

# Design Assignment 1

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**DO NOT REMOVE THIS PAGE DURING SUBMISSION:**

The student understands that all required components should be submitted in complete for grading of this assignment.

NO	SUBMISSION ITEM	COMPLETED (Y/N)	MARKS (/MAX)
1	COMPONENTS LIST AND CONNECTION BLOCK DIAGRAM w/ PINS		
2.	INITIAL CODE OF TASK 1/A		
3.	INCREMENTAL / DIFFERENTIAL CODE OF TASK 2/B		
3.	INCREMENTAL / DIFFERENTIAL CODE OF TASK 3/C		
3.	INCREMENTAL / DIFFERENTIAL CODE OF TASK 4/D		
3.	INCREMENTAL / DIFFERENTIAL CODE OF TASK 5/E		
4.	SCHEMATICS		
5.	SCREENSHOTS OF EACH TASK OUTPUT		
5.	SCREENSHOT OF EACH DEMO		
6.	VIDEO LINKS OF EACH DEMO		
7.	GOOGLECODE LINK OF THE DA		

## 1. COMPONENTS LIST AND CONNECTION BLOCK DIAGRAM w/ PINS

Atmel Studio 7

## 2. INITIAL/DEVELOPED CODE OF TASK 1/A

; Store 300 numbers onto stack. STARTADDR = 0x0222. Use Pointers to fill up reg

; Used to initialize the SP to point to the last location of RAM (RAMEND)

```
.MACRO STACK
    LDI @0, HIGH(@1)
    OUT SPH, @0
    LDI @0, LOW(@1)
    OUT SPL, @0
.ENDMACRO
```

```
STACK R20, RAMEND
```

```
;-----
; Set Pointers to First Num on Stack
;-----
```

```
LDI XH, HIGH(0x0222)      ; set X pointer to high bits of mem location
LDI XL, LOW(0x0222)        ; set X pointer to low bits of mem location
LDI YH, HIGH(0x0400)       ; set Y pointer to high bits of div by 5 mem location
LDI YL, LOW(0x0400)        ; set Y pointer to low bits of div by 5 mem location
LDI ZH, HIGH(0x0600)       ; set Z pointer to high bits of non-div by 5 mem location
LDI ZL, LOW(0x0600)        ; set Z pointer to low bits of non-div by 5 mem location
```

```
;-----
; Clear sum & counter registers
;-----
```

```
LDI R16, 0
LDI R17, 0
LDI R18, 0
LDI R19, 0
LDI R25, 0
```

```
;-----
; Store the counter (300 = 0x012C)
;-----
```

```
LDI R21, LOW(300)          ; LOW = 0x2C
LDI R22, HIGH(300)         ; HIGH = 0x01
```

```
;-----
; Start population process
;-----
```

```
LDI R23, HIGH(0x0222)
LDI R25, LOW(0x0222)
```

### 3. CODE OF TASK 1/B AND 1/C COMBINED INTO ONE SECTION

Start program is the continuation of the population process.

```
startProgram:
    ADD R25, R23
    ST X+, R25                ; write r25 to where x is pointing, then increment x

;-----
; STEP 2 OF DESIGN ASSIGNMENT 1
;-----
; Use reg to parse through numbers. If number is divisible by 5, store. Store into 0x0400 else store in 0x0600

    MOV R24, R25                ; copies R25 into R24 so R25 value stays in tact
divByFive:
    CPI R24, 5                  ; check if loaded # less than 5
    BRLO notDivisible

    SUBI R24, 5                  ; recursive subtraction to see if it is divisible by 5
    CPI R24, 5                  ; compare the subtracted number to five to see if it should keep dividing
    BRSH divByFive              ; If R24 larger than 5, keep subtracting by 5
    CPI R24, 0                  ; compare r24 to 0 to see if # < 5 is divisible by 5
    BRNE notDivisible           ; If it is not 0 (not divisible by 5) then jump to non-divisible loop
    ST Y+, R25                  ; write r25 to where y is pointing, then increment y
    ADD R16, R25                ; sum of the divisible number by 5
    CP R16, R25
    BRLO divFiveCarry
    RJMP checkThreeHundred

divFiveCarry:
    INC R17
    RJMP checkThreeHundred

notDivisible:
    ST Z+, R25                  ; store original number to z
    ADD R18, R25                ; sum the original number
    CP R18, R25
    BRLO nonDivFiveCarry
    RJMP checkThreeHundred

nonDivFiveCarry:
    INC R19

; Use R21:R22
checkThreeHundred:
    CPI R21, 1                  ; CMP Low bit of 300 to 1
    BRLO decHigh                ; if low bit is less than 1, jump to decHigh
    DEC R21                     ; dec the counter of r21 and jump to top
    RJMP startProgram

decHigh:
    CPI R22, 1                  ; compare high bit (0x01) to 1
    BRLO done                   ; if not 0, do not finish program
    DEC R22                     ; decrement high bit
    LDI R21, 0xFF               ; load 0xFF into low bit register
    DEC R21                     ; decrement the low bit reg
    RJMP startProgram           ; start program again

done:
```

