Job searching engine based on Gale-Shapley stable matching algorithm

Piotr Staniów

Department of Computer Science
Faculty of Fundamental Problems of Technology
Politechnika Wrocławska

A thesis submitted for the degree of $\label{eq:continuous} in \dot{z}ynier$

Supervisor: D.Phil. Mirosław Korzeniowski

Abstract

To be devised. This section might be removed from the final version.

Contents

Contents													
Li	st of	Figure	es		iv								
Nomenclature													
1	Introduction												
	1.1	Overv	iew		. 1								
	1.2	Motiv	ation		. 2								
	1.3	Relate	ed work		. 3								
		1.3.1	Algorith	nm usage in similar problems	. 3								
		1.3.2	Review	of job searching engines	. 3								
			1.3.2.1	$Linked In \dots $. 3								
			1.3.2.2	Pracuj.pl	. 3								
			1.3.2.3	GoldenLine	. 3								
			1.3.2.4	Filltr	. 3								
			1.3.2.5	Nofluffjobs	. 3								
2	Gale-Shapley stable matching algorithm												
	2.1	Prope	erties of stable matching										
	2.2	Algori	thm desig	gn	. 4								
		2.2.1	Pseudoc	code	. 4								
		2.2.2	Impleme	entation details	. 4								
3	Project architecture												
	3.1	Deployment diagram											

CO	NIT	$\mathbf{F}\mathbf{N}'$	TC

DRAFT COPY ONLY CONTENTS

	2.2	~								
	3.2	_	onent diagrams	5						
	3.3	Sequer	nce diagrams	5						
3.4		Use ca		5						
		3.4.1	Employer registration process	6						
		3.4.2	Applicant registration process	6						
		3.4.3	Log in functionality	6						
		3.4.4	Employer registration process	6						
		3.4.5	Posting an offer	6						
		3.4.6	Preview of generated stable matching	6						
4	Technologies used and architectural solutions									
	4.1	Enviro	onment	7						
		4.1.1	Virtual machine served by Vagrant	7						
		4.1.2	Puppet	7						
		4.1.3	Python 3	7						
		4.1.4	Python virtualenv	8						
	4.2	Frameworks and libraries								
		4.2.1	Django	8						
		4.2.2	Django REST Framework	8						
		4.2.3	Django Allauth	8						
		4.2.4	Django REST Auth	8						
		4.2.5	Unittest	8						
		4.2.6	Other dependencies	9						
5	Con	clusio	ns and further development	10						
\mathbf{A}_1	ppdx	\mathbf{A}	1	11						
•	.1	REST	API	11						
		.1.1	General structure	11						
		.1.2		11						
		.1.3		11						
\mathbf{R}^{ϵ}	eferei	nces	1	12						

List of Figures

Introduction

Information Technology labour market is quite distinct from others in terms of how people tend to seek for a job. Position requirements for a programmer are often very concise and precise, therefore it is feasible to quantify skills and requirements an applicant has.

In recent years, a handful of job searching websites dedicated solely to programmers emerged on the internet¹ and presented a rather unique approach to filtering jobs. It is now preferable to put an emphasis on programming languages, technologies, libraries and frameworks which are involved in the post, rather than let users search by keywords and skim through a block of text within the offer.

1.1 Overview

In this particular case, especially at the beginning of recruitment process, a crucial part of matching an applicant and an employer is to ensure that some basic requirements are fulfilled. This gives way to providing a job search automation.

The both sides of the market can establish some matching based on applicant's and employer's requirements and offerings, however it cannot be guaranteed that participants do not change their mind. Informally, Gale-Shapley *stable matching algorithm* is an algorithm which outputs the most preferable pairs from two distinct sets, so that no other pair would rather be formed. The algorithm and its

¹Examples of this approach are: www.filltr.pl and www.nofluffjobs.com

application is thoroughly discussed in the first chapter.

The whole process of finding a suitable job ought to be straightforward and therefore preferably a user to machine interaction should be kept at the bare minimum. General architecture and possible use cases of the web application created over the course of the thesis are widely described in the second chapter.

Not a single website might have been built without some technologies. An overview of programming languages, frameworks and libraries used in the project will be presented in the third chapter. Its general structure is also explained in this part, as well as the motivation behind it.

In the last chapter, guidelines to the installation process are presented in line with a few possible further improvements which can be introduced. Moreover, the project offers a REST API. Its structure, access permissions and communication description is shown in Appendix A.

