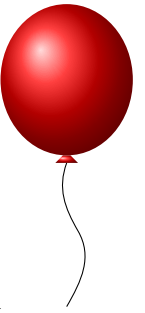


# **F** Noon Fence Painting

TIME LIMIT: 1.0s  
MEMORY LIMIT: 256MB



You are given a fence consisting of  $N$  planks, initially all white, represented as a string of length  $N$ . You can perform the following operation any number of times:

- Choose a white plank and paint it either Yellow or Black.
- Then, for each immediate neighbor (left and right), if it is white, it is painted with the same color; otherwise, it is left unchanged.

You are given a target coloring string  $S$  of length  $N$ , where each character is either 'Y' (Yellow) or 'B' (Black).

Determine whether it is possible to obtain  $S$  starting from the initial all-white fence using the allowed operations.

## INPUT

Each test contains multiple test cases. The first line contains the number of test cases  $T$  ( $1 \leq T \leq 10^4$ ). The description of the test cases follows.

The first line of each test case contains one integer  $N$  ( $1 \leq N \leq 10^5$ ) — the length of the fence.

The second line of each test case contains a string  $S$  of  $N$  characters such that  $S_i \in \{'Y', 'B'\}$

It is guaranteed that the sum of  $N$  over all test cases does not exceed  $10^5$ .

## OUTPUT

For each test case output *Yes* or *No* according to the answer of the test case.

**SAMPLES**

Sample input 1	Sample output 1
7	YES
2	YES
BB	YES
4	YES
BBYY	NO
8	YES
YYYYBBBB	NO
7	
YYYBBBB	
2	
YB	
9	
BBYBBYYB	
10	
BYYYYBBBY	