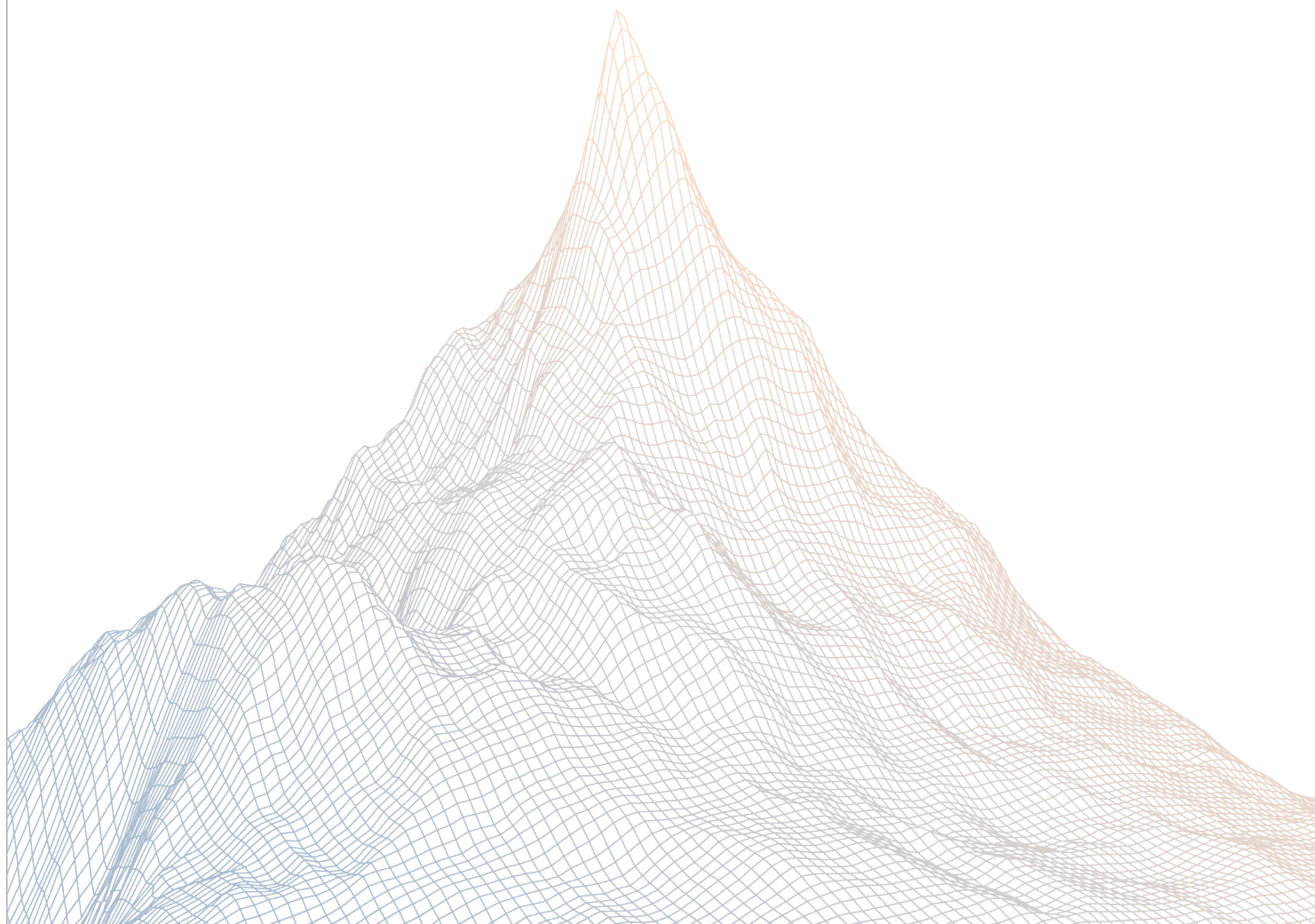


# Ignition

## Smart Contract Security Assessment

VERSION 1.1



AUDIT DATES:

December 23rd to December 29th, 2025

AUDITED BY:

Matte  
peakbolt

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# 1

## Introduction

### 1.1 About Zenith

Zenith assembles auditors with proven track records: finding critical vulnerabilities in public audit competitions.

