DSQD的推导

在柱坐标下的展开为:

Outf • 1//TraditionalForm=

$$\frac{f^{(0,2,0)}(r,\,\theta,\,z)}{r^2} + f^{(0,0,2)}(r,\,\theta,\,z) + \frac{f^{(1,0,0)}(r,\,\theta,\,z)}{r} + f^{(2,0,0)}(r,\,\theta,\,z)$$

由于波函数只含 (r,ϕ) ,故不考虑对z方向的求导,对于:

$$p^2 + \left(\frac{e}{c}A\right)^2 + p * \frac{e}{c}A + \frac{e}{c}A * p$$

In[•]:=

A =
$$\{0, B * r / 2, 0\};$$

Div[A, $\{r, \theta, z\},$ "Cylindrical"]

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A.Grad[f[r,
$$\theta$$
, z], {r, θ , z}, "Cylindrical"]

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Out[•]=

$$\text{Out[s]} = \frac{1}{2} \, B \, f^{(0,1,0)} \, [\, r, \, \Theta, \, z \,]$$

Out[*]=
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 B² e r²

其中第一项为0;第二项化为z轴方向角动量即Lz;第三项化为谐振子角频率当中的常数;综上,可以将薛定谔方程写作:

$$\label{eq:continuous_equation} \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m^*} \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \varphi^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} m^* \omega_1^2 r^2 + \frac{\hbar^2}{2m^*} \frac{\beta}{r^2} + \frac{\omega_c}{2} L_z \end{bmatrix} \psi = E \psi, \stackrel{\text{in}}{=} \omega_c = eB/m^* c \quad \omega_1 = \sqrt{\omega_0^2 + \omega_c^2/4}$$

$$I_{n[\cdot]} = \psi[r_{-}, \phi_{-}] := R[r] * \frac{E^{Im\phi}}{\sqrt{2\,Pi}}$$

$$\frac{-1}{2} * Laplacian[\psi[r, \phi], \{r, \phi, z\}, "Cylindrical"] +$$

$$\frac{1}{2} r^{2} \psi[r, \phi] + \frac{1}{2} * \frac{\beta}{r^{2}} \psi[r, \phi] - I \frac{WC}{|m|} D[\psi[r, \phi], \phi] = e * \psi[r, \phi] // Simplify$$
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$$\text{Out}[\cdot] = \frac{1}{r} e^{i \, \mathsf{m} \, \phi} \, \left(\left(\mathsf{m}^2 - 2 \, \mathsf{e} \, \mathsf{r}^2 + \mathsf{r}^4 + \mathsf{m} \, \mathsf{r}^2 \, \mathsf{wc} + \beta \right) \, \mathsf{R}[\mathsf{r}] - \mathsf{r} \, \left(\mathsf{R}'[\mathsf{r}] + \mathsf{r} \, \mathsf{R}''[\mathsf{r}] \right) \right) = 0$$

$$\text{In}[\cdot] := \, \left(\mathsf{m}^2 - 2 \, \mathsf{e} \, \mathsf{r}^2 + \mathsf{r}^4 + \mathsf{m} \, \mathsf{r}^2 \, \mathsf{wc} + \beta \right) \, \mathsf{R}[\mathsf{r}] - \mathsf{r} \, \left(\mathsf{R}'[\mathsf{r}] + \mathsf{r} \, \mathsf{R}''[\mathsf{r}] \right) = 0 \, \text{in}[\cdot] := 0 \, \text{ord}$$

Outf • 1//TraditionalForm=

$$R(r) \left(\beta - 2 e^{r^2} + m^2 + m r^2 wc + r^4 \right) - r \left(r R''(r) + R'(r) \right) = 0$$

将上式整理,得到:

$$\frac{d^2R}{dr^2} + \frac{1}{r}\frac{dR}{dr} - \frac{L^2}{r^2} + (2E' - r^2)R = 0$$
, $eq E' = E - \frac{m\hbar\omega_c}{2}$, $L = \sqrt{m^2 + \beta}$.

