Database Creation

1. Requirements Analysis

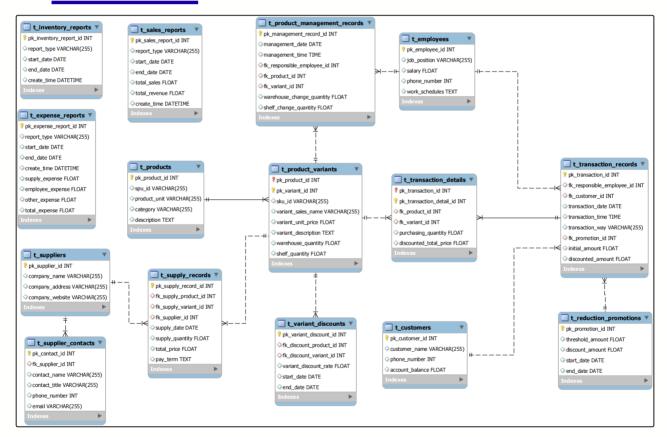
1.1. Comprehensive Supermarket Requirements

The database for the comprehensive supermarket need basically five subsystems, which are:

- Product Organization System: Since a supermarket will sell a lot of products, it needs to be able to accurately identify each item.
- 2. Product Supply System: A supermarket must have a source of supply for its products.
- 3. Product Sales System: A supermarket needs to sell the products, hence need to have a large system for transaction.
- 4. Employee Management System: A supermarket needs employees hence need a system to manage them.
- Marketing Record System: A supermarket needs to know how much it earns for selling, and how much it spends for maintaining this supermarket.

2. Implementation of Database

2.1. Overview Structure



2.2. <u>Details about Product Organization System</u>

2.2.1. t_products (以SPU为单位的entity)

- o (pk_product_id) PK, 标识每一样产品的SPU层面编号, 例如 "001", "002".
- o (spu_id) SPU (Standard Product Unit), 标准产品单位, 例如 "HUAWEI P50 Pro".

- o (product_unit) 商品的计量单位,例如 "kilogram", "item".
- o (category) 商品的分类区,例如 "Groceries", "Personal Care & Beauty".
- o (description) 对商品的描述,例如 "HUAWEI P50 Pro is a high-end smartphone launched by Huawei. It is part of the Huawei P series, which is known for its high-quality photography capabilities."

2.2.2. t_product_variants (以SKU为单位的entity)

- (pk_product_id) PK, 标识每一样产品的SPU层面编号, 例如 "001", "002". 同时也是FK, 指向表 (t_products) 中的 (pk_product_id). 因此该实体是一个依赖于 (t_products) 的弱实体。
- o (pk variant id) PK, 标识每一件产品变体的SKU层面编号, 例如 "001", "002".
- (sku_id) SKU (Stock Keeping Unit), 库存管理单位,例如 "HUAWEI_P50_P01" 是华为P50Pro炫彩天空蓝的编号,而
 "HUAWEI_P50_P02" 是华为P50Pro冷静流潋紫的编号.该单位以每一种商品的变体为单位,用库存表示数量.
- o (variant_sales_name) 商品变种的销售名称,例如 "HUAWEI P50 Pro Sky-blue Fantastic". 该销售名称为货架上的销售名称,而 (sku_id) 则更像是一个编号.
- o (variant unit price) 单价.
- o (variant description) 对该产品变体的具体描述,一般为特殊备注.
- o (warehouse_quantity) 仓库库存量.
- o (shelf_quantity) 货架库存量

之所以库存量的数值类型为(float),是因为可能要处理类似于猪肉这样按斤为单位卖的货物.