Our audits are carried out by a curated team of the industry's top-performing security researchers, selected for your specific codebase, security needs, and budget.

Learn more about us at <https://zenith.security>.

### 1.2 Disclaimer

This report reflects an analysis conducted within a defined scope and time frame, based on provided materials and documentation. It does not encompass all possible vulnerabilities and should not be considered exhaustive.

The review and accompanying report are presented on an "as-is" and "as-available" basis, without any express or implied warranties.

Furthermore, this report neither endorses any specific project or team nor assures the complete security of the project.

### 1.3 Risk Classification

SEVERITY LEVEL	IMPACT: HIGH	IMPACT: MEDIUM	IMPACT: LOW
Likelihood: High	Critical	High	Medium
Likelihood: Medium	High	Medium	Low
Likelihood: Low	Medium	Low	Low

## 2

### Executive Summary

## 2.1 About Ignition

Ignition is a liquid staking protocol built on Fogo, a high-performance SVM Layer 1 blockchain optimized for ultra-low latency onchain trading. Users can stake their FOGO tokens to receive iFOGO, a liquid staking token that maintains staking rewards while enabling seamless integration into DeFi applications

## 2.2 Scope

The engagement involved a review of the following targets:

<b>Target</b>	Spl Stake Pool
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<b>Repository</b>	<a href="https://github.com/Tempest-Finance/spl-stake-pool">https://github.com/Tempest-Finance/spl-stake-pool</a>
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<b>Commit Hash</b>	3bf58d156182dadf310546355fd9ba6b9ed1a2dd
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<b>Files</b>	Diff from 8f705b3cb1a80e49ef4037a593d10713499ea8d7
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<b>Target</b>	Spl Stake Pool Mitigation Review
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<b>Repository</b>	<a href="https://github.com/Tempest-Finance/spl-stake-pool">https://github.com/Tempest-Finance/spl-stake-pool</a>
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<b>Commit Hash</b>	8d1641616573d2226e5ba363e0012ca5fe74de3c
--------------------	--

<b>Files</b>	Diff from 8f705b3cb1a80e49ef4037a593d10713499ea8d7
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## 2.3 Audit Timeline

<b>December 23, 2025</b>	Audit start
<b>December 29, 2025</b>	Audit end
<b>January 7, 2026</b>	Report published

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## 2.4 Issues Found

SEVERITY	COUNT
Critical Risk	0
High Risk	0
Medium Risk	2
Low Risk	2
Informational	1
<b>Total Issues</b>	<b>5</b>

# 3

## Findings Summary

ID	Description	Status
M-1	Mutable payer in deposit_wsol_with_session() is incorrectly marked readonly	Resolved
M-2	WSOL deposit and withdrawal will always fail for Token2022 stake pools	Acknowledged
L-1	Missing slippage parameters for WSOL session deposit/withdrawal	Resolved
L-2	Missing validation of burn_from_pool_info authority in process_withdraw_wsol_with_session	Resolved
I-1	rent_lamports calculation in process_deposit_wsol_with_session() can be simplified	Resolved

# 4

## Findings

### 4.1 Medium Risk

A total of 2 medium risk findings were identified.

[M-1] Mutable payer in `deposit_wsol_with_session()` is incorrectly marked readonly

SEVERITY: Medium

IMPACT: Medium

STATUS: Resolved

LIKELIHOOD: Medium

#### Target

- [instruction.rs#L2725](#)

#### Description:

`deposit_wsol_with_session()` is intended to initialize (if needed) `transient_wsol_account` during the WSOL deposit flow, with a payer funding the required rent.

However, the instruction marks payer as `AccountMeta::new_readonly(*payer, true)` instead of `mutable`, preventing the payer's lamports from being debited to create/fund the transient account.

This causes deposits to revert whenever `transient_wsol_account` is not already initialized, causing `deposit_wsol_with_session()` to fail.

#### Recommendations:

Mark payer as mutable `AccountMeta::new(*payer, true)`.