再令:

$$ln[\cdot] = R[r] = r^{L} E^{-r^{2}/2} u[r]$$

$$\textit{Out[o]} = \mathbb{e}^{-\frac{r^2}{2}} r^L u[r]$$

$$ln[\cdot]:=$$
 $D[R[r], r, r]+\frac{1}{r}D[R[r], r]-\frac{L^2}{r^2}+\left(2\,ee-r^2\right)R[r]=0$ // Simplify L偏导

$$\text{Out}[*] = \frac{1}{r^2} \, e^{-\frac{r^2}{2}} \left(- \, e^{\frac{r^2}{2}} \, L^2 + r^L \, \left(L^2 + 2 \, \left(-1 + ee \right) \, r^2 - 2 \, L \, r^2 \right) \, u \, [\, r\,] \, - \, r^{1+L} \, \left(-1 - 2 \, L + 2 \, r^2 \right) \, u' \, [\, r\,] \, + \, r^{2+L} \, u'' \, [\, r\,] \, \right) = 0 \, .$$

敕珊得到

$$\frac{d^2u}{dr^2} + \left(\frac{2L+1}{r} - 2r\right)\frac{du}{dr} + [2E' - 2(L+1)]u = 0.$$

综上得到波函数的表达式:

$$lo[\cdot\cdot]:=\psi[r_{-},\phi_{-},n_{-},m_{-}]:=\sqrt{\frac{n!}{\operatorname{Pi}\star\operatorname{Gamma}\left[\sqrt{\operatorname{m}^{2}+\beta}+n+1\right]}}r^{\sqrt{\operatorname{m}^{2}+\beta}}E^{-r^{2}/2}\operatorname{LaguerreL}\left[n,\sqrt{\operatorname{m}^{2}+\beta},r^{2}\right]E^{\operatorname{Im}\phi}$$

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能量的表达式为:

$$ln[*]:= e[n_{,} m_{]} := (2 n + 1 + \sqrt{m^2 + \beta}) \sqrt{w\theta^2 + \frac{wc^2}{4}} + \frac{m * wc}{2}$$

$$ln[*]:= \psi[r, \phi, 0, 0]$$

 $\psi[r, \phi, 1, 1]$

$$\textit{Out[e]} = \frac{e^{-\frac{r^2}{2}} \, r^{\sqrt{\beta}} \, \sqrt{\frac{1}{\mathsf{Gamma} \left[1 + \sqrt{\beta} \,\right]}}}{\sqrt{\pi}}$$

$$\text{Out}[\ ^{\circ}] = \ \frac{ e^{-\frac{r^{2}}{2} + i \ \phi} \ r^{\sqrt{1+\beta}} \ \left(1 - r^{2} + \sqrt{1+\beta} \ \right) \ \sqrt{\frac{1}{\mathsf{Gamma}\left[2 + \sqrt{1+\beta} \ \right]}} }{\sqrt{\pi} }$$

Out[s]=
$$\sqrt{w0^2 + \frac{wc^2}{4}} \left(1 + \sqrt{\beta}\right)$$

$$Out[*] = \frac{wc}{2} + \sqrt{w0^2 + \frac{wc^2}{4}} \left(3 + \sqrt{1 + \beta}\right)$$

In[•]:=

$$Integrate \left[\begin{array}{c} e^{-\frac{r^2}{2}} \, r^{\sqrt{\beta}} \, \sqrt{\frac{1}{\mathsf{Gamma}\left[1 + \sqrt{\beta}\right]}} \\ \sqrt{\pi} \end{array} \right] * r * \mathsf{Cos}\left[\phi\right] * \\ = \frac{\left[\exp\left(-\frac{r^2}{2} + \mathbf{i} \, \phi\right) \, r^{\sqrt{1+\beta}} \, \left(1 - r^2 + \sqrt{1+\beta}\right) \, \sqrt{\frac{1}{\mathsf{Gamma}\left[2 + \sqrt{1+\beta}\right]}} \right]}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right]$$

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$$\frac{1}{4}\left(\sqrt{\beta+1}-\sqrt{\beta}\right)\sqrt{\frac{1}{\Gamma\left(\sqrt{\beta}+1\right)}}\sqrt{\frac{1}{\Gamma\left(\sqrt{\beta+1}+2\right)}}\Gamma\!\left(\!\frac{1}{2}\left(\sqrt{\beta}+\sqrt{\beta+1}+2\right)\!\right)$$