2.2.3. t_product_management_records (产品管理记录)

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `comprehensive_supermarket`.`t_product_management_records` (
`pk_management_record_id` INT NOT NULL,
          `management_date` DATE NULL DEFAULT NULL,
           management_time` TIME NULL DEFAULT NULL
           fk_responsible_employee_id` INT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
         `fk_product_id` INT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
`fk_variant_id` INT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
          `warehouse_change_quantity` FLOAT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
         `shelf_change_quantity` FLOAT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY (`pk_management_record_id`),
         INDEX `fk_responsible_employee_id` (`fk_responsible_employee_id` ASC) VISIBLE, INDEX `fk_product_id` (`fk_product_id` ASC, `fk_variant_id` ASC) VISIBLE, CONSTRAINT `product_management_records_ibfk_1`
            FOREIGN KEY (`fk_responsible_employee_id`)
REFERENCES `comprehensive_supermarket`.`t_
                                                                 .`t_employees` (`pk_employee_id`),
         CONSTRAINT `product_management_records_ibfk_2
            FOREIGN KEY (`fk_product_id` , `fk_variant_id`)
            REFERENCES `comprehensive_supermarket`.`t_product_variants` (`pk_product_id` , `pk_variant_id`))
       ENGINE = InnoDB
       DEFAULT CHARACTER SET = utf8mb4
20
      COLLATE = utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
```

- o (fk_responsible_employee_id) FK, 作为外键指向 (t_employees) 的主键.
- (fk_product_id), (fk_variant_id) FKs, 组合列作为外键指向 (t_product_variants) 的主键.
- (warehouse_change_quantity) 仓库库存变化量.
- o (shelf_change_quantity) 货架库存变化量.

(INDEX) 为索引定义,旨在优化数据库查询操作.

2.3. Details about Product Supply System

2.3.1. t_supply_records (供货记录)

- (fk_supply_product_id), (fk_supply_variant_id) FKs, 组合列作为外键指向 (t_product_variants) 的主键.
- o (fk_supplier_id) FK, 作为外键指向 (t_suppliers) 的主键.
- o (pay term) 支付条例, 例如表示 "遵循3单位/10元购买.....".

2.3.2. t_suppliers (供货商)

```
1     CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `comprehensive_supermarket`.`t_suppliers` (
2     `pk_supplier_id` INT NOT NULL,
3     `company_name` VARCHAR(255) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
4     `company_address` VARCHAR(255) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
5     `company_website` VARCHAR(255) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
6     PRIMARY KEY (`pk_supplier_id`))
7     ENGINE = InnoDB
8     DEFAULT CHARACTER SET = utf8mb4
9     COLLATE = utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
```

2.3.3. t_supplier_contacts (供货商联系人)

● (fk_supplier_id) - FK, 作为外键指向 (t_suppliers) 的主键. 因为一家供货商可能有多个联系人.

2.4. Details about Product Sales System

2.4.1. t_transaction_records (交易记录)

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `comprehensive_supermarket`.`t_transaction_records` (
          pk_transaction_id` INT NOT NULL
          fk_responsible_employee_id` INT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
          fk_customer_id` INT NULL DEFAULT NULL
          `transaction_date` DATE NULL DEFAULT NULL,
         `transaction_time` TIME NULL DEFAULT NULL,
`transaction_way` VARCHAR(255) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
         `fk_promotion_id` INT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
         `initial_amount` FLOAT NULL DEFAULT NULL
         `discounted_amount` FLOAT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
         PRIMARY KEY (`pk_transaction_id`),
         INDEX `fk_responsible_employee_id` ASC) VISIBLE,

INDEX `fk_responsible_employee_id` (`fk_responsible_employee_id` ASC) VISIBLE,

CONSTRAINT `transaction_records_ibfk_1`
           \label{lem:foreign_key} FOREIGN_KEY (`fk\_promotion\_id`) \\ REFERENCES `comprehensive\_supermarket`.`t\_reduction\_promotions` (`pk\_promotion\_id`), \\
         CONSTRAINT `transaction_records_ibfk_2`
           FOREIGN KEY (`fk_customer_id`)
REFERENCES `comprehensive_supermarket`.`t_customers` (`pk_customer_id`),
20
21
         CONSTRAINT `transaction_records_ibfk_3`
            FOREIGN KEY (`fk_responsible_employee_id`)
```

```
REFERENCES `comprehensive_supermarket`.`t_employees` (`pk_employee_id`))

RENGINE = InnoDB

DEFAULT CHARACTER SET = utf8mb4

COLLATE = utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
```

- o (transaction_way) 支付方式, 例如 "WeChat", "ApplePay".
- fk_promotion_id) FK, 满减促销活动的 id.
- o (fk_customer_id) FK, 消费的用户.
- (fk_responsible_employee_id) FK, 该交易的负责员工.
- o (initial_amount) 在执行满减活动之前的总价.
- o (discounted amount) 在执行满减活动之后的总价.

