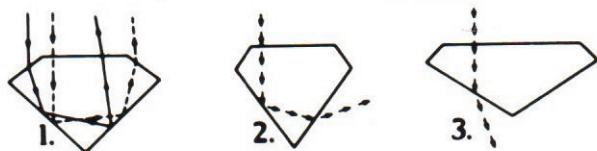


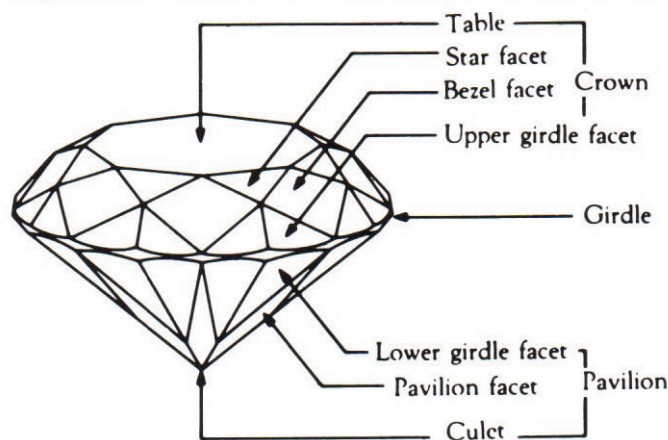
TENENBAUM

JEWELERS

How a diamond handles light.



The different facets of a round brilliant cut diamond.



Diameter	4.10 mm		0.25 carat
	5.20 mm		0.50 carat
	6.50 mm		1.00 carat
	7.10 mm		1.25 carat
	7.40 mm		1.50 carat
	7.90 mm		1.75 carat
	8.20 mm		2.00 carat
	8.70 mm		2.50 carat
	9.10 mm		3.00 carat

G.I.A.

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COLORLESS
NEAR COLORLESS
FANT YELLOW
VERY LIGHT YELLOW
LIGHT YELLOW
FANCY

COLOR

FINEST WHITE
FINE WHITE
WHITE
COMMERCIAL WHITE
TOP SILVER CAPE
SILVER CAPE
LIGHT CAPE
CAPE
DARK CAPE

CLARITY

Flawless - Free from all inclusions or blemishes, at 10x magnification.

Internally Flawless - No inclusions visible at 10x; insignificant surface blemishes only.



VVS1 Minute inclusions—extremely difficult to see at 10x.



VVS2 Minute inclusions—very difficult to see at 10x. More than one pinpoint.



VS1 Minor inclusions—difficult to see face-up at 10x.



VS2 Minor inclusions—somewhat easy to see face-up at 10x.



SI1 Noticeable inclusions—easy to see at 10x.



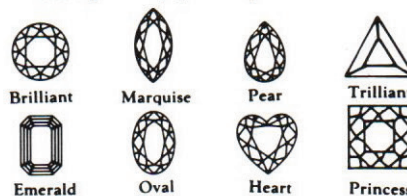
SI2 Noticeable inclusions—very easy to see at 10x; not visible to unaided eye; may be visible through the pavilion.

I1 Obvious inclusions at 10x—visible to unaided eye.

I2 Obvious inclusions—easily visible to unaided eye.

I3 Prominent inclusions—extremely easy to see with unaided eye; usually affect durability. Borderline Industrial Grade.

The eight most popular shapes of a diamond.



COLOR: The word color is a bit misleading since one is actually looking for a lack of color, in the stone itself that is. Diamonds can range from pale yellow to the very rare pink, blue or green in color. However, it is the colorless or white diamond that, just as a prism, allows light to pass effortlessly through and be broken into a rainbow of colors. It is the reflected color that makes a diamond more desirable.