(C_Vs_To,aes(city,totalspending)) + $\operatorname{CityandTotalspending}^-$ ggplot(C_Vs_To,aes(cit
       geom_segment( aes(xend=city,y = 0,yend=totalspending)) +
       scale_y_continuous(n.breaks = 10) +
        geom_point( color="blue", size=9, alpha=.9) +
       theme_light() +
       xlab("City") +
       ylab("Total Spending") +
        coord_flip() +
       theme(
               plot.title = element text(size=16))+
        ggtitle("Cities VS. Total Spending")
print(CityandTotalspending)
```

Cities VS. Total Spending



Observations

After we doing the data visualization on cities and their total spending, We will find that Alexandria and Cairo are the highest cities in spending, Aswan and Fayoum are the smallest in spending.

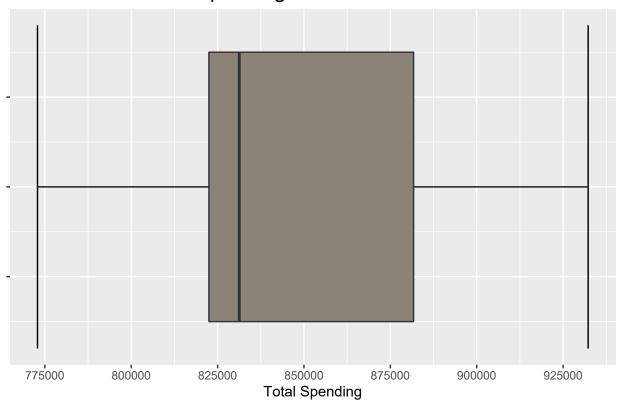
Distribution of Total spending

```
## Display the distribution of total spending.
Distribution_of_total_spending<-ggplot(grc_customers,aes(total)) +
    stat_boxplot(geom = "errorbar",width = .9) +
    geom_boxplot(fill = "antiquewhite4",) +
    scale_x_continuous(n.breaks = 8) +
    theme_grey() +
    theme(
        plot.title = element_text(size=16),
        axis.text.y = element_blank()) +
    xlab("Total Spending") +
    ggtitle("Distribution of Total spending")
summary(grc_customers)</pre>
```

```
##
      customer
                                           total
                             age
##
    Length:15
                       Min.
                              :22.0
                                       Min.
                                              :772871
##
   Class :character
                       1st Qu.:27.0
                                       1st Qu.:822482
##
    Mode :character
                       Median:36.0
                                       Median:831272
##
                       Mean
                              :37.0
                                       Mean
                                              :847615
##
                       3rd Qu.:44.5
                                       3rd Qu.:881729
```

##

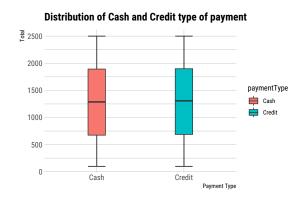
Distribution of Total spending

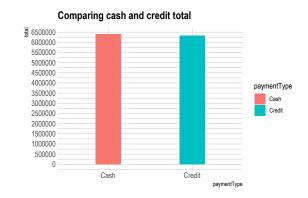


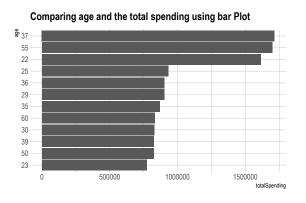
Observations

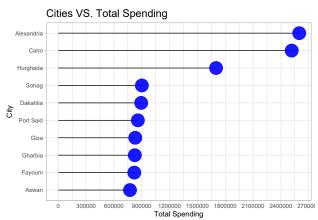
We will find that the total spending are between 772871 and 932250 and most of customers spend between 822482 and 881729 and their mean is 847615.

Dashboard

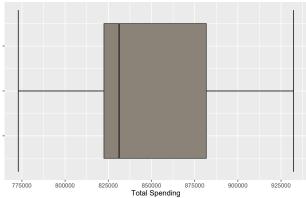












K-means

In k-means we will group the customers into (n) of clusters according to their age and their total spending and then we will put it in a table, The number of clusters will be specified by the user.

Getting the number of clusters from the user

No_of_clusters<-as.numeric(readline("Enter the number of clusters: "))

Implementation of the algorithm using the bult-in function

```
Kmeans_Algorithm<-kmeans(grc_kmeans,centers = No_of_clusters)
grc_kmeans<-mutate(grc_kmeans,cluster=Kmeans_Algorithm$cluster)
print(grc_kmeans)</pre>
```