2.4.2. t_transaction_details (交易记录细节)

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `comprehensive_supermarket`.`t_transaction_details` (
    `pk_transaction_id` INT NOT NULL,
    `pk_transaction_detail_id` INT NOT NULL,
    `fk_product_id` INT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
    `fk_variant_id` INT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
    `purchasing_quantity` FLOAT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
    `discounted_total_price` FLOAT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (`pk_transaction_id`, `pk_transaction_detail_id`),
    INDEX `fk_product_id` (`fk_product_id` ASC, `fk_variant_id` ASC) VISIBLE,
    CONSTRAINT `transaction_details_ibfk_1`
    FOREIGN KEY (`pk_transaction_id`)
    REFERENCES `comprehensive_supermarket`.`t_transaction_records` (`pk_transaction_id`),
    CONSTRAINT `transaction_details_ibfk_2`
    FOREIGN KEY (`fk_product_id`, `fk_variant_id`)
    REFERENCES `comprehensive_supermarket`.`t_product_variants` (`pk_product_id`, `pk_variant_id`))
    REFERENCES `comprehensive_supermarket`.`t_product_variants` (`pk_product_id`, `pk_variant_id`))
    ENGINE = InnoDB
    DEFAULT CHARACTER SET = utf8mb4
    COLLATE = utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
```

- (pk_transaction_id), (pk_transaction_detail_id) PKs, 同时 (pk_transaction_id) 作为外键指向
 (t_transaction_records) 的主键. 因此, 该实体是一个弱实体. 每一条 "detail" 对于该交易中的每个 "product variant" 进行记录.
- o (purchasing_quantity) 产品购买数量.
- o (discounted total price) 产品本身打折后的价格. 因为产品的原始价格已经有记录, 可以直接查询, 因此没有在该表中记录.

超市的折扣有两种方式:分产品的百分比折扣,以及整体满减优惠.在计算时,先对于每个产品进行百分比折扣,再在最后交易时进行满减优惠.

2.4.3. t_customers (顾客)

2.4.4. t_reduction_promotions (满减促销)

- (threshold_amount) 满减优惠的触发阈值.
- o (discount amount) 满减优惠的份额.

2.4.5. t_variant_discounts (产品变种折扣)

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `comprehensive_supermarket`.`t_variant_discounts` (
    `pk_variant_discount_id` INT NOT NULL,
    `fk_discount_product_id` INT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
    `fk_discount_variant_id` INT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
    `variant_discount_rate` FLOAT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
    `start_date` DATE NULL DEFAULT NULL,
```

产品变种的折扣,不同于满减优惠,产品折扣是百分比的.

2.5. Details about Employee Management System

2.5.1. t_employees (职工表)

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `comprehensive_supermarket`.`t_employees` (

'pk_employee_id` INT NOT NULL,

'job_position` VARCHAR(255) NULL DEFAULT NULL,

'salary` FLOAT NULL DEFAULT NULL,

'phone_number` INT NULL DEFAULT NULL,

'work_schedules` TEXT NULL DEFAULT NULL,

PRIMARY KEY (`pk_employee_id`))

ENGINE = InnoDB

DEFAULT CHARACTER SET = utf8mb4

COLLATE = utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
```

2.6. Details about Marketing Reports System

2.6.1. t_sales reports (销售报告)

2.6.2. t_inventory_reports (库存报告)

2.6.3. t_expense_reports (开销报告)

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `comprehensive_supermarket`.`t_expense_reports` (
    `pk_expense_report_id` INT NOT NULL,
    `report_type` VARCHAR(255) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
    `start_date` DATE NULL DEFAULT NULL,
    `end_date` DATE NULL DEFAULT NULL,
    `create_time` DATETIME NULL DEFAULT NULL,
    `supply_expense` FLOAT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
    `employee_expense` FLOAT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
    `other_expense` FLOAT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
    `total_expense` FLOAT NULL DEFAULT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (`pk_expense_report_id`))
    ENGINE = InnoDB
    DEFAULT CHARACTER SET = utf8mb4
    COLLATE = utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci;
```