**Ignition:** Resolved with [@ae2d3df019 ...](#)

**Zenith:** Verified.

## [M-2] WSOL deposit and withdrawal will always fail for Token2022 stake pools

SEVERITY: Medium

IMPACT: Medium

STATUS: Acknowledged

LIKELIHOOD: Medium

### Target

- [processor.rs#L2584](#)
- [processor.rs#L3257](#)

### Description:

`process_deposit_wsol_with_session()` / `process_withdraw_wsol_with_session()` are intended to let users deposit/withdraw via the wSOL path when using a session signer.

However, they enforce `wsol_mint_info.owner = *token_program_info.key`, implicitly assuming `token_program_info` is the SPL Token program, which is incompatible when the StakePool is configured to use Token-2022. The same issue applies to use of `token_program_info` in validating `wsol_token_info` and WSOL transfers.

This causes the wSOL deposit/withdraw path to always fail (DoS) for Token-2022 pools, preventing users from using the session-based wSOL flow.

### Recommendations:

In `process_deposit_wsol_with_session()` / `process_withdraw_wsol_with_session()`, add a separate SPL-Token program account for WSOL related actions. And it validate against `spl_token::id()` using `spl_token::check_program_account()`.

**Ignition:** Acknowledged. Known fogo-sessions-sdk limitation — Token2022 is not supported.



## 4.2 Low Risk

A total of 2 low risk findings were identified.

### [L-1] Missing slippage parameters for WSOL session deposit/withdrawal

SEVERITY: Low

IMPACT: Medium

STATUS: Resolved

LIKELIHOOD: Low

#### Target

- [processor.rs#L4033-L4040](#)

#### Description:

`deposit_wsol_with_session()` and `withdraw_wsol_with_session()` are intended to let users deposit/withdraw using wSOL via a session-based flow.

However, they do not expose a slippage protection parameters for minimum expected output pool tokens or SOL.

This makes the session flow vulnerable to unfavorable output, causing users to receive materially less value than expected.

That could happen when a malicious manager sandwich the deposit/withdraw TXs with fee increase/decrease and steal from the outputs. Or it could occur when stake account are drained during a [hack](#).

#### Recommendations:

Consider adding slippage protection parameters for `deposit_wsol_with_session()` and `withdraw_wsol_with_session()` to allow users to decide whether to provide an minimum received tokens.

**Ignition:** Resolved with [@b4a65d6028 ...](#)

**Zenith:** Verified. Resolved by adding slippage protection parameters.

## [L-2] Missing validation of burn\_from\_pool\_info authority in process\_withdraw\_wsol\_with\_session

SEVERITY: Low

IMPACT: Low

STATUS: Resolved

LIKELIHOOD: Low

### Target

- [processor.rs#L3249](#)

### Description:

process\_withdraw\_wsol\_with\_session is intended to burn pool tokens from burn\_from\_pool\_info as part of a user's withdraw flow.

However, it does not validate that user\_pubkey is the token authority/owner of burn\_from\_pool\_info.

This allows one to use pool token account that is owned by the session instead as the transfer/burn are signed by the session key. Though the session is unlikely to have any pool tokens, it is recommended to verify that the session is only interacting with the user's accounts.

### Recommendations:

In process\_withdraw\_wsol\_with\_session, verify that burn\_from\_pool\_info's authority matches user\_pubkey.

**Ignition:** Resolved with [@74a52adac5 ...](#)

**Zenith:** Verified.

## 4.3 Informational

A total of 1 informational findings were identified.

[\[1-1\] rent\\_lamports calculation in process\\_deposit\\_wsol\\_with\\_session\(\) can be simplified](#)

SEVERITY: Informational

IMPACT: Informational

STATUS: Resolved

LIKELIHOOD: Low

### Target

- [processor.rs#L2704-L2712](#)

### Description:

In `process_deposit_wsol_with_session()`, the `rent_lamports` calculation can be simplified to just `rent.minimum_balance(spl_token::state::Account::LEN)`.

That is because `wsol_transient_info.lamports() = 0` since `close_account()` will send all the SOL to `program_signer_info`.

```
// Refund rent to payer
let rent_lamports = rent
    .minimum_balance(spl_token::state::Account::LEN)
    .max(1)
    .saturating_sub(if wsol_transient_info.lamports() > 0 {
        wsol_transient_info.lamports()
    } else {
        0
    });
```

**Ignition:** Resolved with [@b4a65d6028...](#)

**Zenith:** Verified. Resolved by simplifying `rent_lamports` calculation.