Kazakh-British Technical University Algorithms and Data Structures, Spring 2011

Lecture 8: Text Processing

Read the following chapters: [chapter 32: 32.1, 32.2, 32.4] Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson. *Introduction to algorithms – 2-nd edition.* – USA: MIT Press, 2001. – 1180p.

1 How to read text?

```
Example 1. Option 1.
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(){
   freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);//read from input file
   freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);//write to output file
  string s;
while (cin >> s)
     cout << s;
  return 0;
input.txt
Hello world!
Algorithms and Data Structures.
output.txt
Helloworld!AlgorithmsandDataStructures.
Example 2. Option 2.
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(){
   freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);//read from input file
   freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);//write to output file
  while (getline(cin,s))
  cout << s << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
input.txt
Hello world!
Algorithms and Data Structures.
output.txt
Hello world!
Algorithms and Data Structures.
```

2 What are the problems in text processing?

Modification of text Add new information Remove some part of the text String matching

3 String operations

```
"abc" + "def" = "abcdef"

Prefix (beginning): "abcdef"

Suffix (ending): "abcdef"
```

4 String matching

Problem: Given string S and text T. Task is to find all occurrences of S in T.

```
Existing algorithms: Naive (brute-force) algorithm O(mn) Rabin-Karp algorithm O(m+n) Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm O(m+n)
```

References

[1] [chapter 32] Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson. *Introduction to algorithms – 2-nd edition.* – USA: MIT Press, 2001. – 1180p.