

PE1: PE of 26-10-2018

Master in Informatics and Computing Engineering
Programming Fundamentals
Instance: 2018/2019

0. Introduction

Some important information about this PE (Practical on computer evaluation):

- You have **75 minutes** to answer the 5 questions of the test
- **No collaboration** between students is allowed
- The presence on the table and the use of mobile phones or any other electronic devices **is forbidden**
- The Python code that answers each question is saved in a different file, with the name required in the question
- **Before the time expires** you must *upload* a zip (**pe1.zip**) with the Python code of all your answers collected in a folder named **PE1**; as you have 2 attempts, you should try the submission procedure 10 minutes before the time expires
- Download the PDF file (**PE1: Assignment**) with the questions and start answering using Spyder3
- You are allowed to use the Book provided in PDF as **Consultation Book**
- The forum will not be available, as well as the submissions to RE Weekly away assignments RE01-RE05

1. Check Armstrong number

Write a Python program that checks if a number **num** with 3 digits, given by user input, is an Armstrong number or not. In an Armstrong number of 3 digits, the sum of the cubes of each digit is equal to the number itself.

Use Spyder3 to create a new file named **question1.py** in your folder named **PE1**.

For example:

- for **num=153**, the output is: **True**
- for **num=234**, the output is: **False**

Save your program in the file **question1.py** inside the folder **PE1**.

2. The sum of the double

Write a Python program that, given an integer with one digit **d** and another integer **num**, both provided by the user in that order, prints the sum of the double of the digits of **num** greater than **d**.

For example:

- for **d=3** and **num=135**, the output is **10** (because of $2*5$)
- for **d=2** and **num=135**, the output is **16** (because of $2*3+2*5$)
- for **d=3** and **num=102**, the output is **0**
- for **d=2** and **num=12345**, the output is **24**

Save your program in the file **question2.py** inside the folder **PE1**.

3. Ages

Write a Python program that has two lists of equal size referenced by variables **names** (a list of strings) and **ages** (a list of integers), with values of your choice. The program prints all pairs name-age where name is from list **names** and age is from list **age** at the same position.

For example:

- for **names** = ["bart", "marie", "jo"] and **ages** = [23, 75, 19], the output is **bart-23 marie-75 jo-19**
- for **names** = ["mary", "john"] and **ages** = [13, 95], the output is **mary-13 john-95**

Save your program in the file **question3.py** inside the folder **PE1**.

4. Triathlon

In a triathlon competition, there are 3 stages: 1.5 km of swimming, 40 km of cycling and, finally, 10 km of running. Each participant must complete all three under 4 hours and must have a minimum velocity of 2 km/h in the swimming stage, 20 km/h in cycling and 8 km/h in running.

Write a Python program that, given three times of completion **tS**, **tC** and **tR** (in hours; one for each stage) by user input, in this order, checks if the participant met all the requirements. If so, it should print the total time. Otherwise, it should print the first factor that caused the disqualification ("Time", "Swimming", "Cycling" or "Running", in this order).

For example:

- for **tS=0.4**, **tC=1.2**, **tR=0.4**, the output is: **2.0** (the total time)
- for **tS=1**, **tC=1**, **tR=4**, the output is: **Time**
- for **tS=0.5**, **tC=1**, **tR=2.2**, the output is: **Running**

Save your program in the file **question4.py** inside the folder **PE1**.

5. Octal converter

Write a Python program that converts a decimal number (base 10) **dec**, given by user input, into an octal number (base 8). Decimal numbers are base 10 numbers and use only digits from 0 to 9, inclusive. Octal numbers can use digits from 0 to 7, inclusive.

For example:

- for **dec=9**, the output is the octal number **11**
- for **dec=64**, the output is the octal number **100**
- for **dec=23456**, the output is the octal number **55640**

Save your program in the file **question5.py** inside the folder **PE1**.

The end.