

### Learning Objective of our Online Course



- Congratulations, you have reached the end of our online course
- We are pleased that you have accompanied us
- The **learning objective** of our online course was **far beyond** just explaining the technology behind the blockchain term
- We confronted the hype problem of the technology, which is surrounded by "myths"
- With that in mind, we started the unveiling of the myth of blockchain technology at its cornerstone, the concept of the Bitcoin system
- We have addressed the underlying issues that led to the creation of the Bitcoin system and each of its individual functionalities

### Definition of Blockchain Technology Uninfluenced by its Alternatives



- This allowed us to work out a definition of blockchain technology, uninfluenced by its alternatives and adaptations
- From this, we have internalised the **following advantages** that technology offers us:
  - Permissionless and secure peer-to-peer network
  - Without the need for a trusted third party and
  - That does not require trust between peers

Bitcoin: A Peer-to-Peer Electronic Cash System

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Abstract. A purely peer-to-peer version of electronic cash would allow online payments to be sent directly from one party to another without going through a financial institution. Digital signatures provide part of the solution, but the main

# Ethereum was the Answer to the Needs of Post Bitcoin Projects



With the insight into **post Bitcoin projects**, we have gained the **impression of what** the users and developers of blockchain-based solutions **were missing in the technology** at the time

- These needs have been successfully implemented by the Ethereum developers in their system
  - Building a new independent blockchain solution on top of an existing blockchain
  - Using flexible and complex scripts and
  - Building a solution on top of an existing blockchain with advanced features that are not yet implemented within the existing blockchain

ethereum

### What has changed?



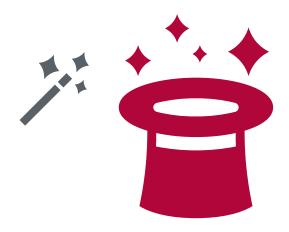
- After looking at the Ethereum solution in direct comparison to the Bitcoin solution, we found that the scope of the technology has changed
- It is **no longer limited to** the field of cryptocurrency or decentralized registry (**UTXO based**), but programmable, decentralized trust infrastructure (**account based**)
- But the basis and idea, as well as advantages that a blockchian-based system provides us with, have remained unchanged:
  - Permissionless and secure peer-to-peer network
  - Without the need for a trusted third party and
  - That does not require trust between peers





In an attempt to make blockchain-based system "more efficient," either the decentralization or the security of the system gets lost

- So, we have kept in mind the real challenge of blockchain-based systems and that is scalability
- So that was the actual unveiling of the myth
- Finally, we saw how we can **turn** the **theoretical understanding** we have gained **into concrete solutions**



### Unanswered Questions



Perhaps **some questions remain unanswered** for some learners, e.g.,

- Questions that are increasingly fuelled by hype, such as
  - that blockchain-based systems, especially the best-known Bitcoin, are increasingly and largely used for illegal transactions and are more suitable for criminals, or
  - that the Bitcoin or Ethereum price and its volatility, is \*
    determined by the underlying blockchain technology
  - among the most widespread headlines is the energy consumption of the Bitcoin system







To finally **separate the technology from the hype**, let's briefly address these common questions

- Blockchain-based systems are illegal:
  - The system itself and underlying technology do not distinguish whether it is used for legal or illegal purposes
  - I.e., it has no profit from being used illegally
  - Just like gold or various fiat currencies, such as the euro or the dollar
  - Censorship resistance of blockchain-based systems may in fact arouse the interest of criminals to remain undetected

### Bitcoin or Ethereum Price



### Bitcoin or Ethereum price is determined by blockchain technology:

- We have learnt that new Bitcoins are mined and distributed to the miner as a reward
- I.e., if you are not a miner, you would probably **buy**Bitcoins on a cryptocurrency platform in exchange for your fiat currency (Euro)
- The cryptocurrency platforms have nothing to do with the Bitcoin system itself or its technology
- So, the Bitcoin or Ethereum price is determined by supply and demand
  - if the demand for Bitcoin increases, its price rises
  - if it decreases, the price also decreases

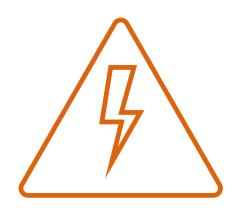


# Energy Consumption of the Bitcoin System (1/2)



#### **Energy consumption:**

- PoW, as we already know, is part of the security mechanism of the Bitcoin system
- Another part of the mechanism is the difficulty target for PoW
- With the increasing interest in bitcoin mining, with the aim of getting rewards for it
- Then the **blocks are mined faster and faster**



# Energy Consumption of the Bitcoin System (2/2)



- **...**
- If the system's limit of 10 minutes is passed
- Then the **difficulty target** of the PoW **increases**
- Which automatically means the hardware of miners has to search even longer for the right solution or upgrade the hardware
- This leads to increasing energy consumption
- I.e., the **technology does not presuppose** immense energy consumption, **it is not specified** somewhere to consume so and so much
- Miners alone bear the responsibility for the decision to keep upgrading





# Feel free to share your experiences and thoughts on this questions with other learners in our forum