## 2. CODE OF TASK 1/D

```
//USING BOBBY NOT ATMEL
#include<iostream>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<cmath>

using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int num=36;
    int divisible=0;
    int nondivisible=0;

    int ten=1;

    printf("Divisible: \n");
    for (int i=0; i<300; i++)
    {
        if(num > 255)
            num = 0;

        if(num%5 == 0)
        {
            printf("%X ",num);
            divisible+=num;

            if ((ten % 10) == 0)
                printf("\n");

            ten++;
        }
        num+=2;
    }

    printf("\n");
    ten = 1;
    num=36;

    printf("Not Divisible: \n");
    for (int i=0; i<300; i++)
    {
        if(num > 255)
            num = 0;

        if(num%5 != 0)
        {
            printf("%X ",num);
            nondivisible+=num;

            if ((ten % 10) == 0)
                printf("\n");

            ten++;
        }
        num+=2;
    }

    printf("\n");
    printf("SUM of divisible: %i\n",divisible);
    printf("SUM of non-divisible: %i\n", nondivisible);

    return 0;
}
```

### 3. SCREENSHOTS OF EACH TASK OUTPUT (ATMEL STUDIO OUTPUT)

#### Task 1: Before Debugging

The screenshot shows the Atmel Studio IDE with the following code in the main editor:

```
STACK R20, RAMEND

; Set Pointers to First Num on Stack
;-----
LDI XH, HIGH(0x0222)      ; set X pointer to high bits of mem location
LDI XL, LOW(0x0222)       ; set X pointer to low bits of mem location
LDI YH, HIGH(0x0400)      ; set Y pointer to high bits of div by 5 mem location
LDI YL, LOW(0x0400)       ; set Y pointer to low bits of div by 5 mem location
LDI ZH, HIGH(0x0600)      ; set Z pointer to high bits of non-div by 5 mem location
LDI ZL, LOW(0x0600)       ; set Z pointer to low bits of non-div by 5 mem location
;-----

; Clear sum & counter registers
;-----
LDI R16, 0
LDI R17, 0
LDI R18, 0
LDI R19, 0
LDI R25, 0
;-----

; Store the counter (300 = 0x012C)
;-----
LDI R21, LOW(300)        ; LOW = 0x2C
LDI R22, HIGH(300)       ; HIGH = 0x01

;-----
; Start population process
;-----
LDI R23, HIGH(0x0222)
LDI R25, LOW(0x0222)

startProgram:
ADD R25, R23
ST X+, R25                ; write r25 to where x is pointing, then increment x
```

The Watch window shows the following values:

Name	Value
R21	0x00
R22	0x00
R23	0x00
R25	0x00

#### Task 1: After Debugging

Values in register R21, R22, R23, and R25 have changed and loaded values from 0's.

The screenshot shows the Atmel Studio IDE with the same code as before, but the Watch window now shows the following values:

Name	Value
R21	0x2c
R22	0x01
R23	0x02
R25	0x22

## Task 1B and 1C: Before Debugging

startProgram:

```

ADD R25, R23
ST X+, R25          ; write r25 to where x is pointing, then increment x

;-----
; STEP 2 OF DESIGN ASSIGNMENT 1
;-----
; Use reg to parse through numbers. If number is divisible by 5, store. Store into 0x0400 else store in 0x0600

MOV R24, R25          ; copies R25 into R24 so R25 value stays in tact
divByFive:
CPI R24, 5            ; check if loaded # less than 5
BRLO notDivisible

SUBI R24, 5           ; recursive subtraction to see if it is divisible by 5
CPI R24, 5            ; compare the subtracted number to five to see if it should keep dividing
BRSH divByFive       ; If R24 larger than 5, keep subtracting by 5
CPI R24, 0            ; compare r24 to 0 to see if # < 5 is divisible by 5
BRNE notDivisible    ; If it is not 0 (not divisible by 5) then jump to non-divisible loop
ST Y+, R25           ; write r25 to where y is pointing, then increment y
ADD R16, R25         ; sum of the divisible number by 5
CP R16, R25
BRLO divFiveCarry
RJMP checkThreeHundred

divFiveCarry:
INC R17
RJMP checkThreeHundred

notDivisible:
ST Z+, R25           ; store original number to z
ADD R18, R25         ; sum the original number
CP R18, R25
BRLO nonDivFiveCarry
RJMP checkThreeHundred

nonDivFiveCarry:
INC R19

; Use R21:R22
checkThreeHundred:
CPI R21, 1           ; CMP Low bit of 300 to 1
BRLO decHigh         ; if low bit is less than 1, jump to decHigh
DEC R21              ; dec the counter of r21 and jump to top
RJMP startProgram

decHigh:
CPI R22, 1           ; compare high bit (0x01) to 1
BRLO done            ; if not 0, do not finish program
DEC R22              ; decrement high bit
LDI R21, 0xFF        ; load 0xFF into low bit register
DEC R21              ; decrement the low bit reg
RJMP startProgram

