Algorithm Theory - Assignment 1

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Problem 1

In this problem, the objective is to maximize the profit of selling products X and Y, while satisfying production constraints on these products. The profit can be computed as

$$\begin{aligned} profit &= revenue - cost \\ &= revenue - (time_{machine} \times cost_{machine} + time_{craftsman} \times cost_{craftsman}) \end{aligned}$$

We can compute profits for each of the products

$$\begin{aligned} profit(X) &= 200 - (\frac{15}{60} \times 100 + \frac{20}{60} \times 20) = \frac{505}{3} \\ profit(Y) &= 300 - (\frac{20}{60} \times 100 + \frac{30}{60} \times 20) = \frac{770}{3} \end{aligned}$$

And formulate the problem as a Linear Programming problem. Let n_X and n_Y be the number of products X and Y produced.

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{maximize } n_X \times profit(X) + n_Y \times profit(Y) \\ &\text{subject to } \begin{cases} n_X \times time_{machine}(X) + n_Y \times time_{machine}(Y) \leq 40 \times 60 \\ n_X \times time_{craftsman}(X) + n_Y \times time_{craftsman}(Y) \leq 35 \times 60 \\ n_X \geq 10 \\ n_X, n_Y \geq 0 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

Which can be simplified as

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{maximize } n_X \times \frac{505}{3} + n_Y \times \frac{770}{3} \\ &\text{subject to } \begin{cases} 15 \times n_X + 20 \times n_Y \leq 2400 \\ 20 \times n_X + 30 \times n_Y \leq 2100 \\ n_X \geq 10 \\ n_Y \geq 0 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 2

Let n_A and n_B be the number of products A and B produced.

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{maximize } n_A \times 3 + n_B \times 5 \\ &\text{subject to } \begin{cases} 12 \times n_A + 25 \times n_B \leq 30 \times 60 \\ 5 \times n_B - 2 \times n_A \geq 0 \\ n_A, n_B \geq 0 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$