```
##
           age total cluster
## Maged
            60 831272
## Eman
            23 772871
                              1
            37 893789
                              2
## Rania
## Magdy
            36 901010
                              2
## Ahmed
            30 829587
                              1
## Huda
            39 825147
                              1
## Walaa
            29 900797
                              2
                              2
## Mohamed 25 932250
## Shimaa
            55 857901
                             2
## Farida
            22 794570
                             1
## Hanan
            22 819231
## Sayed
            37 820900
                              1
## Adel
            50 824064
                              2
## Sameh
            35 869668
            55 841167
## Samy
```

Generating the association rules

Brief explanition of Apriori algorithm for generating the rules

Apriori algorithm is an iterative approach for discovering the most frequent item sets. The frequent item sets generated by the algorithm can be used to determine association rules that highlight general trends in the data-set, it is especially useful in the analysis of super-market items in our data set

Implementing the alogrithm

##

Reading both minimum support and minimum confidance from the user

```
min_support <- as.numeric(readline("Enter the minimum Support : "))
min_conf <- as.numeric(readline("Enter the minimum Confidence : "))</pre>
```

implementing the algorithm using the built-in function

```
apriori_rules <- apriori(</pre>
  parameter = list(supp = min_support, conf = min_conf, minlen = 2))
## Apriori
##
## Parameter specification:
    confidence minval smax arem aval original Support maxtime support minlen maxlen target ext
##
##
           0.5
                  0.1
                         1 none FALSE
                                                   TRUE
                                                                   0.01
                                                                                    10 rules TRUE
##
## Algorithmic control:
##
    filter tree heap memopt load sort verbose
##
       0.1 TRUE TRUE FALSE TRUE
                                          TRUE
```

```
## Absolute minimum support count: 98
##
## set item appearances ...[0 item(s)] done [0.00s].
## set transactions ...[169 item(s), 9835 transaction(s)] done [0.00s].
## sorting and recoding items ... [88 item(s)] done [0.00s].
## creating transaction tree ... done [0.00s].
## checking subsets of size 1 2 3 4 done [0.00s].
## writing ... [15 rule(s)] done [0.00s].
## creating S4 object ... done [0.00s].
```

Printing the result Taking into consideration that there might be no rules generated.

```
# Displaying at most 100 rows of the rules
if(length(size(apriori_rules)) == 0){
  print("No rules were generated")
}else{
  as_tibble(DATAFRAME(apriori_rules, separate = TRUE, setStart = "", setEnd = "")) %>%
     print(n = 100, width = 90)
}
```

```
## # A tibble: 15 x 7
##
      LHS
                                            RHS
                                                        support confidence coverage lift count
##
      <fct>
                                            \langle fct \rangle
                                                           <dbl>
                                                                      <dbl>
                                                                               <dbl> <dbl> <int>
## 1 curd, yogurt
                                            whole milk
                                                         0.0101
                                                                      0.582
                                                                              0.0173 2.28
                                                                                               99
## 2 butter, other vegetables
                                                         0.0115
                                                                              0.0200
                                                                                      2.24
                                            whole milk
                                                                      0.574
                                                                                              113
## 3 domestic eggs, other vegetables
                                            whole milk
                                                         0.0123
                                                                      0.553
                                                                              0.0223
                                                                                       2.16
                                                                                              121
  4 whipped/sour cream, yogurt
                                            whole milk
                                                         0.0109
                                                                      0.525
                                                                              0.0207
                                                                                       2.05
                                                                                              107
## 5 other vegetables, whipped/sour cream whole milk
                                                         0.0146
                                                                      0.507
                                                                              0.0289
                                                                                       1.98
                                                                                              144
## 6 other vegetables,pip fruit
                                            whole milk
                                                         0.0135
                                                                      0.518
                                                                              0.0261
                                                                                       2.03
                                                                                              133
## 7 citrus fruit, root vegetables
                                            other vege~
                                                         0.0104
                                                                      0.586
                                                                              0.0177
                                                                                      3.03
                                                                                              102
## 8 root vegetables, tropical fruit
                                            other vege~
                                                                      0.585
                                                                              0.0210
                                                                                      3.02
                                                                                              121
                                                         0.0123
## 9 root vegetables, tropical fruit
                                            whole milk
                                                         0.0120
                                                                      0.570
                                                                              0.0210
                                                                                      2.23
                                                                                              118
## 10 tropical fruit, yogurt
                                            whole milk
                                                         0.0151
                                                                      0.517
                                                                              0.0293
                                                                                      2.02
                                                                                              149
## 11 root vegetables, yogurt
                                            other vege~
                                                         0.0129
                                                                      0.5
                                                                              0.0258
                                                                                      2.58
                                                                                              127
## 12 root vegetables, yogurt
                                                                              0.0258
                                            whole milk
                                                         0.0145
                                                                      0.563
                                                                                      2.20
                                                                                              143
## 13 rolls/buns, root vegetables
                                            other vege~
                                                         0.0122
                                                                      0.502
                                                                              0.0243
                                                                                      2.59
                                                                                              120
## 14 rolls/buns,root vegetables
                                            whole milk
                                                         0.0127
                                                                      0.523
                                                                              0.0243
                                                                                              125
                                                                                      2.05
## 15 other vegetables, yogurt
                                            whole milk
                                                         0.0223
                                                                      0.513
                                                                              0.0434 2.01
                                                                                              219
```