1.2 Motivation

The need for automation of job searching process is motivated by a variety of problems it may solve. The first advantage of using the stable matching algorithm is that it forms pairs of employers and applicants such that there is neither employer nor applicant which would rather work with someone else and the one also prefers that matching.

One can easily imagine the situation in which an applicant is offered a job by company A, which at first is accepted, however in the near future company B may also offer a job to the applicant. As a result the candidate may decide to turn down the first proposal and incline towards the second one, which may increase the company A costs of recruitment process. Also the opposite situation is possible when it is the company which finds more suitable candidate for the post.

Furthermore, finding an IT job may turn out to be a daunting task, due to the fact that one has to skim through a vast number of announcements, yet rarely is the list represented and filtered only by a quantifiable set of skills and requirements. The approach presented in the following project will generate propositions for both companies and applicants without an intense involvement. In turn, this

will reduce the process of finding a suitable job to a mere procedure of filling in the profile and waiting for the outcome.

1.3 Related work

1.3.1 Algorithm usage in similar problems

1.3.2 Review of job searching engines

 $1.3.2.1 \quad Linked In$

1.3.2.2 Pracuj.pl

1.3.2.3 GoldenLine

1.3.2.4 Filltr

1.3.2.5 Nofluffjobs

Only a subset of the most popular solutions available in Poland is discussed.

Gale-Shapley stable matching algorithm

The Stable Matching problem is occurs in a number of disciplines, including mathematics, economics and computer science. The earliest known matching scheme originated in 1952, when National Resident Matching Program was launched in United States, in order to provide reliable and fair method of matching graduating medical students to their first hospital assignments. [2]

2.1 Properties of stable matching

Properties of stable matching are discussed here

2.2 Algorithm design

In this section algorithm design is depicted in two subsections:

2.2.1 Pseudocode

2.2.2 Implementation details

Project architecture

3.1 Deployment diagram

Possibility of separating frontend and API serving layers should be discussed here, as well as bare minimum configuration with vagrant virtual machine. This diagram will present hardware for the system, installed software and middleware used to connect components.

3.2 Component diagrams

Component diagrams showing general architecture and components

3.3 Sequence diagrams

Alternatively, also activity diagrams will be in this subsection.

Usage scenarios and the logic behind.

3.4 Use cases

Possible use cases for employer, applicant and administrator.

- 3.4.1 Employer registration process
- 3.4.2 Applicant registration process
- 3.4.3 Log in functionality
- 3.4.4 Employer registration process
- 3.4.5 Posting an offer
- 3.4.6 Preview of generated stable matching

Technologies used and architectural solutions

4.1 Environment

It could be stated here that there are many other solutions and the choice was driven by personal experiences and knowledge.

4.1.1 Virtual machine served by Vagrant

What is vagrant? What is it used for? What are boxes? Which box is used?

4.1.2 Puppet

What is puppet? What are alternatives? Why is it suitable for a quick deployment of a brand new environment? What puppet modules are used?

PostgreSQL, et

4.1.3 Python 3

Small excerpt about Python and its version. What programming paradigm is represented by Python? Why it is recommended to use Python 3.x instead of Python 2.x?

4.1.4 Python virtualenv

What are virtualenes? Why is it worthwhile to use it? How to install all dependencies with one-liner? (pip)

4.2 Frameworks and libraries

4.2.1 Django

What is Django? What are alternatives in Python? What are general alternatives? Flask, Pyramid

Java EE, Play!

Framework,

Ruby on Rails,

NodeJS (?)

4.2.2 Django REST Framework

What is REST? What does this framework provide? What are components that should be created to have REST API? What were the problems with deserialization?

4.2.3 Django Allauth

What is the package used for? How does OAuth2 work? /marginnoteOAuth2 description might be removed from final version How Google Plus authentication may be obtained? What were obstacles that lead to the decision about not using skills from LinkedIn?

4.2.4 Django REST Auth

Who has made it? What is it used for? Why is it complimentary to the package above?

4.2.5 Unittest

What are unit tests? Why is it important to write unit tests? What is tested within this project?

${\bf 4.2.6}\quad {\bf Other\ dependencies}$

Can be found in requirements.txt $\,$

Chapter 5

Conclusions and further development

Appdx A

- .1 REST API
- .1.1 General structure
- .1.2 Permissions
- .1.3 Communication via JSON

References

- $[1]\,$ J. M. Kleinberg and É. Tardos. Algorithm design. Addison-Wesley, 2006.
- [2] National Resident Matching Program. National resident matching program description. http://www.nrmp.org/about/. Accessed: 2015-11-22.