```

done:

Memory:	data REGISTERS	Address: 0x01BC.data
data 0x020D	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0221	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0235	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0249	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x025D	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0271	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0285	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0299	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x02AD	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x02C1	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x02D5	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x02E9	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x02FD	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0311	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0325	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0339	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x034D	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0361	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0375	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0389	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x039D	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x03B1	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x03C5	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x03D9	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x03ED	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0401	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0415	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0429	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x043D	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0451	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0465	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0479	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x048D	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x04A1	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x04B5	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x04C9	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x04DD	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x04F1	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0505	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0519	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x052D	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0541	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0555	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0569	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x057D	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x0591	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	
data 0x05A5	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	

### Register values before debugging

R16	0x00
R17	0x00
R18	0x00
R19	0x00
R24	0x00
R21	0x2c
R22	0x01
R23	0x02
R25	0x22



## Task 1B and 1C: After Debugging

```

startProgram:
    ADD R25, R23
    ST X+, R25                ; write r25 to where x is pointing, then increment x

;-----
; STEP 2 OF DESIGN ASSIGNMENT 1
;-----
; Use reg to parse through numbers. If number is divisible by 5, store. Store into 0x0400 else store in 0x0600

    MOV R24, R25                ; copies R25 into R24 so R25 value stays in tact
divByFive:
    CPI R24, 5                ; check if loaded # less than 5
    BRLO notDivisible

    SUBI R24, 5                ; recursive subtraction to see if it is divisible by 5
    ; compare the subtracted number to five to see if it should keep dividing
    BRSH divByFive            ; If R24 larger than 5, keep subtracting by 5
    CPI R24, 0                ; compare r24 to 0 to see if # < 5 is divisible by 5
    ; If it is not 0 (not divisible by 5) then jump to non-divisible loop
    BRNE notDivisible
    ST Y+, R25                ; write r25 to where y is pointing, then increment y
    ADD R16, R25                ; sum of the divisible number by 5
    CP R16, R25
    BRLO divFiveCarry
    RJMP checkThreeHundred

divFiveCarry:
    INC R17
    RJMP checkThreeHundred

notDivisible:
    ST Z+, R25                ; store original number to z
    ADD R18, R25                ; sum the original number
    CP R18, R25
    BRLO nonDivFiveCarry
    RJMP checkThreeHundred

nonDivFiveCarry:
    INC R19

; Use R21:R22
checkThreeHundred:
    CPI R21, 1                ; CMP Low bit of 300 to 1
    BRLO decHigh                ; if low bit is less than 1, jump to decHigh
    DEC R21                    ; dec the counter of r21 and jump to top
    RJMP startProgram

decHigh:
    CPI R22, 1                ; compare high bit (0x01) to 1
    BRLO done                ; if not 0, do not finish program
    DEC R22                    ; decrement high bit
    LDI R21, 0xFF                ; load 0xFF into low bit register
    DEC R21                    ; decrement the low bit reg
    RJMP startProgram

done:

```

R16	0x34
R17	0x1c
R18	0x60
R19	0x70
R24	0x02
R21	0x00
R22	0x00
R23	0x02
R25	0x7a

```

data 0x021F 00 00 00 24 26 28 2a 2c 2e 30 32 ...$&(*,.02
data 0x022A 34 36 38 3a 3c 3e 40 42 44 46 48 468:<@BDHFH
data 0x0235 4a 4c 4e 50 52 54 56 58 5a 5c 5e JLNPRTVX\^
data 0x0240 60 62 64 66 68 6a 6c 6e 70 72 74 ^bdfhjlnprt
data 0x0248 76 78 7a 7c 7e 80 82 84 86 88 8a vxz|~€...~$
data 0x0256 8c 8e 90 92 94 96 98 9a 9c 9e a0 Œž.'''~$œž
data 0x0261 a2 a4 a6 a8 aa ac ae b0 b2 b4 b6 Œž'|'a-°.'Œž
data 0x026C b8 ba bc be c0 c2 c4 c6 c8 ca cc .'.AAAÆËËËË
data 0x0277 ce d0 d2 d4 d6 d8 da dc de e0 e2 ID0000ÜÜpää
data 0x0282 e4 e6 e8 ea ec ee f0 f2 f4 f6 f8 äæëëiï00ö0ö
data 0x028D fa fc fe 00 02 04 06 08 0a 0c 0e üüþ.....
data 0x0298 10 12 14 16 18 1a 1c 1e 20 22 24 ..... "$
data 0x02A3 26 28 2a 2c 2e 30 32 34 36 38 3a &(*,.02468:
data 0x02AE 3c 3e 40 42 44 46 48 4a 4c 4e 50 <@BDHFHJLN
data 0x02B9 52 54 56 58 5a 5c 5e 60 62 64 66 RTVXZ\^ ^bdf
data 0x02C4 68 6a 6c 6e 70 72 74 76 78 7a 7c hjlnprt vxz|
data 0x02CF 7e 80 82 84 86 88 8a 8c 8e 90 92 ~€...~$Œž.'
data 0x02DA 94 96 98 9a 9c 9e a0 a2 a4 a6 a8 "-~$œž Œž'|'
data 0x02E5 aa ac ae b0 b2 b4 b6 b8 ba bc be ä-°.'Œž.'
data 0x02F0 c0 c2 c4 c6 c8 ca cc ce d0 d2 d4 AAAÆËËËËID00
data 0x02FB d6 d8 da dc de e0 e2 e4 e6 e8 ea 00ÜÜpäääæëë
data 0x0306 ec ee f0 f2 f4 f6 f8 fa fc fe 00 iï00ö0öüþ.
data 0x0311 02 04 06 08 0a 0c 0e 10 12 14 16 .....
data 0x031C 18 1a 1c 1e 20 22 24 26 28 2a 2c .... "$&(*,
data 0x0327 2e 30 32 34 36 38 3a 3c 3e 40 42 .02468:<@B
data 0x0332 44 46 48 4a 4c 4e 50 52 54 56 58 DFHJLNPRTVX
data 0x033D 5a 5c 5e 60 62 64 66 68 6a 6c 6e Z\^ ^bdfhjln
data 0x0348 70 72 74 76 78 7a 00 00 00 00 00 prt vxz.....

```

Figure 1 X-Pointer Array (300 numbers)

```

data 0x03F8 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 28 32 3c .....(2<
data 0x0403 46 50 5a 64 6e 78 82 8c 96 a0 aa FPZdnx.Œ- æ
data 0x040E b4 be c8 d2 dc e6 f0 fa 0a 14 1e ^..ËDÜæ0ü...
data 0x0419 28 32 3c 46 50 5a 64 6e 78 82 8c (2<FPZdnx.Œ
data 0x0424 96 a0 aa b4 be c8 d2 dc e6 f0 fa - æ ^..ËDÜæ0ü
data 0x042F 0a 14 1e 28 32 3c 46 50 5a 64 6e ... (2<FPZdn
data 0x043A 78 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 x.....

```

Figure 2 Y-Pointer Array (Divisible Numbers)

```

data 0x05FD 00 00 00 24 26 2a 2c 2e 30 34 36 ...$&*,.046
data 0x0608 38 3a 3e 40 42 44 4a 4c 4e 52 8:>@BDHFHJLN
data 0x0613 54 56 58 5c 5e 60 62 66 68 6a 6c TVX\^ ^bfhjl
data 0x061E 70 72 74 76 7a 7c 7e 80 84 86 88 prt vz|~€..^
data 0x0629 8a 8e 90 92 94 98 9a 9c 9e a2 a4 Šž.'''~$œžŒž
data 0x0634 a6 a8 ac ae b0 b2 b6 b8 ba bc c0 |'~-°.'Œž.'
data 0x063F c2 c4 c6 ca cc ce d0 d4 d6 d8 da AAAËËËËID00ÜÜ
data 0x064A de e0 e2 e4 e8 ea ec ee f2 f4 f6 päääëëiï00ö
data 0x0655 f8 fc fe 00 02 04 06 08 0c 0e 10 öüþ.....
data 0x0660 12 16 18 1a 1c 20 22 24 26 2a 2c ..... "$&*,
data 0x066B 2e 30 34 36 38 3a 3e 40 42 44 48 .0468:>@BDH
data 0x0676 4a 4c 4e 52 54 56 58 5c 5e 60 62 JLNRTVX\^ ^b
data 0x0681 66 68 6a 6c 70 72 74 76 7a 7c 7e fhjlnprt vz|~
data 0x068C 80 84 86 88 8a 8e 90 92 94 98 9a €.~Šž.'''~$
data 0x0697 9c 9e a2 a4 a6 a8 ac ae b0 b2 b6 æžŒž'|'~-°.'Œž
data 0x06A2 b8 ba bc c0 c2 c4 c6 ca cc ce d0 .'.AAAÆËËËËID
data 0x06AD d4 d6 d8 da de e0 e2 e4 e8 ea ec 00ÜÜpäääëëi
data 0x06B8 ee f2 f4 f6 f8 fc fe 00 02 04 06 ið00ö0öüþ....
data 0x06C3 08 0c 0e 10 12 16 18 1a 1c 20 22 ..... "
data 0x06CE 24 26 2a 2c 2e 30 34 36 38 3a 3e $&*,.0468:>
data 0x06D9 40 42 44 4a 4c 4e 52 54 56 58 @BDHFHJLNRTVX
data 0x06E4 5c 5e 60 62 66 68 6a 6c 70 72 74 \^ ^bfhjlnprt
data 0x06EF 76 7a 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 vz.....

```

Figure 3 Z-Pointer Array (Non-Divisible #s)

The registers R22:R21 registers are zero'd out since I placed 300 in these 2 registers and decremented both for the checkThreeHundred loop. The divisible sum is stored in R17:R16 as 0x1C34 (7,220 in decimal). The non-divisible sum is stored in R19:R18 as 0x7060 (28,768 in decimal). The arrays that x, y, and z are pointing to are shown in the Memory windows above.

## Task 1D: After Debugging

```
[takenkaf@bobby cpe301]$ ./a.out
Divisible:
28 32 3C 46 50 5A 64 6E 78 82
3C 96 A0 AA B4 BE C8 D2 DC E6
F0 FA 0 A 14 1E 28 32 3C 46
50 5A 64 6E 78 82 8C 96 A0 AA
B4 BE C8 D2 DC E6 F0 FA 0 A
14 1E 28 32 3C 46 50 5A 64 6E
78
Not Divisible:
24 26 2A 2C 2E 30 34 36 38 3A
3E 40 42 44 48 4A 4C 4E 52 54
56 58 5C 5E 60 62 66 68 6A 6C
70 72 74 76 7A 7C 7E 80 84 86
88 8A 8E 90 92 94 98 9A 9C 9E
A2 A4 A6 A8 AC AE B0 B2 B6 B8
BA BC C0 C2 C4 C6 CA CC CE D0
D4 D6 D8 DA DE E0 E2 E4 E8 EA
EC EE F2 F4 F6 F8 FC FE 2 4
6 8 C E 10 12 16 18 1A 1C
20 22 24 26 2A 2C 2E 30 34 36
38 3A 3E 40 42 44 48 4A 4C 4E
52 54 56 58 5C 5E 60 62 66 68
6A 6C 70 72 74 76 7A 7C 7E 80
84 86 88 8A 8E 90 92 94 98 9A
9C 9E A2 A4 A6 A8 AC AE B0 B2
B6 B8 BA BC C0 C2 C4 C6 CA CC
CE D0 D4 D6 D8 DA DE E0 E2 E4
E8 EA EC EE F2 F4 F6 F8 FC FE
2 4 6 8 C E 10 12 16 18
1A 1C 20 22 24 26 2A 2C 2E 30
34 36 38 3A 3E 40 42 44 48 4A
4C 4E 52 54 56 58 5C 5E 60 62
66 68 6A 6C 70 72 74 76 7A
SUM of divisible: 7220
SUM of non-divisible: 28768
```

## 4. SCREENSHOT OF 1E

Processor Status	
Name	Value
Program Counter	0x00000000
Stack Pointer	0x08FF
X Register	0x034E
Y Register	0x043B
Z Register	0x06F1
Status Register	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Cycle Counter	64227
Frequency	16.000 MHz
Stop Watch	4,014.19 µs

Figure 4 At 16MHz, execution done in 4,014.19 microseconds



**5. GITHUB LINK OF THIS DA**

<https://github.com/TennielTakenaka/DA1>

**Student Academic Misconduct Policy**

<http://studentconduct.unlv.edu/misconduct/policy.html>

*"This assignment submission is my own, original work".*  
Tenniel Takenaka-Fuller